

LEGISLATIVE MANUAL



STATE OF NEW JERSEY

1916

T. F. FITZGERALD

Compliments of

GEO. F. MARTENS, JR.,

N. J. Senate, 1916.



James H. Ledy

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

MANUAL

OF THE

Legislature of New Jersey

One Hundred and Fortieth Session.

1916.




BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE.

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CALENDAR FOR 1916.

1916	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	1916	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
JAN...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	JULY...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	...	...	...	...	...		30	31	...	...	...	...	...
FEB...	...	...	1	2	3	4	5	AUG...	...	...	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	...	...	...	...		27	28	29	30	31	...	...
MAR...	...	...	...	1	2	3	4	SEPT...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	26	27	28	29	30	31	...		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
APR...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	OCT...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	30	...	...	...	...	...	...		29	30	31	...	...	...	...
MAY...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	NOV...	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	...	1	2	3	4	5	6		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		26	27	28	29	30	...	...
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...	DEC...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
JUNE.	...	...	...	...	1	2	3		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...		31	...	...	...	...	...	...

PERPETUAL CALENDAR

FOR ASCERTAINING THE DAY OF THE WEEK FOR ANY YEAR
BETWEEN 1700 AND 2499.

TABLE OF DOMINICAL LETTERS.					MONTH.		DOMINICAL LETTER.												
YEAR OF THE CENTURY.		CENTUR'S.			Jan. Oct. Feb. Mar. Nov. <i>Jan. Apr. July</i> May June <i>Feb. Aug.</i> Sept. Dec.		A D G B E C F	B E A C F D G	C F B D G E A	D G C E A F B	E A D F B G C	F B E G C A D	G C F A D B E						
N. B.—A star on the left denotes leap year.		1700	1800	1900	2000	2100	2200	2300	2400	2500	2600	2700	2800	2900					
0	*28	*56	*84	C	E	G	A	1	8	15	22	29	S	S	F	Th	W	Tu	M
1	29	57	85	B	D	F	G	2	9	16	23	30	M	S	S	F	Th	W	Tu
2	30	58	86	A	C	E	F	3	10	17	24	31	Tu	M	S	S	F	Th	W
3	31	59	87	G	B	D	E	4	11	18	25		Th	W	Tu	M	S	S	F
*4	*32	*60	*88	E	G	B	C	5	12	19	26		F	Th	W	Tu	M	S	S
5	33	61	89	D	F	A	B	6	13	20	27		S	F	Th	W	Tu	M	S
6	34	62	90	C	E	G	A	7	14	21	28								
7	35	63	91	B	D	F	G												
*8	*36	*64	*92	G	B	D	E												
9	37	65	93	F	A	C	D												
10	38	66	94	E	G	B	C												
11	39	67	95	D	F	A	B												
*12	*40	*68	*96	B	D	F	G												
13	41	69	97	A	C	E	F												
14	42	70	98	G	B	D	E												
15	43	71	99	F	A	C	D												
*16	*44	*72		D	F	A	B												
17	45	73		C	E	G	A												
18	46	74		B	D	F	G												
19	47	75		A	C	E	F												
*20	*48	*76		F	A	C	D												
21	49	77		E	G	B	C												
22	50	78		D	F	A	B												
23	51	79		C	E	G	A												
*24	*52	*80		A	C	E	F												
25	53	81		G	B	D	E												
26	54	82		F	A	C	D												
27	55	83		E	G	B	C												

EXPLANATION.

Under the *Century*, and in the line with the *Year of the Century*, is the Dominical Letter of the Year. Then in the line with the month find the column containing this letter; in this column, and in line with the day of the Month, is the day of the Week. In Leap Years, the letters for January and February are in the lines where these months are printed in *Italics*.

EXAMPLES.

For December 31st, 1875: for 1875, the letter is C; under C, in a line with 31, is Friday; and for *January* 1st, 1876, the letter is A; under A, and in a line with 1, is Saturday.

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OUTLINE HISTORY OF NEW JERSEY.

Within the limits of what is now the State of New Jersey, aside from any evidences of the presence of prehistoric man in the "Trenton Gravels," the original inhabitants of the commonwealth were Lenni Lenape, or Delaware, Indians. This subdivision of the great Algonkin family occupied the river valleys of the State, had made some progress in agriculture and in elementary arts, were peaceable but small in numbers, and at last have become totally extinct in this portion of the United States.

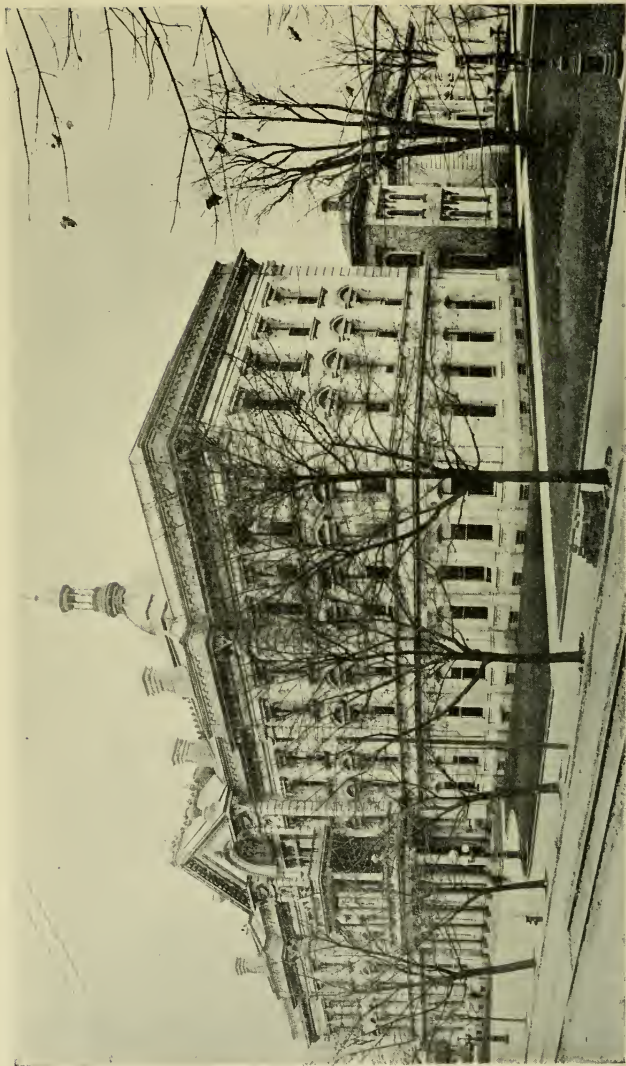
In its settlement, New Jersey was not an English colony. The claims of the Crown, based upon early discovery and various grants, were totally ignored by two great commercial nations of Europe—Holland and Sweden. It was not until 1664, practically a half century after the first occupancy of New Jersey by a white man, that England had aught more than a slight influence upon the destinies of the State. In settlement, Holland was first to send out planters, under the auspices of the Dutch West India Company. Claiming both the valleys of the Hudson and the Delaware, by virtue of the explorations of Hudson and Mey, land was taken up upon the banks of the Hudson, Passaic, Hackensack, Raritan and smaller streams tributary to New York harbor, as well as at Gloucester upon the Delaware. By 1630 these claims were well established by occupancy, and by the creation of a centre of local government in what is now New York city. Upon the rapidly growing influence of Holland, Sweden looked with jealous eye. Gustavus Adolphus, in his plan to make Sweden a world-power, saw the Dutch to be dangerous rivals in America. In 1638 there was equipped a Swedish expedition to settle the valley of the Delaware. What is now the State of Delaware, the valley of the Schuylkill and isolated portions of the west bank of the Delaware River were occupied, civil and military government was established, and the colony of farmers and traders entered upon a brief career of prosperity. The death of Gustavus Adolphus, internal dissensions in Sweden, the inherent weakness of the Delaware settlements, and the constantly increasing power of Holland brought matters to a crisis. In 1655 New Sweden was conquered by New Netherlands,

and for nine years the soil of New Jersey was absolutely under Dutch control.

Emerging from the interregnum of the Cromwells, the restoration of the House of Stuart brought peace to England. On the 12th of March, 1664, Charles II., with royal disregard for previous patents, grants and charters, deeded to his brother James, Duke of York, a vast tract embracing much of New England, New York and all of what is now New Jersey. This was accompanied by active preparations to drive the Dutch from America, as they, in alien claims to New Jersey, practically separated the New England colonies from Virginia, Maryland and the Carolinas. In the summer of 1664 armed vessels appeared in New York harbor. After negotiations, the Dutch surrendered and the power of Holland in North America became simply a matter of history. In the meantime James, Duke of York, transferred to two favorites of the House of Stuart—John, Lord Berkeley, and Sir George Carteret—practically what is now the State of New Jersey. In honor of Carteret's defense of the Island of Jersey (Caesarea) during the Parliamentary wars, the territory was called New Jersey (Nova Caesarea).

Carteret and Berkeley, in granting a liberal frame of government and extolling the advantages of their colony so well located for agriculture, commerce, fishing and mining, attracted settlers not only from England, but from Scotland and New England, particularly Long Island and Connecticut. These planters were largely Calvinists, from Presbyterian and Congregational communities, and mainly occupied land in Newark, Elizabeth and upon the north shore of Monmouth county. The valley of the Delaware remained unsettled. The Calvinists brought into East Jersey distinctive views upon religious and civil matters. Early legislatures punished many crimes by death, the penalties being similar to those of the Jewish dispensation, while the "town-meeting" strengthened the individual action of the small communities. There was an intense individualism in every phase of political and religious development, the life of the people centering around the church and the school house, the head of both, as in New England, being the minister.

In 1676 a division of the interests of Carteret and Berkeley occurred. In the meantime Berkeley had disposed of his rights to a company of English Quakers, a conflict had ensued, and to establish the claims of all parties concerned, the two colonies of East and West Jersey came into existence. A line was drawn from a point in Little Egg



The State Capitol of New Jersey.

Harbor to the Delaware Water Gap, Berkeley and his assigns retaining West Jersey as their moiety, Carteret obtaining East Jersey.

By Berkeley's transfer the dominant influence in West Jersey was that of the Society of Friends. Salem was settled in 1675, Burlington, Gloucester and the site of Trenton about five years later, while within ten years thereafter the "shore" communities of Cape May and Tucker-ton came into existence. The Society of Friends established in West Jersey a series of communities in which the life of the people was different from that of East Jersey. As East Jersey resembled New England in civil government, so West Jersey resembled Virginia. The political and social centres of the large plantations were the shire-towns, slave owning was common, a landed aristocracy was established, prominent families intermarried, and under the advice of William Penn and his friends good faith was kept with the Indians. Capital punishment was practically unknown and disputes were settled frequently by arbitration.

Two elements of discord marked the genesis of East Jersey and of West Jersey. One, external, was the attitude of the Duke of York after he became James II. In 1673 New Jersey was recaptured by the Dutch, who held the colony until the early spring of 1674. A question arose as to the Duke of York's title after 1674, reconveyances were made, but in spite of past assurances, James II. claimed the proprietary right of government. To that end Sir Edmund Andros was commissioned Governor of New Jersey, and a climax was reached in 1680 when the proprietary governor of East Jersey was carried prisoner to New York. In 1681 the Crown recognized the justice of the proprietors' contention, and local government was re-established, but not before the seeds of discontent were sown that bore fruit in the Revolutionary War.

An internal disturbance was a contest between the Boards of Proprietors and the small land owners. Both in East and West Jersey, Carteret and Berkeley and their assigns had transferred to wealthy combinations of capitalists—most of whom were non-residents—much of the broad acreage of the colonies. With the land went the right of selection of Governors and of members of Executive Councils, which right Berkeley and Carteret had derived from the Crown. This, with "quit-rent" agitations in East Jersey, led to much bitterness. Finally, disgusted with turmoil, and viewing a sentiment of revolt on the part of the people, the Boards of Proprietors sur-

rendered to the Crown, in 1702, their rights of government, retaining only their interest in the soil, East and West Jersey were united, and the two provinces became the royal colony of New Jersey.

From 1702 until the outbreak of the Revolution the political history of the colony was quite uneventful. Throughout the period of seventy-five years there was almost constant friction between the Legislature and the Governor and his Council. The governors, in the main, were Crown favorites sent over the sea without a personal knowledge of the colony and with but an ill-concealed ambition to wrest from the people as much money as could be secured for the support of themselves and the executive office. The Councils, composed of wealthy land owners of the Society of Friends and rich merchants from East Jersey, were quiescent, and even the members of the popular branch of the Legislature were chosen by those possessing property qualifications. The small non-voting farmers raised the cry of "aristocracy," and the equivalent of "taxation without representation," and while loyal to the Crown were open in their expressions of dissatisfaction to the personal attitude of their governors. In 1738 New Jersey, in recognition of this sentiment, was given a governor separate from the one appointed jointly for the colonies of New York and New Jersey.

During this period the farm was the centre of the activities of the life of the people; particularly was this true in the western part of the colony, where favoring climate and soil, slave labor and the proximity of Philadelphia led to abundant crops and a good market. In East Jersey a commercial spirit was more active. Perth Amboy threatened to rival New York, and Jersey ships from Newark, Elizabeth and the Monmouth villages were to be found from Boston to Charleston. The repressive economic policy of the Crown precluded the development of manufactures. In the southern part of the State, sand and unlimited forests of oak and pine led to the development of glass making, while "bog iron," with abundance of lime from oyster shells, gave an impetus to the erection of forges and bloomeries. These, as well as the copper mines of the trap rock region, were throttled by adverse Parliamentary legislation. Ship building was a recognized industry, and cedar was extensively "mined" from the sunken forests of the tide-water district. Whaling and other fisheries were unhampered, and were profitable, as was also the trade in skins and in hay from the salt meadows of the coast.

Throughout the years from 1702 to 1776 gold and silver and copper money was scarce. In obedience to the demand of the English merchants that competition should be crushed, legislation was enacted to draw "hard" money away from the colony. An inflated paper currency, first issued in 1707 to provide ways and means to aid the Canadian expedition against the French, poured from the printing presses. Trade was reduced to barter, and gold, silver and copper were practically at a premium for nearly three generations.

Of the more prominent incidents during the period were the organized attempts to suppress piracy in New York and Delaware bays, the growth of a well-defined system of transportation by land and water between New York and Philadelphia, the establishment of ferries and post roads, the reclamation of waste land, the injection of Huguenot, Scotch-Irish and Palatinate German elements into the settled population, the chartering of Princeton University and Rutgers College, the religious revival led by Whitefield, the propagation of abolition doctrines by Woolman, the erection of a series of barracks owing to the French and Indian war, and what is probably of supreme importance, the growth of a sentiment of independence fostered by the stupid policy of the Crown, and carried from hamlet to hamlet, as much by itinerant hawkers and by "Redemptioners," who had served their time, as by any other cause.

The opening of the Revolution found New Jersey's sentiment unevenly crystalized. Few, if any, were favoring absolute independence. There were three elements. One, the Tory party, was led by Governor William Franklin, the illegitimate son of Benjamin Franklin. This conservative class embraced nearly all the Episcopalians, a vast proportion of the non-combatant members of the Society of Friends and some East Jersey Calvinists. Another element was composed of men of various shades of belief, some in favor of continual protest, others desirous of compromise. This included at the outbreak of the struggle most of the Calvinists, some few Quakers of the younger generation, and the Scotch-Irish. The third party drew its support from a few bold, aggressive spirits of influence whose following included men who believed that war for independence would benefit their fortunes.

The part played in the Revolution by New Jersey has been frequently told. Events passed rapidly after the affairs of Trenton and Princeton; Monmouth and Red Bank will never be forgotten, while the raids at Salem, Spring-

field, Elizabeth, in the valley of the Hackensack, and the winter at Morristown are a part of national history. Occupying a position between New York and Philadelphia, its soil was a theatre where the drama of war was always presented. At no time was the Tory element suppressed, finding its expression in open hostility, or in the barbaric cruelties of the "Pine Robbers" of Monmouth, Burlington, Gloucester and Salem counties. Though under suspicion, the Society of Friends were neutral, for conscience sake, remaining close to the teachings of their creed.

The close of the struggle found the people of New Jersey jubilant and not disposed to relinquish their sovereignty. The Articles of Confederation were weak and had become a by-word and a jest. There was much State pride and much aristocratic feeling among the old families who continued to dominate State politics. The Constitution of 1776, adopted by New Jersey as a makeshift war measure, provided that all State officers of prominence should be elected by a Legislature, which was chosen by voters possessing property qualifications. As in the colony, the Governor was Chancellor, and class distinctions were closely drawn. In spite of agitation, all proposed changes were rejected, and a strong federal union with the other States was viewed with dislike and suspicion. The State, in a quarrel with New York, at one time refused to obey the requests of Congress, and, in the exercise of her sovereignty, established a Court of Admiralty and coined money.

While the spirit of "State rights" was dominant, it was recognized by leaders of public thought that New Jersey was too weak to stand alone. She entered the Annapolis convention called to revise the Articles of Confederation, and whose lasting monument was the present Federal Constitution adopted in Philadelphia in 1787. Upon the 15th of June of that year the "New Jersey Plan" was presented, which, while lost as a measure, led to the famous compromise upon representation, whereby in the Senate of the United States the States were given equal vote, with a representation based on population in the House.

The adoption of the Constitution of the United States led to the rapid growth of political parties in New Jersey as elsewhere. In spite of the intense conservatism of the State, led by the Quakers of West Jersey, who were Federalists almost to a man, the anti-Federalist sentiment developed rapidly, spurred by a virulent party press, the death of men who had been trained in colonial methods of thought and the democratic tendency of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which grew in strength in West Jersey.

In the eastern part of the State there was among the individualistic Calvinists a strong anti-Federal spirit. This, in 1800, led to the election of Thomas Jefferson as President of the United States, and in 1801 the election of his political ally, Joseph Bloomfield, as Governor of the State of New Jersey. The death of Hamilton at the hands of Burr, and the death of Livingston, the "war" Governor, tore down the strongest pillars of Federalism in New Jersey, and led to the absolute domination of the State by the anti-Federalists, who held power until the outbreak of the second war with England.

The period from 1790 to 1812 in New Jersey was marked by a demand for internal improvements and better transportation. The agitation concerning the Delaware and Raritan Canal, Stevens' experiments in 1802 with steam, along the lines laid down in 1785 by Fitch, the project of the Society for Establishing Useful Manufactures at Paterson as early as 1791, and highways conducted through the northwest portion of the State, indicate the trend of public sentiment.

The second war with England was not altogether a popular measure in New Jersey. The Federalists, the "Peace Party," secured control of the Legislature and elected their Governor. Nevertheless the State furnished her quota of troops. The one permanent effect of the struggle upon the State was indirect. Owing to the movement of supplies and the necessity of quick transportation between Philadelphia and the exposed port of New York, the wagon roads between Bordentown and Perth Amboy, and between Trenton, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Rahway, Elizabeth and Newark, were improved and their advantages as "short routes" demonstrated. Upon these lines two later railroads, now a part of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, were constructed.

The era following the close of the war of 1812 until the opening of the Civil War was one of stupendous activity. Interrupted only by the financial depressions of 1817 and 1837, and slightly retarded by the Mexican War, the progress of the State was beyond the wildest dreams of the enthusiast, Alexander Hamilton. In the eastern part of the State, aided by a constantly increasing foreign population, Jersey City rose from the marshes, Newark grew toward her present greatness, Paterson became a centre of industry, while in the west, Camden was recognized as an available site for manufactures. The public school system was established and extended, reforms in the caring for the criminal, defective, delinquent and dependent

classes were instituted, railroads were reaching every town of size, in the vicinity of New York and Philadelphia, ferries were erected, banks established, post offices opened and newspapers printed. In 1844, when social unrest was most marked, the present State Constitution was adopted by a large popular majority and needed reforms tending to elevate the legal position of married women, imprisoned debtors and bankrupts were adopted.

The year 1860 brought a termination to the then impending conflict. While every other State north of Mason and Dixon's line by 1850 had set the black man free, there were still 236 negroes in bondage in New Jersey. The abolition movement made slow progress and an anti-war party had a decided following. But when the die was cast New Jersey responded to the call for men and money. She furnished 88,305 men, or within 10,501 of her entire militia. For organizing, subsisting, supplying, supporting and transporting her troops she paid \$2,894,385, and upon the field sustained the reputation for bravery she had won during the days of Trenton and Monmouth.

New Jersey has made great advances since the Civil War. Among the important legislation was the passage of the General Railroad law in 1873. This ended the domination of the Camden and Amboy monopoly and opened the way for other enterprises in the same field.

Although the State passed an Emancipation act in 1804, the Constitution was not amended as to legalize negro suffrage until 1875. The Legislature of 1871 ratified the fifteenth amendment to the U. S. Constitution which gives absolute authority to the negro to cast his vote at all national, State, county and municipal elections.

Women exercised the right of suffrage in New Jersey under laws passed in 1790 and 1797. That right was taken from them by an act passed in 1807. In 1912 the Supreme Court held that the 1776 Constitution did not confer any right on women to vote. The Constitution of 1844 limited the right to vote to males. In 1887 women were given the right to vote at school meetings. This was declared unconstitutional in 1894 as to voting for school trustees and officers; they could vote, however, on other school matters.

A proposed amendment to the State Constitution in 1897 giving women the right to vote for school officers was defeated. The vote was 65,021 for, to 75,170 against. In 1915 another proposed amendment conferring full suffrage on women was defeated. The vote was 133,282 for and 184,390 against. In 1883 laws were enacted regulating the labor of women and children in factories.

In 1838, the last whipping post disappeared from New Jersey. It stood on a vacant lot in Trenton, where many offenders had suffered the degrading punishment. Franklin S. Mills, a veteran reporter of that time, called several

kindred spirits around him and they decided that the whipping post must go. There was unanimous agreement that the best time for its vanishment would be a dark night, and meanwhile the plot was kept a profound secret. The plan was carried out and the post was never set up again. The next step to lessen the horror of capital punishment was in 1907, when the penalty was changed from hanging to electrocution. In the same year tuberculosis was pronounced infectious and a sanatorium for the treatment of such patients was established.

Gambling at race tracks and all other places was prohibited by law in 1894 and in 1897 a constitutional amendment was adopted to the same effect.

In 1907 the first primary law went into operation. In 1911, the direct primary was extended to the offices of governor and representatives in Congress. In 1915 it was extended to the office of United States Senator. In 1911, a blanket form of ballot was adopted. In 1907 the Board of Railroad Commissioners for the State of New Jersey was created, and in 1910, the name was changed to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners. In 1911, the Employers' Liability act was passed.

The admirable system of public education in New Jersey deserves more than passing notice. The first steps were taken during the colonial period, and soon after the Revolution a number of private schools and academies were established. In 1816, the Legislature ordered that the sum of \$15,000 should be invested in a Permanent Educational Fund. During the following two years, this sum was increased to \$113,236.78. In 1824, a tenth of the State tax was added to the school fund. Improvement was continually made in the educational facilities, the annual appropriation being increased in 1838 to \$30,000. The new Constitution adopted in 1844, prohibited the diversion of any part of the school fund under any pretext. Two years later every township was required to raise the same amount contributed by the State, and in 1851 the State appropriation was increased to \$40,000.

Since no one is considered qualified to follow a profession without special training, it followed that that of the teacher should receive the same preparation. In 1855, the first State Normal School was opened in Trenton and proved highly successful. It has been followed by others with the most beneficial results to the cause of education throughout the State.

In 1867, the whole school system was remodeled and placed on a sound basis. Provision was made for the continual maintenance of the Normal School and the Model, or training school, attached to it; for the examination and licensing of teachers; for increasing the State Educational Fund; defining the duties of district and township trus-

tees, the city boards of education, the county superintendents, the State superintendent and the State Board of Education.

In 1881, an act was passed by the Legislature to encourage the establishment of schools for industrial education. In 1888, manual training was provided for and several such institutions have been established. The Compulsory Education law went into effect in 1884. Parents and guardians are compelled to send children between the ages of seven and fourteen years to school each day the schools are in session, or provide for their instruction at home or elsewhere. The State College for Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts is connected with Rutgers College at New Brunswick. Candidates for this course are examined annually at the county seat of each county. The number of pupils is limited to sixty and tuition is free. Other State institutions are referred to elsewhere.

One of the most beneficent enterprises with which New Jersey is specially identified is the life-saving service. The United States has more than ten thousand miles of sea and lake coast. Thousands of lives and untold millions of dollars of property have been swept down to death and destruction by the fearful storms which at times rage over these waters. Of all the vast extent of coast, there is none more dangerous than that of New Jersey. The causes of this is the peculiar formation of the Long Island and New Jersey shores, and the fact that a bar runs parallel with the beach at a distance therefrom of from two hundred yards to a mile. The water on this bar is shallow, and many a ship, when driven toward shore goes to pieces long before it can be reached by the anxious watchers on the beach.

One of the residents of Monmouth county who was deeply impressed by the frightful loss of life was Dr. William A. Newell, a member of Congress from 1848 to 1851, and governor of New Jersey from 1857 to 1860. It is worth mentioning in this place that Dr. Newell was in Congress when John Quincy Adams was stricken with apoplexy and caught him in his arms as he was falling. Dr. Newell, during the first part of his term, secured an appropriation of \$10,000 for the protection of life and property from shipwreck on the coast between Sandy Hook and Little Egg Harbor. Some months later, the ship *Ayrshire* was driven on Squan Beach. The life car was employed to bring the 202 passengers and crew ashore and only one man who refused to enter the car was drowned. Instances without number occurred, when with the help of the life-saving crew, not a single life was lost, when without such aid all would have perished.

At the close of 1914, the life-saving establishments in the United States included 285 stations, 203 being on the

Atlantic and Gulf coasts, 62 on the lakes, 19 on the Pacific coast, 1 at Nome, Alaska, and 1 at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky.

Since the establishment of the life-saving service down to June 30th, 1914, the number of disasters was 28,121; value of property involved, \$355,401,084; value of property saved, \$288,871,237; value of property lost, \$66,529,847; persons involved, 178,741; persons lost, 1,455; shipwrecked persons succored at stations, 28,711; days' succor afforded, 59,659.

In addition to the 522 disasters in 1914, there were 1,415 casualties to lesser craft, such as launches, sailboats, row-boats, &c., on which were 3,757 persons of whom all were saved excepting 12.

As in every State and in the National government, the government consists of the legislative, executive and judiciary. The last named embraces the courts.

Justice's Court.—This is the lowest court with common law and criminal jurisdiction. Suits involving no more than \$200 may be tried in it, and appeal can be had to the Court of Quarter Sessions.

Police Court.—This is composed of a police justice, or a justice of the peace appointed by him. His criminal jurisdiction in the city for which he is appointed is the same as that of a justice of the peace. He tries cases of violation of city ordinances and appeal is to the Court of Common Pleas, or Quarter Sessions, or to the Supreme or Circuit Court.

District Court.—The jurisdiction of this court is limited to the county in which the court is held. It has authority in all suits of a civil nature in which the sum involved does not exceed \$500, exclusive of costs, including disputes between landlords and tenants and replevin and attachment cases. Appeal is to the Supreme Court.

Court of Quarter Sessions.—This court has jurisdiction over all offences of an indictable nature within the county, except treason and murder. As a court of common law jurisdiction, it can hear only appeals from the justices' courts and the police courts.

Court of Common Pleas.—The jurisdiction of this court is extensive. It holds three stated terms each year and special terms when so ordered by the Supreme Court. Its original jurisdiction includes all personal actions not involving the freehold; the changing of the name of any town or village in the county or of any person on his request; cases relating to insolvency, roads and wrecks; the property of absconding debtors; applications for exemption from military duty, and it decides suits against constables who neglect to execute warrants. It grants licenses and tries cases referred to it by the Circuit Court. The presiding officer is a judge appointed to that office. The

justice of the Supreme Court, holding the Circuit Court within the county, is *ex-officio* judge of the Court of Common Pleas. It can try cases referred to it by the Circuit Court and certify the same to the Supreme Court.

Circuit Court.—This court has concurrent jurisdiction with the Supreme Court except in criminal cases and has authority to try Supreme Court issues. It holds three stated terms annually and a special term when so ordered by a justice of the Supreme Court. Appeals are taken to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Supreme Court of Judicature.—The chief justice and eight associate justices compose this court, which may be held by any one of the nine justices. It meets in Trenton on the third Tuesday in February and the first Tuesdays respectively of June and November. Special terms may be ordered by the chief justice or any two associate justices. Its jurisdiction covers all real, personal or mixed actions at common law, and it has power to decide when the laws and joint resolutions have not been duly passed and approved. It has authority to review the proceedings of other courts and the only appeal is to the Court of Errors and Appeals. The business of this court has grown to such an extent that it has been divided into parts I., II. and III.

Court of Errors and Appeals.—This court is composed of the chancellor, the justices of the Supreme Court and six specially appointed justices. It is the highest tribunal in the State from whose decisions there is no appeal.

Court of Chancery.—The members of this court are the chancellor and eight vice-chancellors. Its function is to give such relief as is not given by the common law courts, and appeal must be made to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Surrogate Court.—Each county has a surrogate whose duties mainly relate to will cases. Appeals have to be made to the Orphans' Court of the county.

Orphans' Court.—This court is held by the judge of the Court of Common Pleas, the justices of the Supreme Court being judges *ex-officio*. It decides all disputes relating to wills, the accounts of executors, the recovery of legacies, the mental condition of persons in the military, naval or marine service, the division of estates, &c.

Prerogative Court.—The chancellor is the judge of the Prerogative Court, which has authority to grant the probate of wills, letters of administration and the settlement of disputes relating to the same. Its decisions are to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Court for the Trial of Impeachments.—This court consists of the senate which tries the governor or any officer of the State for misdemeanor while holding such office. The impeachment must be by the assembly. A two-thirds vote is necessary to convict and from such conviction there is no appeal.

Court of Pardons.—This court consists of the governor, chancellor and the six judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals. A majority of the court of whom the governor must be one, may remit fines and forfeitures, grant pardons after conviction except in cases of impeachment, and commute sentences of death to imprisonment at hard labor for life or a stated number of years. There is no appeal from the judgment of this court.

Court of Oyer and Terminer.—This court is composed of any Supreme Court justice and the judge of the Court of Common Pleas. It meets in the respective counties and has jurisdiction over all offences of an indictable nature, from which appeal may be made to the Supreme Court.

In addition to the courts specified, there is one for the trial of juvenile offenders, which is for the beneficent purpose of reforming rather than punishing youthful criminals, and the Coroner's Court, whose duty is to inquire into the causes of all deaths in prison and of those elsewhere which have a suspicious appearance. No appeal can be taken from the verdict of a coroner's jury.

It is a singular coincidence that the three presidential cabinet members from New Jersey down to 1877, were each Secretary of the Navy. They were, Samuel L. Southard, 1823–29; Mahlon Dickerson, 1834–38, and George M. Robeson, 1869–77. The cabinet officers from this State, since the last-named date, were, F. T. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State, 1881–85; John W. Griggs, Attorney-General, 1898–1901, and Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War, 1913—. Having done so well with the cabinet, New Jersey gave the nation her governor (Woodrow Wilson), in 1913, when on March 4th he began his four-year term as President of the United States.

The population of New Jersey in 1790 was 184,139 and in 1915, 2,844,342.

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF GOVERNORS.

Cornelius Jacobsen Mey (Director New Netherlands),	1624
William Verhulst (Director New Netherlands).....	1625
Peter Minuit (Governor of New Netherlands).....	1626 to 1631
Bastiaen Janssen Crol (Director Gen. New Netherlands)	1631 to 1633
Wouter Van Twiller (Governor of New Netherlands)..	1633 to 1637
William Kieft (Governor of New Netherlands).....	1633 to 1637
Col. John Printz (Governor of New Sweden).....	1642 to 1653
Peter Stuyvesant (Governor of New Netherlands)....	1646 to 1664
Philip Carteret (first English Governor).....	1664 to 1676

GOVERNORS OF EAST JERSEY.

Philip Carteret	1677 to 1682
Robert Barclay (Proprietary Governor in England)...	1682 to 1690
Thomas Rudyard (Deputy Governor).....	1682 to 1683

LIST OF GOVERNORS.

Gawen Lawrie (Deputy Governor).....	1683 to 1686
Lord Neil Campbell (Deputy Governor).....	1686 to 1687
Andrew Hamilton (Deputy Governor).....	1687 to 1690
Major Edmund Andross (Royal Governor of New York), John Tatham (Proprietary Governor—rejected by Province)	1688 to 1689
Col. Joseph Dudley (Proprietary Governor—rejected by the Province)	1690
Colonel Andrew Hamilton.....	1692 to 1697
Jeremiah Basse	1692 to 1697
Andrew Bowne (Deputy Governor).....	1693 to 1699
Andrew Hamilton	1699
	1699 to 1702

GOVERNORS OF WEST JERSEY.

Board of Commissioners.....	1676 to 1681
Edward Byllinge (Governor).....	1680 to 1687
Samuel Jennings (Deputy Governor).....	1681 to 1684
Thomas Olive	1684 to 1685
John Skene	1685 to 1687
Daniel Coxe	1687 to 1692
Major Edmund Andros (Governor of New York).....	1688 to 1689
Edward Hunloke (Deputy Governor).....	1690
West Jersey Society of Proprietors.....	1691
Colonel Andrew Hamilton.....	1692 to 1697
Jeremiah Basse (of both Provinces).....	1697 to 1699
Colonel Andrew Hamilton.....	1699 to 1702

EAST AND WEST JERSEY UNITED.

Edward, Lord Cornbury, Governor.....	1703 to 1708
John, Lord Lovelace (died in office).....	1708
Richard Ingoldsby, Lieutenant-Governor.....	1709 to 1710
General Robert Hunter.....	1710 to 1719
Lewis Morris (President of Council).....	1719 to 1720
William Burnet	1720 to 1727
John Montgomerie	1728 to 1731
Lewis Morris (President of Council).....	1731 to 1732
William Cosby	1732 to 1736
John Anderson (President of Council).....	1736
John Hamilton (President of Council).....	1736 to 1738
(The foregoing were also Governors of New York at the same time.)	

SEPARATE FROM NEW YORK.

Lewis Morris	1738 to 1746
John Hamilton (President of Council).....	1746 to 1747
John Reading (President of Council).....	1747
Jonathan Belcher	1747 to 1757
Thomas Pownall, Lieutenant-Governor.....	1757
John Reading (President of Council).....	1757 to 1758
Francis Bernard	1758 to 1760
Thomas Boone	1760 to 1761
Josiah Hardy	1761 to 1762
William Franklin	1763 to 1776

FROM THE ADOPTION OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

William Livingston (Federalist).....	1776 to 1790
William Paterson (Federalist).....	1790 to 1792
Richard Howell (Federalist).....	1792 to 1801

Joseph Bloomfield (Democrat).....	1801 to 1802
John Lambert, President of Council and Acting Governor (Democrat)	1802 to 1803
Joseph Bloomfield (Democrat).....	1803 to 1812
Aaron Ogden (Federalist).....	1813 to 1813
William S. Pennington (Democrat).....	1813 to 1815
Mahlon Dickerson (Democrat).....	1815 to 1817
Isaac H. Williamson (Federalist).....	1817 to 1829
Garret D. Wall (Democrat).....	1829 decl'd
Peter D. Vroom (Democrat).....	1829 to 1832
Samuel L. Southard (Whig).....	1832 to 1833
Elias P. Seeley (Whig).....	1833 to 1833
Peter D. Vroom (Democrat).....	1833 to 1836
Philemon Dickerson (Democrat).....	1836 to 1837
William Pennington (Whig).....	1837 to 1843
Daniel Haines (Democrat).....	1843 to 1844
Charles C. Stratton (Whig).....	1845 to 1848
Daniel Haines (Democrat).....	1848 to 1851
George F. Fort (Democrat).....	1851 to 1854
Rodman M. Price (Democrat).....	1854 to 1857
William A. Newell (Republican).....	1857 to 1860
Charles S. Olden (Republican).....	1860 to 1863
Joel Parker (Democrat).....	1863 to 1866
Marcus L. Ward (Republican).....	1866 to 1869
Theodore F. Randolph (Democrat).....	1869 to 1872
Joel Parker (Democrat).....	1872 to 1875
Joseph D. Bedle (Democrat).....	1875 to 1878
George B. McClellan (Democrat).....	1878 to 1881
George C. Ludlow (Democrat).....	1881 to 1884
Leon Abbett (Democrat).....	1884 to 1887
Robert S. Green (Democrat).....	1887 to 1890
Leon Abbett (Democrat).....	1890 to 1893
George T. Werts (Democrat).....	1893 to 1896
John W. Griggs (Republican).....	1896 to 1898
Foster M. Voorhees (Rep.), Acting Governor.....	Feb. 1, '98, to Oct. 18, '98
David O. Watkins (Rep.), Acting Governor.....	Oct. 18, '98, to Jan. 16, '99
Foster M. Voorhees (Republican).....	1899 to 1902
Franklin Murphy (Republican).....	1902 to 1905
Edward C. Stokes (Republican).....	1905 to 1908
John Franklin Fort (Republican).....	1908 to 1911
Woodrow Wilson (Democrat).....	1911 to 1913
James F. Fielder (Democrat), Acting Governor.....	March 1, '13, to Oct. 28, '13
Leon R. Taylor (Democrat), Acting Governor.....	Oct. 28 to Jan. 20, '14
James F. Fielder (Democrat).....	1914 to —

OTHER ACTING GOVERNORS OF NEW JERSEY.

The following is a list of Presidents of the Senate who served as Acting Governors, for brief periods, during temporary absence of regular Governors:

William M. Johnson (Rep.), Bergen.....	1900
Edmund W. Wakelee (Rep.), Bergen.....	1904
Joseph S. Frelinghuysen (Rep.), Somerset.....	1909
Ernest R. Ackerman (Rep.), Union.....	1911
John Dyneley Prince (Rep.), Passaic.....	1912
John W. Slocum (Dem.), Monmouth.....	1914
Walter E. Edge (Rep.), Atlantic.....	1915

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

The following is a list of the United States Senators for New Jersey from 1789 to date:

Jonathan Elmer, March 4, 1789, to March 3, 1791.
 William Paterson, March 4, 1789, to November 23, 1790.
 Philemon Dickinson, November 23, 1790, to March 3, 1793.
 John Rutherford, March 4, 1791, to December 5, 1798.
 Frederick Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1793, to November 12, 1796.
 Richard Stockton, November 12, 1796, to March 3, 1799.
 Franklin Davenport, December 5, 1798, to February 14, 1799.
 James Schureman, February 14, 1799, to February 26, 1801.
 Jonathan Dayton, March 4, 1799, to March 3, 1805.
 Aaron Ogden, February 26, 1801, to March 3, 1803.
 John Condit, September 1, 1803, to March 3, 1809.
 Aaron Kittell, March 4, 1805, to March 21, 1809.
 John Lambert, March 4, 1809, to March 3, 1815.
 John Condit, March 21, 1809, to March 3, 1817.
 James Jefferson Wilson, March 4, 1815, to January 26, 1821.
 Mahlon Dickerson, March 4, 1817, to March 3, 1829.
 Samuel L. Southard, January 26, 1821, to November 12, 1823.
 Joseph McIlvaine, November 12, 1823, to August 16, 1826.
 Ephraim Bateman, November 10, 1826, to January 30, 1829.
 Theodore Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1829, to March 3, 1835.
 Mahlon Dickerson, January 30, 1829, to March 3, 1833.
 Samuel L. Southard, March 4, 1833, to June 26, 1842.
 Garret D. Wall, March 4, 1835, to March 3, 1841.
 Jacob W. Miller, March 4, 1841, to March 3, 1853.
 William L. Dayton, July 2, 1842, to March 3, 1851.
 Jacob W. Miller, January 4, 1841, to March 3, 1853.
 Robert F. Stockton, March 4, 1851, to February 11, 1853.
 William Wright, March 4, 1853, to March 3, 1859.
 John R. Thomson (died), February 11, 1853, to December, 1862.
 Richard S. Field (vacancy), December 12, 1862, to January 15, 1863.
 John C. Ten Eyck, from March 17, 1859, to March 3, 1865.
 James W. Wall (vacancy), January 14, 1863, to March 3, 1863.
 William Wright, March 4, 1863, to November, 1866.
 F. T. Frelinghuysen, November, 1866, to March 3, 1869.
 John P. Stockton, March 4, 1865, to March 27, 1866.
 Alexander G. Cattell, March 27, 1866, to March 3, 1871.
 John P. Stockton, March 4, 1869, to March 3, 1875.
 F. T. Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1871, to March 3, 1877.
 T. F. Randolph, March 4, 1875, to March 3, 1881.
 John R. McPherson, March 4, 1877, to March 3, 1895.
 William J. Sewell, March 4, 1881, to March 3, 1887.
 Rufus Blodgett, March 4, 1887, to March 3, 1893.
 James Smith, Jr., March 4, 1893, to March 3, 1899.
 William J. Sewell, March 4, 1895, to December 26, 1901.
 John Kean, March 4, 1899, to March 3, 1911.
 John F. Dryden, February 4, 1902, to March 3, 1907.
 Frank O. Briggs, March 4, 1907, to March 3, 1913.
 James E. Martine, March 4, 1911, to —.
 William Hughes, March 4, 1913, to —.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident: that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundations on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But, when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operations till his assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the Legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable and distant from the repository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise; the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the dangers of invasions from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for the naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our Legislatures.

He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to, the civil power.

He has combined, with others, to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitutions, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us;

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States;

For cutting off our trade with all parts of the world;

For imposing taxes on us without our consent;

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefit of trial by jury;

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offenses;

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies;

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the forms of our governments;

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burned our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is, at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow-citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrection among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in our attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts by their Legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inev-

itably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war, in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the World for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, Free and Independent States; that they are also absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as Free and Independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and do all other acts and things which Independent States may of right do. And, for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other, our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

Georgia—

Button Gwinnett.
Lyman Hall.
Geo. Walton.

South Carolina—

Edward Rutledge.
Thos. Hayward, Jr.
Thomas Lynch, Jr.
Arthur Middleton.

Virginia—

George Wythe.
Richard Henry Lee.
Thos. Jefferson.
Benjan. Harrison.
Thos. Nelson, Jr.
Francis Lightfoot Lee.
Carter Braxton.

Delaware—

Caesar Rodney.
Geo. Read.

New Jersey—

Richd. Stockton.
Jno. Witherspoon.
Fras. Hopkinson.
John Hart.
Abra. Clark.

Maryland—

Samuel Chase.
Wm. Paca.
Thos. Stone.
Charles Carroll,
of Carrollton.

Pennsylvania—

Robt. Morris.
Benjamin Rush.
Benja. Franklin.
John Morton.
Thomas McKean,
Geo. Clymer.
Jas. Smith.
Geo. Taylor.
James Wilson.
Geo. Ross.

New York—

Wm. Floyd.
Phil. Livingston.
Fran's Lewis.
Lewis Morris.

New Hampshire—

Josiah Bartlett.
Wm. Whipple.
Matthew Thornton.

Massachusetts Bay—

Saml. Adams.
 John Adams.
 Robt. Treat Paine.
 Elbridge Gerry.

Rhode Island and Provi-

dence, &c.—
 Step. Hopkins.
 William Ellery.

North Carolina—

Wm. Hooper.
 Joseph Hewes.
 John Penn.

Connecticut—

Roger Sherman.
 Saml. Huntington.
 Wm. Williams.
 Oliver Wolcott.

Ordered:

IN CONGRESS, January 18, 1777.

That an authenticated copy of the Declaration of Independence, with the names of the Members of Congress subscribing the same, be sent to each of the United States, and that they be desired to have the same put on record.

By order of Congress.

JOHN HANCOCK,

Attest, Chas. Thomson,

A true copy.

President.

Secy.

John Hancock,

Presidt.

CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.*

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution of the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

LEGISLATIVE POWERS.

Section I.

All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Section II.

1. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

MEMBERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

2. No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

RULE OF APPORTIONING REPRESENTATIVES AND DIRECT TAXES.

3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within

*This Constitution went into operation on the first Wednesday in March, 1789.

this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three; Massachusetts, eight; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, one; Connecticut, five; New York, six; New Jersey, four; Pennsylvania, eight; Delaware, one; Maryland, six; Virginia, ten; North Carolina, five; South Carolina, five; and Georgia, three.

FILLING OF VACANCIES.

4. When vacancies happen in the representation of any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

OFFICERS—IMPEACHMENT.

5. The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SENATE—HOW COMPOSED.

Section III.

1. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years, and each senator shall have one vote.

ROTATION OF SENATORS.

2. Immediately after they shall be assembled, in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year; and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year. And if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

THEIR QUALIFICATIONS.

3. No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

4. The Vice-President of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

SENATE OFFICERS.

5. The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president pro tempore, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

THE SENATE'S POWERS.

6. The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside. And no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

7. Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS—HOW ELECTED.

Section IV.

1. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each State, by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

WHEN CONGRESS SHALL MEET.

2. Congress shall assemble at least once in every year; and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF EACH HOUSE.

Section V.

1. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

RULES, &C.

2. Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

JOURNALS.

3. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of each house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

ADJOURNMENT.

4. Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

COMPENSATION, PRIVILEGES AND INCAPACITIES.

Section VI.

1. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

APPOINTMENT TO OFFICE.

2. No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time; and no person holding any office

under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

REVENUE BILLS.

Section VII.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

PASSING BILLS, &C.

2. Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ORDERS AND RESOLUTIONS.

3. Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on the question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

POWERS OF CONGRESS.

Section VIII.

The congress shall have power:

1. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense, and

general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

2. To borrow money on the credit of United States;
3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes;
4. To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the United States;
5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coins, and fix the standard of weights and measures;
6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;
7. To establish post offices and post roads;
8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;
9. To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court;
10. To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the law of nations;
11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;
12. To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;
13. To provide and maintain a navy;
14. To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;
15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;
16. To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress;
17. To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square), as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of government of the United States; and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards and other needful buildings; and—
18. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper,

for carrying into execution the foregoing powers and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

LIMITATIONS OF THE POWERS OF CONGRESS.

Section IX.

1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress, prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

2. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless, when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

3. No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law shall be passed.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State. No preference shall be given, by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

6. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

7. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

LIMITATIONS OF THE POWERS OF INDIVIDUAL STATES.

Section X.

1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility.

2. No State shall, without the consent of the congress,

lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress.

3. No State shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit delay.

ARTICLE II.

THE EXECUTIVE POWER.

Section I.

1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

HOW ELECTED.

2. Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the State may be entitled in congress; but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

ELECTORAL COLLEGES.

3. The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot, for two persons, of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately

choose by ballot, one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the Vice-President. [See XIIth amendment.]

4. The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

WHO MAY BE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

5. No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States. [See XIIth amendment.]

ON THE DEATH, REMOVAL, &C., OF THE PRESIDENT, THE POWERS AND DUTIES DEVOLVE UPON THE VICE-PRESIDENT.

6. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President; and the congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT.

7. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period,

any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

8. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

THE OATH.

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

POWERS, &C., OF THE PRESIDENT.

Section II.

1. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

TREATIES, AMBASSADORS, &C.

2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate shall appoint, ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of department.

APPOINTING POWER.

3. The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.

DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT.

Section III.

He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their

consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them; and in case of disagreement between them with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

IMPEACHMENT, &C.

Section IV.

The President, Vice-President and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

THE JUDICIAL POWER.

Section I.

The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their service a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

EXTENT OF THE JUDICIAL POWER.

(See Amendments, Art. XI.)

Section II.

1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, or other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State, claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State, or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

ORIGINAL AND APPELLATE JURISDICTION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

TRIALS FOR CRIMES.

3. The trials of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

TREASON—WHAT AND HOW PUNISHED. .

Section III.

1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

2. The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

ACTS, RECORDS, &C., OF EACH STATE.

Section I.

Full faith and credit shall be given, in each State, to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

PRIVILEGES OF CITIZENS.

Section II.

1. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

FUGITIVES FROM JUSTICE.

2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

SERVANTS, &C., TO BE SURRENDERED ON CLAIM.

3. No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up, on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

HOW NEW STATES ARE ADMITTED.

Section III.

1. New States may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State, nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States or parts of States, without the consent of the legislatures of the States concerned, as well as of the congress.

THE DISPOSITION OF TERRITORIES.

2. The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting, the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

GUARANTY AND PROTECTION OF THE STATES
BY THE UNION.

Section IV.

The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union, a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and, on application of the legislature or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION—
HOW MADE.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution; or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year eighteen hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article, and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

FORMER DEBTS VALID.

Section I.

All debts contracted, and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution as under the confederation.

THE SUPREME LAW OF THE LAND.

Section II.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL OATH NO RELIGIOUS TEST.

Section III.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever

be required as a qualification to any office of public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

WHEN THE CONSTITUTION TO TAKE EFFECT.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in the convention, by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President,
And Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire—

John Langdon,
Nicholas Gilman.

Massachusetts—

Nathaniel Gorman,
Rufus King.

Connecticut—

William Samuel Johnson,
Roger Sherman.

New York—

Alexander Hamilton.

New Jersey—

William Livingston,
David Brearle,
William Paterson,
Jonathan Dayton.

Pennsylvania—

Benjamin Franklin,
Thomas Mifflin,
Robert Morris,
George Clymer,
Thomas Fitzsimons,
Jared Ingersoll,
James Wilson,
Gouv. Morris.

Attest:

William Jackson,
Secretary.

Delaware—

George Reed,
Gunning Bedford, Jun.,
John Dickinson,
Richard Bassett,
Jacob Broom.

Maryland—

Dan'l of St. Thos. Jenifer,
James McHenry,
Daniel Carroll.

Virginia—

John Blair,
James Madison, Jun.

North Carolina—

William Blunt,
Rich'd Dobbs Spaight,
Hugh Williamson.

South Carolina—

John Rutledge,
Chas. Coatesworth Pinckney,
Charles Pinckney,
Pierce Butler.

Georgia—

William Few,
Abraham Baldwin.

AMENDMENTS

TO THE CONSTITUTION of the United States, Ratified
According to the Provisions of the Fifth Article of the
Foregoing Constitution.

The following articles proposed by congress, in addition to and amendments of the constitution of the United States, having been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the States, are become a part of the constitution.

First Congress, First Session, March 5th, 1789.

ARTICLE I.

RIGHT OF CONSCIENCE, FREEDOM OF THE PRESS, &C.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

OF THE MILITIA.

A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

OF QUARTERING SOLDIERS.

No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

OF UNREASONABLE SEARCHES AND SEIZURES.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches

and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

OF CRIMES AND INDICTMENTS.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, nor shall any person be subject, for the same offense, to be twice put in jeopardy of life and limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be witness against himself; nor to be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

OF TRIAL BY JURY IN CIVIL CASES.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

OF BAILS, FINES AND PUNISHMENTS.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

RESERVED RIGHTS.

The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others, retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

POWERS NOT DELEGATED RESERVED.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

Third Congress, Second Session, December 2d, 1783.

ARTICLE XI.

THE JUDICIAL POWER—SEE ART. 3, SEC. 2.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit, in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States, by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

Eighth Congress, First Session, October 17th, 1803.

ARTICLE XII.

HOW THE PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT
ARE ELECTED.

The electors shall meet in their respective States,* and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name, in their ballots, the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed,† to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the sen-

*On the second Monday in January next following their appointment.

†After the second Monday in January.

ate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates,* and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed. And if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President; but in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of a choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President, shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SLAVERY ABOLISHED—13TH AMENDMENT, PASSED 1865.

Section I.

Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section II.

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

*On the 2d Wednesday in February, by the same act.

CITIZENS AND THEIR RIGHTS—14TH AMENDMENT.

Section I.

All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States. Nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Section II.

Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective number, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed; but whenever the right to vote at any election for electors of President and Vice-President, or for United States representatives in congress, executive and judicial officers, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

DISABILITY OF PERSONS ENGAGED IN THE REBELLION.

Section III.

No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

VALIDITY OF PUBLIC DEBT NOT TO BE QUESTIONED.**Section IV.**

The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for service in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned, but neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Section V.

The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.**RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE NOT TO BE IMPAIRED.****Section I.**

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

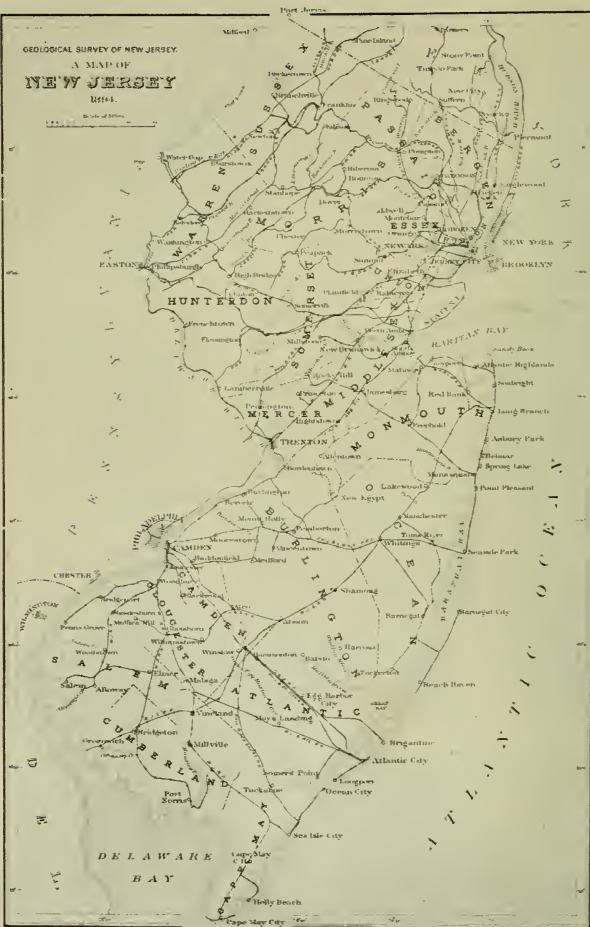
Section II.

The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[The fifteenth amendment passed at the Fortieth Congress.]

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF NEW JERSEY.
A MAP OF
NEW JERSEY
1894.

Scale of Miles
0 10 20



ARTICLE XVI.

POWER TO LAY AND COLLECT TAXES ON
INCOMES.

The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

ARTICLE XVII.

UNITED STATES SENATORS TO BE ELECTED BY
THE PEOPLE.

The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for election of the most numerous branch of the State legislatures.

Whenever vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies, provided that the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.	Term of Office.
1789...	George Washington....	Virginia	8 years.
1797...	John Adams.....	Massachusetts ..	4 years.
1801...	Thomas Jefferson.....	Virginia	8 years.
1809...	James Madison.....	Virginia	8 years.
1817...	James Monroe.....	Virginia	8 years.
1824...	John Quincy Adams...	Massachusetts ..	4 years.
1829...	Andrew Jackson.....	Tennessee	8 years.
1837...	Martin Van Buren....	New York.....	4 years.
1841...	Wm. Henry Harrison*.	Ohio	1 month.
1841...	John Tyler.....	Virginia	3 yr., 11 mos.
1845...	James Knox Polk....	Tennessee	4 years.
1849...	Zachary Taylor†....	Louisiana	1y., 4m., 5d.
1850...	Millard Fillmore.....	New York.....	2y., 7m., 26d.
1853...	Franklin Pierce.....	N. Hampshire...	4 years.
1857...	James Buchanan.....	Pennsylvania ...	4 years.
1861...	Abraham Lincoln†...	Illinois	4y., 1m., 10d.
1865...	Andrew Johnson.....	Tennessee	3y., 10m., 20d.
1869...	Ulysses S. Grant.....	Illinois	8 years.
1877...	Rutherford B. Hayes..	Ohio	4 years.
1881...	James A. Garfield**...	Ohio	6m., 15d.
1881...	Chester A. Arthur....	New York.....	3y., 5m., 15d.
1885...	Grover Cleveland.....	New York.....	4 years.
1889...	Benjamin Harrison...	Indiana	4 years.
1893...	Grover Cleveland.....	New York.....	4 years.
1897...	William McKinley††...	Ohio	4y., 5m., 11d.
1901...	Theodore Roosevelt...	New York.....	7y., 6m., 20d.
1909...	William H. Taft.....	Ohio	4 years.
1913...	Woodrow Wilson.....	New Jersey.....	

*Died in office April 4, 1841, when Vice-President Tyler succeeded him.

†Died in office July 9, 1850, when Vice-President Fillmore succeeded him.

‡Assassinated April 14, 1865; died April 15, 1865, when Vice-President Johnson succeeded him.

**Assassinated July 2, 1881; died September 19, 1881, when Vice-President Arthur succeeded him.

††Assassinated September 6, 1901; died September 14, 1901, when Vice-President Roosevelt succeeded him.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF UNITED STATES.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.
1789.....	John Adams.....	Massachusetts.
1797.....	Thomas Jefferson.....	Virginia.
1801.....	Aaron Burr.....	New York.
1804.....	George Clinton.....	New York.
1813.....	Elbridge Gerry.....	Massachusetts.
1817.....	Daniel D. Tompkins.....	New York.
1824.....	John C. Calhoun.....	South Carolina.
1833.....	Martin Van Buren.....	New York.
1837.....	Richard M. Johnson.....	Kentucky.
1841.....	John Tyler.....	Virginia.
1842.....	Samuel L. Southard*.....	New Jersey.
1845.....	George M. Dallas.....	Pennsylvania.
1849.....	Millard Fillmore.....	New York.
1851.....	William R. King*.....	Alabama.
1853.....	David R. Atkinson*.....	Missouri.
1855.....	Jesse D. Bright*.....	Indiana.
1857.....	John C. Breckenridge.....	Kentucky.
1861.....	Hannibal Hamlin.....	Maine.
1865.....	Andrew Johnson.....	Tennessee.
1865.....	Lafayette C. Foster*.....	Connecticut.
1869.....	Schuyler Colfax.....	Indiana.
1873.....	Henry Wilson†.....	Massachusetts.
1875.....	Thomas W. Ferry*.....	Michigan.
1877.....	William A. Wheeler.....	New York.
1881.....	Chester A. Arthur.....	New York.
1883.....	George F. Edmunds.....	Vermont.
1885.....	Thomas A. Hendricks‡.....	Indiana.
1886.....	John Sherman*.....	Ohio.
1889.....	Levi P. Morton.....	New York.
1893.....	Adlai E. Stevenson.....	Illinois.
1897.....	Garret A. Hobart**.....	New Jersey.
1899.....	William P. Frye*.....	Maine.
1901.....	Theodore Roosevelt.....	New York.
1901.....	William P. Frye*.....	Maine.
1905.....	Charles W. Fairbanks.....	Indiana.
1909.....	James S. Sherman**.....	New York.
1913.....	Thomas R. Marshall.....	Indiana.

*Served as President pro tem. of Senate.

†Died in office November 22, 1875.

‡Died in office November 25, 1885.

**Died in office November 21, 1899.

**Died in office October 30, 1912.

STATE CONSTITUTION.

A CONSTITUTION agreed upon by the delegates of the people of New Jersey, in convention begun at Trenton on the fourteenth day of May, and continued to the twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, ratified by the people at an election held on the thirteenth day of August, A. D. 1844, and amended at a special election held on the seventh day of September, A. D. 1875, and at another special election held on the twenty-eighth day of September, A. D. 1897.

We, the people of the State of New Jersey, grateful to Almighty God for the civil and religious liberty which He hath so long permitted us to enjoy, and looking to Him for a blessing upon our endeavors to secure and transmit the same unimpaired to succeeding generations, do ordain and establish this Constitution:

ARTICLE I.

RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.

1. All men are by nature free and independent, and have certain natural and unalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty; acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and of pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for the protection, security and benefit of the people, and they have the right at all times to alter or reform the same, whenever the public good may require it.

3. No person shall be deprived of the inestimable privilege of worshipping Almighty God in a manner agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; nor, under any pretense whatever, to be compelled to attend any place of worship contrary to his faith and judgment; nor shall any person be obliged to pay tithes, taxes or other rates for building or repairing any church or churches, place or places of worship, or for the maintenance of any minister or ministry, contrary to what he believes to be right, or has deliberately and voluntarily engaged to perform.

4. There shall be no establishment of one religious sect in preference to another; no religious test shall be required as a qualification for any office or public trust; and no person shall be denied the enjoyment of any civil right merely on account of his religious principles.

5. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right. No law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous is true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

6. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the papers and things to be seized.

7. The right of a trial by jury shall remain inviolate; but the legislature may authorize the trial of civil suits, when the matter in dispute does not exceed fifty dollars, by a jury of six men.

8. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury; to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel in his defense.

9. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy; or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger.

10. No person shall, after acquittal, be tried for the same offense. All persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or presumption great.

11. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

12. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

13. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in

any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in a manner prescribed by law.

14. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against it, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

15. Excessive bail shall not be required, excessive fines shall not be imposed, and cruel and unusual punishments shall not be inflicted.

16. Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation; but land may be taken for public highways as heretofore, until the legislature shall direct compensation to be made.

17. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any action, or on any judgment founded upon contract, unless in cases of fraud; nor shall any person be imprisoned for a militia fine in time of peace.

18. The people have the right freely to assemble together, to consult for the common good, to make known their opinions to their representatives, and to petition for redress of grievances.

19. No county, city, borough, town, township or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit, to or in aid of any individual association or corporation, or become security for or be directly or indirectly the owner of any stock or bonds of any association or corporation.

20. No donation of land or appropriation of money shall be made by the State or any municipal corporation to or for the use of any society, association or corporation whatever.

21. This enumeration of rights and privileges shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

ARTICLE II.

RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

1. Every male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of this State one year, and of the county in which he claims his vote five months, next before the election, shall be entitled to vote for all officers that now are, or hereafter may be, elective by the people; provided, that no person in the military, naval or marine service of the United States shall be considered a resident in this State, by being sta-

tioned in any garrison, barrack, or military or naval place or station within this State; and no pauper, idiot, insane person, or person convicted of a crime which now excludes him from being a witness unless pardoned or restored by law to the right of suffrage, shall enjoy the right of an elector; and provided further, that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which, and the time and place at which, such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election districts in which they respectively reside.

2. The legislature may pass laws to deprive persons of the right of suffrage who shall be convicted of bribery.

ARTICLE III.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POWERS OF GOVERNMENT.

1. The powers of the government shall be divided into three distinct departments—the legislative, executive and judicial; and no person or persons belonging to, or constituting one of these departments, shall exercise any of the powers properly belonging to either of the others, except as herein expressly provided.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

Section I.

1. The legislative power shall be vested in a senate and general assembly.

2. No person shall be a member of the senate who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State for four years, and of the county for which he shall be chosen one year, next before his election; and no person shall be a member of the general assembly who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State for two years, and of the county for which he shall be chosen one year next before his election; provided, that no person shall be eligible as a member of either house of the legislature, who shall not be entitled to the right of suffrage.

3. Members of the senate and general assembly shall be elected yearly and every year, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; and the two houses shall meet separately on the second Tuesday in January next after the said day of election, at which time of meeting the legislative year shall commence; but the time of holding such election may be altered by the legislature.

Section II.

1. The senate shall be composed of one senator from each county in the State, elected by the legal voters of the counties, respectively, for three years.

2. As soon as the senate shall meet after the first election to be held in pursuance of this constitution, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the first year; of the second class at the expiration of the second year; and of the third class at the expiration of the third year, so that one class may be elected every year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, the persons elected to supply such vacancies shall be elected for the unexpired terms only.

Section III.

1. The general assembly shall be composed of members annually elected by the legal voters of the counties, respectively, who shall be apportioned among the said counties as nearly as may be according to the number of their inhabitants. The present apportionment shall continue until the next census of the United States shall have been taken, and an apportionment of members of the general assembly shall be made by the legislature at its first session after the next and every subsequent enumeration or census, and when made shall remain unaltered until another enumeration shall have been taken; provided, that each county shall at all times be entitled to one member; and the whole number of members shall never exceed sixty.

Section IV.

1. Each house shall direct writs of election for supplying vacancies, occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise; but if vacancies occur during the recess of the legislature, the writs may be issued by the governor, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

2. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of

each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

3. Each house shall choose its own officers, determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, may expel a member.

4. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

5. Neither house, during the session of the legislature, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

6. All bills and joint resolutions shall be read three times in each house, before the final passage thereof; and no bill or joint resolution shall pass unless there be a majority of all the members of each body personally present and agreeing thereto; and the yeas and nays of the members voting on such final passage shall be entered on the journal.

7. Members of the senate and general assembly shall receive annually the sum of five hundred dollars during the time for which they shall have been elected and while they shall hold their office, and no other allowance or emolument, directly or indirectly, for any purpose whatever. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of assembly shall, in virtue of their offices, receive an additional compensation, equal to one-third of their allowance as members.

8. Members of the senate and general assembly shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the sitting of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate, in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Section V.

1. No member of the senate or general assembly shall, during the time for which he was elected, be nominated or appointed by the governor, or by the legislature in joint meeting, to any civil office under the authority of this State which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time.

2. If any member of the senate or general assembly shall be elected to represent this State in the senate or house of representatives of the United States, and shall accept thereof, or shall accept of any office or appointment under the government of the United States, his seat in the legislature of this State shall thereby be vacated.

3. No justice of the supreme court, nor judge of any other court, sheriff, justice of the peace nor any person or persons possessed of any office of profit under the government of this State, shall be entitled to a seat either in the senate or in the general assembly; but, on being elected and taking his seat his office shall be considered vacant; and no person holding any office of profit under the government of the United States shall be entitled to a seat in either house.

Section VI.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of assembly; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

2. No money shall be drawn from the treasury but for appropriations made by law.

3. The credit of the State shall not be directly or indirectly loaned in any case.

4. The legislature shall not, in any manner, create any debt or debts, liability or liabilities, of the State which shall, singly or in the aggregate with any previous debts or liabilities, at any time exceed one hundred thousand dollars, except for purposes of war, or to repel invasion, or to suppress insurrection, unless the same shall be authorized by a law for some single object or work, to be distinctly specified therein; which law shall provide the ways and means, exclusive of loans, to pay the interest of such debt or liability as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt or liability within thirty-five years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall be irrepealable until such debt or liability, and the interest thereon, are fully paid and discharged; and no such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received the sanction of a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election; and all money to be raised by the authority of such law shall be applied only to the specific object stated therein, and to the payment of the debt thereby created. This section shall not be construed to refer to any money that has been, or may be, deposited with this State by the government of the United States.

Section VII.

1. No divorce shall be granted by the legislature.

2. No lottery shall be authorized by the legislature or otherwise in this State, and no ticket in any lottery shall be bought or sold within this State, nor shall pool-selling, book-making or gambling of any kind be authorized or allowed within this State, nor shall any gambling device, practice or game of chance now prohibited by law be legalized, or the remedy, penalty or punishment now provided therefor be in any way diminished.

3. The legislature shall not pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or depriving a party of any remedy for enforcing a contract which existed when the contract was made.

4. To avoid improper influences which may result from intermixing in one and the same act such things as have no proper relation to each other, every law shall embrace but one object, and that shall be expressed in the title. No law shall be revived or amended by reference to its title only; but the act revived, or the section or sections amended, shall be inserted at length. No general law shall embrace any provision of a private, special or local character. No act shall be passed which shall provide that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be made or deemed a part of the act, or which shall enact that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be applicable, except by inserting it in such act.

5. The laws of this State shall begin in the following style: "Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey. "

6. The fund for the support of free schools, and all money, stock and other property which may hereafter be appropriated for that purpose, or received into the treasury under the provision of any law heretofore passed to augment the said fund, shall be securely invested and remain a perpetual fund; and the income thereof, except so much as it may be judged expedient to apply to an increase of the capital, shall be annually appropriated to the support of public free schools, for the equal benefit of all the people of the State; and it shall not be competent for the legislature to borrow, appropriate or use the said fund, or any part thereof, for any other purpose, under any pretense whatever. The legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of free public schools for the instruction of all the children in this State between the ages of five and eighteen years.

7. No private or special law shall be passed authorizing the sale of any lands belonging in whole or in part to a minor or minors, or other persons who may at the time be under any legal disability to act for themselves.

8. Individuals or private corporations shall not be authorized to take private property for public use, without just compensation first made to the owners.

9. No private, special or local bill shall be passed unless public notice of the intention to apply therefor, and of the general object thereof, shall have been previously given. The legislature, at the next session after the adoption hereof, and from time to time thereafter, shall prescribe the time and mode of giving such notice, the evidence thereof, and how such evidence shall be preserved.

10. The legislature may vest in the circuit courts, or courts of common pleas within the several counties of this State, chancery powers, so far as relates to the foreclosure of mortgages and sale of mortgaged premises.

11. The legislature shall not pass private, local or special laws in any of the following enumerated cases; that is to say:

Laying out, opening, altering and working roads or highways.

Vacating any road, town plot, street, alley or public grounds.

Regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties; appointing local offices or commissions to regulate municipal affairs.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

Creating, increasing or decreasing the percentage or allowance of public officers during the term for which said officers were elected or appointed.

Changing the law of descent.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Providing for the management and support of free public schools.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this paragraph, and for all other cases which, in its judgment, may be provided for by general laws. The legislature shall pass no special act conferring corporate powers, but they shall pass general laws under which corporations may be organized and corporate powers

of every nature obtained, subject, nevertheless, to repeal or alteration at the will of the legislature.

12. Property shall be assessed for taxes under general laws, and by uniform rules, according to its true value.

Section VIII.

1. Members of the legislature shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear [or affirm, as the case may be,] that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of New Jersey, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of senator [or member of the general assembly, as the case may be,] according to the best of my ability."

And members-elect of the senate or general assembly are hereby empowered to administer to each other the said oath or affirmation.

2. Every officer of the legislature shall, before he enters upon his duties, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly promise and swear [or affirm] that I will faithfully, impartially and justly perform all the duties of the office of ———, to the best of my ability and understanding; that I will carefully preserve all records, papers, writings or property intrusted to me for safe-keeping by virtue of my office, and make such disposition of the same as may be required by law."

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

1. The executive power shall be vested in a governor.

2. The governor shall be elected by the legal voters of this State. The person having the highest number of votes shall be the governor; but if two or more shall be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen governor by the vote of a majority of the members of both houses in joint meeting. Contested elections for the office of governor shall be determined in such manner as the legislature shall direct by law. When a governor is to be elected by the people, such election shall be held at the time when and at the places where the people shall respectively vote for members of the legislature.

3. The governor shall hold his office for three years, to commence on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing the election for governor by the people, and to end on the

Monday preceding the third Tuesday of January, three years thereafter; and he shall be incapable of holding that office for three years next after his term of service shall have expired; and no appointment or nomination to office shall be made by the governor during the last week of his said term.

4. The governor shall be not less than thirty years of age, and shall have been for twenty years, at least, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of this State seven years next before his election, unless he shall have been absent during that time on the public business of the United States or of this State.

5. The governor shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected.

6. He shall be the commander-in-chief of all the military and naval forces of the State; he shall have power to convene the legislature, or the senate alone, whenever in his opinion public necessity requires it; he shall communicate by message to the legislature at the opening of each session, and at such other times as he may deem necessary, the condition of the State, and recommend such measures as he may deem expedient; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and grant, under the great seal of the State, commissions to all such officers as shall be required to be commissioned.

7. Every bill which shall have passed both houses shall be presented to the governor; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it; if, after such reconsideration, a majority of the whole number of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved of by a majority of the whole number of that house, it shall become a law; but in neither house shall the vote be taken on the same day on which the bill shall be returned to it; and in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor, within five days (Sunday excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislature by their adjourn-

ment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law. If any bill presented to the governor contain several items of appropriations of money, he may object to one or more of such items while approving of the other portions of the bill. In such case he shall append to the bill, at the time of signing it, a statement of the items to which he objects, and the appropriation so objected to shall not take effect. If the legislature be in session he shall transmit to the house in which the bill originated, a copy of such statement, and the items objected to shall be separately reconsidered. If, on reconsideration, one or more of such items be approved by a majority of the members elected to each house, the same shall be a part of the law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. All the provisions of this section in relation to bills not approved by the governor shall apply to cases in which he shall withhold his approval from any item or items contained in a bill appropriating money.

8. No member of congress, or person holding an office under the United States, or this State, shall exercise the office of governor; and in case the governor, or person administering the government shall accept any office under the United States or this State, his office of governor shall thereupon be vacant. Nor shall he be elected by the legislature to any office under the government of this State or of the United States, during the term for which he shall have been elected governor.

9. The governor, or person administering the government, shall have power to suspend the collection of fines and forfeitures, and to grant reprieves, to extend until the expiration of a time not exceeding ninety days after conviction; but this power shall not extend to cases of impeachment.

10. The governor, or person administering the government, the chancellor, and the six judges of the court of errors and appeals, or a major part of them, of whom the governor, or person administering the government, shall be one, may remit fines and forfeitures, and grant pardons, after conviction, in all cases except impeachment.

11. The governor and all other civil officers under this State shall be liable to impeachment for misdemeanor in office during their continuance in office, and for two years thereafter.

12. In case of the death, resignation or removal from office of the governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate, and in case of his death, resignation or removal, then upon the speaker of the house of assembly, for the time

being, until another governor shall be elected and qualified; but in such case another governor shall be chosen at the next election for members of the legislature, unless such death, resignation or removal shall occur within thirty days immediately preceding such next election, in which case a governor shall be chosen at the second succeeding election for members of the legislature. When a vacancy happens, during the recess of the legislature, in any office which is to be filled by the governor and senate, or by the legislature in joint meeting, the governor shall fill such vacancy and the commission shall expire at the end of the next session of the legislature, unless a successor shall be sooner appointed; when a vacancy happens in the office of clerk or surrogate of any county, the governor shall fill such vacancy, and the commission shall expire when a successor is elected and qualified. No person who shall have been nominated to the senate by the governor for any office of trust or profit under the government of this State, and shall not have been confirmed before the recess of the legislature, shall be eligible for appointment to such office during the continuance of such recess.

13. In case of the impeachment of the governor, his absence from the State or inability to discharge the duties of his office, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate; and in case of his death, resignation or removal, then upon the speaker of the house of assembly for the time being, until the governor, absent or impeached, shall return or be acquitted, or until the disqualification or inability shall cease, or until a new governor be elected and qualified.

14. In case of a vacancy in the office of governor from any other cause than those herein enumerated, or in case of the death of the governor-elect before he is qualified into office, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate or speaker of the house of assembly, as above provided for, until a new governor be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VI.

JUDICIARY.

Section I.

1. The judicial power shall be vested in a court of errors and appeals in the last resort in all causes as heretofore; a court for the trial of impeachments; a court of chancery;

a prerogative court; a supreme court; circuit courts, and such inferior courts as now exist, and as may be hereafter ordained and established by law; which inferior courts the legislature may alter or abolish, as the public good shall require.

Section II.

1. The court of errors and appeals shall consist of the chancellor, the justices of the supreme court, and six judges, or a major part of them; which judges are to be appointed for six years.

2. Immediately after the court shall first assemble, the six judges shall arrange themselves in such manner that the seat of one of them shall be vacated every year, in order that thereafter one judge may be annually appointed.

3. Such of the six judges as shall attend the court shall receive, respectively, a per diem compensation, to be provided by law.

4. The secretary of state shall be the clerk of this court.

5. When an appeal from an order or decree shall be heard, the chancellor shall inform the court, in writing, of the reasons for his order or decree; but he shall not sit as a member, or have a voice in the hearing or final sentence.

6. When a writ of error shall be brought, no justice who has given a judicial opinion in the cause in favor of or against any error complained of, shall sit as a member, or have a voice on the hearing, or for its affirmance or reversal; but the reasons for such opinion shall be assigned to the court in writing.

Section III.

1. The house of assembly shall have the sole power of impeaching, by a vote of a majority of all the members; and all impeachments shall be tried by the senate; the members, when sitting for that purpose, to be on oath or affirmation "truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question according to evidence;" and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members of the senate.

2. Any judicial officer impeached shall be suspended from exercising his office until his acquittal.

3. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend farther than to removal from office, and to disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, profit or trust under

this State; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

4. The secretary of state shall be the clerk of this court.

Section IV.

1. The court of chancery shall consist of a chancellor.

2. The chancellor shall be the ordinary or surrogate general, and judge of the prerogative court.

3. All persons aggrieved by any order, sentence or decree of the orphans' court, may appeal from the same, or from any part thereof to the prerogative court; but such order, sentence or decree shall not be removed into the supreme court, or circuit court if the subject-matter thereof be within the jurisdiction of the orphans' court.

4. The secretary of state shall be the register of the prerogative court, and shall perform the duties required of him by law in that respect.

Section V.

1. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and four associate justices. The number of associate justices may be increased or decreased by law, but shall never be less than two.

2. The circuit courts shall be held in every county of this State, by one or more of the justices of the supreme court, or a judge appointed for that purpose, and shall, in all cases within the county except in those of a criminal nature, have common law jurisdiction, concurrent with the supreme court; and any final judgment of a circuit court may be docketed in the supreme court, and shall operate as a judgment obtained in the supreme court from the time of such docketing.

3. Final judgments in any circuit court may be brought by writ of error into the supreme court, or directly into the court of errors and appeals.

Section VI.

1. There shall be no more than five judges of the inferior court of common pleas in each of the counties in this State, after the terms of the judges of said court now in office shall terminate. One judge for each county shall be appointed every year, and no more, except to fill vacancies, which shall be for the unexpired term only.

2. The commissions for the first appointments of judges of said court shall bear date and take effect on the first day of April next; and all subsequent commissions for judges of said court shall bear date and take effect on the

first day of April in every successive year, except commissions to fill vacancies, which shall bear date and take effect when issued.

Section VII.

1. There may be elected under this constitution two, and not more than five, justices of the peace in each of the townships of the several counties of this State, and in each of the wards, in cities that may vote in wards. When a township or ward contains two thousand inhabitants or less, it may have two justices; when it contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and not more than four thousand, it may have four justices; and when it contains more than four thousand inhabitants, it may have five justices; provided, that whenever any township not voting in wards contains more than seven thousand inhabitants, such township may have an additional justice for each additional three thousand inhabitants above four thousand.

2. The population of the townships in the several counties of the State and of the several wards shall be ascertained by the last preceding census of the United States, until the legislature shall provide, by law, some other mode of ascertaining it.

ARTICLE VII.

APPOINTING POWER AND TENURE OF OFFICE.

Section I.

MILITIA OFFICERS.

1. The legislature shall provide by law for enrolling, organizing and arming the militia.

2. Captains, subalterns and non-commissioned officers shall be elected by the members of their respective companies.

3. Field officers of regiments, independent battalions and squadrons shall be elected by the commissioned officers of their respective regiments, battalions or squadrons.

4. Brigadier-generals shall be elected by the field officers of their respective brigades.

5. Major-generals, the adjutant-general and quartermaster-general shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

6. The legislature shall provide, by law, the time and manner of electing militia officers, and of certifying their elections to the governor, who shall grant their commis-

sions, and determine their rank, when not determined by law; and no commissioned officer shall be removed from office but by the sentence of a court-martial, pursuant to law.

7. In case the electors of subalterns, captains or field officers shall refuse or neglect to make such elections, the governor shall have power to appoint such officers, and to fill all vacancies caused by such refusal or neglect.

8. Brigade inspectors shall be chosen by the field officers of their respective brigades.

9. The governor shall appoint all militia officers whose appointment is not otherwise provided for in this constitution.

10. Major-generals, brigadier-generals and commanding officers of regiments, independent battalions and squadrons shall appoint the staff officers of their divisions, brigades, regiments, independent battalions and squadrons, respectively.

Section II.

CIVIL OFFICERS.

1. Justices of the supreme court, chancellor, judges of the court of errors and appeals and judges of the inferior court of common pleas shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

The justices of the supreme court and chancellor shall hold their offices for the term of seven years; shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during the term of their appointments; and they shall hold no other office under the government of this State or of the United States.

2. Judges of the courts of common pleas shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly, in joint meeting.

They shall hold their offices for five years; but when appointed to fill vacancies, they shall hold for the unexpired term only.

3. The state treasurer and comptroller shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly, in joint meeting.

They shall hold their offices for three years, and until their successors shall be qualified into office.

4. The attorney-general, prosecutors of the pleas, clerk of the supreme court, clerk of the court of chancery, secretary of state and the keeper of the state prison shall be

nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

5. The law reporter shall be appointed by the justices of the supreme court, or a majority of them; and the chancery reporter shall be appointed by the chancellor.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

6. Clerks and surrogates of counties shall be elected by the people of their respective counties, at the annual elections for members of the general assembly.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

7. Sheriffs and coroners shall be elected by the people of their respective counties, at the elections for members of the general assembly, and they shall hold their offices for three years, after which three years must elapse before they can be again capable of serving. Sheriffs shall annually renew their bonds.

8. Justices of the peace shall be elected by ballot at the annual meetings of the townships in the several counties of the State, and of the wards in cities that may vote in wards, in such manner and under such regulations as may be hereafter provided by law.

They shall be commissioned for the county, and their commissions shall bear date and take effect on the first day of May next after their election.

They shall hold their offices for five years; but when elected to fill vacancies, they shall hold for the unexpired term only; provided, that the commission of any justice of the peace shall become vacant upon his ceasing to reside in the township in which he was elected.

The first election for justices of the peace shall take place at the next annual town-meetings of the townships in the several counties of the State, and of the wards in cities that may vote in wards.

9. All other officers, whose appointments are not otherwise provided for by law, shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate; and shall hold their offices for the time prescribed by law.

10. All civil officers elected or appointed pursuant to the provisions of this constitution, shall be commissioned by the governor.

11. The term of office of all officers elected or appointed, pursuant to the provisions of this constitution, except when herein otherwise directed, shall commence on the day of the date of their respective commissions; but no

commission for any office shall bear date prior to the expiration of the term of the incumbent of said office.

ARTICLE VIII.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

1. The secretary of state shall be ex officio an auditor of the accounts of the treasurer, and as such, it shall be his duty to assist the legislature in the annual examination and settlement of said accounts, until otherwise provided by law.

2. The seal of the State shall be kept by the governor, or person administering the government, and used by him officially, and shall be called the great seal of the State of New Jersey.

3. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the State of New Jersey, sealed with the great seal, signed by the governor, or person administering the government, and countersigned by the secretary of state, and it shall run thus: "The State of New Jersey, to ———, greeting." All writs shall be in the name of the State; and all indictments shall conclude in the following manner, viz., "against the peace of this State, the government and dignity of the same."

4. This constitution shall take effect and go into operation on the second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

ARTICLE IX.

AMENDMENTS.

Any specific amendment or amendments to the constitution may be proposed in the senate or general assembly, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislature then next to be chosen, and shall be published for three months previous to making such choice, in at least one newspaper of each county, if any be published therein; and if in the legislature next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments, or any of them, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislature to submit such proposed amendment or amendments, or such of them as may have been agreed

to as aforesaid by the two legislatures, to the people, in such manner and at such time, at least four months after the adjournment of the legislature, as the legislature shall prescribe; and if the people at a special election to be held for that purpose only, shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, or any of them, by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislature voting thereon, such amendment or amendments so approved and ratified shall become part of the constitution; provided, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately and distinctly; but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people by the legislature oftener than once in five years.

ARTICLE X.

SCHEDULE.

That no inconvenience may arise from the change in the constitution of this State, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared and ordained, that—

1. The common law and statute laws now in force, not repugnant to this constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the legislature; and all writs, actions, causes of action, prosecutions, contracts, claims and rights of individuals and of bodies corporate, and of the State, and all charters of incorporation, shall continue, and all indictments which shall have been found, or which may hereafter be found, for any crime or offense committed before the adoption of this constitution, may be proceeded upon as if no change had taken place. The several courts of law and equity, except as herein otherwise provided, shall continue with the like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted.

2. All officers now filling any office or appointment shall continue in the exercise of the duties thereof, according to their respective commissions or appointments, unless by this constitution it is otherwise directed.

3. The present governor, chancellor and ordinary or surrogate-general and treasurer shall continue in office until successors elected or appointed under this constitution shall be sworn or affirmed into office.

4. In case of the death, resignation or disability of the

present governor, the person who may be vice-president of council at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall continue in office and administer the government until a governor shall have been elected and sworn or affirmed into office under this constitution.

5. The present governor, or in case of his death or inability to act, the vice-president of council, together with the present members of the legislative council and secretary of state, shall constitute a board of state canvassers, in the manner now provided by law, for the purpose of ascertaining and declaring the result of the next ensuing election for governor, members of the house of representatives, and electors of president and vice-president.

6. The returns of the votes for governor, at the said next ensuing election, shall be transmitted to the secretary of state, the votes counted, and the election declared in the manner now provided by law in the case of the election of electors of president and vice-president.

7. The election of clerks and surrogates, in those counties where the term of office of the present incumbent shall expire previous to the general election of eighteen hundred and forty-five, shall be held at the general election next ensuing the adoption of this constitution; the result of which election shall be ascertained in the manner now provided by law for the election of sheriffs.

8. The elections for the year eighteen hundred and forty-four shall take place as now provided by law.

9. It shall be the duty of the governor to fill all vacancies in office happening between the adoption of this constitution and the first session of the senate, and not otherwise provided for, and the commissions shall expire at the end of the first session of the senate, or when successors shall be elected or appointed and qualified.

10. The restriction of the pay of members of the legislature, after forty days from the commencement of the session, shall not be applied to the first legislature convened under this constitution.

11. Clerks of counties shall be clerks of the inferior courts of common pleas and quarter sessions of the several counties, and perform the duties, and be subject to the regulations now required of them by law until otherwise ordained by the legislature.

12. The legislature shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

State of New Jersey:

I, George Wurts, Secretary of State of the State of New Jersey, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the Constitution of the State of New Jersey as amended, as the same is taken from and compared with the original Constitution and amendments thereto, now remaining on file in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my
[L. S.] hand and affixed my official seal, this twenty-sixth
day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-
seven.

GEORGE WURTS.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

THE STATE CAPITOL.

This edifice, a massive structure, erected at sundry times and added to at various periods, is located on West State street, near Willow street. The grounds have a frontage of 425 feet on State street and extend southerly a distance of about 700 feet to the Delaware river. The original plot, up to the year 1910, had a frontage of 310 feet, extended back in a parallelogram and embraced about $3\frac{1}{2}$ acres.

The seat of Government was fixed at Trenton by an act of the Legislature, approved November 25th, 1790. James Cooper, Thomas Lowery, James Ewing, Maskell Ewing, George Anderson, James Mott and Moore Furman were appointed commissioners to select, purchase or accept so much land as was needed, and to erect thereon suitable buildings for the use of the Legislature. They purchased a site, containing about three and three-quarters acres—a frontage on Second street (now West State street) of 247 feet and 6 inches, and a depth from the front to low water line of the Delaware river of 666 feet—at a cost of £250 5s. The old State House was a plain, bare-looking, rough-cast building, and was erected at a cost of £3,992 3s. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. By an act of March 4th, 1795, a building was erected to serve as an office for the Secretary of State, and for the preservation of the public records, at a cost of £620 19s. 10d. Numerous improvements and repairs were made, and on March 3d, 1806, an act was passed appointing commissioners to make certain repairs to the State House, to provide and hang a suitable bell, &c. This was done, and the bell was used for informing the members of both houses, as well as the courts, of the hour of meeting. The bell was eventually discarded, and an American flag substituted, which waves from the building unto this day, when the Legislature is in session, and upon holidays and State occasions. In 1848, the State House was altered by the removal of the rough-casting, and changing the style of the front by placing neat porticoes over the front and rear entrances, and erecting two additional buildings

adjoining the main one, as offices for the Clerks of the Chancery and Supreme Courts. The rotunda was also erected, and the grounds fenced, graded, laid out and shade trees planted, all at a cost of \$27,000. The commissioners under whose direction the work was completed, were Samuel R. Gummere, Samuel R. Hamilton and Stacy A. Paxson. In 1863, '64 and '65, appropriations were expended in building additions for the State Library, Executive Chambers, &c. In 1871, Charles S. Olden, Thomas J. Stryker and Lewis Perrine were appointed commissioners to cause a suitable addition to be built—more commodious apartments for the Senate and Assembly, &c. The sum of \$50,000 was appropriated, and the buildings for the Legislature were ready for occupancy in time for the meeting of the Legislature in 1872. In 1872, \$120,000 was appropriated for completing the building, \$3,000 for fitting up the Executive Chamber, \$4,000 for fitting up the Chancery and Supreme Court rooms, and \$2,000 for fitting up the offices on the first floor of the east wing. In 1873, the sum of \$43,000 was appropriated for the improvement of the front of the building, completing unfinished repairs and improvements, and for fitting up the Library, &c. On March 18th, 1875, the sum of \$15,000 was appropriated for the purpose of putting a new three-story front to the building, and to fit up offices on the second floor for the Clerks of the Court of Chancery and Supreme Court, and for providing a suitable museum for geological specimens, and the battle-flags of New Jersey volunteer regiments, carried during the war of the Rebellion.

On March 21st, 1885, the front portion was destroyed by fire, and the Legislature appropriated \$50,000 for rebuilding, and in 1886, an additional appropriation of \$225,000 was granted.

The new building was finished in 1889. It is of rectangular shape and of the Renaissance style of architecture, with a frontage of one hundred and sixty feet on State street, a depth of sixty-seven feet, and three and a half stories high, with a rotunda thirty-nine feet across, which connects the new section of the Capitol with the original part. The rotunda is surmounted by a dome one hundred and forty-five feet high.

The building has about sixty feet more frontage than the former one, and approaches about ten feet nearer the street.

The walls are constructed of solid, fire-proof, brick masonry, faced with a light-colored stone from Indiana, known as Salem Oolitic, with foundations and trimmings of New Jersey free stone, from the Prallsville quarries, in Hunterdon county. The portico, door-head and trimmings about the door are of the same material. The portico, with balcony, is supported by massive pillars of polished granite and surmounted by the coat of arms of the State.

The apartments used for offices are very spacious, fitted throughout in the most approved modern style, and each department is supplied with one or more of the finest fire-proof vaults. The first and second stories are set aside for offices, and the entire third story is used for the State Library. This front portion, including the dome, was designed and constructed under the plans and supervision of L. H. Broome, architect, of Jersey City.

The old State Library apartments have been improved and extended, and are now used as offices for the Attorney-General, State Superintendent of Public Instruction and Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.

In 1891, a new Assembly Chamber was erected. The old one was too small and poorly ventilated, and besides, there was a lack of suitable committee rooms. The Legislature of 1891 passed a Joint Resolution, which was approved on March 20th, authorizing the Governor "to provide a suitable chamber and committee rooms for the use of the General Assembly of this State," &c., and also, "to make such additions and alterations as will afford the necessary accommodations for the Supreme Court and Court of Errors and Appeals, or for other State offices, and sufficient money is hereby appropriated for that purpose, to be paid by the Treasurer of this State on the warrant of the Comptroller, after approval by the Governor."

The new chamber was built by James W. Lanning, of Trenton, from plans prepared by James Moylan, of Jersey City, and under the superintendency of Bernard J. Ford of Newark. It covers the site of the former chamber, and extends beyond it to Delaware street on the east and to the water power on the south. It has a frontage on Delaware street of 120 feet and a depth of 75 feet.

The exterior finish and design of the building are similar to the adjoining portion of the Capitol. The foundation is of brown stone, from the Stockton quarries, and the trimmings of light Indiana stone. The interior is finished in Trenton tile, quartered oak and Italian statuary marble. It is a fire-proof building throughout, and is specially ventilated. The committee rooms are ample and convenient, and the interior design arrangement and finish make it a model legislative chamber. It cost the State \$140,500. The cost of the steam heating and ventilating systems was about \$25,000.

The other new addition to the Capitol provides a consultation room for the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Court of Errors and Appeals and a private room for the Governor, a room for the Museum of the Geological Survey, and other offices, and cost \$34,500.

Two Otis elevators have been placed in the building, which gives easy access to all the upper floors.

In 1900 the Legislature appropriated \$96,000 for additions and alterations to the Capitol, which included the cost of an electric light plant.

A new Senate Chamber was erected in 1903, and was ready for occupancy in 1904, at a cost of about \$182,000. In 1904 about \$60,000 was expended for other improvements in the Capitol.

Another addition was made to the Capitol in 1907 at a cost of about \$100,000. It is a massive structure of a classical style of architecture and is finished in stucco to match the rest of the Capitol. It contains four stories above a deep basement. The construction is fire-proof, consisting of solid brick walls, steel beams and columns and concrete floors. The exterior is attractive with its classic lines and Indiana limestone trimmings. The structure was designed and all the plans drawn by George E. Poole, State Architect.

In 1911 the Legislature made an appropriation of \$60,000 for the extension of the west wing of the front part of the building, and in 1912 \$70,000 was appropriated for the extension of the east wing.

In 1910 and subsequent years to 1915, the State purchased Delaware street, the Green property which fronted on West State street, properties which fronted on Front and Willow streets and which extended to the old Water Power, now Sanhican creek, all of which embrace about the same area as the old State House site, $3\frac{1}{2}$ acres, making a total of about 7 acres north of the creek.

The land across Sanhican creek, that has been acquired by the State, has been filled in to the river wall, is computed to be about 19 or 20 acres, making the sum total of the State's holdings about 26 acres. The river park has been laid out and completed by the State and the city of Trenton, the area of which is about 40 acres. The old Revolutionary Barracks and the old Masonic Temple have been preserved on the park grounds. The State park contains about 19 acres, is an up-to-date enterprise and presents a most beautiful and attractive appearance. The cost of all the improvements was about \$400,000.

THE STATE LIBRARY.

This valuable collection of books is located on the third floor of the State Capitol. The old saying, "Great oaks from little acorns grow," most appropriately applies to this institution.

The first library of the State was a case ordered to be procured by Maskell Ewing, Clerk of the House of Assembly, for the keeping and preservation of such books as belonged to the Legislature. It was ordered by a resolution passed March 18th, 1796. This was the nucleus of the present extensive library. On February 18th, 1804, William Coxe, of Burlington; Ezra Darby, of Essex, and John A. Scudder, of Monmouth, were appointed a Committee on Rules to make a catalogue; they reported that there were 168 volumes belonging to the State, and presented a code of seven rules, which was adopted. On February 10th, 1813, an act (the first one) was passed, entitled "An act concerning the State Library." Up to 1822 it appears that the Clerk of the House had charge of the books, as Librarian, and, on November 16th, 1822, an act was passed for the appointment of a State Librarian, annually, by joint meeting. In 1846, on April 10th, an act was passed making the term of office three years. The Law Library at that time belonged to the members of the Law Library Association. The only persons allowed the use of the Library were members of the Association, the Chancellor, and the judges of the several courts. Stacy G. Potts was Treasurer and Librarian of the Association. The Law Library was kept in the Supreme Court room until 1837, when the Legislature authorized the State Librarian to fit up a room adjoining the Library for the care and reception of the books and papers be-

longing to the State Library. Thus the two Libraries were consolidated. On March 13th, 1872, \$5,000 per year for three years was appropriated for the Library by the Legislature, and by the act of March 15th, 1876, the sum of \$2,500 was appropriated for finishing and refurnishing the Library room. In 1890, the Library was removed to the third story of the new part of the Capitol.

In 1904 the Legislature made a special appropriation of \$15,000 for the installation of steel stacks, and the shelf-space was doubled. There is room now for more than 125,000 books and pamphlets. About the same time the decimal classification system was introduced and the work of making a modern card catalogue begun, which was practically finished in 1905.

THE STATE ARSENAL.

The building now used as the State Arsenal was formerly the old State Prison. It is situate on Second street, in the Sixth Ward of the city of Trenton, and has on its front the following inscription:

Labor, Silence, Penitence.

The Penitentiary House.

Erected by Legislative Authority.

Richard Howell, Governor.

In the XXII. Year of American
Independence, MDCCXCVII.

That Those Who Are Feared For Their
Crimes May Learn to Fear the Laws
And be Useful.

Hic Labor, Hoc Opus.

In the messages of Governors P. D. Vroom and S. L. Southard, recommending the erection of the new prison, it was proposed that the old one be converted into an Arsenal for the safe keeping of the arms and military property of the State, which, previous to that time, had been kept in the old State Bank, corner of Warren and Bank streets, with accoutrements and camp and garrison equipage at the State House. After the removal of the State convicts from the old prison, permission was given to the county of Mercer to occupy it as a jail until its jail, then in course of completion, was finished, and when it was again vacated it was converted into an arsenal.

Among the stores, &c., at the Arsenal are one bronze gun, French, of the date of 1758; two bronze guns, Eng-

lish, four-pounders, and two iron six-pounders. There is also one gun captured at the battle of Trenton, December 26th, 1776, and two guns captured at Yorktown, October 19th, 1781. There are also a large quantity of fire-arms, ammunition, ordnance, tents, clothing, blankets, &c.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Trenton.

This institution is located on the left bank of the Delaware River, about two miles northwest of the City Hall. The buildings are constructed of reddish sandstone, obtained from quarries near the hospital, and are located on an elevation of about seventy-five feet above the river. The front of the Main, or Administration Building, is ornamented by a handsome porch of Ionic architecture, designed by the celebrated Notman, from which may be obtained one of the finest landscape views in the State.

In 1844, after repeated and unsuccessful attempts to cause action to be taken by the Legislature for the building of a State institution for the special care and treatment of the insane, a commission was appointed, chiefly through the earnest efforts of Dr. Lyndon A. Smith, of Essex, and Dr. Lewis Condict, of Morris, and the eminent philanthropist, Miss D. L. Dix, to select a site. An appropriation of \$35,000 was made to purchase the land and to commence the erection of the building. The present site was selected by the commissioners from among many that were offered in various sections of the State, because of the large spring of excellent water found on the place. This spring was developed, and furnished a daily supply of about one-half million of gallons of pure water for many years. In the severe drought of 1880 the supply was greatly diminished, falling off nearly two hundred and fifty thousand gallons. In 1907 the city sewer, running about 200 feet from the spring, burst or overflowed, and this caused contamination of the water supply, resulting in a typhoid epidemic, so that it was necessary to discontinue the use of the spring. At present the hospital is supplied with water by six artesian wells, one of which gives 150 gallons of water per minute. The spring has been filled up, and thus an important landmark destroyed.

Work was commenced on the main building in November of 1845, and the hospital was opened for the reception of patients on the 15th day of May, 1848. Numerous additions have been made from time to time to the building, increasing its capacity.

In 1887 the Legislature passed an act appropriating \$100,000 for providing additional accommodations. The new building is a handsome structure of red sandstone, and similar to that used in the main building. This is five hundred feet long, three stories in height, and capable of accommodating three hundred patients, one hundred and fifty of each. The building is designed to accommodate the chronic incurable class, and was a great relief from the overcrowded state that existed in the main building prior to its completion. The building was completed within the appropriation, and opened for the reception of patients in the month of October, 1889.

Much has been done for the comfort and pleasure of the patients. A greenhouse has been erected for the purpose of furnishing plants and flowers for the patients' corridors, handsome pictures adorn the walls, and everything about the hospital presents a comfortable and homelike appearance.

The institution possesses a library, one of the largest, if not the largest, in this country, connected with a hospital for the insane. The books are accessible to all members of the household. They have been freely used, and do much to relieve the monotony of many an hour of hospital life. The library now consists of about 4,000 volumes, and is the result of the bequest of a former nurse (Anne Robinson) who, by will, bequeathed her earnings for several years as a nurse and attendant in this hospital. She made the bequest, as she herself expressed it when making her will, for the purpose of purchasing books to be used for the pleasure and benefit of those to whom she had, for so many years, endeavored to minister.

During the year 1898 a handsome amusement room, capable of seating about four hundred, was finished; also, a large and commodious chapel, in which religious exercises are held every Sunday, when various clergymen, without regard to denominational preference, officiate. The new chapel is capable of seating about five hundred patients. In 1904-1905 an appro-

priation of \$250,000 was made for the erection of two additional wings to the annex building, which will accommodate 400 more patients. In 1905 the Legislature appropriated \$12,500 for the construction of fire escapes.

A few years ago a modern laboratory building was erected, and at the present time is fully equipped for scientific work.

In 1907 the new wings, spoken of above, were opened for the reception of patients, so that now the hospital is not overcrowded.

In 1908 the Legislature appropriated \$111,000 for extraordinary improvements, which included installation of modern plumbing throughout the buildings, also tiling for toilet rooms, water sections, etc.

Two buildings for tuberculosis patients, male and female, have been erected, and will accommodate twenty-five, each known as the "open air" ward.

Since January 1st, 1908, there has been no mechanical restraint of any kind used in the hospital. All restraint apparatus, chairs, straight jackets, straps, etc., have been removed from the hospital building, and are stored away where no one can get at them.

During the year 1909 the plumbing and tiling of the old building was completed, and the sanitary arrangements for the hospital have been considered by those competent to judge, to be the best of any public institution of this character.

In both the male and female departments a hydrotherapeutic apparatus has been installed for giving the continuous bath treatment. This apparatus was made especially for the hospital, and has given satisfactory service in the treatment of acutely excited cases.

The Legislature of 1911 appropriated \$103,000 for extraordinary improvements. Two farms in the neighborhood of Trenton Junction have been purchased, which will add 250 acres of farm land to the hospital. A new laundry has been erected and equipped with modern machinery, at a cost of \$30,000.

The Legislature appropriated \$2,800 for research work, which enables the hospital to employ two trained field workers who go out in the community and look up facts regarding the patients' heredity and personal history, which gives valuable information to the medical history. They also engage in "after care" work, i. e., in visiting discharged patients

at certain intervals, investigating their condition, and reporting to the hospital any unusual conditions which have any bearing on the recurrence of mental disease. During the years 1910 and 1911 \$5,000 has been spent for furniture for the wards. The Legislature of 1912 appropriated \$165,000 for new buildings, including one for the criminal insane.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Morris Plains (P. O. Greystone Park).

Further provision for the accommodation of the insane being made necessary by the overcrowded condition of the State Hospital at Trenton, the Legislature of 1871 appointed a commission to select a site and build a hospital in the northern part of the State.

At a cost of \$78,732.36 a tract of 408 acres of land, beautifully situated in the hills of Morris County, was purchased and work on the hospital buildings begun.

Additional tracts of land have since been purchased at a cost of \$32,318.00, making a total of 897 acres, at a total cost of \$111,050. The original building, now known as the "Main Building," was erected, at a cost of \$2,511,622. The "Dormitory Building" and a new reservoir, made necessary by its construction, cost, when completed, about \$650,000; a new laundry building, \$18,200; the nurses' cottage, \$20,000, and in 1907 the annual appraisement placed the personal property of the hospital at \$294,709, thus making the total cost of the entire plant approximately \$3,605,581.

The location is ideal for an institution caring for the mentally afflicted, and is unsurpassed in this particular by any similar institution in the United States. The buildings command a magnificent view of the surrounding country, and the air is cool and balmy in Summer and crisp and stimulating in Winter.

The main building, opened in 1876, is four stories in height, 1,243 feet in length, 542 in depth, and has ten acres of floor space. It contains the executive offices, reception rooms, medical library, chapel, amusement hall and forty wards, which, when crowded to their full capacity, will accommodate 1,200 patients.

In 1901 the dormitory building was completed. It is situated 1,200 feet in the rear of the main building,

accommodates 600 patients, and is constructed on the day room and dormitory plan. On the fourth floor of the building are well-equipped pathological and chemical laboratories, five splendidly-lighted rooms on the top floor of the northeast tower being devoted to this work. The laboratories have been well equipped with many of the latest and best instruments for the prosecution of scientific, clinical and research work, and have proved to be a highly important adjunct to the purely psychiatric work of the hospital.

A cottage for nurses was built in 1906. This is a three-story brick building, trimmed with sandstone, and is situated in front and to the south of the main group of buildings. It is within easy access of the female wards, and affords sleeping quarters for forty female nurses, who formerly, after working daily fifteen hours with the insane, were compelled to spend their nights in the wards, in close proximity to noisy and disturbed patients. In addition to furnishing accommodation for the night, the cottage has a reception room and library, where the nurses may spend their time when off duty.

In order to give the hospital a better mail service, the United States government, on March 23, 1908, established a new post office in the main building of the hospital, and named it Greystone Park. The mail matter of the institution was formerly handled at Morris Plains post office, which is one and one-half miles from the building.

The Legislature of 1911 appropriated \$15,000 for the erection of a new fire house. This fire house provides stabling quarters for two horses and sleeping room for twenty male employees who are always to be members of the fire department.

The same Legislature appropriated \$40,000 for the erection of a male nurses' home. This building accommodates seventy-six men nurses.

A cold storage plant has been added to the institution which produces five tons of ice per day and also provides a room for the storage of hospital food supplies.

The Legislature of 1911 made an appropriation of \$15,000 for a dynamo and building, and there was also appropriated \$10,000 for a building for the segregation of tubercular patients. The same Legislature also ap-

appropriated \$8,000 for screening the windows of the main building and dormitory building.

The Legislature of 1912 appropriated \$69,000 for new buildings and alterations.

A Training School for Nurses was established in 1894 and it has proved to be of great advantage to the hospital in the humane care and treatment of the insane. A graded three-years' course is given to the nurses and consists of lectures and practical demonstrations given by the medical staff in anatomy, physiology, materia medica and therapeutics, chemistry and toxicology, obstetrics and gynecology, genito-urinary diseases, practice of medicine, minor surgery, practical bedside nursing and bandaging. The course is compulsory upon all who are employed as attendants, and since the establishment of the school, 226 persons have been granted diplomas.

Further provision for the scientific treatment of patients has been made by the equipment of rooms, both in the male and in the female departments, with complete hydrotherapeutic apparatus and by the installation of electrotherapeutic appliances, and a powerful static machine in a room in the main building, convenient to both male and female departments.

A room has also been set apart and fully equipped with instruments and appliances for the examination and treatment of patients suffering from diseased conditions of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

The medical library contains over 1,300 volumes of carefully-selected text books and reference works on medical and other scientific subjects, together with well-bound volumes of the annual reports of every hospital for the insane in the United States, Canada, South American States and many of the countries in Europe.

Among the many improvements added in recent years is a new system of keeping case records. The complete record of each patient from the time he enters the hospital until he is discharged is kept in a separate envelope, filed vertically in steel cabinets especially constructed for the purpose. The files are thoroughly cross-indexed, which permits of needful information being rapidly and easily obtained in any given case.

Additional protection from fire has been provided by equipping the hospital with the Kirker-Bender type of fire escape.

Fire drills are held at regular intervals so that the patients may become familiar with the location of the fire escapes and accustom themselves to their use so as to enable them in the event of fire to go through this means out of danger in an orderly and expeditious manner.

The hospital has equipped Dental Rooms with the latest and most modern appliances, thus enabling the Resident Dentist to do scientific work for the patients needing dental attention.

The Legislature of 1912 appropriated \$15,000 for a storehouse in which all supplies are kept, and \$8,000 was also appropriated for the construction of an industrial building which is equipped with apparatus and supplies of the manufacture of a great variety of hospital utilities.

The normal capacity of the institution is 1,600 patients. In 1914 there were 2,500 patients under care and treatment, being 900 over the normal capacity and increasing annually by about 100. Owing to this condition the percentage of recoveries must of necessity be small and the proper classification of the different psychoses is impossible.

STATE NORMAL AND MODEL SCHOOLS

at Trenton.

These schools are located at the junction of Perry street and Clinton avenue. There are two buildings, the school building on the west side of Clinton avenue, and the boarding halls and dormitories, situated on the east side of the avenue. These schools were established in 1855 by an act of the Legislature. The purpose of the Normal School was defined to be "the training and education of its pupils in such branches of knowledge, and such methods of teaching and governing, as will qualify them for teachers of our common schools." The Model School was designed to be a place where "the pupils of the Normal School shall have opportunity to observe and practice the modes of instruction and discipline inculcated in the Normal School.

The Normal School offers to graduates of approved four year high schools the following courses: a two year general course; a two year kindergarten course; a two year domestic science course; a two year commercial course; a two year manual training course; a four year high school teachers' course, equivalent to a teachers' college course; an industrial arts teachers' course given in conjunction with the Trenton School of Industrial Arts. Special courses are offered in voice training, piano and violin, and electives in advanced work in a number of other branches.

The Model School begins with the kindergarten and includes a full secondary or high school curriculum. It offers three courses: The classical, Latin scientific and English.

The buildings are equipped with laboratories, gymnasium, and the modern appliances necessary to good work.

The following figures show the first cost to the State and the present valuation of the Normal School property. The first cost to the State has been supplemented from time to time by the contributions of private individuals, and by balances from the Boarding Hall receipts after meeting the annual expenses of the Hall.

FIRST COST TO THE STATE.

Original Normal and Model	
School Buildings	\$38,000 00
Appropriation of 1890.....	40,000 00
Appropriation of 1891.....	8,000 00
Appropriation of 1893.....	12,000 00
Appropriation of 1894.....	10,000 00
Appropriation of 1897.....	25,000 00
Appropriation of 1903.....	5,000 00
Appropriation of 1913.....	101,000 00
Appropriation of 1914.....	9,248 52
	<hr/>
	\$248,248 52
Original Boarding Halls.....	\$30,000 00
Sundry Annual Appropriations..	67,075 00
Appropriation of 1904.....	40,000 00
	<hr/>
	137,075 00
	<hr/>
Total	\$385,323 52

PRESENT VALUATION.

Original School Buildings.....	\$51,000 00
Appropriation of 1890.....	40,000 00
Appropriation of 1891.....	8,000 00
Appropriation of 1893.....	12,000 00
Appropriation of 1894.....	10,000 00
Appropriation of 1897.....	25,000 00
Appropriation of 1902.....	5,000 00
Appropriation of 1913.....	85,000 00
Furniture and apparatus.....	30,000 00
Appropriation of 1914.....	8,248 52
	<hr/>
	\$274,248 52

Boarding Halls	\$71,000 00	
North Wing, 1893.....	30,000 00	
Principal's residence, 1893.....	16,000 00	
Buildings and lot, 1899.....	20,400 00	
Sundry Annual Appropriations..	67,075 00	
Appropriation of 1904.....	40,000 00	
Furniture	50,000 00	
	<hr/>	\$294,475 00
Grounds	115,000 00	
Appropriation of 1913.....	16,000 00	
Appropriation of 1914.....	1,000 00	
Appropriation of 1915.....	4,000 00	
	<hr/>	
Total	\$704,723 52	

The enrollments in 1855 were as follows: Normal School, 43; Model School, 125. For the year ending June 30th, 1915, these enrollments had increased to 639 in the Normal and 460 in the Model. During its history the Normal School has graduated 5,870 students.

The Principals of the schools have been as follows: William F. Phelps, A.M., October 1st, 1855, to March 15th, 1865; John S. Hart, LL.D., March 15th, 1865, to February 7th, 1871; Lewis M. Johnson, A.M., February 7th, 1871, to July 1st, 1876; Washington Hasbrouck, Ph.D., July 1st, 1876, to February 10th, 1889; James M. Green, Ph.D., LL.D., February 10th, 1889, to the present.

THE NEW JERSEY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL at Montclair, Essex County.

The increasing demand for professionally trained teachers, and the inability of the State Normal School, at Trenton, to meet it, led to the passage of a resolution by the Legislature of 1902 directing the State Board of Education to investigate as to the need of increased normal school accommodations and how best to provide them, should the board find the present accommodations inadequate.

In its study of the question the board discovered that there were 7,561 teachers in the public schools of the State, and that of this number 2,224 were graduates of normal schools, 457 were college graduates, and 1,663 graduates of city training schools, leaving

3,217 teachers, or nearly one-half of the entire number, who had not had any special training. Of the graduates of normal schools employed, nearly forty per cent. came from other States, notwithstanding the fact that the New Jersey State Normal School, at Trenton, was working to its full capacity.

In its report to the Legislature in 1903 the board recommended that a normal school be erected in the northern part of the State. In 1904 the Legislature appropriated \$25,000 for the purchase of a site. The board, after inspecting numerous sites, finally purchased a plot in the northern part of Montclair, in Essex County, at a cost of \$25,000. The plot contains twenty-five acres and is 400 feet above sea level, giving an uninterrupted view of Newark and surrounding towns and of the bridges and skyscrapers of New York City. The plot is large enough to accommodate the school building and dormitories, should it be found necessary in the future to provide them, and also to give a large campus and sufficient ground for illustrating methods of teaching agriculture, which will in the near future be as important a subject in the curriculum of a well organized normal school as illustrating the methods of teaching chemistry or literature is at present. Within a radius of ten miles from the site selected there is a population of more than one million.

In 1906 the Legislature appropriated \$275,000 for the erection and furnishing of the building. The plans were prepared by State Architect George E. Poole and Assistant Architect Francis H. Bent, of the Department of Charities and Corrections. The mission style of architecture was adopted, and the material is brick covered with pure white stucco, the roof being red tile. The building is 334 feet long and 133 feet deep, the centre and wings projecting. In front is an esplanade 260 feet long and 44 feet wide, protected by a concrete wall from which steps descend to the lawn.

In the basement are the manual training and domestic science rooms, four rooms for observation classes, locker and dressing rooms, showers, recreation and lunch rooms.

On the main floor are the board room, the principal's offices, a library 32x60 feet, the study hall and gymnasium, each 57x76 feet, two large lecture rooms

and eight class rooms. The study hall and gymnasium have ceilings twenty-five feet high, giving ample space for gallery and running track, respectively.

On the second-floor is the drawing room, 32x60 feet, with high ceiling and north light, three lecture rooms, large laboratories for chemistry, physics, botany and zoology, and dark rooms for photography. Teachers' rooms are provided on each floor.

The finish is in hard pine, except the study hall, which is in white and gold. The study hall will also be used as the auditorium. The walls of the laboratories are of white tile and the floors of cement. The walls of the gymnasium are of cream-colored brick.

The heating and ventilating plant is in a separate structure, located some distance from the main building. The cost of the buildings, exclusive of furniture and grading, will be less than \$250,000.

The school was formally opened on Monday, September 28, 1908. Addresses were made by Governor Fort, President Hays, of the State Board of Education, Edward Russ, chairman of the Building Committee, and others.

The regular sessions of the school began September 15, 1908, with an attendance of 187 pupils.

A class of 45 teachers was graduated in June, 1910, and 145 teachers were graduated in June, 1911. The membership of the school for the year ending June 30, 1911, was 443. The demand for graduates of the school far exceeds the supply, and all graduates are now employed in teaching.

The Principal is Dr. Charles S. Chapin, formerly Principal of the Rhode Island State Normal School.

The school may be reached in three ways:

1. By Erie Railroad—Greenwood Lake Division. The Montclair Heights station adjoins the grounds of the Normal School.

2. By D. L. and W. Railroad to Montclair station, thence by Valley Road trolley to the grounds.

3. By Bloomfield Avenue trolley with transfer at Valley Road to Valley Road trolley.

Passengers by the Pennsylvania Railroad to Newark can take Bloomfield Avenue trolley at Newark station.

Passengers by the Central Railroad of New Jersey to Newark can take Bloomfield Avenue trolley at corner of Market and Broad Streets, Newark.

THE NEW JERSEY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL at Newark.

The new State School building is centrally located between Broad street and Belleville avenue, at the intersection of Fourth avenue, and occupies, including its spacious grounds, an entire city block. The architecture of the building is dignified as well as picturesque and is enhanced by the sunken garden, masses of bloom and hedges. The interior has been greatly admired for the beauty of its color scheme, its fine appointments and educational features. The building is equipped with an auditorium, gymnasium, laboratories, manual training shops, sewing rooms, art rooms and spacious, well-ventilated class rooms for normal work. Special features are the demonstration rooms with raised seats, lecture rooms, conference rooms, a fine library, study halls and a splendidly equipped kitchen and dining room. The building also has a modern system of heating, lighting and ventilating and excellent sanitary conditions.

This new building opened its doors under State control September 16th, 1913, with an enrollment of 450 students and a waiting list. It may be of interest to note that the school is so centrally located that only two students requested boarding places in the city of Newark. The trolley and railroad facilities are such that they can readily come and return to their homes. A dozen prominent high schools are within forty minutes of the school.

A large practice school is connected with the Normal where students are trained under actual school conditions and the aim is to graduate an efficient corps of teachers for the public schools of the State.

The Principal of the new State School is W. Spader Willis, who for fourteen years was Principal of the City Normal School at Newark.

THE STATE HOME FOR BOYS.

"The New Jersey State Reform School" was established by act of the Legislature approved April 6th, 1865. A farm of 490 acres was purchased for the purpose near Jamesburg, Middlesex county.

The first boy was received July 6th, 1867. Its first Superintendent was Rev. Luther H. Sheldon, who was in

office from April 10th, 1867, till April 1st, 1874, and was succeeded by James H. Eastman, who was Superintendent from April 1st, 1874, till September 15th, 1884. Upon his withdrawal Ira Otterson was made acting Superintendent, and on December 10th, 1884, he was elected Superintendent. In 1902 Mr. Otterson was succeeded by John Wildes who, March 1, 1904, gave way to John C. Kalleen. In 1900 the name of The Reform School was changed to the State Home for Boys.

Since founding the school, beside the Administration building, there have been erected on the campus eight family buildings (two of them double buildings), capable of accommodating fifty boys each, a chapel, hospital, store and cook house, industrial building, electric light, heat and power, generating station and farm buildings, conservatory, up-to-date cow barn, piggery, all of brick, many of the buildings constructed with bricks manufactured by the boys on the place.

Besides domestic and farm labor, all boys are instructed in the rudiments of an English school education, and many receive instruction in shorthand and typewriting and in the different mechanical branches and band music.

In 1900 there was erected by boys' labor, under regular instructors, a building 40 by 100 feet, two stories high, in which are established schools for trade teaching. In 1910, in this building, a complete outfit of machinery consisting of a planer, mortiser, universal and band saw, and others necessary to make it complete was supplied. While in the past, so far as the accommodations would permit, a number of boys have received instruction in mechanical trades, and with the accommodations furnished in the new building, a greater number of boys receive a more thorough knowledge in lines of skilled handicraft, which will the better prepare them to become good citizens.

During 1910 the cow and dairy barn have been remodeled and rebuilt, and the Legislature of 1910 appropriated \$40,000 with which to erect a central school building. The Legislature of 1912 appropriated \$40,000 for the erection of a double cottage.

STATE HOME FOR GIRLS.

This institution is located on the line of the Trenton Branch of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, in

the City of Trenton, near the Trenton State Hospital, and is located on a farm of about 79 acres of land. A substantial building was erected at a cost of \$23,334, and other improvements since made bring the value of the place, with furniture, &c., up to \$186,622. The value of the land is \$16,700. Previous to the erection of the new building, the school was at "Pine Grove," in the Sixth Ward of the city of Trenton. This place had been leased so as to afford room for persons sentenced under the act of April 4th, 1871, and a subsequent act. The Legislature of 1900 appropriated \$30,000 for the erection of an additional building. In 1900 and 1901 about \$31,000 was spent for improvements and the Legislature of 1905 appropriated \$36,000 for the erection of a new cottage and about \$9,000 for various other improvements. On February 11th, 1910, a new administration building, named the "Fort Cottage," was formally opened. It is the counterpart of Washington's headquarters at Morristown, N. J., and had served as New Jersey headquarters at the Jamestown, Virginia, Exposition. It is most elaborately furnished with everything suggestive of the colonial period. A new cottage costing \$25,000 was erected in 1911 and 1912 to house twenty-five little girls. The Legislature of 1912 appropriated \$16,700 for the erection of an infirmary and barn.

The institution is for girls between the ages of ten and nineteen years who may be committed to it by the courts.

THE STATE PRISON.

The New Jersey State Prison, situated on the block enclosed by Federal, Third, Cass and Second streets, in the city of Trenton, is one of the finest institutions of its kind in the country. Its erection was authorized by an act of the Legislature passed February 13th, 1832, and it was completed in the year 1836, having 150 cells, at a cost of \$179,657.11. It was built of red sand-stone, from the Ewing quarries, and the style of its architecture is Egyptian, having four Egyptian columns in front of the main entrance, on Third street. It consists of a main building, used as a residence for the Keeper and as reception rooms and offices. From time to time the prison has been enlarged, and although there is not sufficient room to afford separate confinement for each prisoner, as required by law, the provisions of the act are carried out as far

as possible. The rules and regulations now in force have brought the internal affairs of the institution, as to cleanliness, discipline, victualing, &c., to a much higher standard than was ever before reached, and a visit thereto will convince the visitor that the management is as perfect as can be.

Previous to the year 1798 there was no State Prison, and prisoners were confined in the county jails. On March 1st, 1797, Jonathan Deane was appointed by an act of the Legislature as an agent to purchase a lot of land from Peter Hunt, situate at Lamberton, containing six and a half acres, and to erect suitable buildings thereon. This was done at an expense of £9,842 0s. 3d., and what is now the State Arsenal, at Second and Cass streets, is the result. Solitary confinement was not practiced previous to 1836, in which year the old prison was vacated and the present one occupied.

On March 4th, 1847, \$5,000 was appropriated to build an additional wing to the original building. On March 25th, 1852, \$15,000 was granted for the erection of a new wing for hospital purposes. On March 22d, 1860, the sum of \$17,000 was voted for the purpose of building an additional wing for cells, and on February 16th, 1861, a further sum of \$2,243.01 was appropriated to complete the same. On April 16th, 1868, \$6,000 was appropriated for the building of an additional wing to provide room for female convicts. An act passed April 2d, 1869, provided for the appointment of commissioners to extend the grounds of the prison to the wall of the State Arsenal, to build an additional wing and workshops, and made an appropriation of \$50,000 for that purpose, and in the same month \$9,734 was appropriated for the purpose of completing the wing of the female department. On April 4th, 1871, the sum of \$75,000 was appropriated for the purpose of completing the new or east wing, and on April 4th, 1872, a further sum of \$28,700 was appropriated for the completion of the same. March 3d, 1874, \$12,000 was voted for the construction of gas works for the supply of illuminating gas for the prison. On March 8th, 1877, the sum of \$100,000 was appropriated for the enlargement of the prison and the purchase of a burial ground for deceased convicts. The north wing was remodeled out of this last appropriation and a burial ground purchased. The Legislature of 1895 appropriated \$150,000 for the enlargement and improvement of the prison. The Legislature of 1899 appropriated \$14,000 for alterations in the women's wing of the

prison. In 1905 \$250,000 was appropriated for the erection of a new wing, and it was finished in 1907. The addition, which is at the northeast corner of the institution, is one of the most complete in the United States. There are five tiers, each having seventy cells. The interior is wholly of steel and concrete. The cells are separated from the outer walls by a passageway for the keepers and the entire section of each tier is completely enclosed in a cage of steel. Thirty-five cells are controlled by a combination locking device, although any one cell door or a series of doors can be thrown open by a lever system from the end of the corridor where the locking device is located. Between the cell sections there is a narrow utility court from which the ventilation is controlled and where the sanitary parts can be reached without any necessity for going into the cells. Each cell has a steel cot, porcelain washstand and sanitary arrangement and is lighted by electricity. Special attention has been given to ventilation. A death house was also built on the prison grounds in 1907 to comply with the law regarding the electrocution of persons condemned to death.

THE NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

This institution is located in Kearny, Hudson county. It originated in the mind of Governor Marcus L. Ward just before the close of the Civil War. His petition to the Legislatures of 1863-64 resulted in the passage of an act on April 12th, 1864, appointing himself, ex-Governors Daniel Haines, William A. Newell and Charles S. Olden, and Edwin A. Stevens and Rynear H. Veghte as commissioners to examine into and report on the subject. On February 1, 1865, they made their report to Governor Parker and the Legislature appropriated \$50,000 for the desired purpose. Grounds were purchased in the city of Newark and in March, 1866, the same commissioners were appointed managers of the Home. The board appointed Colonel A. N. Dougherty, Commandant; Rev. Samuel T. Moore, Superintendent and Chaplain, and Dr. A. M. Mills, Surgeon, of the Home. It was opened for reception on July 4th, 1866. For twenty-two years the Home remained in Newark, when a new site was selected in Kearny. This comprises about sixteen acres and \$225,000 was appropriated for the buildings, furnishings, &c. On October

4th, 1888, the old home was vacated and the new home occupied. The New Jersey Home is the parent of similar institutions throughout the country. In order to gain admission to the Home the applicant must have served in the army, navy or marine service and been honorably discharged therefrom. He must have lived in the State for at least two years next preceding date of application, or have served in a New Jersey organization, and must be unable to earn a living for himself by manual labor. Since 1888 various additions have been made.

NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, SAILORS OR MARINES AND THEIR WIVES.

Vineland.

This Home was organized in 1898, the sum of \$5,000 having been appropriated for the purpose. A plot of ground, comprising 20 acres, and a building containing about 75 rooms and basement, situated in the town of Vineland, were purchased for a Home, and in 1899 an additional appropriation of \$21,500 was made to pay for the property. In the same year the sum of \$20,000 was appropriated for altering, repairing and furnishing the buildings. In 1900 a special appropriation of \$13,000 was made for new floors, porches, laundry machinery, engine and boiler and furniture. The Home was opened in December, 1899, for the admission of inmates and the first were admitted January 2d. 1900. In 1901 the sum of \$7,700 was appropriated for an elevator, alterations and appliances, making the cost of building and land \$67,200. In 1903 nine acres of additional land was purchased at a cost of \$2,000 and the same year an act was passed by the Legislature providing for the care and maintenance of widows of veterans, and the sum of \$28,000 was appropriated for the construction and furnishing of buildings necessary to carry out the provisions of the act. An additional sum of \$2,500 was appropriated for extra work and the building was completed and ready for occupancy in July, 1904. Since then two new wings, each eighty feet long and containing some 120 rooms, have been added, and a separate boiler house in the rear of the main buildings erected. A new heating and lighting plant has been installed, and other marked improvements for the care and comforts of the inmates completed. In 1912 the Legislature appropriated \$30,000 for a new hospital.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

This institution, which is located at Trenton, is a part of the public school system of the State, and is open to deaf residents of the State between the ages of six and twenty-one years. The pupils are instructed in the branches of common-school education, and are also trained in some handicraft. Speech is taught to all who can acquire it, and with such success that in some classes it becomes the principal means of communication.

The industrial department is larger and better equipped than in most schools of this kind. From the printing office is issued monthly a paper, the *Silent Worker*, which, in point of mechanical execution and of quality of contents, ranks as the best issued from any institution in the country. All the work on this paper is performed by pupils of the school.

The wood-working department, under the charge of a graduate of a technical school of high rank, has a course in which theory and practice are united in an unusual degree.

A course of kindergarten work, especially adapted to the deaf child, has been worked out in the school, and has been followed by some of the best schools of the kind in this country.

A building for hospital purposes, designed in accordance with the best modern practice and ample to meet any possible need, was opened in 1899.

The attendance of pupils has risen from 125 in June, 1896, until at the present time it is about 170.

The school possesses a well chosen library, which at present contains about 4,000 volumes, and is rapidly growing.

HOME FOR THE CARE AND TRAINING OF FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.

Vineland.

This institution was established by virtue of the act of March 27th, 1888, the late S. Olin Garrison, who drafted the original law, being its first superintendent. On November 7th, of the same year, he was succeeded by Mary J. Dunlap, M.D., and then by Dr. Madeleine A. Hallowell. Upon organization of the first board of managers, the late Hon. Alexander G. Catell, of Camden county, was chosen President, a place he acceptably filled until his death. He was succeeded by the Hon.

Benjamin F. Lee, of Mercer county, Clerk of the Supreme Court, who occupied the position until his death in 1909. Mrs. Emily E. H. Williamson, of Union county, was secretary of the board from its organization until her death in 1909. The first treasurer was the Hon. Belmont Perry, of Gloucester county, he being succeeded by ex-Senator Philip P. Baker, of Cumberland county; the late Senator Barton F. Thorn, of Burlington county, and George B. Thorn, Esq., of Burlington county, the present incumbent. Harry H. Pond was elected President in 1909.

As its official title suggests, this institution has for its object the care and training of feeble minded women. Its location in a peculiarly healthful and fertile portion of the State, the plan and scope of the buildings, as well as their equipment and the employment of modern administrative methods, make the Home a subject for favorable comparison with any similar institution in the country. The property consists of about 50 acres.

The most conspicuous building of the Home is that devoted to purposes of administration and instruction, including dormitories and a gymnasium. There is also a laundry, a power-house, with heating apparatus, and pump for raising the sewage of the home into the Vineland system. Fire escapes and a water tower give protection to the State's wards. All the buildings are lighted with gas or electricity.

In 1912 the Legislature appropriated \$60,000 for a new dormitory, &c.

TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Vineland.

This public institution is an outgrowth of a private one, which Prof. S. Olin Garrison established in Millville, Cumberland county, on September 1st, 1887. It was opened at Vineland, on March 1st, 1888, with an enrollment of ten pupils. Adjacent properties were soon acquired and a handsome building, costing about \$18,000, was erected in 1890-91. There are fourteen cottages, besides a hospital, large barns, shops and manual training rooms, located on a farm of 260 acres. The school has a fine assembly hall, seating over 600, and also containing seven school rooms, drill room and a gymnasium. The Department of Research has a well equipped laboratory, where studies as to the cause and prevention of feeble-mindedness are carried on.

The plan and scope of training and education by the school, require fourteen teachers in English, Kindergarten, Music, Physical Culture and Manual Trades departments, thereby indicating the special and comprehensive fields of instruction. There is also a custodial department for the idiotic.

The property is worth over \$250,000, real and personal, with a debt of only \$21,000. Besides very good property acquisitions at low cost, at least \$150,000 have been donated to the school since its organization, to aid in the current expenses, in improvements and new buildings.

STATE VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS.

(Henry M. Weeks Hospital.)

Skillman, Somerset County.

This village is located in Montgomery township, Somerset county, at Skillman Station, on the line of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. The location is one of the most beautiful and healthful in the State, and is admirably adapted for the purposes of this kind of an institution. The managers have secured four adjoining farms containing in all about seven hundred and eighty acres.

The four farm houses are now being used, one for the Administration building, one for residence of the Superintendent, one for patients and one for employes.

In 1884 Dr. John W. Ward, Superintendent of the State Hospital at Trenton, realizing the necessity of separating the epileptics from the insane, went before a legislative committee and strongly urged the appropriation of \$50,000 to erect a building upon the grounds of that institution for the proper care of the epileptics. The late Prof. S. Olin Garrison, Principal of the New Jersey Training School for Feeble-Minded Children, at Vineland, early recognized the necessity of separate provision for the epileptics in that institution, and was indefatigable in his efforts to establish the present village.

For a number of years the subject was agitated, and in 1895, in accordance with a resolution passed by the Legislature, the Governor appointed a commission to investigate the number and condition of epileptics in the State. The report of the commission was presented to the Legislature of 1896 and a bill was introduced for the establishment of a colony on a plan recommended by the

commission. The bill failing to become a law, the New Jersey State Medical Society, by resolution at their annual meeting in 1896, endorsed the necessity of such legislation. In 1897 the President, Dr. Thomas J. Smith, of Bridgeton, most ably presented the necessity of providing for the epileptics, and urged that the State authorities be importuned most earnestly to revive the movement initiated the year before to establish an industrial epileptic colony in our State. The Society reaffirmed its position, and appointed a committee to urge the matter further.

Through the combined efforts of those interested and with the zealous co-operation of Senator Stokes, of Cumberland, who had charge of the legislation, an act was passed by the Legislature of 1898, and promptly signed by Acting Governor Voorhees, making the necessary provisions for the establishment of the institution. The sum of \$15,000 was appropriated for the purchase of a site and to pay for the equipment and maintenance of the village. The "Maplewood Farm," containing about 187 acres, was purchased for \$11,500, and the village was opened for the reception of male patients November 1st, of the same year.

The Legislature of 1900 appropriated \$30,000 for the erection of two cottages for patients, and \$16,000 for the purchase of two farms adjoining the property. Additional appropriations were made each year from 1901 to 1911, aggregating \$900,000, for extensions and improvements. All epileptics of either sex, over five years of age, and not insane or idiotic are admitted.

In 1912 the Legislature appropriated \$78,000 for new buildings.

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY.

Rahway.

In 1895 the Legislature passed an act, approved by Governor Werts on March 28 of that year, providing for the appointment of a commission to consist of six persons, who were charged with the duty of building an intermediate reformatory institution for first male offenders. The commission was authorized to set apart the property known as the Edgar farm, located in Union and Middlesex Counties, and then belonging to the State Sinking Fund.

If it were found necessary they were authorized to purchase adjoining property for the completion of the site at a cost not to exceed ten thousand dollars, but this authority was not used.

The institution, when completed, was designed to accommodate not less than one thousand inmates, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars was appropriated to begin the work.

The site now comprises about 115 acres. That which is not occupied by the buildings or enclosed within a stockade surrounding the same, furnishes occupation to the inmates, and is devoted to the purpose of tillage, to supply farm products and sustain the animals used by the institution.

The original Commissioners were Patrick Farrelly, George S. Mott, David M. Chambers, William A. Ure, John T. Daly and Thomas M. Gopsill.

According to the plans originally adopted the building, when completed, was to have four wings, capable of accommodating 1,024 inmates. The first wing and centre were completed in the year 1901, and inmates were then first received.

First male offenders only are admitted between the ages of sixteen and thirty years.

The criminal courts of the State are empowered in their discretion to commit offenders to the Reformatory instead of State Prison. The original commission was replaced by the present Board of Commissioners, consisting of nine persons, including the Governor, and no more than four to be of the same political party.

The reformatory and grounds are located about one and a half miles south of the City of Rahway. The buildings now erected comprise the guard-room building, northeast and southeast wings, the domestic building and "Tie-to" building, connecting it with the guard-room building, the industrial building, new tuberculous pavilion, independent water system with filtering plant, two trades' school buildings and wall, power house, hospital for contagious diseases, barn, hennery, piggery, shelter station and cold storage warehouse.

The "Tie-to" building, the hospital, the pavilion, barn, hennery, piggery, shelter station and cold storage warehouse were constructed entirely by the inmates and without cost to the State, except for material.

The construction of a sewage disposal system contracted for by the former Board of Managers, has been completed recently by inmate labor.

The inmates are detailed to different trade classes, and do all the work required for betterments and repairs. They enjoy daily educational advantages and are regularly drilled in military tactics.

STATE TUBERCULOUS SANITARIUM.

Glen Gardner.

This Sanitarium, which was completed in 1907, is located at Glen Gardner, near High Bridge, Hunterdon county. The site is on the slope of a mountain nearly 1,000 feet above the level of the sea, where the State has acquired about 600 acres. The slope has been cut away and leveled for a considerable space, and here the buildings were constructed. On a clear day the view from this point is one of the most magnificent in this picturesque section of North New Jersey. It looks away over a rolling country of wooded hills and cultivated farm lands to the mountains on the other side of the valley, which run at its foot. Away in the distance like a thin ribbon of silver is the South Branch river, and in whatever direction the eye turns some new and charming scene is encountered. The structure consists of a service building, administration building and east and west wards. The service building is the source of supplies for the institution. It is 84x110 feet, three stories, including basement, in which is the boiler room, engine room and electric light plant. A cold storage is located in the basement. On the second floor is the main dining hall, which is 84x48 feet, the service room, bakery, kitchen, storeroom, butcher shop and cold storage. The third floor is fitted up with rooms for the doctors, employees' rooms, ironing, drying and linen rooms, coat rooms, sterilizing room, &c. All the buildings are built of field stone, stuccoed on the outside and finished with white plaster on the interior. The ward building is 32x150 feet and the administration building 52x120 feet. The buildings are so constructed that additions may be made from time to time as the necessity of the case demands. About 175 patients can be comfortably accommodated in the ward buildings. The water supply is derived from a large reservoir which is kept supplied from the springs,

The system of sewerage is among the most sanitary in existence. The total cost of the Sanitarium represents an outlay of about \$300,000.

The first impetus for caring for the State's consumptive poor was given in an address delivered in 1900 before the State Medical Society by Dr. Halsey, then president. A bill was drawn by a committee of the society, and was passed by the Legislature in 1902, when a Board of Managers was appointed by Governor Murphy. Of this Board, Dr. Charles J. Kipp of Newark was elected president, and for whom the mountain on which the State Sanitarium was built was named. The Legislature appropriated \$50,000 to carry the bill into effect. The Sanitarium is intended as a model institution, largely educational in character, which would give a practical demonstration of up-to-date methods of treating cases of tuberculosis and point the way for other institutions of a similar type, at the same time extending the direct benefits of its system to as large a number of cases as its necessarily limited facilities would enable it to care for. The institution handles about six hundred cases annually. Its purpose is to arrest the disease in its incipient stage and discharge the patient in such condition that, with the aid of the instruction he receives while at the institution, he may be reasonably certain of being able to effect his own cure. This instruction will prove valuable not only to himself, but to the public in general, as it becomes disseminated through his agency and that of the other patients who undergo treatment and go out again in the world at large. As a rule, the cases selected will be such as can be treated with reasonable expectancy of a cure. In 1912 the Legislature appropriated \$89,500 for new buildings.

BORDENTOWN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

The Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth located at Bordentown, N. J., is a State institution maintained by appropriations from the State and under the supervision of the State Board of Education.

The school was established to meet the educational needs of the colored people of New Jersey and seeks more and more to fit its students to go out and do intelligently the work to which they are called.

The Literary Department as far as is practicable is adjusted to the needs of the Industrial Training, and an effort is made to throw around the student a home atmosphere.

The school occupies a conspicuous site on the banks of the Delaware River, comprising 225 acres of good farm land. The physical equipment of the school consists of an administration building, a girls' dormitory, a boys' dormitory and infirmary, a laundry and carpenter shop, a printing office and a group of farm buildings.

Approximately one hundred students are enrolled, this number exhausting the facilities for accommodation.

Tuition is free and a nominal charge is made for board, washing, medical attendance and registration.

In 1912 the Legislature appropriated \$20,000 for a new dormitory.

STATE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN

at Clinton.

The Reformatory is located on a farm of 346 acres, one and one-half miles from Clinton. It was dedicated on May 26th, 1913.

There are five buildings in use at this institution, as follows: 1, Fielder Cottage, old farmhouse, enlarged to accommodate 25 to 30 women; 2, Homestead Cottage, accommodates 10 to 12 women; 3, Stowe Cottage for colored, accommodates 27 to 30 women; 4, Cottage for help, accommodates utility man and family; 5, Chapel of Good Shepherd, used as chapel and school. Nos. 1 and 2 are old farm buildings; No. 2 used to be used by the utility man and family. The third old farm house is so in bad repair that it cannot be used either for inmates or officers. It is used to store farm equipment in during the winter.

Officers: Fielder Cottage—2, teacher, nurse; Homestead Cottage—3, superintendent, farm manager, parole officer and psychologist; Cottage for Help—2, utility man, farm laborer; Stowe Cottage—4, colored matron, colored teacher, dietitian, bookkeeper. The last two officers simply live in Stowe Cottage; they do no work there.

Superintendent, Miss May Caughey.

ELECTORAL VOTE OF NEW JERSEY.

**FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT, FROM
MARCH 4, 1789.**

1789—George Washington, of Virginia.....	6
John Adams, of Massachusetts.....	1
John Jay, of New York.....	5
1793—George Washington, of Virginia.....	7
John Adams, of Massachusetts.....	7
1797—John Adams, of Massachusetts.....	7
Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina.....	7
1801—John Adams, of Massachusetts.....	7
C. C. Pinckney, of South Carolina.....	7
1805—Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia.....	8
George Clinton, of New York.....	8
1809—James Madison, of Virginia.....	8
George Clinton, of New York.....	8
1813—DeWitt Clinton, of New York.....	8
Jarard Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania.....	8
1817—James Monroe, of Virginia.....	8
Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York.....	8
1821—James Monroe, of Virginia.....	8
Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York.....	8
1825—Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee.....	8
John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina.....	8
1829—John Q. Adams, of Massachusetts.....	8
Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania.....	8
1833—Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee.....	8
Martin Van Buren, of New York.....	8
1837—William H. Harrison, of Ohio.....	8
Francis Granger, of New York.....	8
1841—William H. Harrison, of Ohio.....	8
John Tyler, of Virginia.....	8
1845—Henry Clay, of Kentucky.....	7
Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey.....	7
1849—Zachary Taylor, of Louisiana.....	7
Millard Fillmore, of New York.....	7
1853—Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire.....	7
William R. King, of Alabama.....	7
1857—James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania.....	7
John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky.....	7

1861—Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois.....	4
Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine.....	4
Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois.....	3
Herchel V. Johnson, of Georgia.....	3
1865—George B. McClellan, of New Jersey.....	7
George H. Pendleton, of Ohio.....	7
1869—Horatio Seymour, of New York.....	7
Francis P. Blair, of Missouri.....	7
1873—Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois.....	7
Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts.....	7
1877—Samuel J. Tilden, of New York.....	9
Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana.....	9
1881—Winfield Scott Hancock, of Pennsylvania....	9
William H. English, of Indiana.....	9
1885—Grover Cleveland, of New York.....	9
Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana.....	9
1889—Grover Cleveland, of New York.....	9
Allan G. Thurman, of Ohio.....	9
1893—Grover Cleveland, of New York.....	10
Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.....	10
1897—William McKinley, of Ohio.....	10
Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey.....	10
1901—William McKinley, of Ohio.....	10
Theodore Roosevelt, of New York.....	10
1905—Theodore Roosevelt, of New York.....	12
Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana.....	12
1909—William Howard Taft, of Ohio.....	12
James S. Sherman, of New York.....	12
1913—Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey.....	14
Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana.....	14

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE OF NEW JERSEY FROM 1840 TO DATE.

1840—Harrison, Whig, 33,351; Van Buren, Dem., 31,034. Harrison's majority, 2,327.

1844—Clay, Whig, 38,318; Polk, Dem., 37,495. Clay's majority, 823.

1848—Taylor, Whig, 40,015; Cass, Dem., 36,901; Van Buren, 819. Taylor's plurality, 3,114.

1852—Pierce, Dem., 44,305; Scott, Whig, 38,556; Hale, Free Soil, 350. Pierce's plurality, 5,749.

1856—Buchanan, Dem., 46,943; Fremont, Rep., 28,338; Fillmore, Amer., 24,115. Buchanan's plurality, 18,605.

1860—Dem. Fusion ticket, 62,869; Lincoln, Rep., 58,346. Fusion majority, 4,523. (Three Douglas electors, Cook, Parker and Runyon, were chosen, the highest vote being 62,869 for Cook, and four Lincoln electors were chosen, Hornblower, Brown, Elmer and Ivins, the highest vote being 58,346 for Hornblower. The highest vote cast for a Breckinridge elector (Wurts) was 56,237.)

1864—McClellan, Dem., 68,024; Lincoln, Rep., 60,723. McClellan's majority, 7,301.

1868—Seymour, Dem., 83,001; Grant, Rep., 80,131. Seymour's majority, 2,870.

1872—Grant, Rep., 91,656; Greeley, Dem., 76,456. Grant's majority, 15,200.

1876—Tilden, Dem., 115,962; Hayes, Rep., 103,517. Tilden's majority, 12,445.

1880—Hancock, Dem., 122,565; Garfield, Rep., 120,555. Hancock's majority, 2,010.

1884—Cleveland, Dem., 127,784; Blaine, Rep., 123,433. Cleveland's majority, 4,351.

1888—Cleveland, Dem., 151,493; Harrison, Rep., 144,344; Fisk, Pro., 7,904. Cleveland's plurality, 7,149.

1892—Cleveland, Dem., 171,066; Harrison, Rep., 156,101; Bidwell, Pro., 8,134; Wing, Social-Lab., 1,337; Weaver, People's, 985. Cleveland's plurality, 14,965.

1896—McKinley, Rep., 221,367; Bryan, Dem., 133,675; Palmer, Nat. Dem., 6,373; Levering, Pro., 5,614; Matchett, Soc.-Lab., 3,985. McKinley's plurality, 87,692.

1900—McKinley, Rep., 221,707; Bryan, Dem., 164,808; Wooley, Pro., 7,183; Debs, Soc.-Dem., 4,609; Malloney, Soc.-Lab., 2,074; Barker, People's, 669. McKinley's plurality, 56,899.

1904—Roosevelt, Rep., 245,164; Parker, Dem., 164,566; Swallow, Pro., 6,845; Debs, Socialist, 9,587; Corrigan, Soc.-Lab., 2,680; Watson, People's Dem., 3,705. Roosevelt's plurality, 80,598.

1908—Taft, Rep., 265,298; Bryan, Dem., 182,522; Debs, Soc., 10,249; Chafin, Pro., 4,930; Gillhaus, Soc.-Lab., 1,196; Hisgen, Ind., 2,916. Taft's plurality, 82,776.

1912—Wilson, Dem., 178,289; Roosevelt, Prog., 145,410; Taft, Rep., 88,835; Debs, Soc., 15,901; Chafin, Pro., 2,871; Reimer, Soc.-Lab., 1,321. Wilson's plurality, 32,879.

NEW JERSEY'S VOTE FOR GOVERNOR

From 1844 to Date.

1844—Stratton, Whig, 37,949; Thomson, Dem., 36,591; Parkhurst, 76. Whig plurality, 1,358.

1847—Haines, Dem., 34,765; Wright, Whig, 32,166; William Right, 87; Moses Jaques, 146; Scattering, 109. Democratic plurality, 2,599.

1850—Fort, Dem., 39,723; Runk, Whig, 34,054. Democratic majority, 5,669.

1853—Price, Dem., 38,312; Haywood, Whig, 34,530. Democratic majority, 3,782.

1856—Newell, Rep., 50,903; Alexander, Dem., 48,246. Republican majority, 2,657.

1859—Olden, Rep., 53,315; Wright, Dem., 51,714. Republican majority, 1,601.

1862—Parker, Dem., 61,307; Ward, Rep., 46,710. Democratic majority, 14,597.

1865—Ward, Rep., 67,525; Runyon, Dem., 64,736. Republican majority, 2,789.

1868—Randolph, Dem., 83,619; Blair, Rep., 79,072. Democratic majority, 4,547.

1871—Parker, Dem., 82,362; Walsh, Rep., 76,383. Democratic majority, 5,979.

1874—Bedle, Dem., 97,283; Halsey, Rep., 84,050. Democratic majority, 13,233.

1877—McClellan, Dem., 97,837; Newell, Rep., 85,094; Hoxsey, Greenback, 5,069; Bingham, Tax and Pro., 1,439. Democratic plurality, 12,746.

1880—Ludlow, Dem., 121,666; Potts, Rep., 121,015; Hoxsey, Greenback, 2,759; Ransom, Pro., 195. Democratic plurality, 651.

1883—Abbett, Dem., 103,856; Dixon, Rep., 97,047; Urner, Nat., 2,960; Parsons, Pro., 4,153. Democratic plurality, 6,809.

1886—Green, Dem., 109,939; Howey, Rep., 101,919; Fiske, Pro., 19,808. Democratic plurality, 8,020.

1889—Abbett, Dem., 138,245; Grubb, Rep., 123,992; La Monte, Pro., 6,853. Democratic plurality, 14,253.

1892—Werts, Dem., 167,257; Kean, Jr., Rep., 159,362; Kennedy, Pro., 7,750; Keim, Soc.-Lab., 1,338; Bird, People's, 894. Democratic plurality, 7,625.

1895—Griggs, Rep., 162,900; McGill, Dem., 136,000; Wilbur, Pro., 6,661; Ellis, People's, 1,901; Keim, Soc.-Lab., 4,147. Republican plurality, 26,900.

1898—Voorhees, Rep., 164,051; Crane, Dem., 158,552; Landon, Pro., 6,893; Maguire, Soc.-Lab., 5,458; Schrayshuen, People's, 491. Republican plurality, 5,499.

1901—Murphy, Rep., 183,814; Seymour, Dem., 166,681; Brown, Pro., 5,365; Vail, Soc., 3,489; Wilson, Soc.-Lab., 1,918. Republican plurality, 17,133.

1904—Stokes, Rep., 231,363; Black, Dem., 179,719; Parker, Pro., 6,687; Kearns, Soc., 8,858; Herrschaft, Soc.-Lab., 2,526; Honnecker, People's Dem., 3,285. Republican plurality, 51,644.

1907—Fort, Rep., 194,313; Katzenbach, Dem., 186,300; Mason, Pro., 5,255; Kraft, Soc., 6,848; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 1,568. Republican plurality, 8,013.

1910—Wilson, Dem., 233,682; Lewis, Rep., 184,626; Killingbeck, Soc., 10,134; Repp, Pro., 2,818; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,032. Democratic plurality, 49,056.

1913—Fielder, Dem., 173,148; Stokes, Rep., 140,298; Colby, Prog., Roosevelt, 41,132; Reilly, Soc., 13,977; Mason, Pro., 3,427; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,460; Dwyer, Ind., 875. Democratic plurality, 32,850.

CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

1774-5, James Kinsey; 1774-6, John Cooper, Stephen Crane, John De Hart, Francis Hopkinson, William Livingston, Richard Smith, Richard Stockton; 1776-7, Jonathan D. Sergeant; 1776-8, Abraham Clark, Jonathan Elmer; 1776-9, John Witherspoon; 1777-8, Elias Boudinot; 1777-9, Nathaniel Scudder; 1778-9, Frederick Frelinghuysen, Elias Dayton; 1778, John Neilson; 1778-80, John Fell; 1779, Thomas Henderson; 1779-81, William Ch. Houston; 1780-1, William Burnett, William Paterson; 1780-3, Abraham Clark; 1780-2, John Witherspoon; 1781-3, William Paterson; 1782-3, Frederick Frelinghuysen; 1781-4, Silas Condict, Jonathan Elmer; 1783-5, John Beatty, Samuel Dick; 1783-4, John Stevens, Sr.; 1784-5, Charles Stewart, William Ch. Houston; 1784-7, Lambert Cadwalader; 1785-6, John Cleaves Symmes, Josiah Hornblower; 1786-7, James Schureman; 1786-8, Abraham Clark; 1787, William Paterson; 1787-8, Jonathan Elmer; 1787-9, Jonathan Dayton.

NEW JERSEY CONGRESSMEN.

FROM 1789 TO DATE.

I. 1789-91—Elias Boudinot, Burlington; Lambert Cadwalader, Hunterdon; James Schureman, Middlesex; Thomas Sinnickson, Salem.

II. 1791-3—Elias Boudinot, Burlington; Abraham Clark, Essex; Jonathan Dayton, Essex; Aaron Kitchell, Morris; James Schureman, Middlesex.

III. 1793-5—John Beatty, Hunterdon; Elias Boudinot, Burlington; Lambert Cadwalader, Hunterdon; Jonathan Dayton, Essex; Abraham Clark, Essex (died 1794); Aaron Kitchell, Morris (to fill vacancy).

IV. 1795-7—Jonathan Dayton (Speaker), Essex; Thomas Henderson, Monmouth; Aaron Kitchell, Essex; Isaac Smith, Hunterdon; Mark Thompson, Sussex.

V. 1797-9—Jonathan Dayton (Speaker), Essex; James H. Imlay, Monmouth; James Schureman, Middlesex; Thomas Sinnickson, Salem; Mark Thompson, Sussex.

VI. 1799-1801—John Condit, Essex; Franklin Davenport, Gloucester; Samuel H. Imlay, Monmouth; Aaron Kitchell, Morris; James Linn, Somerset.

VII. 1801-3—John Condit, Essex; Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland; William Helms, Sussex; James Mott, Burlington; Henry Southard, Somerset.

VIII. 1803-5—Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland; William Helms, Sussex; James Mott, Burlington; James Sloan, Gloucester; Henry Southard, Somerset; Adam Boyd, Bergen.

IX. 1805-7—Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland; William Helms, Sussex; John Lambert, Hunterdon; James Sloan, Gloucester; Henry Southard, Somerset; Ezra Darby, Essex.

X. 1807-9—William Helms, Sussex; John Lambert, Hunterdon; Thomas Newbold, Burlington; James Sloan, Gloucester; Henry Southard, Somerset; Ezra Darby, Essex (until 1808); Adam Boyd, Bergen (from 1808-9).

XI. 1809-11—James Cox, Monmouth (until 1810); William Helms, Sussex; Jacob Hufty, Cumberland; Thomas Newbold, Burlington; Henry Southard, Somerset; Adam Boyd, Bergen.

XII. 1811-13—Adam Boyd, Bergen; Lewis Condict, Morris; Jacob Hufty, Cumberland; George C. Maxwell, Hunterdon; James Morgan, Middlesex; Thomas Newbold, Burlington.

XIII. 1813-15—Lewis Condict, Morris; William Cox, Burlington; Richard Stockton, Somerset; Thomas Ward, Essex; James Schureman, Middlesex; Jacob Hufty, Cumberland (until 1814); Thomas Binns, Essex (1814-15).

XIV. 1815-17—Ezra Baker, Gloucester; Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland; Benjamin Bennett, Monmouth; Lewis Condict, Morris; Henry Southard, Somerset; Thomas Ward, Essex.

XV. 1817-19—Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland; Benjamin Bennett, Monmouth; Joseph Bloomfield, Burlington; Charles Kinsey, Essex; John Linn, Sussex; Henry Southard, Somerset.

XVI. 1819-21—Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland; Joseph Bloomfield, Burlington; John Linn, Sussex; Barnard Smith, Middlesex; Henry Southard, Somerset; John Condit, Essex (until 1820); Thomas Binns, Essex (1820-1).

XVII. 1821-3—George Cassady, Bergen; Lewis Condict, Morris; G. E. Holcombe, Monmouth; James Matlack, Gloucester; Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland, Samuel Swan, Somerset.

XVIII. 1823-5—George Cassady, Bergen; Daniel Garrison, Salem; G. E. Holcombe, Monmouth; James Matlack, Gloucester; Lewis Condict, Morris; Samuel Swan, Somerset.

XIX. 1825-7—George Cassady, Bergen; Lewis Condict, Morris; Daniel Garrison, Salem; G. E. Holcombe, Monmouth; Samuel Swan, Somerset; Ebenezer Tucker, Burlington.

XX. 1824-9—Lewis Condict, Essex; Isaac Pierson, Essex; Samuel Swan, Somerset; Ebenezer Tucker, Burlington; George E. Holcombe, Monmouth (until 1823); Hedge Thompson, Salem (until 1823); James Fitz Randolph, Middlesex (1823-9); Thomas Sinnickson, Salem (1823-9).

XXI. 1829-31—Richard M. Cooper, Gloucester, Lewis Condict, Morris; Thomas H. Hughes, Cape May; Isaac Pierson, Essex; James Fitz Randolph, Middlesex; Samuel Swan, Somerset.

XXII. 1831-3—Lewis Condict, Morris; Richard M. Cooper, Gloucester; Thomas H. Hughes, Cape May; James Fitz Randolph, Middlesex; Isaac Southard, Somerset; Silas Condit, Essex.

XXIII. 1833-5—Philemon Dickerson (D.), Essex; Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; Thomas Lee (D.), Cumberland; James Parker (D.), Middlesex; Ferdinand S. Schenck (D.), Somerset; William N. Shinn (D.), Burlington.

XXIV. 1835-7—Philemon Dickerson (D.), Passaic (resigned and elected Governor); Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; Thomas Lee (D.), Cumberland; James Parker (D.), Middlesex; Ferdinand S. Schenck (D.), Somerset; William N. Shinn (D.), Burlington; William Chetwood (D.), Essex (vacancy 1836-7).

XXV. 1837-9—John B. Ayerigg (W.), Bergen; William Halstead (W.), Mercer; John P. B. Maxwell (W.), Warren; Joseph F. Randolph (W.), Monmouth; Charles C. Stratton (W.), Gloucester; Thomas Jones York (W.), Salem.

XXVI. 1839-41—William B. Cooper (D.), Gloucester; Philemon Dickerson (D.), Passaic; Joseph F. Randolph (W.), Monmouth; Daniel B. Ryall (D.), Monmouth; Joseph Kille (D.), Salem; Peter D. Vroom (D.), Somerset.

XXVII. 1841-3—John B. Ayerigg (W.), Bergen; William Halstead (W.), Mercer; John P. B. Maxwell (W.), Warren; Joseph F. Randolph (W.), Monmouth; Charles C. Stratton (W.), Gloucester; Thomas Jones Yorke (W.), Salem.

XXVIII. 1843-5—Lucius Q. C. Elmer (D.), Cumberland; George Sykes (D.), Burlington; Littleton Kirkpatrick (D.), Middlesex; Isaac G. Farlee (D.), Hunterdon; William Wright (W.), Essex.

XXIX. 1845-7—James G. Hampton (W.), Cumberland; Samuel G. Wright (W.) (died 1845), Monmouth; George Sykes (D.), (vacancy), Burlington; John Runk (W.), Hun-

terdon; Joseph E. Edsall (D.), Sussex; William Wright (W.), Essex.

XXX. 1847-9—James G. Hampton (W.), Cumberland; William A. Newell (W.), Monmouth; John Van Dyke (W.), Middlesex; Joseph E. Edsall (D.), Sussex; Dudley S. Gregory (W.), Hudson.

XXXI. 1849-51—Andrew K. Hay (W.), Camden; William A. Newell (W.), Monmouth; John Van Dyke (W.), Middlesex; Isaac Wildrick (D.), Warren; James G. King (W.), Hudson.

XXXII. 1851-3—Nathan T. Stratton (D.), Gloucester; Charles Skelton (D.), Mercer; George H. Brown (W.), Somerset; Isaac Wildrick (D.), Warren; Rodman M. Price (D.), Essex.

XXXIII. 1853-5—Nathan T. Stratton (D.), Gloucester; Charles Skelton (D.), Mercer; Samuel Lilly (D.), Hunterdon; George Vail (D.), Morris; A. C. M. Pennington (W.), Essex.

XXXIV. 1855-7—Isaiah D. Clawson (R.), Salem; George R. Robbins (R.), Mercer; James Bishop (N. A.), Middlesex; George Vail (D.), Morris; A. C. M. Pennington (R.), Essex.

XXXV. 1857-9—Isaiah D. Clawson (R.), Salem; George R. Robbins (R.), Mercer; Garnet B. Adrain (D.), Middlesex; John Huyler (D.), Bergen; Jacob R. Wortendyke (D.), Hudson.

XXXVI. 1859-61—John T. Nixon (R.), Cumberland; John L. N. Stratton (R.), Burlington; Garnet B. Adrain (D.), Middlesex; Jetur R. Riggs (D.), Passaic; William Pennington (R.) (Speaker), Essex.

XXXVII. 1861-3—John T. Nixon (R.), Cumberland; John L. N. Stratton (R.), Burlington; William G. Steele, (D.), Somerset; George T. Cobb (D.), Morris; Nehemiah Perry (D.), Essex.

XXXVIII. 1863-5—John F. Starr (R.), Camden; George Middleton (D.), Monmouth; William G. Steele (D.), Somerset; Andrew J. Rogers (D.), Sussex; Nehemiah Perry (D.), Essex.

XXXIX. 1865-7—John F. Starr (R.), Camden; William A. Newell (R.), Monmouth; Charles Sitgreaves (D.), Warren; Andrew J. Rogers (D.), Sussex; Ed. R. V. Wright (D.), Hudson.

XL. 1867-9—William Moore (R.), Atlantic; Charles Haight (D.), Monmouth; Charles Sitgreaves (D.), Warren; John Hill (R.), Morris; George A. Halsey (R.), Essex.

XLI. 1869-71—William Moore (R.), Atlantic; Charles

Haight (D.), Monmouth; John T. Bird (D.), Hunterdon; John Hill (R.), Morris; Orestes Cleveland (D.), Hudson.

XLII. 1871-3—John W. Hazleton (R.), Gloucester; Sam'l C. Forker (D.), Burlington; John T. Bird (D.), Hunterdon; John Hill (R.), Morris; George A. Halsey (R.), Essex.

XLIII. 1873-5—John W. Hazleton (R.), Gloucester; Samuel A. Dobbins (R.), Burlington; Amos Clark, Jr. (R.), Union; Robert Hamilton (D.), Sussex; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; Marcus L. Ward (R.), Essex; Isaac W. Scudder (R.), Hudson.

XLIV. 1875-7—Clement H. Sinnickson (R.), Salem; Samuel A. Dobbins (R.), Burlington; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Robert Hamilton (D.), Sussex; Augustus W. Cutler (D.), Morris; Frederick H. Teese (D.), Essex; Augustus A. Hardenbergh (D.), Hudson.

XLV. 1877-9—Clement H. Sinnickson (R.), Salem; J. Howard Pugh (R.), Burlington; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Alvah A. Clark (D.), Somerset; Augustus W. Cutler (D.), Morris; Thomas B. Peddie (R.), Essex; Augustus A. Hardenbergh (D.), Hudson.

XLVI. 1879-81—George M. Robeson (R.), Camden; Hezekiah B. Smith (D.), Burlington; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Alvah A. Clark (D.), Somerset; Charles H. Voorhis (R.), Bergen; John L. Blake (R.), Essex; Lewis A. Brigham (R.), Hudson.

XLVII. 1881-3—George M. Robeson (R.), Camden; John Hart Brewer (R.), Mercer; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Henry S. Harris (D.), Warren; John Hill (R.), Morris; Phineas Jones (R.), Essex; Augustus A. Hardenbergh (D.), Hudson.

XLVIII. 1883-5—Thomas M. Ferrell (D.), Gloucester; John Hart Brewer (R.), Mercer; John Kean, Jr. (R.), Union; Benjamin F. Howey (R.), Warren; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; William H. F. Fiedler (D.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

XLIX. 1885-7—George Hires (R.), Salem; James Buchanan (R.), Mercer; Robert S. Green (D.), Union; James N. Pidcock (D.), Hunterdon; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; Herman Lehlbach (R.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

L. 1887-9—George Hires (R.), Salem; James Buchanan (R.), Mercer; John Kean, Jr. (R.), Union; James N. Pidcock (D.), Hunterdon; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; Herman Lehlbach (R.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

LI. 1889-91—Christopher A. Bergen (R.), Camden; James

Buchanan (R.), Mercer; Jacob A. Geissenhainer (D.), Monmouth; Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; Charles D. Beckwith (R.), Passaic; Herman Lehlbach (R.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

LII. 1891-3—C. A. Bergen (R.), Camden; James Buchanan (R.), Mercer; J. A. Geissenhainer (D.), Monmouth; Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; C. A. Cadmus (D.), Passaic; T. D. English (D.), Essex; *E. F. McDonald (D.), Hudson.

LIII. 1893-5—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; J. A. Geissenhainer (D.), Monmouth; Johnston Cornish (D.), Warren; C. A. Cadmus (D.), Passaic; T. D. English (D.), Essex; George B. Fielder (D.), Hudson; John T. Dunn (D.), Union.

LIV. 1895-7—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Mahlon Pitney (R.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; Thomas McEwan (R.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LV. 1897-9—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Mahlon Pitney (R.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; Thomas McEwan (R.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LVI. 1899—1901—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Joshua S. Salmon (D.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; †William D. Daly (D.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LVII. 1901-3—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; †Joshua S. Salmon (D.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker

*Mr. McDonald died November 5th, 1892, and he was succeeded by George B. Fielder.

†Mr. Daly died after the first session of this Congress, and Allan L. McDermott was elected to fill the unexpired term.

‡Mr. Salmon died during the first session of this Congress, and DeWitt C. Flanagan (D.), was elected to fill the vacancy.

(R.), Essex; Allan L. McDermott (D.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LVIII. 1903-5—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; *William M. Lanning (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; William Hughes (D.), Passaic; Richard Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; William H. Wiley (R.), Essex; Allan Benny (D.), Hudson; Allan L. McDermott (D.), Hudson.

LIX. 1905-7—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; Henry C. Allen (R.), Passaic; Richard Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; William H. Wiley (R.), Essex; Marshall Van Winkle (R.), Hudson; Allan L. McDermott (D.), Hudson.

LX. 1907-9—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; William Hughes (D.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; LeGage Pratt (D.), Essex; Eugene W. Leake (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXI. 1909-11—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; William Hughes (D.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; William H. Wiley (R.), Essex; Eugene F. Kinkead (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXII. 1911-13—†William J. Browning, (R.), Camden; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; William E. Tuttle, Jr. (D.), Union; **William Hughes (D.), Passaic; Edward W. Townsend (D.), Essex; Walter I. McCoy (D.), Essex; Eugene F. Kinkead (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

*Mr. Lanning resigned after the first session of this Congress, and Ira W. Wood (R.), was elected to the vacancy.

†Mr. Browning succeeds Henry C. Loudenslager, who died August 12th, 1911.

**Mr. Hughes resigned in September, 1912, and Mr. Archibald C. Hart (D.), Bergen, was elected to the vacancy.

LXIII. 1913-15—William J. Browning (R.), Camden; J. Thompson Baker (D.), Cape May; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Allan B. Walsh (D.), Mercer; William E. Tuttle, Jr. (D.), Union; ***Archibald C. Hart (D.), Bergen; ¹Robert G. Bremmer (D.), Passaic; ²Eugene F. Kinkead (D.), Hudson; ³Walter I. McCoy (D.), Essex; Edward W. Townsend (D.), Essex; John J. Eagan (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXIV. 1915-17—William J. Browning (R.), Camden; Isaac Bacharach (R.), Atlantic; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Elijah C. Hutchinson (R.), Trenton; John H. Capstick (R.), Morris; Archibald C. Hart (D.), Bergen; Dow H. Drukker (R.), Passaic; Edward W. Gray (R.), Essex; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; Frederick R. Lehlbach (R.), Essex; John J. Eagan (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

***Succeeded Lewis J. Martin (D.), who died May 5th, 1913.

¹Mr. Bremmer died February 5th, 1914, and was succeeded by Dow H. Drukker (R.).

²Mr. Kinkead was elected Sheriff of Hudson County, November 3d, 1914.

³Mr. McCoy resigned October 2d, 1914, and was succeeded for the short term by Richard Wayne Parker (R.).

THE JUDICIARY.

(From 1704 to date.)

CHANCELLORS.

(Term, seven years—Salary, \$13,000.)

1710, Andrew Hunter; 1719, William Burnet; 1728, John Montgomery; 1731, Lewis Morris; 1732, William Cosby; 1732, John Anderson; 1732, John Hamilton; 1738, Lewis Morris; 1746, John Hamilton; 1747, John Reading; 1747, Jonathan Belcher; 1757, John Reading; 1758, Francis Bernard; 1760, Thomas Boone; 1761, Josiah Hardy; 1762, William Franklin; 1776, William Livingston; 1790, William Paterson; 1793, Richard Howell; 1801, Joseph Bloomfield; 1802, John Lambert; 1803, Joseph Bloomfield; 1812, Aaron Ogden; 1813, William S. Pennington; 1815, Mahlon Dickerson; 1817, Isaac H. Williamson; 1829, Garret D. Wall (declined); 1829, Peter D. Vroom; 1832, Samuel L. Southard; 1833, Elias P. Seely; 1833, Peter D. Vroom; 1836, Philemon Dickerson; 1837, William Pennington; 1843, Daniel Haines; 1845, Oliver S. Halsted; 1852, Benjamin Williamson; 1860, Henry W. Green; 1866, Abraham O. Zabriskie; 1873, Theodore Runyon; 1887, Alexander T. McGill; 1900, William J. Magle; 1908, Mahlon Pitney; 1912, Edwin Robert Walker.

VICE-CHANCELLORS.

(Term, seven years—Salary, \$12,000.)

1871-'75, '81, Amzi Dodd; 1875-'95, Abraham V. Van Fleet; 1882-'96, John T. Bird; 1890-'96, Robert S. Green; 1889-1907, Henry C. Pitney; 1901, Eugene Stevenson; 1904-'13, Lindley M. Garrison; 1904-'07, James J. Bergen; 1896-1906, Martin P. Grey; 1895, John R. Emory; 1895-1904, Alfred Reed; 1896, Frederic W. Stevens; 1906, Edmund B. Leaming; 1907, James E. Howell; 1907-'12, Edwin R. Walker; 1912, Vivian M. Lewis; 1913, John Griffin, John H. Backes.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

(Term of office, seven years—Salary—\$13,000.)

1704, Roger Mompesson; 1709, Thomas Gordon; 1710, David Jamison; 1723, William Trent; 1724, Robert Lettice Hooper; 1728, Thomas Farmer; 1738, Robert Hunter Mor-

ris; 1758, William Aynsley; 1759, Robert Hunter Morris; 1764, Charles Read; 1764, Frederick Smyth; 1776, Richard Stockton (declined); 1776, John De Hart (declined); 1777, Robert Morris; 1779, David Brearley; 1789, James Kinsey; 1803, Andrew Kirkpatrick; 1824, Charles Ewing; 1832, Joseph C. Hornblower; 1846, Henry W. Green; 1853, Peter D. Vroom (declined); 1853, Alexander Wurts (declined); 1861, Edward W. Whelpley; 1864, Mercer Beasley; 1897, William J. Magie; 1900, David A. Depue; 1901, William S. Gummere.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(Term of office, seven years—Salary, \$12,000 each.)

1704, William Pinhorne; 1705, William Sandford; 1705, Andrew Bowne; 1706, Daniel Coxe; 1708, Thomas Revel; 1708, Daniel Leeds; 1710, Peter Sonmans; 1710, Hugh Huddy; 1711, Lewis Morris; 1711, Thomas Farmer; 1721, Peter Bard; 1734, Daniel Coxe; 1735, John Hamilton; 1739, Joseph Bonnel; 1739, John Allen; 1748, Samuel Nevil; 1749, Charles Read; 1754, Richard Salter; 1764, John Berrien; 1772, David Ogden; 1774, Richard Stockton; 1776, Samuel Tucker; 1776, Francis Hopkinson (declined); 1777, Isaac Smith; 1777, John Cleves Symmes; 1788, John Chetwood; 1797, Andrew Kirkpatrick; 1798, Elisha Boudinot; 1804, William S. Pennington; 1804, William Rossell; 1813, Mahlon Dickerson; 1815, Samuel L. Southard; 1820, Gabriel H. Ford; 1826, George K. Drake; 1834, Thomas C. Ryerson; 1838, John Moore White; 1838, William L. Dayton; 1838, James S. Nevius; 1841, Daniel Elmer; 1841, Ira C. Whitehead; 1845, Thomas P. Carpenter; 1845, Joseph F. Randolph; 1845, James S. Nevius; 1848, Elias B. D. Ogden; 1852, Lucius Q. C. Elmer; 1852, Stacy G. Potts; 1852, Daniel Haines; 1855, Peter Vredenburg; 1855, Martin Ryerson; 1855, Elias B. D. Ogden; 1858, Edward W. Whelpley; 1859, Daniel Haines; 1859, William S. Clawson; 1859, John Vandyke; 1861, George H. Brown; 1861, L. Q. C. Elmer; 1862, Peter Vredenburg; 1862, L. Q. C. Elmer; 1862, Elias B. D. Ogden; 1865, Joseph D. Bedle; 1866, Vancleve Dalrimple; 1866, George S. Woodhull; 1866, '73, '80, '87, '94 and 1900, David A. Depue; 1869, '76, '83, '90, '97 and 1904, Bennet Van Syckel; 1869, '76, '83 and '90, Edward W. Scudder; 1875, '82 and '89, Manning M. Knapp; 1875, '82, '89, '96, 1903 and '06, Jonathan Dixon; 1875 to '95, 1904 to '11, Alfred Reed; 1880, '87 and '88, Joel Parker; 1880, '87 and '94, William J. Magie; 1888, '95, 1902 and '09, Charles G. Garrison; 1892, George T. Werts; 1893 and 1900, Job H. Lippincott; 1893 and 1905, Leon Abbett; 1895 and 1901, William S. Gummere; 1895 to 1901, George C. Ludlow; 1897 to 1903, Gilbert Collins; 1900 to '07, John Franklin Fort; 1900 and '07, Abram Q. Garretson; 1901-'08, Charles E. Hendrickson; 1901 and '08, Mahlon Pitney; 1903

and '10, Francis J. Swayze; 1906, Thomas W. Trenchard; 1907, Charles W. Parker; 1907, James J. Bergen; 1908 to '14, Willard P. Voorhees; 1908, James F. Minturn; 1911, Samuel Kalisch; 1914, Charles C. Black.

COURT OF ERRORS AND APPEALS—JUDGES.

(Term, six years—Salary, Per Diem.)

1845-'50, James Speer; 1845, Joshua Brick; 1845-'49, Ferdinand S. Schenck; 1848, James J. Spencer; 1848-'50, Robert H. McCarter; 1849-'50, Thomas Sinnickson, Garret D. Wall; 1850-'62, Joseph L. Risley; 1851-'66, John M. Cornellison; 1851-'56, Moses Mills; 1852-'54, Caleb H. Valintine; 1852, Thomas Arrowsmith; 1853-'56, John Huyler; 1857-'64, William N. Wood; 1857-'63, Joshua Swain; 1858-'63, Joseph L. Combs; 1860-'73, Robert S. Kennedy; 1863-'66, George F. Fort; 1861-'81, Edmund L. B. Wales; 1864-'94, John Clement; 1864-'71, George Vail; 1866-'74, James L. Ogdon; 1868-'74, Charles S. Olden; 1871-'82, Francis J. Lathrop; 1872-'85, Caleb S. Green; 1873-'80, Samuel Lilly; 1872-'82, Amzi Dodd; 1881-'91, Martin Cole; 1882-'93, Jonathan S. Whittaker; 1885-'96, Hendrick H. Brown; 1883, '84, William H. Kirk; 1883-'89, William Paterson; 1886-'90, John McGregor; 1890-'95, Abram C. Smith; 1891-1915, John W. Bogert; 1892-1903, Gotfrled Krueger; 1893, '94, William Walter Phelps; 1895, '96, Clifford Stanley Sims; 1894, '95, Robert S. Green; 1895, '96, Samuel T. Smith; 1895, '96, Albert R. Tallman; 1897-1900, James H. Nixon; 1897, William L. Dayton, John S. Barkalow; 1897-1901, Charles E. Hendrickson; 1897-1916, William H. Vredenburg; 1898-1904, Frederic Adams; 1901-'05, Peter D. Voorhees; 1902-'13, G. D. W. Vroom; 1904-'10, George R. Gray; 1904-'09, Elmer Ewing Green; 1906-'10, James B. Dill; 1910-'14, Joseph W. Congdon; 1911, Mark A. Sullivan; 1911, John J. White; 1912, '13, John J. Treacy; 1913, Henry S. Terhune, Ernest J. Heppenheimer; 1914, Robert Williams; 1915, Frank M. Taylor.

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGES.

(Term, seven years—Salary, \$9,000.)

1893-1900, Richard T. Miller, Francis Child; 1896-1903, Henry M. Nevius; 1900-'03, James H. Nixon, Francis J. Swayze; 1903, Frederic Adams; 1903-'07, Charles W. Parker; 1903-'11, Allan B. Endecott; 1904-'11, Wilbur A. Heisley; 1906-'14, Benjamin A. Vail; 1906, Frank T. Lloyd; 1907-'08, James F. Minturn; 1907, William H. Speer; 1908-'14, Charles C. Black; 1911-'13, Clarence L. Cole; 1911, Nelson Y. Dungan; 1913, Howard Carrow; 1914, Luther A. Campbell, George S. Silzer.

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

(Term, five years—Salary, \$7,000.)

1704, Alexander Griffith; 1714, Thomas Gordon; 1719, Jeremiah Basse; 1723, James Alexander; 1728, Lawrence Smith; 1733, Joseph Warrel; 1754, Cortland Skinner; 1776, William Paterson; 1783, Joseph Bloomfield; 1792, Aaron D. Woodruff; 1811, Andrew S. Hunter; 1817, Theodore Frelinghuysen; 1829, Samuel L. Southard; 1833, John Moore White; 1838, Richard S. Field; 1841, George P. Molleson; 1844, Richard P. Thompson; 1845, Abraham Browning; 1850, Lucius Q. C. Elmer; 1852, Richard P. Thompson; 1857, William L. Dayton; 1861, F. T. Frelinghuysen; 1867, George M. Robeson; 1870, Robert Gilchrist; 1875, Joel Parker; 1875, Jacob Vanatta; 1877, John P. Stockton; 1897, Samuel H. Grey; 1902, Thomas N. McCarter; 1903, Robert H. McCarter; 1908, Edmund Wilson; 1914, John W. Wescott.

CLERKS IN CHANCERY.

(Term, five years—Salary, \$6,000.)

1831, Stacy G. Potts; 1840, Samuel R. Gummere; 1851, Daniel B. Bodine; 1856, William M. Babbitt; 1861, Barker Gummere; 1871, Henry S. Little; 1881, George S. Duryee; 1886, Allan L. McDermott; 1896, Lewis A. Thompson; 1901, Edward C. Stokes; 1905, Vivian M. Lewis; 1909, Samuel K. Robbins; 1914, Robert H. McAdams.

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

(Term, five years—Salary, \$6,000.)

1776, Jonathan D. Sergeant (declined); 1776, Bowes Reed; 1781, William C. Houston; 1788, Richard Howell; 1793, Jonathan Rhea; 1807, William Hyer; 1812, Garret D. Wall; 1817, Zachariah Rossell; 1842, Eli Morris; 1842, James Wilson; 1852, William M. Force; 1857, Charles P. Smith; 1872, Benjamin F. Lee; 1897, William Riker, Jr.; 1912, Joseph P. Tumulty; 1913, William C. Gebhardt.

STATE OFFICERS.

(From 1776 to date.)

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

(Term, five years—Salary, \$6,000.)

1776, Charles Pettit (resigned October 7th, 1778); 1778, Bowes Reed; 1794, Samuel W. Stockton; 1795, John Beatty; 1805, James Linn; 1820, Daniel Coleman; 1830, James D. Westcott; 1840, Charles G. McChesney; 1851, Thomas S. Allison; 1861, Whitfield S. Johnson; 1866, Horace N. Congar; 1870, Henry C. Kelsey; 1897, George Wurts; 1902, Samuel D. Dickinson; 1912, David S. Crater; 1915, Thomas F. Martin.

STATE TREASURERS.

(Term, three years—Salary, \$6,000.)

1776, Richard Smith (resigned February 15th, 1777); 1777, John Stevens, Jr.; 1783, John Schureman (declined); 1783, James Mott; 1799, James Salter; 1803, Peter Gordon; 1821, Charles Parker; 1832, William Grant; 1833, Charles Parker; 1836, Jacob Kline; 1837, Isaac Southard; 1843, Thomas Arrowsmith; 1845, Stacy A. Paxson; 1847, Samuel S. Stryker; 1848, Samuel Mairs; 1851, Rescarrick M. Smith; 1865, David Naar; 1866, Howard Ivins; 1868, William P. McMichael; 1871, Josephus Sooy, Jr.; 1875, Gershom Mott; 1876, George M. Wright; 1885, Jonathan H. Blackwell; 1885, John J. Toffey; 1891, George R. Gray; 1894, George B. Swain; 1902, Frank O. Briggs; 1907, Daniel S. Voorhees; 1913, Edward E. Grosscup.

STATE COMPTROLLERS.

(Term, three years—Salary, \$6,000.)

1865, William K. McDonald; 1871, Albert L. Runyon; 1877, Robert F. Stockton; 1880, Edward J. Anderson; 1891, William C. Heppenheimer; 1894, William S. Hancock; 1902, J. Willard Morgan; 1908, Harry J. West; 1911, Edward I. Edwards.

ADJUTANT-GENERALS.

(Salary, \$2,500.)

1776, William Bott; 1793, Anthony Walton White; 1803, John Morgan; 1804, Ebenezer Elmer; 1804, Peter Hunt; 1810, James J. Wilson; 1812, John Beatty; 1814, James J. Wilson; 1814, Charles Gordon; 1816, Zachariah Rossell;

1842, Thomas Cadwallader; 1858, Robert F. Stockton, Jr.; 1867, William S. Stryker; 1900, Alexander C. Oliphant; 1902, R. Heber Breintnall; 1909, Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr.

QUARTERMASTERS-GENERAL.

(Salary, \$2,500.)

[The office of Quartermaster-General of New Jersey was established by an act of the Legislature, approved March 11, 1806.]

1807-1814, Jonathan Rhea; 1814, Charles Gordon; 1814-1821, Ellet Tucker; 1821-1824, James J. Wilson; 1824-1837, Garret D. Wall; 1837-1855, Samuel R. Hamilton; 1855-1889, Lewis Perrine; 1890-1905, Richard A. Donnelly; 1905—C. Edward Murray.

[General Lewis Perrine died in 1889 and the vacancy was filled by Adjutant-General Stryker until the appointment of General Donnelly. General Donnelly died February 27, 1905.]

STATE LIBRARIANS.

(Term since 1878, five years—Salary, \$3,000.)

1822, William L. Prall; 1823 to '28, Charles Parker; 1829 to '33, William Boswell; 1833 to '36, Peter Forman; 1837 to '42, Charles C. Yard; 1843 to '45, Peter Forman; 1845 to '52, William D'Hart; 1852 to '53, Sylvester Vansickle; 1853 to '66, Charles J. Ihrie; 1866 to '69, Clarence J. Mulford; 1869 to '71, Jeremiah Dally; 1872 to '83, James S. McDanolds; 1884 to '99, Morris R. Hamilton; 1899 to 1914, Henry C. Buchanan; 1914 to —, John P. Dullard.

STATE PRISON KEEPERS.

(Term since 1876, five years. Salary, \$3,500.)

—— Crooks; 1811, Henry Bellerjeau; Francis Labaw; 1829, Ephraim Ryno; 1830, Thomas M. Perrine; 1836, Joseph A. Yard; 1839, John Voorhees; 1841, Jacob B. Gaddis; 1843, Joseph A. Yard; 1845, Jacob B. Gaddis; 1851, William B. Vanderveer; 1857, Robert P. Stoll; 1862, T. V. D. Hoagland; 1863, Joseph B. Walker; 1866, Peter P. Robinson; 1868, George A. Walker; 1869, David D. Hennion; 1871, Robert H. Howell; 1873, Charles Wilson; 1876, Gershom Mott; 1881, P. H. Lavery; 1886, John H. Patterson; 1896, Samuel S. Moore; 1902, George O. Osborne; 1912, Thomas B. Madden.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURES.

Below is a record of the length of each session, the date of meeting and adjournment of, and the number of laws enacted by the various Legislatures since the adoption of the new Constitution in 1844:

Year.	Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length.	Laws enacted.	Joint Resolutions.
1845—	January 14,	April 4,	12 Weeks.	138	7
1846—	" 13,	" 18,	14 "	114	15
1847—	" 12,	M'ch 5,	8 "	109	13
1848—	" 11,	" 9,	9 "	136	14
1849—	" 9,	" 2,	8 "	136	12
1850—	" 8,	" 8,	9 "	123	9
1851—	" 14,	" 19,	10 "	171	8
1852—	" 13,	" 30,	11 "	213	9
1853—	" 12,	" 11,	9 "	198	12
1854—	" 10,	" 17,	10 "	223	13
1855—	" 9,	April 6,	13 "	258	5
1856—	" 8,	M'ch 14,	10 "	180	11
1857—	" 13,	" 21,	10 "	223	2
1858—	" 12,	" 18,	10 "	215	8
1859—	" 11,	" 23,	11 "	231	1
1860—	" 10,	" 22,	11 "	270	6
1861—	" 8,	" 15,	10 "	181	2
1862—	" 14,	" 28,	11 "	194	5
1863—	" 13,	" 25,	11 "	279	3
1864—	" 12,	April 14,	14 "	446	7
1865—	" 10,	" 6,	13 "	514	5
1866—	" 9,	" 6,	13 "	487	6
1867—	" 18,	" 12,	12 "	480	12
1868—	" 14,	" 17,	14 "	566	11
1869—	" 12,	" 2,	12 "	577	5
1870—	" 11,	M'ch 17,	10 "	532	6
1871—	" 10,	April 6,	13 "	625	9
1872—	" 9,	" 4,	13 "	603	10
1873—	" 14,	" 4,	12 "	723	1
1874—	" 13,	M'ch 27,	11 "	534	1
1875—	" 12,	April 9,	13 "	439	0
1876—	" 11,	" 21,	15 "	213	6
1877—	" 9,	M'ch 9,	9 "	156	6
1878—	" 8,	April 5,	13 "	267	7
1879—	" 14,	M'ch 14,	9 "	209	3
1880—	" 13,	" 12,	9 "	224	4
1881—	" 11,	" 25,	11 "	230	10
1882—	" 10,	" 31,	12 "	190	7
1883—	" 9,	" 23,	11 "	208	6
1884—	" 8,	April 18,	15 "	225	9
1885—	" 13,	" 4,	12 "	250	4
1886—*	" 12,	June 2,	15 "	279	3
1887—†	" 11,	April 7,	13 "	182	3
1888—	" 10,	M'ch 30,	12 "	337	11
1889—	" 8,	April 20,	15 "	297	8
1890—	" 14,	May 23,	19 "	311	3
1891—	" 13,	M'ch 20,	10 "	285	6
1892—	" 12,	" 11,	9 "	296	1
1893—	" 10,	" 11,	9 "	292	2

Year.	Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length.	Laws enacted.	Joint Resolutions.
1894—†	Jan'y 9,	Oct. 2,	20 Weeks	354	7
1895—§	" 8,	June 13,	13 "	434	8
1896—	" 14,	M'ch 26,	11 "	219	2
1897—	" 12,	" 31,	12 "	206	1
1898—	" 11,	" 25,	11 "	242	2
1899—	" 10,	" 24,	11 "	219	3
1900—	" 9,	" 23,	11 "	198	3
1901—	" 8,	" 22,	11 "	210	2
1902—	" 14,	" 27,	11 "	279	4
1903—	" 13,	April 2,	12 "	273	3
1904—	" 12,	M'ch 25,	11 "	250	10
1905—	" 10,	" 30,	12 "	270	5
1906—	" 9,	April 12,	14 "	331	11
1907—°	" 8,	Oct. 12,	40 "	290	3
1908—	" 14,	April 11,	13 "	322	11
1909—	" 12,	" 16,	14 "	272	3
1910—	" 11,	" 7,	13 "	308	2
1911—	" 10,	" 21,	15 "	382	8
1912—**	" 9,	" 16,	15 "	420	10
1913—††	" 14,	" 3,	12 "	367	6
1914—	" 13,	" 9,	13 "	274	2
1915—‡‡	" 12,	" 20,	15 "	413	6

* After a session of 14 weeks the House took a recess on April 16th till June 1st. The Senate continued in session, as a Court of Impeachment, till April 22d, when a recess was taken till June 1st. Up to the time of taking the recess the Senate and House were in session together 14 weeks, and the Senate, by itself, one week.

† The Senate did not organize till February 1st

‡ On May 26th a recess was taken until October 2d, when the Legislature re-assembled, and, without transacting any business, adjourned sine die at 3:30 in the afternoon.

§ On March 22d, a recess was taken until June 4th, when the Legislature re-assembled, and, remaining in session two weeks, adjourned sine die on June 13th.

° This Legislature was in continuous session 14 weeks, and on April 12 adjourned to June 18. Then there was another adjournment, and subsequently frequent recesses were taken until final adjournment.

** This Legislature was in session until March 29th, then took a recess to April 10th, and on April 11th took a recess to April 16th and then adjourned sine die.

†† First special session, May 6th to 26th. Laws enacted, 22.

‡‡ Second special session, August 5th to 12th. Laws enacted, 2.

‡‡ Special session, May 3d. Laws enacted, 2.

POLITICAL COMPLEXION OF NEW JERSEY'S LEGISLATURES.

(From 1845 to date.)

-
- 1845—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 30 Whigs; 27 Dems.;
1 Native American.
- 1846—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 40 Whigs; 18 Dems.
- 1847—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 38 Whigs; 20 Dems.
- 1848—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 39 Whigs; 19 Dems.
- 1849—Senate, 10 Whigs; 9 Dems. House, 33 Whigs; 25 Dems.
- 1850—Senate, 9 Whigs; 11 Dems. House, 25 Whigs; 35 Dems.
- 1851—Senate, 10 Whigs; 10 Dems. House, 28 Whigs; 30 Dems.
- 1852—Senate, 13 Dems.; 7 Whigs. House, 45 Dems.; 15 Whigs.
- 1853—Senate, 13 Dems.; 7 Whigs. House, 39 Dems.; 21 Whigs.
- 1854—Senate, 13 Dems.; 7 Whigs. House, 40 Dems.; 20 Whigs.
- 1855—Senate, 10 Dems.; 9 Whigs; 1 Native American. House,
29 Dems.; 25 Whigs; 6 Native American.
- 1856—Senate, 11 Dems.; 5 Whigs; 4 Native American. House,
30 Dems.; 14 Whigs; 1 Ind. Dem.; 15 Native American.
- 1857—Senate, 11 Dems.; 6 Whigs; 3 Know Nothings. House,
38 Dems.; combined opposition, 22.
- 1858—Both Houses Democratic.
- 1859—Senate, Democratic. House, Opposition.
- 1860—Senate, Democratic. House, 30 Dems.; 28 Reps.; 2 American.
- 1861—Senate, Republican. House, Democratic.
- 1862—Senate, Democrats and Republicans, tie; Independent, 1.
House, Democratic. Democratic majority on joint ballot, 3.
- 1863-64—Both Houses Democratic.
- 1865—Senate, Democratic. House, a tie.
- 1866-67—Both Houses Republican.
- 1868-69-70—Both Houses Democratic.
- 1871-72-73—Both Houses Republican.
- 1874—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 32 Republicans; 28 Democrats.
- 1875—Senate, 13 Republicans; 8 Democrats. House, 41 Democrats; 19 Republicans.
- 1876—Both Houses Republican.
- 1877—Senate, 11 Democrats; 10 Republicans. House, a tie.
- 1878—Both Houses Democratic.
- 1879-80-81—Both Houses Republican.
- 1882—Senate, Republican. House, Democratic.
- 1883—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 35 Democrats; 25 Republicans.
- 1884—Senate, Republican. House, Democratic.
- 1885—Both Houses Republican.
- 1886—Both Houses Republican.
- 1887—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 32 Democrats, 26 Republicans; 2 Labor Democrats.
- 1888—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 37 Republicans; 23 Democrats.
- 1889—Senate, 11 Democrats; 10 Republicans. House, 32 Democrats; 28 Republicans.
- 1890—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 37 Democrats; 23 Republicans.

- 1891—Senate, 14 Democrats; 7 Republicans. House, 40 Democrats; 20 Republicans.
- 1892—Senate, 16 Democrats; 5 Republicans. House, 42 Democrats; 18 Republicans.
- 1893—Senate, 16 Democrats; 5 Republicans. House, 39 Democrats; 21 Republicans.
- 1894—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 39 Republicans; 20 Democrats; 1 Ind. Dem.
- 1895—Senate, 16 Republicans; 5 Democrats. House, 54 Republicans; 6 Democrats.
- 1896—Senate, 18 Republicans; 3 Democrats. House, 43 Republicans; 16 Democrats; 1 Ind. Dem.
- 1897—Senate, 18 Republicans; 3 Democrats. House, 56 Republicans; 4 Democrats.
- 1898-99—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 37 Republicans; 23 Democrats.
- 1900—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 43 Republicans; 16 Democrats; 1 vacancy.
- 1901—Senate, 17 Republicans; 4 Democrats. House, 45 Republicans; 15 Democrats.
- 1902—Senate, 17 Republicans; 4 Democrats. House, 46 Republicans; 14 Democrats.
- 1903-4—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 38 Republicans; 22 Democrats.
- 1905—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 46 Republicans; 14 Democrats.
- 1906—Senate, 17 Republicans; 4 Democrats. House, 56 Republicans; 1 Ind. Rep.; 3 Democrats.
- 1907—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 31 Democrats; 29 Republicans.
- 1908—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 40 Republicans; 20 Democrats.
- 1909—Senate, 13 Republicans; 8 Democrats. House, 45 Republicans; 15 Democrats.
- 1910—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 41 Republicans; 19 Democrats.
- 1911—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 18 Republicans; 42 Democrats.
- 1912—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 37 Republicans; 23 Democrats.
- 1913—Senate, 12 Democrats; 9 Republicans. House, 51 Democrats; 8 Republicans; one vacancy.
- 1914—Senate, 11 Democrats; 10 Republicans. House, 37 Democrats; 23 Republicans.
- 1915—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 38 Republicans; 22 Democrats.
- 1916—Senate, 13 Republicans; 8 Democrats. House, 40 Republicans; 20 Democrats.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF COUNCIL AND SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

(From 1776 to 1844, when the new Constitution was formed.)

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

- 1776-81—John Stevens, Hunterdon.
1782 —John Cox, Burlington.
1783-84—Philemon Dickinson, Hunterdon.
1785-88—Robert Lettis Hooper, Hunterdon.
1789-92—Ellsha Lawrence, Monmouth.
1793-94—Thomas Henderson, Monmouth.
1795 —Ellsha Lawrence, Monmouth.
1796-97—James Linn, Somerset.
1798-1800—George Anderson, Burlington.
1801-04—John Lambert, Hunterdon.
1805 —Thomas Little, Monmouth.
1806 —George Anderson, Burlington.
1807 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1808 —Ebenezer Seeley, Cumberland.
1809 —Thomas Ward, Essex.
1810-11—Charles Clark, Essex.
1812 —James Schureman, Middlesex.
1813 —Charles Clark, Essex.
1814-15—William Kennedy, Sussex.
1816-22—Jesse Upton, Morris.
1823-25—Peter J. Stryker, Somerset.
1826 —Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland.
1827 —Silas Cook, Morris.
1828 —Charles Newbold, Burlington.
1829-30—Edward Condict, Morris.
1831-32—Elias P. Seeley, Cumberland.
1833 —Mahlon Dickerson, Morris.
1834 —Jehu Patterson, Monmouth.
1835 —Charles Sitgreaves, Warren.
1836 —Jeptha B. Munn, Morris.
1837-38—Andrew Parsons, Passaic.
1839-40—Joseph Porter, Gloucester.
1842 —John Cassedy, Bergen.
1843 —William Chetwood, Essex.
1844 —Jehu Patterson, Monmouth.

SPEAKERS.

- 1776-78—John Hart, Hunterdon.
Second Session 1778—Caleb Camp, Essex.
1779 —Caleb Camp, Essex.
1780 —Josiah Hornblower, Essex.
1781 —John Mehelm, Hunterdon.
1782-83—Ephraim Harris, Cumberland.
1784 —Daniel Hendrickson, Monmouth.
1784-86—Benjamin Van Cleve, Hunterdon.
1787 —Ephraim Harris, Cumberland.
1788 —Benjamin Van Cleve, Hunterdon.
1789 —John Beatty, Middlesex.
1790 —Jonathan Dayton, Essex.
1791 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1792-94—Silas Condict, Morris.
1795 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1796 —James H. Imlay, Monmouth.
1797 —Silas Condict, Morris.
1798-1800—William Coxe, Burlington.
1801 —Silas Dickerson, Sussex.
1802 —William Coxe, Burlington.
1803 —Peter Gordon, Hunterdon.
1804-07—James Cox, Monmouth.
1808-09—Lewis Condict, Morris.
1810-11—William Kennedy, Sussex.
1812 —William Pearson, Burlington.
1813 —Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland.
1814-15—Samuel Pennington, Essex.
1816 —Charles Clark, Essex.
1817 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1818-22—David Thompson, Jr., Morris.
1823 —Lucius Q. C. Elmer, Cumberland.
1824 —David Johnston, Hunterdon.
1825-26—George K. Drake, Morris.
1827-28—William B. Ewing, Cumberland.
1829-31—Alexander Wurts, Hunterdon.
1832 —John P. Jackson, Essex.
1833-35—Daniel B. Ryall, Monmouth.
1836 —Thomas G. Haight, Monmouth.
1837-38—Lewis Condict, Morris.
1839 —William Stites, Essex.
1840-41—John Emley, Burlington.
1842 —Samuel B. Halsey, Morris.
1843-44—Joseph Taylor, Cumberland.

SENATE OFFICERS.

PRESIDENTS.

- 1845-48—John C. Smallwood, Gloucester.
 1849-50—Ephraim Marsh, Morris.
 1851 —Silas D. Canfield, Passaic.
 1852 —John Manners, Hunterdon.
 1853-56—W. C. Alexander, Mercer.
 1857-58—Henry V. Speer, Middlesex.
 1859 —Thomas R. Herring, Bergen.
 1860 —C. L. C. Gifford, Essex.
 1861 —Edmund Perry, Hunterdon.
 1862 —Joseph T. Crowell, Union.
 1863 —Anthony Reckless, Monmouth.
 1864 —Amos Robbins, Middlesex.
 1865 —Edward W. Scudder, Mercer.
 1866 —James M. Scovel, Camden.
 1867 —Benjamin Buckley, Passaic.
 1868-69—Henry S. Little, Monmouth.
 1870 —Amos Robbins, Middlesex.
 1871-72—Edward Bettie, Camden.
 1873-75—John W. Taylor, Essex.
 1876 —W. J. Sewell, Camden.
 1877 —Leon Abbett, Hudson.
 1878 —G. C. Ludlow, Middlesex.
 1879-80—W. J. Sewell, Camden.
 1881-82—G. A. Hobart, Passaic.
 1883 —J. J. Gardner, Atlantic.
 1884 —B. A. Vall, Union.
 1885 —A. V. Schenck, Middlesex.
 1886 —John W. Griggs, Passaic.
 1887 —Frederick S. Fish, Essex.
 1888 —George H. Large, Hunterdon.
 1889 —George T. Werts, Morris.
 1890 —H. M. Nevius, Monmouth.
 1891-93—Robert Adrain, Middlesex.
 1894 —Maurice A. Rogers, Camden.
 1895 —Edward C. Stokes, Cumberland.
 1896 —Lewis A. Thompson, Somerset; Robert Williams, Passaic.
 1897 —Robert Williams, Passaic.
 1898 —Foster M. Voorhees, Union; William H. Skerm (pro tem.), Mercer.
 1899 —Charles A. Reed, Somerset.
 1900 —William M. Johnson, Bergen.
 1901 —Mahlon Pitney, Morris.
 1902 —C. Asa Francis, Monmouth.
 1903 —Elijah C. Hutchinson, Mercer.
 1904 —Edmund W. Wakelee, Bergen.
 1905 —*Joseph Cross, Union; *Wm. J. Bradley, Camden.
 1906 —William J. Bradley, Camden.
 1907 —Bloomfield H. Minch, Cumberland.
 1908 —Thomas J. Hillery, Morris.

* Joseph Cross resigned on March 30, and he was succeeded by William J. Bradley.

- 1909 —†Samuel K. Robbins, Burlington; Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerset.
 1910 —Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerset.
 1911 —Ernest R. Ackerman, Union.
 1912 —John Dyneley Prince, Passaic.
 1913 —*James F. Fielder, Hudson; James A. C. Johnson, Bergen (pro tem.).
 1914 —John W. Slocum, Monmouth.
 1915 —Walter E. Edge, Atlantic.

SECRETARIES.

- 1845-47—Daniel Dodd, Jr., Essex.
 1848-50—Phillip J. Gray, Camden.
 1851 —John Rogers, Burlington.
 1852-53—Samuel A. Allen, Salem.
 1854 —A. R. Throckmorton, Hudson.
 1855-56—A. R. Throckmorton, Monmouth.
 1857-58—A. B. Chamberlain, Hunterdon.
 1859-60—John C. Rafferty, Hunterdon.
 1861 —Joseph J. Sleeper, Burlington.
 1862-63—Morris R. Hamilton, Camden.
 1864-65—John H. Meeker, Essex.
 1866-67—Enoch R. Borden, Mercer.
 1868-69—Joseph B. Cornish, Warren.
 1870 —John C. Rafferty, Hunterdon.
 1871-74—John F. Babcock, Middlesex.
 1875-76—N. W. Voorhees, Hunterdon.
 1877-78—C. M. Jemison, Somerset.
 1879 —N. W. Voorhees, Hunterdon.
 1880-82—George Wurts, Passaic.
 1883-85—W. A. Stiles, Sussex.
 1886-88—Richard B. Reading, Hunterdon.
 1889 —John Carpenter, Jr., Hunterdon.
 1890 —Wilbur A. Mott, Essex.
 1891-92—John Carpenter, Jr., Hunterdon.
 1893 —Samuel C. Thompson, Warren.
 1894 —Wilbur A. Mott, Essex.
 1895-97—Henry B. Rollinson, Union.
 1898 —George A. Frey, Camden.
 1899-1900—Augustus S. Barber, Jr., Gloucester.
 1901-02-03-04—Walter E. Edge, Atlantic.
 1905-10—Howard L. Tyler, Cumberland.
 1911 —William C. Murphey, Camden.
 1912 —Francis B. Davis, Gloucester.
 1913-14—William L. Dill, Passaic.
 1915 —Francis B. Davis, Gloucester.

† Samuel K. Robbins resigned on April 16 and was succeeded by Joseph S. Frelinghuysen.

* Became Acting Governor, March 1.

ASSEMBLY OFFICERS.

SPEAKERS.

- 1845 —Isaac Van Wagenen, Essex.
 1846 —Lewis Howell, Cumberland.
 1847-48—John W. C. Evans, Burlington.
 1849 —Edw. W. Whelpley, Morris.
 1850 —John T. Nixon, Cumberland.
 1851 —John H. Phillips, Mercer.
 1852 —John Huyler, Bergen.
 1853-54—John W. Fennimore, Burlington.
 1855 —William Parry, Burlington.
 1856 —Thomas W. Demarest, Bergen.
 1857 —Andrew Dutcher, Mercer.
 1858 —Daniel Holsman, Bergen.
 1859 —Edwin Salter, Ocean.
 1860 —Austin H. Patterson, Monmouth.
 1861 —F. H. Teese, Essex.
 1862 —Charles Haight, Monmouth.
 1863 —James T. Crowell, Middlesex.
 1864 —Joseph N. Taylor, Passaic.
 1865 —Joseph T. Crowell, Union.
 1866 —John Hill, Morris.
 1867 —G. W. N. Curtis, Camden.
 1868 —Aug. O. Evans, Hudson.
 1869-70—Leon Abbett, Hudson.
 1871 —Albert P. Condit, Essex.
 1872 —Nathaniel Niles, Morris.
 1873 —Isaac L. Fisher, Middlesex.
 1874 —Garret A. Hobart, Passaic.
 1875 —George O. Vanderbilt, Mercer.
 1876 —John D. Carscallen, Hudson.
 1877 —Rudolph F. Rabe, Hudson.
 1878 —John Egan, Union.
 1879 —Schuyler B. Jackson, Essex.
 1880 —Sherman B. Oviatt, Monmouth.
 1881 —Harrison VanDuyne, Essex.
 1882 —John T. Dunn, Union.
 1883 —Thomas O'Connor, Essex.
 1884 —A. B. Stoney, Monmouth.
 1885-86—E. A. Armstrong, Camden.
 1887 —William M. Baird, Warren.
 1888 —Samuel D. Dickinson, Hudson.
 1889 —Robert S. Hudspeth, Hudson.
 1890 —W. C. Heppenheimer, Hudson.
 1891-92—James J. Bergen, Somerset.
 1893 —Thomas Flynn, Passaic.
 1894 —*John I. Holt, Passaic; *Joseph Cross, Union.
 1895 —Joseph Cross, Union.
 1896 —Louis T. Derosse, Camden.
 1897 —George W. Macpherson, Mercer.
 1898-99—**David O. Watkins, Gloucester.
 1900 —Benjamin F. Jones, Essex.
 1901-02—William J. Bradley, Camden.
 1903 —John G. Horner, Burlington.

* Speaker Holt resigned on May 26th, and Mr. Cross succeeded him.

** Became Acting Governor, October 18th.

- 1904-05—John Boyd Avis, Gloucester.
 1906 —Samuel K. Robbins, Burlington.
 1907 —Edgar E. Lethbridge, Essex.
 1908 —Frank B. Jess, Camden.
 1909 —John D. Prince, Passaic.
 1910 —Harry P. Ward, Bergen.
 1911 —Edward Kenny, Hudson.
 1912 —Thomas F. McCran, Passaic.
 1913 —*Leon R. Taylor, Monmouth.
 1914 —Azariah M. Beekman, Somerset.
 1915 —Carlton Godfrey, Atlantic.

CLERKS.

- 1845 —Alexander G. Cattell, Salem.
 1846 —Adam C. Davis, Hunterdon.
 1847-50—Alex. M. Cumming, Mercer.
 1851-52—David Naar, Essex.
 1853-54—David W. Dellicker, Somerset.
 1855 —Peter D. Vroom, Hudson.
 1856-57—William Darmon, Gloucester.
 1858 —Daniel Blauvelt, Essex.
 1859 —John P. Harker, Camden.
 1860 —D. Blauvelt, Jr., Essex.
 1861-62—Jacob Sharp, Warren.
 1863-64—Levi Scobey, Monmouth.
 1865-66—George B. Cooper, Cumberland.
 1867 —Ed. Jardine, Bergen.
 1868-70—A. M. Johnston, Mercer.
 1871 —A. M. Cumming, Mercer.
 1872-74—Sinnickson Chew, Camden.
 1875 —Austin H. Patterson, Monmouth.
 1876-77—John Y. Foster, Essex.
 1878 —Austin H. Patterson, Monmouth.
 1879-81—C. O. Cooper, Morris.
 1882-83—Arthur Wilson, Monmouth.
 1884 —Henry D. Winton, Bergen.
 1885-86—Samuel Toombs, Essex.
 1887 —Joseph Atkinson, Essex.
 1888 —James P. Logan, Burlington.
 1889-90—John J. Matthews, Union.
 1891-92—Thos. F. Noonan, Jr., Hudson.
 1893 —Leonard Kalisch, Essex.
 1894 —J. Herbert Potts, Hudson.
 1895-97—James Parker, Passaic.
 1898-99—Thomas H. Jones, Essex.
 1907 —Michael W. Higgins, Essex.
 1900-06; 08-09-10—James Parker, Passaic.
 1911 —Daniel A. Dugan, Essex.
 1912 —Upton S. Jefferys, Camden.
 1913-14—Mark F. Phillips, Essex.
 1915 —Upton S. Jefferys, Camden.

* Became Acting Governor October 28th.

NEW JERSEY CENSUS.

Population by Minor Civil Divisions, 1910, 1915.

Official.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Absecon City	781	870	89	....
1st Ward ...	381			
2d Ward ...	489			
Atlantic City	46,150	51,667	5,517	....
1st Ward ...	12,406			
2d Ward ...	9,360			
3d Ward ...	12,527			
4th Ward ...	17,374			
Buena Vista Township..	2,723	3,599	876	....
East Atlantic City*....	67	20	....	47
Egg Harbor City.....	2,181	2,416	235	....
Egg Harbor Township..	1,110	1,856	746	....
Folsom Borough	232	266	34	....
Galloway Township ...	1,976	2,115	139	....
Hamilton Township ...	2,271	2,432	161	....
Hammonton	5,088	5,896	808	....
Linwood Borough	602	610	8	....
Longport Borough	118	143	25	....
Margate City	129	291	162	....
Mullica Township	811	967	156	....
Northfield City	866	968	102	....
1st Ward ...	568			
2d Ward	400			
Pleasantville City	4,390	4,663	473	....
1st Ward ...	2,600			
2d Ward	2,263			
Port Republic City.....	405	422	17	....
1st Ward ...	200			
2d Ward	222			
Somers Point City.....	604	790	186	....
1st Ward ...	358			
2d Ward	432			
Ventnor City	491	1,676	1,185	....
1st Ward ...	1,073			
2d Ward	603			
Weymouth Township ..	899	973	74	....
Net increase, 10,946.	71,894	82,840	10,993	47

BERGEN COUNTY.

Allendale Borough	937	1,121	184	....
Alpine Borough	377	533	156	....
Bergenfield Borough ...	1,991	2,924	933	....
Bogota Borough	1,125	2,341	1,216	....
Carlstadt Borough	3,807	4,137	330	....
Cliffside Park Borough..	3,394	4,778	1,384	....
Chester Borough	1,483	1,735	252	....

* Name changed from Brigantine City.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Cresskill Borough	550	922	372	.....
Delford Borough	1,005	1,244	239	.....
Demarest Borough	560	588	28	.....
Dumont Borough	1,783	2,278	495	.....
East Rutherford Bor- ough	4,275	4,576	301	.....
Edgewater Borough ...	2,655	3,150	495	.....
Emerson Borough	767	906	139	.....
Englewood City	9,924	11,071	1,147	.....
1st Ward....	2,111			
2d Ward....	2,254			
3d Ward....	3,389			
4th Ward....	3,317			
Englewood Cliffs Bor- ough	410	532	122	.....
Fairview Borough	2,441	4,016	1,575	.....
Fort Lee Borough	4,472	5,288	816	.....
Franklin Township	1,954	2,238	284	.....
Garfield Borough	10,213	15,455	5,242	.....
Glen Rock Borough	1,055	1,689	634	.....
Harrington Township ..	588	785	197	.....
Harrington Park Bor- ough	377	551	174	.....
Hasbrouck Heights Bor- ough	2,155	2,424	269	.....
Haworth Borough	588	733	145	.....
Hillsdale Township	1,072	1,444	372	.....
Hohokus Borough	488	561	73	.....
Hohokus Township	1,881	2,428	547	.....
Leonia Borough	1,486	2,132	646	.....
Little Ferry Borough...	2,541	2,729	188	.....
Lodi Borough	4,138	6,379	2,241	.....
Lodi Township	693	904	211	.....
Maywood Borough	889	1,309	420	.....
Midland Township	1,480	1,884	404	.....
Midland Park Borough..	2,001	2,130	129	.....
Montvale Borough	522	728	206	.....
Moonachie Borough	638	993	355	.....
New Barbadoes Town- ship*	14,050	15,856	1,806	.....
1st Ward....	5,070			
2d Ward....	3,111			
3d Ward....	2,896			
4th Ward....	3,000			
5th Ward....	1,779			
North Arlington Bor- ough	437	1,079	642	.....
Norwood Borough	564	680	116	.....
Oakland Borough	568	628	60	.....
Old Tappan Borough ..	305	323	18	.....
Orvil Township	970	1,167	197	.....
Overpeck Township ...	4,512	7,000	2,488	.....
Palisades Township ...	1,141	1,592	451	.....
Palisades Park Borough,	1,411	2,264	853	.....
Park Ridge Borough ..	1,401	1,643	242	.....
Ramsey Borough	1,667	1,973	306	.....

* New Barbadoes Township, co-extensive with Hackensack Town.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Ridgefield Borough	966	1,187	221	....
Ridgewood Township ..	5,416	6,729	1,313	....
Riverside Borough	736	949	213	....
Rivervale Township ...	450	530	80	....
Rutherford Borough ...	7,045	8,347	1,302	....
Saddle River Borough..	483	555	72	....
Saddle River Township,	3,047	4,014	967	....
Teaneck Township	2,082	3,254	1,172	....
Tenafly Borough	2,756	2,999	243	....
Union Township	4,076	7,299	3,223	....
Upper Saddle River Bor- ough	273	364	91	....
Wallington Borough ...	3,448	4,071	623	....
Washington Township..	100	218	118	....
Westwood Borough	1,870	2,217	347	....
Woodcliff Lake Bor- ough	470	522	52	....
Woodridge Borough	1,043	1,500	457	....
Net increase, 40,594.	138,002	178,596	40,594	....

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

Bass River Township...	685	735	50	....
Beverly City	2,140	2,450	310	....
Beverly Township	2,337	2,719	382	....
Bordentown Township ..	608	529	....	79
Bordentown City	4,250	4,095	....	155
1st Ward....	1,750			
2d Ward....	1,545			
3d Ward....	800			
Burlington City	8,336	9,044	708	....
Burlington Township ..	1,220	1,424	204	....
Chester Township	5,069	6,061	992	....
Chesterfield Township ..	1,130	1,228	98	....
Cinaminson Township ..	1,266	1,585	319	....
Delran Township	1,031	1,409	378	....
Easthampton Township,	508	486	....	22
Evesham Township	1,408	1,396	....	12
Fieldsboro	480	510	30	....
Florence Township	4,731	6,240	1,509	....
Lumberton Township ...	1,768	1,854	86	....
Mansfield Township	1,526	1,597	71	....
Medford Township	1,903	1,978	75	....
Mount Laurel Town- ship	1,573	1,736	163	....
New Hanover Township,	948	932	....	16
North Hanover Township,	696	692	....	4
Northampton Township..	5,652	5,657	5	....
Palmyra Township	2,801	3,295	494	....
Pemberton Township ..	1,679	1,865	186	....
Pemberton Borough	797	793	....	4
Riverside Township	4,011	5,465	1,454	....
Riverton Borough	1,788	2,141	353	....
Shamong Township	483	500	17	....
Southampton Township,	1,778	1,848	70	....
Springfield Township ..	1,278	1,329	51	....

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Tabernacle Township ..	487	479	....	8
Washington Township ..	597	672	75	....
Westhampton Township,	564	612	48	....
Willingboro Township..	562	703	141	....
Woodland Township ...	475	678	203	....
Net increase,				
8,172.	66,565	74,737	8,472	300

CAMDEN COUNTY.

Audubon Borough	1,343	3,009	1,666	....
Berlin Township	1,611	2,076	465	....
Camden City	94,538	102,215	7,677	....
1st Ward....	7,553			
2d Ward....	8,383			
3d Ward....	5,120			
4th Ward....	4,313			
5th Ward....	8,773			
6th Ward....	7,025			
7th Ward....	10,618			
8th Ward....	10,423			
9th Ward....	6,626			
10th Ward...	8,797			
11th Ward...	7,031			
12th Ward...	7,702			
13th Ward...	9,851			
Centre Township	3,200	3,710	510	....
Chesilhurst Borough ...	246	314	68	....
Clementon Township ...	2,794	2,605	....	189
Collingswood Borough..	4,795	6,600	1,805	....
Delaware Township	1,706	2,227	521	....
Gloucester City	9,462	10,554	1,092	....
1st Ward....	4,256			
2d Ward....	6,298			
Gloucester Township ...	2,380	2,764	384	....
Haddon Township	1,465	2,082	617	....
Haddon Heights Bor- ough	1,452	2,297	845	....
Haddonfield Borough ..	4,142	5,077	935	....
Laurel Springs Borough,*	....	791	791	....
Magnolia Borough† ....	....	977	977	....
Merchantville Borough..	1,996	2,242	246	....
Oaklyn Borough	653	793	140	....
Pensauken Township ...	4,169	5,213	1,044	....
Voorhees Township	1,174	1,330	156	....
Waterford Township ...	1,484	1,936	452	....
Winslow Township	2,919	3,531	612	....
Woodlyne Borough	500	878	378	....
Net increase,				
21,192.	142,029	163,221	21,381	189

* Set off from Clementon Township.

† Set off from Township of Clementon.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Avalon Borough	230	323	93	.....
Cape May City	2,471	2,513	42	.....
Cape May Point Bor- ough	162	170	8	.....
Dennis Township	1,751	1,804	53	.....
Lower Township	1,188	1,271	83	.....
Middle Township	2,974	3,383	409	.....
North Wildwood Bor- ough*	833	1,088	255	.....
Ocean City	1,950	3,721	1,771	.....
Sea Isle City	551	955	404	.....
South Cape May Bor- ough	7	10	12	.....
Stone Harbor Borough,†	.....	459	459	.....
Upper Township	1,483	1,589	106	.....
West Cape May Bor- ough	844	1,068	224	.....
Wildwood City‡	898	3,858	1,059	.....
Wildwood Crest Borough,	103	317	214	.....
Woodbine Borough	2,399	1,869	.....	530
Net increase, 4,662.	19,745	24,407	5,192	530

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Bridgeton City	14,209	13,611	.....	598
1st Ward....	2,120			
2d Ward....	2,981			
3d Ward....	3,403			
4th Ward....	3,153			
5th Ward....	1,954			
Commercial Township ..	2,604	2,624	20	.....
Deerfield Township	3,311	3,621	310	.....
Downe Township	1,519	1,570	51	.....
Fairfield Township	1,629	1,621	.....	8
Greenwich Township ...	1,145	1,147	2	.....
Hopewell Township ...	1,818	1,807	.....	11
Landis Township	6,435	8,658	2,223	.....
Lawrence Township ...	1,746	1,801	55	.....
Maurice River Township.	2,124	2,221	97	.....
Millville City	12,451	13,307	856	.....
1st Ward....	2,655			
2d Ward....	2,044			
3d Ward....	3,112			
4th Ward....	2,923			
5th Ward....	2,573			
Stow Creek Township...	880	962	82	.....
Vineland Borough	5,282	6,531	1,249	.....
Net increase, 4,328.	55,153	59,481	4,945	617

* Formerly Anglesea.

† Set off from Middle Township.

‡ Wildwood City was formerly Wildwood Borough and Holly Beach Borough. In 1910 Holly Beach Borough had a population of 1,901.

ESSEX COUNTY.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Belleville Town	9,891	11,996	2,105	....
1st Ward....	4,419			
2d Ward....	5,205			
3d Ward....	2,372			
Bloomfield Town	15,070	17,306	2,236	....
1st Ward....	6,506			
2d Ward....	5,212			
3d Ward....	5,588			
Caldwell Township	704	782	78	....
Caldwell Borough	2,236	3,409	1,173	....
Cedar Grove Township..	2,409	2,979	570	....
East Orange City.....	34,371	40,961	6,590	....
1st Ward....	5,335			
2d Ward....	6,545			
3d Ward....	11,885			
4th Ward....	6,176			
5th Ward....	11,020			
Essex Fells Borough...	442	538	96	....
Glen Ridge Borough....	3,260	4,153	893	....
Irvington Town	11,877	20,342	8,465	....
1st Ward....	5,472			
2d Ward....	5,842			
3d Ward....	9,028			
Livingston Township ..	1,025	1,202	177	....
Millburn Township	3,720	4,372	652	....
Montclair Town	21,550	25,029	3,479	....
1st Ward....	4,389			
2d Ward....	4,788			
3d Ward....	4,771			
4th Ward....	6,151			
5th Ward....	4,930			
Newark City	347,469	366,721	19,252	....
1st Ward....	27,390			
2d Ward....	15,087			
3d Ward....	34,630			
4th Ward....	10,163			
5th Ward....	19,559			
6th Ward....	18,613			
7th Ward....	16,021			
8th Ward....	24,966			
9th Ward....	25,381			
10th Ward...	18,399			
11th Ward...	17,225			
12th Ward...	22,503			
13th Ward...	33,789			
14th Ward...	36,781			
15th Ward...	15,327			
16th Ward...	30,887			
North Caldwell Borough,	595	664	69	....
Nutley Town	6,009	7,987	1,978	....
1st Ward....	2,874			
2d Ward....	2,503			
3d Ward....	2,610			

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Orange City	29,630	29,805	175	....
1st Ward....	7,434			
2d Ward....	4,312			
3d Ward....	7,378			
4th Ward....	6,526			
5th Ward....	4,155			
Roseland Borough	486	593	107	....
South Orange Township,	2,979	4,676	1,697	....
South Orange Village...	6,014	5,866	.....	148
Verona Borough	1,675	2,643	968	....
West Caldwell Borough,	494	690	196	....
West Orange Town....	10,980	13,610	2,630	....
1st Ward....	2,014			
2d Ward....	3,368			
3d Ward....	2,817			
4th Ward....	2,535			
5th Ward....	2,876			
Net increase,				
53,438.	512,886	566,324	53,586	148

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

Clayton Borough	1,926	1,729	.....	197
Deptford Township ...	2,524	1,800	.....	724
East Greenwich Town- ship	1,406	1,614	208	....
Elk Township	1,022	1,042	20	....
Franklin Township	2,603	3,008	405	....
Glassboro Township ...	2,821	3,030	209	....
Greenwich Township ..	874	1,155	281	....
Harrison Township ...	1,682	1,793	111	....
Logan Township	1,523	1,521	.....	2
Mantua Township	1,529	1,849	320	....
Monroe Township	3,015	3,490	475	....
National Park Borough,	325	529	204	....
Paulsboro Borough	2,121	2,876	755	....
Pitman Borough	1,950	2,577	627	....
South Harrison Town- ship	694	687	.....	7
Swedesboro Borough ..	1,477	1,738	261	....
Washington Township ..	1,396	1,626	230	....
Wenonah Borough	645	821	176	....
West Deptford Town- ship	2,057	1,728	.....	329
Westville Borough* ....	.....	2,036	2,036	....
Woodbury City	4,642	5,288	646	....
1st Ward....	1,089			
2d Ward....	2,463			
3d Ward....	1,736			
Woodbury Heights Bor- ough† .....	.....	339	339	....
Woolwich Township ...	1,136	1,311	175	....
Net increase,				
6,219.	37,368	43,587	7,478	1,259

* Set off from Townships of Deptford and West Deptford.

† Set off from Deptford Township.

HUDSON COUNTY.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Bayonne City	55,545	64,461	8,916	.....
East Newark Borough..	3,163	2,873	.....	290
Guttenberg Town	5,647	6,322	675	.....
Harrison Town	14,498	14,520	22	.....
Hoboken City	70,324	67,611	.....	2,713
Jersey City	267,779	270,903	3,124	.....
1st Ward....	15,776			
2d Ward....	19,600			
3d Ward....	17,578			
4th Ward....	13,319			
5th Ward....	17,501			
6th Ward....	16,900			
7th Ward....	32,179			
8th Ward....	33,512			
9th Ward....	24,100			
10th Ward...	24,247			
11th Ward...	28,059			
12th Ward...	28,132			
Kearney Town	18,659	22,150	3,491	.....
North Bergen Township,	15,662	20,679	5,017	.....
Secaucus Borough	4,740	4,906	166	.....
Union Town	21,023	21,739	716	.....
Weehawken Township ..	11,228	13,488	2,260	.....
West Hoboken Town...	35,403	38,776	3,373	.....
West New York Town..	13,560	22,943	9,383	.....
Net increase,				
34,140.	537,231	571,371	37,143	3,003

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

Alexandria Township ..	1,045	1,093	48	.....
Bethlehem Township ..	980	975	.....	5
Bloomsbury Borough ..	600	630	30	.....
Clinton Township	2,108	2,157	49	.....
Town of Clinton	836	841	5	.....
Delaware Township ...	1,740	1,941	201	.....
East Amwell Township,	1,203	1,251	48	.....
Flemington Borough* ..	.....	2,635	2,635	.....
Franklin Township	1,099	1,141	42	.....
Frenchtown Borough ..	984	983	.....	1
Hampton Borough	914	843	.....	71
High Bridge Borough..	1,545	1,700	155	.....
Holland Township	1,699	975	.....	724
Kingwood Township ..	1,265	1,241	.....	24
Lambertville City	4,657	4,600	.....	57
1st Ward....	1,400			
2d Ward....	1,162			
3d Ward....	2,038			
Lebanon Township	2,179	2,211	32	.....
Milford Borough† .....	.....	687	687	.....
Raritan Township	4,003	1,896	.....	2,107
Readington Township ..	2,569	2,648	79	.....

* Set off from Raritan Township.

† Set off from Holland Township.

STATE CENSUS.

141

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Stockton Borough	605	613	8	....
Tewksbury Township ..	1,742	1,734	.....	8
Union Township	930	1,054	124	....
West Amwell Township,	866	848	.....	18
Net increase, 1,128.	33,569	34,697	4,011	3,015

MERCER COUNTY.

East Windsor Township,	941	839	.....	102
Ewing Township	1,889	3,261	1,372	....
Hamilton Township ...	7,899	11,143	3,244	....
Hopewell Borough	1,073	1,341	268	....
Hopewell Township ...	3,171	3,430	259	....
Hightstown Borough ..	1,879	2,592	713	....
Lawrence Township ...	2,522	3,339	817	....
Pennington Borough ...	722	944	222	....
Princeton Borough	5,136	5,678	542	....
Princeton Township ...	1,178	1,414	236	....
Trenton City	96,815	103,190	6,375	....
1st Ward....	4,917			
2d Ward....	4,940			
3d Ward....	5,433			
4th Ward....	9,989			
5th Ward....	10,786			
6th Ward....	3,782			
7th Ward....	4,449			
8th Ward....	7,040			
9th Ward....	8,130			
10th Ward...	9,634			
11th Ward...	14,372			
12th Ward...	7,401			
13th Ward...	7,513			
14th Ward...	4,804			
Washington Township ..	1,090	1,215	125	....
West Windsor Town- ship	1,342	1,426	84	....
Net increase, 14,155.	125,657	139,812	14,257	102

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Cranbury Township ...	1,424	1,533	109	....
Dunellen Borough ...	1,990	2,877	887	....
East Brunswick Town- ship	1,602	1,865	263	....
Helmetta Borough	661	767	106	....
Highland Park Borough,	1,517	2,901	1,384	....
Jamesburg Borough ...	2,075	1,865	.....	210
Madison Township	1,621	2,123	502	....
Metuchen Borough	2,138	2,692	554	....
Middlesex Borough* ...	.....	1,310	1,310	....
Milltown Borough	1,584	1,902	318	....
Monroe Township	1,723	2,581	858	....
New Brunswick	23,388	30,019	6,631	....

* Set off from Piscataway Township.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
North Brunswick Town- ship	990	1,247	257	....
Perth Amboy City	32,121	39,719	7,598	....
Piscataway Township ..	3,523	3,624	101	....
Raritan Township	2,707	3,412	705	....
Roosevelt Borough	5,786	8,049	2,263	....
Sayreville Township ...	5,783	6,312	529	....
South Amboy	7,007	7,482	475	....
South Brunswick Town- ship	2,443	2,929	486	....
South River Borough..	4,772	6,691	1,919	....
Spottswood Borough ...	623	683	60	....
Woodbridge Township..	8,948	12,133	3,185	....
Net increase, 30,290.	114,426	144,716	30,710	210

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

Allenhurst Borough ...	306	203	.....	103
Allentown Borough	634	642	8	....
Asbury Park City	10,150	10,910	760	....
Atlantic Township	1,205	1,200	.....	5
Atlantic Highlands Bor- ough	1,645	1,771	126	....
Avon Borough	426	707	281	....
Belmar Borough	1,433	2,553	1,120	....
Bradley Beach Borough,	1,807	2,236	429	....
Deal Borough	273	227	.....	46
Eatontown Township ..	2,076	2,164	88	....
Englishtown Borough ..	468	605	137	....
Fair Haven Borough*..	.....	1,490	1,490	....
Farmingdale Borough ..	416	483	67	....
Freehold Town	3,233	3,622	389	....
Freehold Township	2,329	2,338	9	....
Highlands Borough	1,386	1,759	373	....
Holmdel Township	1,058	1,315	257	....
Howell Township	2,703	2,931	228	....
Keyport Borough	3,554	4,019	465	....
Long Branch City	13,298	14,565	1,267	....
Manalapan Township ..	1,375	1,467	92	....
Manasquan Borough ...	1,582	1,817	235	....
Matawan Borough	1,646	1,771	125	....
Matawan Township	1,472	1,833	361	....
Marlboro Township	1,754	1,842	88	....
Middletown Township..	6,653	7,795	1,142	....
Millstone Township ...	1,461	1,255	.....	206
Monmouth Beach Bor- ough	485	652	167	....
Neptune City Borough..	488	614	126	....
Neptune Township	5,551	6,774	1,223	....
Ocean Township	1,377	1,405	28	....
Raritan Township	1,583	1,955	372	....
Red Bank Borough....	7,398	8,631	1,233	....
Rumson Borough	1,449	1,583	134	....
Sea Bright Borough ...	1,220	1,327	107	....
Shrewsbury Township..	3,238	2,315	.....	923

* Set off from Shrewsbury Township.

STATE CENSUS.

143

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Spring Lake Borough ..	853	1,393	540	....
Upper Freehold Town-ship	2,053	2,064	11	....
Wall Township	3,817	4,338	521	....
West Long Branch Bor-ough	879	1,065	186	....
Net increase, 12,902.	94,734	107,636	14,185	1,283

MORRIS COUNTY.

Boonton Town	4,930	5,207	277	....
Boonton Township	428	527	99	....
Butler Borough	2,265	2,534	269	....
Chatham Township	812	818	6	....
Chatham Borough	1,874	2,207	333	....
Chester Township	1,251	1,357	106	....
Denville Township* ....	.....	1,012	1,012	....
Dover Town	7,468	8,971	1,503	....
Florham Park Borough,	558	970	412	....
Hanover Township	6,228	8,121	1,893	....
Jefferson Township	1,303	1,186	.....	117
Madison Borough	4,658	5,628	970	....
Mendham Borough	1,129	1,248	119	....
Mendham Township	792	845	53	....
Montville Township	1,944	1,719	.....	225
Morris Township	3,161	3,034	.....	127
Morristown Town	12,507	13,006	499	....
Mount Arlington Bor-ough	277	397	120	....
Mount Olive Township.	1,160	1,084	.....	76
Netcong Borough	1,532	1,680	148	....
Passaic Township	2,165	2,457	292	....
Pequannock Township..	1,921	2,313	392	....
Randolph Township ...	2,307	2,545	238	....
Rockaway Borough	1,902	2,224	322	....
Rockaway Township ...	4,835	3,264	.....	1,571
Roxbury Township	2,414	2,514	100	....
Washington Township..	1,900	2,055	155	....
Wharton Borough	2,983	2,591	.....	392
Net increase, 6,810.	74,704	81,514	9,318	2,508

OCEAN COUNTY.

Barneget City Borough,	70	77	7	....
Bay Head Borough....	281	492	211	....
Beach Haven Borough..	272	434	162	....
Berkeley Township	597	900	303	....
Brick Township	2,177	2,308	131	....
Dover Township	2,452	2,676	224	....
Eagleswood Township..	550	525	.....	25
Harvey Cedars Borough,	33	47	14	....
Island Heights Borough,	313	368	55	....
Jackson Township	1,325	1,465	140	....

* Set off from Rockaway Township.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Lacey Township	602	678	76	....
Lakewood Township ...	5,149	4,662	.....	487
Lavalette Borough	42	174	132	....
Little Egg Harbor Township	388	474	86	....
Long Beach Township..	107	105	.....	2
Manchester Township..	1,112	998	.....	114
Mantoloking Borough*..	.....	50	50	....
Ocean Township	397	374	.....	23
Plumsted Township ...	1,123	1,186	63	....
Point Pleasant Beach Borough	1,003	1,204	201	....
Seaside Heights Bor- ough† .....	.....	252	252	....
Seaside Park Borough..	101	275	174	....
Stafford Township	934	933	.....	1
Surf City Borough	40	44	4	....
Tuckerton Borough ...	1,268	1,312	44	....
Union Township	982	998	16	....
Net increase, 1,693.	21,318	23,011	2,345	652

PASSAIC COUNTY.

Acquackanonk Town- ship	11,869	20,822	8,953	....
Haledon Borough	2,560	2,890	330	....
Hawthorne Borough ...	3,400	3,999	599	....
Little Falls Township..	3,750	2,928	.....	822
North Haledon Borough,	749	834	85	....
Passaic City	54,773	61,225	6,452	....
Paterson City	125,600	124,815	.....	785
1st Ward....	13,504			
2d Ward....	17,613			
3d Ward....	14,028			
4th Ward....	17,248			
5th Ward....	7,685			
6th Ward....	3,438			
7th Ward....	7,202			
8th Ward....	8,029			
9th Ward....	12,028			
10th Ward...	11,358			
11th Ward...	12,682			
Pompton Township	4,044	6,068	2,024	....
Pompton Lakes Bor- ough	1,060	1,400	340	....
Prospect Park Borough,	2,719	3,853	1,134	....
Totowa Borough	1,130	1,493	363	....
Wayne Township	2,281	2,625	344	....
West Milford Township,	1,967	1,877	.....	90
West Paterson Bor- ough‡ .....	.....	1,535	1,535	....
Net increase, 20,462.	215,902	236,364	22,159	1,697

* Set off from Brick Township.

† Set off from Dover and Berkeley Townships.

‡ Set off from Little Falls Township.

SALEM COUNTY.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Alloway Township	1,533	1,500	.....	33
Elmer Borough	1,167	1,143	.....	24
Elsinboro Township	419	432	13	....
Lower Alloways Creek Township	1,252	1,289	37	....
Lower Penns Neck Township	1,544	1,605	61	....
Mannington Township..	1,606	1,653	47	....
Oldmans Township	1,364	1,324	.....	40
Pennsgrove Borough ..	2,118	4,412	2,294	....
Pilesgrove Township ..	1,786	1,763	.....	23
Pittsgrove Township ..	2,394	2,169	.....	225
Quinton Township	1,091	999	.....	92
Salem City	6,614	6,953	339	....
Upper Penns Neck Township	744	1,559	815	....
Upper Pittsgrove Town-ship	1,754	1,984	230	....
Woodstown Borough ..	1,613	1,507	.....	106
Net increase, 3,293.	26,999	30,292	3,836	543

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Bedminster Township...	2,375	1,342	.....	1,033
Bernards Township ...	4,608	5,057	449	....
Bound Brook Borough..	3,970	5,152	1,182	....
Branchburgh Township,	970	1,034	64	....
Bridgewater Township..	1,742	2,039	297	....
Franklin Township* ...	2,305	3,090	339	....
Hillsborough Township,	2,313	3,183	870	....
Millstone Borough	157	154	.....	3
Montgomery Township..	1,637	1,961	324	....
North Plainfield Bor-ough	6,117	6,037	.....	80
North Plainfield Town-ship	886	985	99	....
Peapack (Gladstone) Borough† .....	.....	1,346	1,346	....
Raritan Town	3,672	4,028	356	....
Rocky Hill Borough....	502	470	.....	32
Somerville Borough ...	5,060	6,038	978	....
South Bound Brook Bor-ough	1,024	1,108	84	....
Warren Township	1,036	1,099	63	....
Net increase, 5,303.	38,820	44,123	6,451	1,148

* East Millstone Town. population 1910 of 356 is included in Franklin Township.

† Set off from Township of Bedminster.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Andover Borough	884	479	.....	405
Andover Township	521	504	.....	17
Branchville Borough ..	663	620	.....	43
Byram Township	1,055	437	.....	618
Frankford Township ...	1,004	1,096	92	....
Franklin Borough* .....	.....	3,262	3,262	....
Fredon Township	457	448	.....	9
Green Township	888	504	.....	384
Hampton Township	671	700	29	....
Hardyston Township ..	5,210	2,030	.....	3,180
Hopatcong Borough ...	146	234	88	....
Lafayette Township ...	683	687	4	....
Montague Township ...	621	630	9	....
Newton Town	4,467	4,433	.....	34
Ogdensburg Borough† ..	.....	600	600	....
Sandyston Township ..	855	796	.....	59
Sparta Township	1,579	1,170	.....	409
Stanhope Borough	1,031	1,028	.....	3
Stillwater Township ...	796	891	95	....
Sussex Borough	1,212	1,251	39	....
Vernon Township	1,675	1,604	.....	71
Walpack Township	286	304	18	....
Wantage Township	2,077	2,269	192	....
Net decrease, 804.	26,781	25,977	4,428	5,232

UNION COUNTY.

Clark Township	469	541	72	....
Cranford Township ...	3,641	4,967	1,326	....
Elizabeth City	73,409	82,036	8,627	....
1st Ward....	7,764			
2d Ward....	6,759			
3d Ward....	7,921			
4th Ward....	5,658			
5th Ward....	6,257			
6th Ward....	8,103			
7th Ward....	8,309			
8th Ward....	8,603			
9th Ward....	4,427			
10th Ward...	6,394			
11th Ward...	5,764			
12th Ward...	6,077			
Fanwood Borough	471	699	228	....
Fanwood Township	1,616	1,970	354	....
Garwood Borough	1,118	1,642	524	....
Hillside Township‡ .....	.....	2,773	2,773	....
Kenilworth Borough ...	779	997	218	....
Linden Borough	610	1,150	540	....
Linden Township	1,988	3,826	1,838	....
Mountainside Borough..	362	421	59	....

* Set off from Hardyston Township.

† Set off from Township of Sparta.

‡ Set off from Union Township.

STATE CENSUS.

147

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
New Providence Bor- ough	873	1,132	259	....
New Providence Town- ship	526	847	321	....
Plainfield City	20,550	24,516	3,966	....
Rahway City	9,337	9,586	249	....
Roselle Borough	2,725	3,823	1,098	....
Roselle Park Borough..	3,138	4,327	1,189	....
Springfield Township ..	1,246	1,619	373	....
Summit City	7,500	9,136	1,636	....
Union Township	3,419	3,167	....	252
Westfield Town	6,420	8,147	1,727	....
Net increase, 27,125.	140,197	167,322	27,337	252.

WARREN COUNTY.

Allamuchy Township ..	642	666	24	....
Alpha Borough* .....	.....	2,084	2,084	....
Belvidere Town	1,764	1,823	59	....
Blairstown Township ..	1,718	1,447	....	271
Franklin Township	1,585	1,310	....	275
Frelinghuysen Township,	1,074	788	....	286
Greenwich Township ..	904	1,014	110	....
Hackettstown Town ...	2,715	2,976	261	....
Hardwick Township ...	405	369	....	36
Harmony Township ...	1,490	1,465	....	25
Hope Township	1,119	1,074	....	45
Independence Township,	867	1,151	284	....
Knowlton Township ...	1,556	1,192	....	364
Lopatcong Township ..	766	938	172	....
Mansfield Township ...	1,238	1,217	....	21
Oxford Township	3,444	1,975	....	1,469
Pahaquarry Township..	205	196	....	9
Phillipsburg Town	13,903	15,430	1,527	....
Pohatcong Township ..	3,202	1,634	....	1,568
Washington Borough ..	3,567	3,250	....	317
Washington Township..	1,023	1,078	55	....
White Township† .....	.....	1,237	1,237	....
Net increase, 1,127.	43,187	44,314	5,813	4,686

* Set off from Pohatcong Township.

† Set off from Oxford Township.

Population of Incorporated Places, 1915, 1910, 1900.

	1915.	1910.	1900.
Absecon City	870	781	530
Allendale Borough	1,121	937	694
Allenhurst Borough	203	306	165
Allentown Borough	642	634	695
Alpha Borough	2,084	....	....
Alpine Borough	533	377	....
Andover Borough	479	884	....
Angelsea Borough* .....	....	833	161
Asbury Park City	10,910	10,150	4,148
Atlantic City	51,667	46,150	27,838
Atlantic Highlands Borough....	1,771	1,645	1,383
Audubon Borough	3,009	1,343	....
Avalon Borough	323	230	93
Avon Borough	707	426	....
Barneget City Borough	77	70	....
Bay Head Borough	492	281	247
Bayonne City	64,461	55,545	32,722
Beach Haven Borough	434	272	239
Belleville Town	11,996	9,891	5,907
Belmar	2,553	1,433	902
Belvidere Town	1,823	1,764	1,784
Bergenfield Borough	2,924	1,991	729
Beverly City	2,450	2,140	1,950
Bloomfield Town	17,306	15,070	9,668
Bloomsbury Borough	630	600	....
Bogota Borough	2,341	1,125	337
Boonton Town	5,207	4,930	3,901
Bordentown City	4,095	4,250	4,116
Bound Brook Borough	5,152	3,970	2,622
Bradley Beach Borough	2,236	1,807	982
Branchville Borough	620	663	526
Bridgeton City	13,611	14,209	13,913
Brigantine City .....	....	67	99
Burlington City	9,044	8,336	7,392
Butler Borough	2,534	2,265	....
Caldwell Borough	3,409	2,236	1,367
Camden City	102,215	94,538	75,935
Cape May City	2,513	2,471	2,257
Cape May Point Borough	170	162	153
Carlstadt Borough	4,137	3,807	2,574
Chatham Borough	2,207	1,874	1,361
Chester Borough	1,735	1,483	....
Chesilhurst Borough	314	246	283
Clayton Borough	1,729	1,926	1,951
Cliffside Park Borough	4,778	3,394	968
Clinton Borough	841	836	816
Closter Borough .....	....	1,483	....
Collingswood Borough	6,600	4,795	1,633
Cresskill Borough	922	550	486
Deal Borough	227	273	70
Delford Borough	1,244	1,005	746
Demarest Borough	588	560	....
Dover Town	8,971	7,468	5,938
Dumont Borough	2,278	1,783	643

* Now North Wildwood.

	1915.	1910.	1900.
Dunellen Borough	2,877	1,990	1,239
East Atlantic City*	20	67	99
East Millstone Town .....	....	356	447
East Newark Borough	2,873	3,163	2,500
East Orange City	40,961	34,371	21,506
East Rutherford Borough	4,576	4,275	2,640
Edgewater Borough	3,150	2,655	1,006
Egg Harbor City	2,416	2,180	1,808
Elizabeth City	82,036	73,409	52,130
Elmer Borough	1,143	1,167	1,140
Emerson Borough	906	767	....
Englewood City	11,071	9,924	6,253
Englewood Cliffs Borough	532	410	218
Englishtown Borough	605	468	410
Essex Fells Borough	538	442	....
Fair Haven Borough	1,490	....	....
Fairview Borough	4,016	2,441	1,003
Fanwood Borough	699	471	399
Farmingdale Borough	483	416	....
Fieldsboro Borough	510	480	459
Flemington Borough	2,635	....	....
Florham Park Borough	970	558	752
Folsom Borough	266	232	....
Fort Lee Borough	5,288	4,472	....
Franklin Borough	3,262	....	....
Freehold Town	3,622	3,233	2,934
Frenchtown Borough	983	984	1,020
Garfield Borough	15,455	10,213	3,504
Garwood Borough	1,642	1,118	....
Glen Ridge Borough	4,153	3,260	1,960
Glen Rock Borough	1,689	1,055	613
Gloucester City	10,554	9,462	6,840
Guttenberg Town	6,322	5,647	3,825
Hackensack Town	15,856	14,050	9,443
Hackettstown Town	2,976	2,715	2,474
Haddon Heights Borough	2,297	1,452	....
Haddonfield Borough	5,077	4,142	2,776
Haledon Borough	2,890	2,560	....
Hammononton Town	5,896	5,088	3,481
Hampton Borough	843	914	998
Harrington Park Borough	551	377	....
Harrison Town	14,520	14,498	10,596
Harvey Cedars Borough	47	33	39
Hasbrouck Heights Borough	2,424	2,155	1,255
Haworth Borough	733	588	....
Hawthorne Borough	3,999	3,400	2,096
Helmetta Borough	767	661	447
High Bridge Borough	1,700	1,545	1,377
Highland Park Borough	2,901	1,517	....
Highlands Borough	1,759	1,386	1,228
Hightstown Borough	2,592	1,879	1,749
Hoboken City	67,611	70,324	59,364
Hohokus Borough	561	488	....
Hopatcong Borough	234	146	75
Hopewell Borough	1,341	1,073	980
Irvington Town	20,342	11,877	5,225
Island Heights Borough	368	313	316
Jamesburg Borough	1,865	2,075	1,063

* Name changed from Brigantine City.

	1915.	1910.	1900.
Jersey City	270,903	267,779	206,443
Kearney Town	22,150	18,659	10,896
Kenilworth Borough	997	779	.....
Keyport Borough	4,019	3,554	3,413
Lambertville City	4,600	4,657	4,637
Laurel Springs Borough	791	.....	.....
Lavalette Borough	174	42	21
Leonia Borough	2,132	1,486	804
Linden Borough	1,150	610	402
Linwood Borough	610	602	495
Little Ferry Borough	2,729	2,541	1,240
Lodi Borough	6,379	4,138	1,917
Long Branch City	14,565	13,298	8,872
Longport Borough	143	118	80
Madison Borough	5,628	4,658	3,754
Magnolia Borough	977	.....	.....
Manasquan Borough	1,817	1,582	1,500
Manteloking Borough	50	.....	.....
Margate City	291	129	69
Matawan Borough	1,771	1,646	1,511
Maywood Borough	1,309	889	536
Mendham Borough	1,248	1,129	.....
Merchantville Borough	2,242	1,996	1,608
Metuchen Borough	2,692	2,138	1,786
Middlesex Borough	1,310	.....	.....
Midland Park Borough	2,130	2,001	1,348
Millstone Borough	154	157	200
Milford Borough	687	.....	.....
Milltown Borough	1,902	1,584	561
Millville City	13,307	12,451	10,583
Monmouth Beach Borough	652	485	.....
Montclair Town	25,029	21,550	13,962
Montvale Borough	728	522	416
Moonachie Borough	993	638	.....
Morristown Town	13,006	12,507	11,267
Mountainside Borough	421	362	367
Mount Arlington Borough	397	277	275
National Park Borough	529	325	.....
Neptune City Borough	614	488	1,009
Netcong Borough	1,680	1,532	941
Newark City	366,721	347,469	246,070
New Brunswick City	30,019	23,388	20,006
New Providence Borough	1,132	873	565
Newton Town	4,433	4,467	4,376
North Arlington Borough	1,079	437	290
North Caldwell Borough	664	595	297
Northfield City	968	866	.....
North Haledon Borough	834	749	.....
North Plainfield Borough	6,037	6,117	5,009
North Wildwood Borough	1,088	833	.....
Norwood Borough	680	564	.....
Nutley Town	7,987	6,009	3,682
Oakland Borough	628	568	.....
Oaklyn Borough	793	653	.....
Ocean City	3,721	1,950	1,307
Ogdensburg Borough	600	.....	.....
Old Tappan Borough	323	305	269
Orange City	29,805	29,630	24,141
Palisades Park Borough	2,264	1,411	644
Park Ridge Borough	1,643	1,401	870

STATE CENSUS.

151

	1915.	1910.	1900.
Passaic City	61,225	54,773	27,777
Paterson City	124,815	125,600	105,171
Paulsboro Borough	2,876	2,121	....
Peapack (Gladstone) Borough ..	1,346	....	....
Pemberton Borough	793	797	771
Pennington Borough	944	722	733
Pennsgrove Borough	4,412	2,118	1,826
Perth Amboy City	39,719	32,121	17,699
Phillipsburg Town	15,430	13,903	10,052
Pitman Borough	2,577	1,950	....
Plainfield City	24,516	20,550	15,369
Pleasantville City	4,663	4,390	2,182
Point Pleasant Beach Borough..	1,204	1,003	46
Pompton Lakes Borough	1,400	1,060	847
Port Republic City	422	405	....
Princeton Borough	5,678	5,136	3,899
Prospect Park Borough	3,853	2,719	....
Rahway City	9,586	9,337	7,935
Ramsey Borough	1,973	1,667	....
Raritan Town	4,028	3,672	3,244
Red Bank Borough	8,631	7,398	5,428
Ridgefield Borough	1,187	966	584
Riverside Borough	949	736	561
Riverton Borough	2,141	1,788	1,332
Rockaway Borough	2,224	1,902	1,483
Rocky Hill Borough.....	470	502	354
Roosevelt Borough	8,049	5,786	....
Roseland Borough	593	486	....
Roselle Borough	3,823	2,725	1,652
Roselle Park Borough	4,327	3,138	....
Rumson Borough	1,583	1,449	....
Rutherford Borough	8,347	7,045	4,411
Saddle River Borough	555	483	415
Salem City	6,953	6,614	5,811
Seabright Borough	1,327	1,220	1,198
Sea Isle City	955	551	340
Seaside Heights Borough	252	....	....
Seaside Park Borough	275	101	73
Secaucus Borough	4,906	4,740	1,626
Somers Point City	790	604	308
Somerville Borough	6,038	5,060	4,843
South Amboy City	7,482	7,007	6,349
South Bound Brook Borough....	1,108	1,024	883
South Cape May Borough	19	7	14
South Orange Village	5,866	6,014	4,608
South River Borough	6,691	4,772	2,792
Spottswood Borough	683	623	....
Spring Lake Borough	1,393	853	526
Stanhope Borough	1,028	1,031	....
Stockton Borough	613	605	590
Stone Harbor Borough.....	459	....	....
Summit City	9,136	7,500	5,302
Surf City Borough	44	40	9
Sussex Borough	1,251	1,212	1,306
Swedesboro Borough	1,738	1,477	....
Tenafly Borough	2,999	2,756	1,746
Totowa Borough	1,493	1,130	562
Trenton City	103,190	96,815	73,307
Tuckerton Borough	1,312	1,268	....
Union Town	21,739	21,023	15,187

	1915.	1910.	1900.
Upper Saddle River Borough....	364	273	326
Ventnor City	1,676	491	....
Verona Borough	2,643	1,675	....
Vineland Borough	6,531	5,282	4,370
Wallington Borough	4,071	3,448	1,812
Washington Borough	3,250	3,567	3,580
Wenonah Borough	821	645	498
West Caldwell Borough	690	494	....
West Cape May Borough	1,068	844	696
Westfield Town	8,147	6,420	....
West Hoboken Town	38,776	35,403	23,094
West Long Branch Borough	1,065	879	....
West New York Town.....	22,943	13,560	5,267
West Orange Town	13,610	10,980	6,889
West Paterson Borough	1,535	....	....
Westville Borough	2,036	....	....
Westwood Borough	2,217	1,870	828
Wharton Borough	2,591	2,983	2,069
Wildwood City*	3,858	898	150
Wildwood Crest Borough	317	103	....
Woodbine Borough	1,869	2,399	....
Woodbury City	5,288	4,642	4,087
Woodbury Heights Borough	339	....	....
Woodcliff Lake Borough	522	470	329
Wood Ridge Borough.....	1,500	1,043	582
Woodlyne Borough	878	500	....
Woodstown Borough	1,507	1,613	1,371

* Wildwood City was formerly Wildwood Borough and Holly Beach Borough.

POPULATION BY COUNTIES, SINCE 1790.

	1790.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.
Atlantic .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8726
Bergen	12601	15156	16603	18178	22414	13190
Burlington	18095	21521	24979	28822	31107	32809
Camden .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cape May.....	2571	3066	3632	4265	4945	5324
Cumberland	8248	9529	12670	12668	14091	14322
Essex	17785	22269	25894	30793	41928	44512
Gloucester	13363	16115	19744	23089	28431	25509
Hudson .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9451
Hunterdon	20253	21261	24553	28604	31066	24661
Mercer .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21498
Middlesex	15956	17890	20381	21470	23157	21873
Monmouth	16918	19872	22150	25038	29233	32912
Morris	16216	17750	21828	21368	23580	25777
Ocean .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Passaic .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16704
Salem	10437	11371	12761	14022	14155	16012
Somerset	12296	12815	14723	16506	17689	17457
Sussex	19500	22534	25549	32752	20349	27773
Union .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warren .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	18634	20342
Total	184239	211149	245562	277575	320779	372859
	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.
Atlantic	8964	11835	14163	18704	28836	46402
Bergen	14708	21618	31033	36786	47226	78441
Burlington ...	43204	49370	53774	55402	58528	58241
Camden	25569	34457	46206	62942	87687	107643
Cape May.....	6432	7130	8529	9768	11268	13201
Cumberland ..	17003	22605	34688	37687	45438	51193
Essex	73995	98875	143907	189929	256698	359053
Gloucester ...	14653	18444	21272	25886	28649	31905
Hudson	21874	62717	129288	187994	275126	386048
Hunterdon ...	29064	33654	36961	38570	35355	34507
Mercer	27991	37411	46470	58061	79978	95365
Middlesex ...	28671	34810	45057	52286	61754	79762
Monmouth ...	30234	39345	46316	55538	69128	82057
Morris	30173	34679	43161	50861	54101	65156
Ocean	10043	11176	12658	14455	15974	19747
Passaic	22577	29013	46468	68860	105046	155202
Salem	19500	22453	23951	24579	25151	25530
Somerset	19668	22057	23514	27162	28311	32948
Sussex	22990	23845	23168	23539	22259	24134
Union .....	.....	27780	41891	55571	72467	99353
Warren	22390	28834	34419	36589	36553	37781
Total	489703	672073	907149	1131116	1444933	1883669
	1905.					
Atlantic	59862					
Bergen	100003					
Burlington ...	62042					
Camden	121555					
Cape May.....	17390					
Cumberland ..	52110					
Essex	409928					
Gloucester ...	34477					
Hudson	449879					
Hunterdon ...	33258					
Mercer	110516					
Middlesex ...	97036					
Monmouth ...	87319					
Morris	67934					
Ocean	20880					
Passaic	175858					
Salem	26278					
Somerset	36270					
Sussex	23325					
Union	117211					
Warren	40403					
Total	2144134					

For 1910 population see next page.

Population by Counties, Since 1890.

	1910.	1900.	1890.
Atlantic	71,894	46,402	28,836
Bergen	138,002	78,441	47,226
Burlington	66,565	58,241	58,528
Camden	142,029	107,643	87,687
Cape May	19,745	13,201	11,268
Cumberland	55,153	51,193	45,438
Essex	512,886	359,053	256,098
Gloucester	37,368	31,905	28,649
Hudson	537,231	386,048	275,126
Hunterdon	33,569	34,507	35,355
Mercer	125,657	95,365	79,978
Middlesex	114,426	79,762	61,754
Monmouth	94,734	82,057	69,128
Morris	74,704	65,156	54,101
Ocean	21,318	19,747	15,974
Passaic	215,902	155,202	105,046
Salem	26,999	25,530	25,151
Somerset	38,820	32,948	28,311
Sussex	26,781	24,134	22,259
Union	140,197	99,353	72,467
Warren	43,187	37,781	36,553
The State.....	2,537,167	1,883,669	1,444,933

STATE OF NEW JERSEY, POPULATION BY COUNTIES.

	1910.	1915.	In-crease.	De-crease.
Atlantic	71,894	82,840	10,946	....
Bergen	138,002	178,596	40,594	....
Burlington	66,565	74,737	8,172	....
Camden	142,029	163,221	21,192	....
Cape May	19,745	24,407	4,662	....
Cumberland	55,153	59,481	4,328	....
Essex	512,886	566,324	53,438	....
Gloucester	37,368	43,587	6,219	....
Hudson	537,231	571,371	34,140	....
Hunterdon	33,569	34,697	1,128	....
Mercer	125,657	139,812	14,155	....
Middlesex	114,426	144,716	30,290	....
Monmouth	94,734	107,636	12,902	....
Morris	74,704	81,514	6,810	....
Ocean	21,318	23,011	1,693	....
Passaic	215,902	236,364	20,462	....
Salem	26,999	30,292	3,293	....
Somerset	38,820	44,123	5,303	....
Sussex	26,781	25,977	.....	804
Union	140,197	167,322	27,125	....
Warren	43,187	44,314	1,127	....
	2,537,167	2,844,342	307,175	....

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES—1910.

STATES.	1910.	1900.	Increase.	P.C.
The U. S. (exclusive of Philippines)	93,402,151	77,256,630	16,145,521	20.9
Continental U. S.....	91,972,266	75,994,575	15,977,691	21.0
Alabama	2,138,093	1,828,697	309,396	16.9
Arizona	204,354	122,931	81,423	66.2
Arkansas	1,574,449	1,311,564	262,885	20.0
California	2,377,549	1,485,053	892,496	60.1
Colorado	799,024	539,700	259,324	48.0
Connecticut	1,114,756	908,420	206,336	22.7
Delaware	202,322	184,735	17,587	9.5
District of Columbia	331,069	278,718	52,351	18.8
Florida	751,139	528,542	222,597	42.4
Georgia	2,609,121	2,216,331	392,790	17.7
Idaho	325,594	161,772	163,822	101.3
Illinois	5,638,591	4,821,550	817,041	16.9
Indiana	2,700,876	2,516,462	184,414	7.3
Iowa	2,224,771	2,231,853	*7,082	*0.3
Kansas	1,690,949	1,470,495	220,454	15.0
Kentucky	2,289,905	2,147,174	142,731	6.6
Louisiana	1,656,388	1,381,625	274,763	19.9
Maine	742,371	694,466	47,905	6.9
Maryland	1,295,346	1,188,044	106,356	9.0
Massachusetts	3,366,416	2,805,346	561,070	20.0
Michigan	2,810,173	2,420,982	389,191	16.1
Minnesota	2,075,708	1,751,394	324,314	18.5
Mississippi	1,797,114	1,551,270	245,844	16.0
Missouri	3,293,335	3,106,665	186,670	6.0
Montana	376,053	243,329	132,724	54.5
Nebraska	1,192,214	1,066,300	125,914	11.8
Nevada	81,875	42,335	39,540	93.4
New Hampshire	430,572	411,588	18,984	4.6
New Jersey	2,537,179	1,883,669	653,510	34.7
New Mexico	327,301	195,310	131,991	67.5
New York	9,113,279	7,268,894	1,844,385	25.4
North Carolina	2,206,287	1,893,810	3,124,477	16.5
North Dakota	577,056	319,146	257,910	80.8
Ohio	4,767,121	4,157,545	609,576	14.7
Oklahoma	1,657,155	790,391	866,764	109.7
Oregon	672,765	413,536	259,229	62.7
Pennsylvania	7,665,111	6,302,115	1,362,996	21.6
Rhode Island	542,610	428,556	114,054	26.6
South Carolina	1,515,400	1,340,316	175,084	13.1
South Dakota	583,888	401,570	182,318	45.4
Tennessee	2,184,789	2,020,616	164,173	8.1
Texas	3,896,542	3,048,710	847,832	27.8
Utah	373,351	276,749	96,602	34.9
Vermont	355,956	343,641	12,315	3.6
Virginia	2,061,612	1,854,184	207,428	11.2
Washington	1,141,990	518,103	623,887	120.4
West Virginia	1,221,119	958,800	262,319	27.4
Wisconsin	2,333,860	2,069,042	264,818	12.7
Wyoming	154,145	92,531	61,614	57.7
Alaska	64,356	63,592	...	...
Hawaii	191,909	154,001	37,908	...
Porto Rico	1,118,012	953,243	...	...
Military and Naval .....	...	91,219	...	...

* Decrease.

CITIES OF OVER 100,000 POPULATION.

Cities.	Population.		P. O. of increase.
	1910.	1900.	
Albany, N. Y.	100,253	94,151	6.5
Atlanta, Ga.	154,839	89,872	72.3
Baltimore, Md.	558,485	508,957	9.7
Birmingham, Ala.	132,685	38,415	245.4
Boston, Mass.	670,585	560,892	19.6
Bridgeport, Conn.	102,054	70,996	43.7
Buffalo, N. Y.	423,715	352,387	20.2
Cambridge, Mass.	104,839	91,886	14.1
Chicago, Ill.	2,185,283	1,698,575	28.7
Cincinnati, Ohio	364,463	325,902	11.8
Cleveland, Ohio	560,663	381,768	46.9
Columbus, Ohio	181,548	125,560	44.6
Dayton, Ohio	116,577	85,333	36.6
Denver, Col.	213,381	133,859	59.4
Detroit, Mich.	465,766	285,704	63.0
Fall River, Mass.	119,295	104,863	13.8
Grand Rapids, Mich.	112,571	87,565	28.6
Indianapolis, Ind.	233,650	169,164	38.1
Jersey City, N. J.	267,779	206,433	29.7
Kansas City, Mo.	248,381	163,752	51.7
Los Angeles, Cal.	319,198	102,479	211.5
Louisville, Ky.	223,928	204,731	9.4
Lowell, Mass.	106,294	94,969	11.9
Memphis, Tenn.	131,105	102,320	28.1
Milwaukee, Wis.	373,857	285,315	31.0
Minneapolis, Minn.	301,408	202,718	48.7
Nashville, Tenn.	110,364	80,865	36.5
Newark, N. J.	347,469	246,070	41.2
New Haven, Conn.	133,605	108,027	23.7
New Orleans, La.	339,075	287,104	18.1
New York, N. Y.	4,766,883	3,437,202	38.7
Oakland, Cal.	150,174	66,960	124.3
Omaha, Neb.	124,096	102,555	21.0
Paterson, N. J.	125,600	105,171	19.4
Philadelphia, Penn.	1,549,008	1,293,697	19.7
Pittsburg, Penn.	533,905	451,512	18.2
Portland, Ore.	150,174	90,426	66.7
Providence, R. I.	224,326	175,597	27.8
Richmond, Va.	127,628	85,050	50.1
Rochester, N. Y.	218,149	162,608	34.2
St. Louis, Mo.	687,029	575,238	19.4
St. Paul, Minn.	214,744	163,065	31.7
San Francisco, Cal.	416,912	342,782	21.6
Scranton, Penn.	129,867	102,026	27.3
Seattle, Wash.	237,194	80,671	194.0
Spokane, Wash.	104,402	36,848	183.3
Syracuse, N. Y.	137,249	108,374	26.6
Toledo, Ohio	168,497	131,822	27.8
Washington, D. C.	331,069	278,718	18.8
Worcester, Mass.	145,986	118,421	23.3

CITIES OF FROM 25,000 TO 100,000 POPULATION.

Cities.	Population.		P. C. of Increase.
	1910.	1900.	
Akron, Ohio	69,067	42,728	61.6
Allentown, Pa.	51,913	35,416	46.6
Altoona, Pa.	52,127	38,973	33.8
Amsterdam, N. Y.	31,267	20,929	49.4
Atlantic City, N. J.	46,150	27,838	65.8
Auburn, N. Y.	34,668	30,345	14.2
Augusta, Ga.	41,040	39,441	4.1
Aurora, Ill.	29,807	24,147	23.4
Austin, Tex.	29,860	22,258	34.2
Battle Creek, Mich.	25,267	18,563	36.1
Bay City, Mich.	45,166	27,628	63.5
Bayonne, N. J.	55,545	32,722	69.7
Berkeley, Cal.	40,434	13,214	206.0
Binghamton, N. Y.	48,443	39,647	22.2
Bloomington, Ill.	25,768	23,286	10.7
Brockton, Mass.	56,878	40,063	42.0
Brookline, Mass.	27,792	19,935	39.4
Butte, Mont.	39,165	30,470	28.5
Camden, N. J.	94,538	75,935	24.5
Canton, Ohio	50,217	30,667	63.7
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	32,811	25,656	27.9
Charleston, S. C.	58,833	55,807	5.4
Charlotte, N. C.	34,014	18,091	88.0
Chattanooga, Tenn.	44,604	30,154	47.9
Chelsea, Mass.	32,452	34,072	*4.8
Chester, Pa.	38,537	33,988	13.4
Chilcopee, Mass.	25,401	19,167	32.5
Clinton, Iowa	25,577	22,698	12.7
Colorado Springs, Col.	29,078	21,085	37.9
Columbia, S. C.	26,319	21,108	24.7
Council Bluffs, Iowa	29,292	25,802	13.5
Covington, Ky.	53,270	42,938	24.1
Dallas, Tex.	92,104	42,638	116.0
Danville, Ill.	27,871	16,354	70.4
Davenport, Iowa	43,028	35,254	22.1
Decatur, Ill.	31,140	20,754	50.0
Des Moines, Iowa	86,368	62,139	39.0
Dubuque, Iowa	38,494	36,297	6.1
Duluth, Minn.	78,466	52,969	48.1
Easton, Pa.	28,523	25,238	13.0
East Orange, N. J.	34,371	21,506	59.8
East St. Louis, Ill.	58,547	29,655	97.4
Elgin, Ill.	25,976	22,433	15.8
Elizabeth, N. J.	73,409	52,130	40.8
Elmira, N. Y.	37,176	35,672	4.2
El Paso, Tex.	39,279	15,906	146.9
Erle, Pa.	66,525	52,733	26.2
Evansville, Ind.	69,647	59,007	18.0
Everett, Mass.	33,484	24,336	37.6
Fitchburg, Mass.	37,826	31,531	20.0
Flint, Mich.	38,550	13,103	194.2
Fort Wayne, Ind.	63,933	45,115	41.7
Fort Worth, Tex.	73,312	26,688	174.7
Galveston, Tex.	36,981	37,789	*2.1
Green Bay, Wls.	25,236	18,684	35.1
Hamilton, Ohio	35,279	23,914	47.5
Harrisburg, Pa.	64,186	50,167	27.9

* Decrease.

Cities.	Population.		P. C. of increase.
	1910.	1900.	
Hartford, Conn.....	98,915	79,850	23.9
Haverhill, Mass.	44,115	37,175	18.7
Hazleton, Pa.	25,452	14,230	78.9
Hoboken, N. J.	70,324	59,364	18.5
Holyoke, Mass.	57,730	45,712	26.3
Houston, Tex.	78,800	44,633	76.6
Huntington, W. Va.	31,161	11,923	161.4
Jackson, Mich.	31,433	25,180	24.8
Jacksonville, Fla.	57,699	28,429	103.0
Jamestown, N. Y.	31,297	22,892	36.7
Johnstown, Pa.	55,482	35,936	54.4
Joliet, Ill.	34,670	29,353	18.1
Joplin, Mo.	32,073	26,023	23.2
Kalamazoo, Mich.	39,437	24,404	61.6
Kansas City, Kan.	82,331	51,418	60.1
Kingston, N. Y.	25,908	24,535	5.6
Knoxville, Tenn.	36,346	32,637	11.4
La Crosse, Wis.	30,417	28,895	5.3
Lancaster, Pa.	47,227	41,459	13.9
Lansing, Mich.	31,229	16,485	89.4
Lawrence, Mass.	85,892	62,559	37.3
Lewiston, Me.	26,247	23,761	10.5
Lexington, Ky.	35,099	26,369	33.1
Lima, Ohio	30,508	21,723	40.4
Lincoln, Neb.	43,973	40,169	9.5
Little Rock, Ark.	45,941	38,307	19.9
Lorain, Ohio	28,833	16,028	80.2
Lynchburg, Va.	29,494	18,891	56.1
Lynn, Mass.	89,336	68,513	30.4
Macon, Ga.	40,665	23,272	74.7
McKeesport, Pa.	42,694	34,227	24.7
Madison, Wis.	25,531	19,164	33.2
Malden, Mass.	44,404	33,664	31.9
Manchester, N. H.	70,063	56,987	22.9
Meriden, Conn.	27,265	24,296	12.2
Mobile, Ala.	51,521	38,496	33.9
Montgomery, Ala.	38,136	30,346	25.7
Mount Vernon, N. Y.	30,919	21,228	45.7
Muskogee, Okla.	25,278	4,254	494.2
Nashua, N. H.	26,005	23,898	8.8
Newark, Ohio	25,404	18,157	39.9
New Bedford, Mass.	96,652	62,442	54.8
New Britain, Conn.	43,916	25,998	68.9
Newburgh, N. Y.	27,805	24,943	11.5
Newcastle, Pa.	36,280	28,339	28.0
Newport, Ky.	30,309	28,301	7.1
Newport, R. I.	27,149	22,441	21.0
New Rochelle, N. Y.	28,867	14,720	96.1
Newton, Mass.	39,806	33,587	18.5
Niagara Falls, N. Y.	30,445	19,457	56.5
Norfolk, Va.	67,452	46,624	44.7
Norristown, Pa.	27,875	22,265	25.2
Oklahoma City, Okla.	64,205	10,037	539.7
Orange, N. J.	29,630	24,141	22.7
Oshkosh, Wis.	33,062	28,284	16.9
Pasadena, Cal.	30,291	9,117	232.2
Passaic, N. J.	54,773	27,777	97.2
Pawtucket, R. I.	51,622	39,231	31.5
Peoria, Ill.	66,950	56,100	19.3
Perth Amboy, N. J.	32,121	17,699	81.5
Pittsfield, Mass.	32,121	21,766	47.6

Cities.	Population.		P. C. of increase.
	1910.	1900.	
Portland, Me.	58,571	50,145	16.8
Portsmouth, Va.	33,190	17,427	90.5
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	27,938	24,029	16.3
Pueblo, Col.	44,395	28,157	57.7
Quincy, Ill.	36,587	36,252	0.9
Quincy, Mass.	32,642	23,899	36.6
Racine, Wis.	38,002	29,102	30.6
Reading, Pa.	96,071	78,961	21.7
Roanoke, Va.	34,874	21,495	62.2
Rockford, Ill.	45,401	31,051	46.2
Sacramento, Cal.	44,696	29,282	52.6
Saginaw, Mich.	50,510	42,345	19.3
St. Joseph, Mo.	77,403	102,979	*24.8
Salem, Mass.	43,697	35,956	21.5
Salt Lake City, Utah	92,777	53,531	73.3
San Antonio, Tex.	96,614	53,321	81.2
San Diego, Cal.	39,578	17,700	123.6
San Jose, Cal.	28,946	21,500	34.6
Savannah, Ga.	65,064	54,244	19.9
Schenectady, N. Y.	72,826	31,682	129.9
Sheboygan, Wis.	26,398	22,962	15.0
Shenandoah, Pa.	25,774	20,321	26.8
Shreveport, La.	28,015	16,013	75.0
Sloux City, Iowa	47,828	33,111	44.4
Somerville, Mass.	77,236	61,643	25.3
South Bend, Ind.	53,684	35,999	49.1
South Omaha, Neb.	26,259	26,001	1.0
Springfield, Ill.	51,678	34,159	51.3
Springfield, Mass.	88,926	62,059	43.3
Springfield, Mo.	35,201	23,267	51.3
Springfield, Ohio	46,921	38,253	22.7
Stamford, Conn.	25,138	15,997	57.1
Superior, Wis.	40,384	31,091	29.9
Tacoma, Wash.	83,743	37,714	122.0
Tampa, Fla.	37,782	15,839	138.5
Taunton, Mass.	34,259	31,036	10.4
Terre Haute, Ind.	58,157	36,673	52.6
Topeka, Kan.	43,684	33,608	30.0
Trenton, N. J.	96,815	73,307	32.1
Troy, N. Y.	76,813	60,651	26.6
Utica, N. Y.	74,419	56,383	32.0
Waco, Tex.	26,425	20,686	27.7
Waltham, Mass.	27,834	23,481	18.5
Warwick, R. I.	26,629	21,316	24.9
Waterbury, Conn.	73,141	45,859	59.5
Waterloo, Iowa	26,693	12,580	112.2
Watertown, N. Y.	26,730	21,696	23.2
West Hoboken, N. J.	35,403	23,094	53.3
Wheeling, W. Va.	41,641	38,878	7.1
Wichita, Kan.	52,450	24,671	112.6
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	67,105	51,721	29.7
Williamsport, Pa.	31,860	28,757	10.8
Wilmington, Del.	87,411	76,508	14.3
Wilmington, N. C.	25,748	20,976	22.7
Woonsocket, R. I.	38,125	28,204	38.7
Yonkers, N. Y.	79,803	47,931	66.5
York, Pa.	44,750	33,708	32.8
Youngstown, Ohio	79,066	44,885	76.2
Zanesville, Ohio	28,026	23,538	19.1

* Decrease.

STATE COMMITTEES.

DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters, Trenton.

Chairman, Edward E. Grosscup, Wenonah; Vice-Chairman, Eugene F. Kinkead, Jersey City; Treasurer, Dennis F. Collins, Elizabeth; Secretary, William L. Dill, Paterson; Assistant Secretary, Laurant J. Tonnelle, Jersey City.

Atlantic—John T. French, Atlantic City.

Bergen—Dan Fellows Platt, Englewood.

Burlington—Richard P. Hughes, Florence.

Camden—Joseph E. Nowrey, Camden.

Cape May—Harry C. Wheaton, Anglesea.

Cumberland—George Hampton, Bridgeton.

Essex—James R. Nugent, Newark.

Gloucester—Edward E. Grosscup, Wenonah.

Hudson—Eugene F. Kinkead, Jersey City.

Hunterdon—George F. Martens, New Germantown.

Mercer—Joseph S. Hoff, Princeton.

Middlesex—Thomas J. Scully, South Amboy.

Monmouth—Charles F. McDonald, Englishtown.

Morris—Willard W. Cutler, Morristown.

Ocean—Alexander J. Dunn, Lakewood.

Passaic—Andrew F. McBride, Paterson.

Salem—J. Warren Davis, Pedricktown.

Somerset—Jacob Shurts, Somerville.

Sussex—Lewis S. Iiff, Newton.

Union—Dennis F. Collins, Elizabeth.

Warren—Johnston Cornish, Washington.

Executive Committee—Thomas J. Scully, James R. Nugent, J. Warren Davis, Charles F. MacDonald, Johnston Cornish, Alexander J. Dunn, Jacob Shurts.

REPUBLICAN.

Headquarters, Trenton.

Chairman, Newton A. K. Bugbee, Trenton; Vice-Chairman, Edmund W. Wakelee, Demarest; Treasurer, Benedict Prieth, Newark; Secretary, John I. Blair Reiley, Phillipsburg.

Atlantic—Albert H. Darnell, Atlantic City.

Bergen—Edmund W. Wakelee, Demarest.

Burlington—Henry P. Thorn, Medford.

Camden—David Baird, Camden.

Cape May—Charles P. Vanaman, Dias Creek.

Cumberland—Edward C. Stokes, Millville.

Essex—Henry M. Doremus, Newark.
 Gloucester—William H. Albright, Woodbury.
 Hudson—George W. Decker, Jersey City.
 Hunterdon—Ellsworth P. Baylor, Hampton.
 Mercer—Newton A. K. Bugbee, Trenton.
 Middlesex—Alfred S. March, New Brunswick.
 Monmouth—C. Asa Francis, Long Branch.
 Morris—Daniel S. Voorhees, Morristown.
 Ocean—W. Scott Jackson, Toms River.
 Passaic—George F. Wright, Paterson.
 Salem—D. Harris Smith, Salem.
 Somerset—Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerville.
 Sussex—Henry C. Hunt, Newton.
 Union—Hamilton F. Kean, Elizabeth.
 Warren—John I. Blair Reiley, Phillipsburg.
 Executive Committee—Newton A. K. Bugbee, Edmund W. Wakelee, Henry M. Doremus, Alfred S. March, George F. Wright, Hamilton Kean, David Baird, Edward C. Stokes.

PROGRESSIVE.

Headquarters, Newark.

Chairman, John A. H. Hopkins, Morristown; Vice-Chairman, Edgar A. Knapp, Elizabeth; Treasurer, A. V. Robinson, Morristown; Secretary, Clarke Millen, Morristown; Assistant Secretary, Walter F. Simpson, Newark.

Atlantic—Eli H. Chandler, Atlantic City.

Bergen—A. J. Johnson, Rutherford.

Burlington—George N. Wimer, Palmyra.

Camden—Frank B. Jess, Camden.

Cape May—William H. Bright, Wildwood.

Cumberland—Francis D. Potter, Bridgeton.

Essex—Howard S. Dodd, Newark.

Gloucester—George S. McCarthy, Woodbury.

Hudson—Adam J. Ruby, Jersey City.

Hunterdon—John H. Conover, Flemington.

Mercer—A. Crozer Reeves, Trenton.

Middlesex—Adrian Lyon, Perth Amboy.

Monmouth—C. E. F. Hetrick, Asbury Park.

Morris—John A. H. Hopkins, Morristown.

Ocean—Frank Willing Leach, Tuckerton.

Passaic—George T. Anderson, Paterson.

Salem—Frederic A. Gentieu, Pennsgrove.

Somerset—Charles C. Wheeler, Plainfield.

Sussex—A. C. Tipton, Sparta.

Union—Edgar A. Knapp, Elizabeth.

Warren—Wm. Eugene Conkling, Blairstown, R. D.

CHAIRMEN OF COUNTY COMMITTEES.

DEMOCRATIC.

Atlantic—William L. Black, Hammonton.
Bergen—Jesse Moore, Oradell.
Burlington—J. Harry Barcalow.
Camden—Samuel T. French, Camden.
Cape May—E. O. Howell, Jr., Avalon.
Cumberland—Samuel Cossaboom, Millville.
Essex—James D. Moriarty, Orange.
Gloucester—John Hobday, Woodbury.
Hudson—John J. McGovern, Jersey City.
Hunterdon—Erastus W. Sutton, Lebanon.
Mercer—Joseph S. Hoff, Princeton.
Middlesex—Thomas H. Haggerty, New Brunswick.
Monmouth—John Walter Taylor, Asbury Park.
Morris—Samuel Brant, Madison.
Ocean—Dr. E. C. Disbrow, Toms River.
Passaic—John Boylan, Paterson.
Salem—Isaac Klein, Salem.
Somerset—William J. De Mond, Somerville.
Sussex—Robert T. Johnson, Newton.
Union—Lucius T. Russell, Elizabeth.
Warren—Philip M. Miller, Phillipsburg.

REPUBLICAN.

Atlantic—Lewis O'Donnel, Hammonton.
Bergen—Randolph Perkins, Hackensack.
Burlington—Joseph L. Thomas, Cinnaminson.
Camden—Harry Reeves, Camden.
Cape May—Joseph G. Champion, Ocean City.
Cumberland—Charles P. Sharp, Vineland.
Essex—Herbert W. Taylor, Newark.
Gloucester—Francis W. Davis, Woodbury.
Hunterdon—B. Frank Barkley, Lambertville.
Hudson—Samuel W. Smith, Kearny.
Mercer—James H. Mulheron, Trenton.
Middlesex—John Pfeifer, Mauer.
Monmouth—Samuel W. Kirkbride, Asbury Park.
Morris—Edward Ehlers, Rockaway.
Ocean—Charles H. Conover, Tuckerton.
Passaic—Frederick Van Blarcom, Paterson.
Salem—D. Harris Smith, Salem.
Somerset—Edward E. Cooper, R. F. D. No. 3, Plainfield.
Sussex—Frank E. Armstrong, Sussex.
Union—William Newcorn, Plainfield.
Warren—Arthur Knowles, Phillipsburg.

PROGRESSIVE.

Atlantic—S. P. Morris, Atlantic City.
Bergen—Walter C. Zabriski, Ridgewood.
Burlington—A. L. S. Doughty, Mt. Holly.
Camden—Louis B. Le Duc, Haddonfield.
Cape May—Wm. H. Bright, Wildwood.
Cumberland—Edward H. Sithens, Millerville.
Essex—Irving K. Taylor, Orange.
Gloucester—Victor Kugler, Woodbury.
Hudson—Adam J. Ruby, Jersey City.
Hunterdon—Dr. J. H. Conover, Flemington.
Mercer—J. T. Cotton, Trenton.
Middlesex—James A. Edgar, New Brunswick.
Monmouth—Patrick H. Loftus, Asbury Park.
Morris—J. A. H. Hopkins, Morristown.
Ocean—C. M. Underhill, Lakewood, R. F. D.
Passaic—George T. Anderson, Paterson.
Salem—Frederic A. Gentieu, Pennsgrove.
Somerset—George T. Hughes, Watchung.
Sussex—Leonard Bissell, Newton.
Union—Harwood Fish, Roselle Park.
Warren—W. Eugene Conkling, Blairstown.

PARTY PLATFORMS.

DEMOCRATIC.

(Adopted at the State Convention held at Trenton, October 5th, 1915, and presided over by Governor James F. Fielder.)

We, the members of the Democratic State Convention, held October 5th, 1915, composed of delegates chosen by Democratic voters at open primaries as provided by law, hereby adopt the following preamble and platform and pledge to it the support of our candidates for Senate and General Assembly:

1. We renew our allegiance to the National Democratic Administration which, under the leadership of Woodrow Wilson, has been true to those great principles which are the bulwark of the Democratic party. The great responsibilities thrust upon the party have been accepted and met with a full realization that public office is a public trust. Avenues of fair trade have been opened, credit has been made liquid, and special privilege has been dethroned. That the party leadership has been wise, was demonstrated by the re-election of a Democratic House of Representatives at the last general election. The president's foreign policy has elicited the admiration of the entire world. With infinite patience and even-handed justice, the neutrality of this country has been maintained and we have been kept free from international entanglements. In the midst of the greatest world disturbance known to history, the administration, while strictly maintaining the rights of our citizens, has kept our country, alone among the great nations of the earth in the paths of peace and prosperity. We pledge our united support in 1916 to the work of obtaining the renomination and re-election of our president, Woodrow Wilson.

2. We condemn the Republican Legislature of last winter for its failure to keep its pledges to the people of the State of New Jersey. We indict the Republican party because while controlling both branches of the last Legislature it failed to provide for amendments to the constitution for the election of members of the Assembly by districts and for home rule for our municipalities; because it failed to enact any measure in the interest of tax reform: for its action in weakening the Geran Election law; for its bungling the Special Election law, which necessitated the calling of a special session; for its attempt to pass a bill for the abandonment of the Morris canal, which would have given to the Lehigh Valley Railroad valuable property for a grossly inadequate sum and would have committed the State to extravagant expenditures, on boulevards and parkways at a

time when the State should be endeavoring to economize because it permitted a renewal of the activities of the old-time lobby, which flourished in the days when that party held undisputed sway in the State House and made it possible for the railroad and public service representatives to be in regular attendance at every session, displaying their interest in the Godfrey Canal bill, the repeal of the Full Crew bill, the defeat of the Home Rule measure and other bills affecting the interests of their corporations; for their failure to provide any additional state revenue; for the insufficient appropriations provided for next year with which to provide for the conduct of State institutions, for the new departments created under the Economy and Efficiency laws, for the National Guard and for the State Board of Children's Guardians; because of its failure to enact laws looking to the reduction of the high cost of living and to cut down exorbitant salaries; for its failure to pass a proper agricultural bill or to provide additional Norman School facilities.

3. We point out that the Democratic party was in the minority in both branches of the last Legislature. Its representatives introduced bills to carry out its platform promises (which bills were defeated by the Republican majority for partisan ends), and they voted for every measure for the public good and aided in the defeat of all vicious legislation.

4. We especially commend the administration of Governor James F. Fielder. His fidelity to his oath of office and his conscientious devotion to the interests of the people of New Jersey, have met with general approval and are deserving of highest praise. Under his wise and non-partisan administration, laws have been enacted increasing the revenue of the State by a fairly graduated tax upon the estates of deceased persons; local revenues have been enhanced by a reasonable bank stock tax; modern methods in the care and employment of inmates of our penal and charitable institutions have been established; prompt and effective measures were taken to stamp out the hoof and mouth disease in cattle; a simplified method for the conduct of proceedings in the Chancery Court has been adopted; the use of narcotics prevented and the pure food laws strengthened; cities were empowered to conduct public markets; a system of traffic regulations, uniform throughout the State, was devised; the welfare of women, children and operatives in workshops and factories was safeguarded; the Economy and Efficiency laws, although much emasculated by the Republican majority, were passed and various other measures in the interest of the people of the State, advocated by him, were enacted. His defeat of vicious and improper legislation, by the unsparing use of his veto power, deserves particular commendation, especially those vetoes which killed those

bills passed by the last Legislature, intended to emasculate and render ineffective the Seven Sisters laws.

5. Nothing in recent years has exhibited such flagrant disregard of public opinion, as the action of the Republican majority in the last Legislature respecting the constitutional amendment to provide home rule for municipalities and the amendment establishing the district method of electing assemblymen. Both proposals passed the 1914 session of the Legislature with practical unanimity and had been endorsed in the platforms of all political parties. A favorable vote in the 1915 Legislature would have given to the people of the State the opportunity at the special election this year to vote these popular reforms into the constitution. Although strongly and persistently opposed by the powerful lobby of the public service and other utility corporations, the home rule amendment was forced through the Senate by the votes of the ten Democrats and one Republican, only to be smothered in the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly, presided over by the Republican floor leader. The Assembly district amendment, sponsored by the Democrats, was openly and deliberately killed by the majority in the Assembly after fifteen Democrats had united to force it out of committee.

6. We renew our declaration in favor of fewer and better laws. We would remind our fellow citizens that immediately after election last year, the Republican members of the Legislature assigned to many committees, the task of preparing bills and that before the opening of the Legislature they announced that their bills were ready for introduction and that the session would be short and business-like. Yet that session covered a period of fifteen weeks. Twelve hundred and forty-five bills and joint resolutions were introduced and of those passed, fifty-one were disapproved by the governor and in thirty-nine others he found errors and compelled their recall from his hands for correction. Four hundred and nineteen became laws as against two hundred and seventy-six in the preceding year. We maintain that such a mass of legislation cannot be necessary and that it injuriously affects the business man who is unable to keep pace with the many annual changes in and additions to our laws.

7. We approve the administration of the finances of the State by the Democratic State Comptroller and State Treasurer. Business methods have been applied to the auditing, collection and disbursement of the State's revenue and for the first time in the history of the State, the people have been informed by straightforward, simple statements, of the condition of the treasury. The last Republican Legislature utterly failed to show any capacity for the management or control of the State's financial problems. It wobbled between imposing a State tax and issuing bonds and flinched, after

an expensive examination into the accounts of the State, by imposing upon the Democratic Comptroller, the burden of working out the financial salvation of the State, giving him the power to grant or withhold appropriations. He solved the situation and acting under legislation passed in 1914, he firmly established the State's credit, so that the State is now ready to take advantage of trade discounts for prompt payment. In 1914 a Democratic Legislature provided for necessary improvements in nearly all the State institutions. In 1915 a Republican Legislature eliminated such improvements almost entirely. The Legislature of 1914 increased the revenues of the State by amendments to the Inheritance Tax laws, which have resulted in an increase of such revenues from \$700,000 per annum to \$2,500,000. The system of examination and audit provided for in the requisition act recommended by the Comptroller and passed by the 1914 Legislature, has done away with waste and extravagance in the expenditure of the public funds and has aided in a great degree in enabling the State to meet all its obligations. The policy "pay as you go" is the watchword of our party. We are opposed to a State tax or to the issue of bonds for any part of the annual expenses of the government, because we are convinced that with due economy and foresight, neither is necessary.

We denounce the false claims of the Republican party to credit for the present financial condition of the State. No attempt was made by the last Legislature to provide one penny of additional revenue and the bill passed by that Legislature, appropriating money for State purposes for the year 1915-1916, will not become effective until November 1st next, yet the State Treasury to-day has a cash balance of over \$1,000,000. This is attributable solely to the revenue provided by the Democratic Legislature of 1914 and to the careful and business-like management of present Democratic officials.

8. As a further step in its policy of placing the administration of the financial affairs of the State upon a business basis, the Democratic party proposes, if entrusted with the control of the next Legislature, to enact such legislation as may be necessary to insure a scientific and business-like system of appropriating the money required to run our State government, by creating a comprehensive budget system, whereby the needs and requirements of the State departments and institutions and necessary public improvements will be considered, weighed and recommended to the Legislature by a finance board, composed of State officials familiar with such needs and requirements, the continuity of which board will bring to this important function of government that thought, study and experience which will produce efficiency and economy.

9. Thoughtful students of municipal and county financiering are agreed that greater restrictions should be imposed upon the power of public bodies to incur debts for posterity to pay. A menace to sound public credit and a growing burden upon the taxpayer is the system now so prevalent, under which bonded debts are created for public improvements which disappear or must be renewed long before the debt can be extinguished. In county and municipal, as well as State financiering, therefore, we earnestly favor an extension, wherever practicable, of the "pay as you go" principle. In no event should bonds be issued for a period outlasting the improvements for which they pay. We favor such legislation regarding this important subject as may effect the necessary and prudent reforms that wisdom and experience suggest.

10. To the citizen no right is more sacred than that of suffrage. The efficacy of the honest citizen's ballot is nullified, if through fraud it is not counted, or through corruption it is offset by a purchased vote. The abuses of the boss-controlled convention and primary were wiped out by the Geran law which insures to every candidate for public office equal opportunity. The most salutary requirement of that law, in fact the requirement which above all others guarantee honest elections, was that which required personal registration of voters. This provision prevented persons voting who were not entitled to do so—the most common practice of fraud at the polls. The Republican party, always opposed to the Geran law, has, through its control of the last Legislature, dealt the cause of honest elections a serious blow by abolishing the requirements of personal registration to certain municipalities. We fear that this is the opening thrust of a general assault upon this great measure of reform. We cannot condemn too strongly the efforts of the Republican party to devitalize this law and we renew our pledge to maintain it inviolate.

11. The Republican platform of 1914 said, "We believe in the use of plain, unmistakable language in the preparation of our laws and condemn the use of words and phrases that render such acts unenforceable." It is significant that the Republican bill providing for a special election on the constitutional amendments, was framed in such language as to make it absolutely inoperative, thereby necessitating a special session of the Legislature to correct the blunders. At this special session, hours were spent jockeying for political honors between the House and the Senate, regardless of the demands of the people of the State that the bill prepared by the Attorney-General, providing for the special election be passed. A bill passed by the Senate was again found to be defective and the House then took up, amended and passed the Attorney-General's bill, which the Senate finally accepted. These House amendments increased the pay

of election officers \$38,000, and removed the provision for numbered ballots, thus opening the door to election frauds. We ask the voters how these acts of the Republican Legislature square with their promises of accuracy, in the framing of laws and economy in administration and we pledge ourselves to the enactment of laws carefully and properly prepared.

12. We believe that the principle of Civil Service, as laid down in the laws now in force, to be highly beneficial to the State and municipal governments and we are opposed to any measures which might weaken such laws.

13. We favor the continuance of liberal State aid to counties and municipalities for the maintenance and repair of important highways. Recommendations made by a Democratic Appropriation Committee for essential reforms in the road laws of the State were ignored or defeated by the party in control of the last session of the Legislature. We believe that in the interest of honesty and economy in road building there should be the greatest freedom in competition as to material and methods of construction and to this end we favor a law that will require open specifications for all highway contracts aided by the State, to the end that patented or proprietary material or processes must compete freely as to price with all material or processes of the same general quality or class.

14. The constitution of the State provides for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of free public schools for the instruction of all the children in this State between the ages of five and eighteen years. In spite of the fact that our splendid free public school system represents a public investment of upwards of sixty millions of dollars, many pupils are denied full school advantages and are compelled to accept part time accommodations. We favor the development and improvement in every practicable way of the schools of the State, to the end that all children may receive the thorough and efficient training guaranteed them by the constitution. We favor the extension of industrial education. New Jersey is rich in its agricultural resources and may become richer by scientific training in agriculture. We strongly favor such training in the schools. In the development of the rural sections of the State, the county school should be a large factor, therefore, we favor all efforts to bring the rural schools to the highest standard of efficiency.

We also favor increased means for the training of teachers for the public schools, particularly through additional Normal Schools, for the reason that we are to-day importing many teachers from other States because of lack of training facilities within the State.

We believe that there should be a more extended use of school buildings for the civic, social and intellectual benefit

not only of the young people, but of adults as well, in order that the people of the State may secure the largest possible returns from their large investment in these public buildings.

15. We recognize the importance of the agricultural interests of the State and we point out that the Democratic Legislature of 1914, appropriated to the State Agricultural College, to the State Experimental Station and for various purposes designed to promote and foster farming and allied industries, over \$320,000. We believe that such interests can best be served through a single State Board the members of which shall not be selected and controlled by a few voluntary societies, but who shall be truly representative of all the farmers of the State and that the expenditure of such a large amount of State funds should be made under the supervision of a department organized as are other State departments, which cannot be exploited to further the political fortunes of the few who pose as the farmers' friends, solely for the purpose of securing office. We condemn the legislation for a State Board of Agriculture attempted last year, not only because it proposed to set up a department entirely beyond State control and over which the State's financial officers could exercise no supervision, but also because the proposed law was loosely drawn and was replete with errors, contradictions and provisions impossible of enforcement, clearly showing the carelessness or incompetence with which the subject was handled. We favor an investigation by the Economy and Efficiency Commission, of the various boards, departments and bureaus having charge of separate branches of this work, to the end that the same may be consolidated, expense of administration saved and the interests of those affected more efficiently served.

16. We favor such reasonable measures of preparation by the Federal Government as will enable this Nation to properly defend itself against foreign aggression. The preamble to the Federal Constitution declares that one of the purposes for which the union of the States was formed, was to "provide for the common defence" and we hold it to be the duty of each State to efficiently train and provide the proper equipment for a body of its citizen soldiery. We believe this can best be accomplished by giving intelligent legislative aid to the building up and strengthening of our organized militia, making of it an organization whose members can be depended upon for effective military duty, rather than for the suppression of labor difficulties. We pledge our efforts to such end and we condemn the refusal of the last Legislature to heed the warnings of the Adjutant-General and the Quartermaster-General and provide sufficient money to enable the militia to receive the immense experience and benefit to be derived from an encampment at the training grounds at Sea Girt.

17. The growth of the institutions of the State charged with the duty of maintaining the State's wards, charitable

and penal, has outstripped the present methods of administration. We favor an extension of the supervisory powers of the Commissioner of Charities and Corrections over these institutions and their functions. At this time there is no adequate provision for the care of the unfortunate blind or those suffering from advanced stages of tuberculosis. We strongly urge the undertaking of the proper care of those so afflicted.

18. We believe that the establishment of a Central Purchasing Bureau for all State supplies will be in accord with good business methods and will result in economy in State expenditures and we urge that the Economy and Efficiency Commission investigate this subject and make a report to the next session of the Legislature.

19. We favor the law compensating workmen when injured in the employment and favor its extension as the future may demand.

REPUBLICAN.

(Adopted at the State Convention held at Trenton, October 5th, 1915, and presided over by President of the Senate, Walter E. Edge, of Atlantic county.)

One year ago the Republican Convention, consisting of legislative nominees and others as designated by law, met in annual session in Trenton.

At that time a contract with the public was proposed, that if placed in power, a program of constructive legislation would be undertaken. Definite pledges were adopted in order that the obligation should be clear and unmis-takable.

The voters accepted the pledges made, and at the election following, changed the Democratic control in both Houses of the Legislature to a Republican majority.

The last session has more constructive work to its credit than has been accomplished in any single session in years. The work of reformation, after Democratic rule of the State for four years, could not be completed in a single session, and we pledge ourselves, if elected, to continue this work of improvement and reform.

The economy and efficiency legislation which failed in two previous Democratic Legislatures was successfully placed on the statute books, and numerous consolidations of scattered State Departments have been effected thereby in the interest of modern businesslike regulation and control.

Bitter Democratic opposition to these reforms marked almost every legislative step, in clear violation of their promises to the people, as the Democratic party was as strongly pledged to the economy and efficiency program as were the Republicans.

In addition to the continuation of the program already well under way through the accomplishments of the last session, in our judgment particular attention should be given by the incoming Legislature to:

A revised financial policy, including a proper businesslike budget system.

Enact such laws as will insure a sane and businesslike policy for the development of the rivers, harbors, canals and other waterways of the State, as they are among our most valuable assets, and when properly improved, will prove of incalculable benefit to our citizens.

The promotion of free, public, non-sectarian education; the development of industrial, vocational and agricultural education; a constructive policy for the development of rural schools; additional normal school facilities as soon as the finances will warrant; the encouragement and support of the negro in his struggle for advancement and wholesome service through a liberal education.

A proper equalization of tax assessments.

The elimination of grade crossings in the order of danger and as rapidly as the expense definitely involved will permit.

Enact such laws as shall direct the procedure for the creation and retirement of the obligations of our municipalities, that public welfare may be advanced, municipal credit conserved and the taxpayers' interests properly safeguarded.

Study the problem of the expense and care of our mental defectives so that they may receive the greatest amount of care with the least expense to the State.

An aggressive encouragement and development of our agricultural resources.

A revision of the road laws of our State and the development and systematic repair of our good roads which, under the Democratic administration, have been allowed to be ruined so that now they have become a disgrace instead of a credit to the State.

A continuation of the program for economy and efficiency, so substantially begun.

A proper protection of the labor interests of the State.

A simplification of our election laws without sacrificing the safety or the honesty of the ballot in order that the large number of voters who refuse to exercise suffrage under our unnecessarily complicated machinery shall not be disfranchised.

A proper delegation of power to municipalities without sweeping away those fundamental State-wide principles and policies generally accepted and recognized for years as wise and beneficent.

Maintain and safeguard the Civil Service law of the State, passed by a Republican Legislature in 1908, since greatly weakened through Democratic manipulation.

The necessity for a revised financial policy is most apparent from the fact that the Democratic Comptroller admitted in a report to the Legislature of 1915 that the State faced a deficit which might exceed by the close of the fiscal year \$2,000,000. The Republican majority, recognizing this serious financial situation, brought about by excessive appropriations of the two preceding Democratic Legislatures, cut down the appropriations \$1,200,000, and yet provided ample funds for the maintenance of all State institutions and departments.

We insist that the State should not spend more than its income, a policy adopted by the Republicans at the last session, and to this end we shall limit our appropriations within the estimated income of the State. If the Democrats had subscribed to this policy, a deficit, of course, could never have occurred.

The requisition system we approve in principle, but not to the extent that permits any State officer to arbitrarily withhold payment of appropriations to the embarrassment of institutions and State departments, when the same have been regularly allowed by the Legislature.

In connection with a revised financial policy we propose to consider the matter of State purchases, whereby State supplies can be standardized and purchased in bulk, as is done in large and successful business.

We appeal to the patriotic citizens of New Jersey to vote against the Democratic party which has allowed American citizens to be shot, American soldiers and sailors to be killed, and the American flag to be trampled in the dust without taking adequate measures for redress.

We appeal to the electorate to rebuke the Democratic party for its enactment of a tariff, which approaches free trade, has paralyzed the industries of the country, except those that are supported by a foreign war; it has injured the credit of the United States so that its bonds are selling below par, and, in spite of its promises, the cost of living is continually rising.

We appeal to all the people of our State, irrespective of party affiliation, for the support of this program, for a vote of confidence in Republican ideals and principles, so that a re-united party may realize the true aspirations of a great majority of the citizens of the Republic.

PROGRESSIVE.

(Adopted at the State Convention held at Trenton, October 5th, 1915, and presided over by John A. H. Hopkins, of Morristown.)

We, the Progressive party of New Jersey, in convention assembled, re-affirm the Progressive national platform of 1912, and the New Jersey State platform of 1914.

We stand for the following measures in New Jersey :

1. The universal secret Primary ballot in one box.
2. Non-partisan preferential election ballot (short ballot.)
3. Election of assemblymen by single member districts.
4. Local Option.
5. Woman Suffrage.
6. Home rule for municipalities.
7. Right of municipal referendum on public ownership.
8. Extension of Civil Service.
9. The initiative, the referendum and the recall.
10. Land value tax.
11. Public defender.
12. Strengthening pure food laws.
13. School buildings for polling places.

We are unreservedly and unqualifiedly in favor of all the above, and shall work for them until they are enacted into law and actively enforced.

SYNOPSIS OF SCHOOL LAW.

The State Board of Education consists of eight members, not more than one of whom shall reside in the same county, and not more than four of whom shall belong to the same political party. It has control of the State Normal Schools, the School for the Deaf and the Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth. It confirms the appointment of the county superintendents of schools, decides appeals from the decisions of the Commissioner of Education, and makes rules for the granting of teachers' certificates and for carrying into effect the school laws of the State. It appoints an inspector of school buildings and an inspector of accounts.

The Commissioner of Education is appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate. He appoints the county superintendents of schools, decides controversies that arise under the school law; may withhold the State school moneys from any district for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of the school law, and has general supervision of the public schools. There are four assistant commissioners appointed by the commissioner by the advice and consent of the State Board of Education; one acts as inspector of secondary schools, another as inspector of elementary schools, another as inspector of industrial education, and another to hear controversies and disputes arising under the school law.

There is a superintendent of schools for each county, appointed by the Commissioner of Education and confirmed by the State Board of Education. The County Superintendent apportions the school moneys among the districts in his county, has general supervision of the schools and, in connection with the local Board of Education, prescribes the course of study to be pursued in the district, approves the necessity for transportation and the cost and method thereof.

Each municipality in the State constitutes a school district, unless by a vote of the people two or more municipalities decide to unite and form one district. There are two classes of school districts, cities forming one class and all other municipalities the other, but a district in either class may, by a vote of the people, be transferred to the other class. The members of the Board of Education in a city school district are appointed by the mayor.

In order to be eligible to membership in the Board of Education, a person must be a citizen of the United States and must have been a resident of the district for at least three years immediately preceding his or her election or appointment and must be able to read and write. A city school district may have a city superintendent, but until one is appointed the County Superintendent has supervision of the schools.

In each city school district there is a Board of School Estimate, consisting of the mayor, two members of the body having the power to make appropriations for city purposes, and two members of the Board of Education. The Board of Education presents its estimate of the amount of local appropriation needed, and the Board of School Estimate certifies to the body in the city having power to make appropriations, the amount to be raised for school purposes. The amount so certified must be raised.

In districts other than cities the Boards of Education consist of nine members each, elected by the people on the third Tuesday in March. The term of office begins the first Monday in April. The qualifications for membership are the same as in city school districts. The special district school tax is voted either at the annual meeting or at a special school meeting called by the Board of Education. Bonds for school houses are authorized by the legal voters. School bonds cannot be sold at private sale except to the Trustees of the School Fund or Sinking Fund Commissioners unless said Trustees or Commissioners have refused to buy them. Bonds cannot be delivered to any purchaser other than the Trustees of the School Fund except upon payment of full purchase price. Women may vote at district meetings on all questions except the election of members of the Board of Education, which is prohibited by the Constitution. Truant officers and janitors cannot be discharged or their compensation decreased except for cause and after a hearing.

Funds for the support of schools come from the following sources: First, from the income of the State School Fund. The principal of this fund is derived almost entirely from the sale and rental of lands under water belonging to the State. The principal cannot be used for any purpose, and the income can be used only for the support of public schools. Second, from State appropriation made by the Legislature to reduce the State school tax. Third, from State school tax, an amount which when added to the State appropriation will make a sum equal to two and three-fourths mills on

each dollar of the taxable property in the State. Fourth, the railroad tax received by the State in excess of one-half of one per cent. of the value of the railroad property. Fifth, interest of surplus revenue, and sixth, local school tax.

The income from the school fund is apportioned among the counties by the State Superintendent on the basis of the total days' attendance of pupils in the public schools. The State appropriation is apportioned among the counties by the State Comptroller on the basis of the ratables. Ninety per cent. of the State school tax paid by each county is returned to it, and the ten per cent. received from all the counties forms the reserve fund, which is apportioned among the counties in the discretion of the State Board of Education. The railroad tax is apportioned on the ratables.

The County Superintendent apportions to each district \$600 for the Superintendent or Supervising Principal, if there be one; \$500 for each teacher in a special class for subnormal children; \$400 for each Assistant Superintendent and Supervisor, and for each permanent teacher employed in a high school having a full four-years' course of study; \$300 for each permanent teacher employed in a high school having a full three-years' course of study; \$200 for each permanent teacher employed in any kindergarten, primary or grammar grade or in a high school having less than three years' course of study; \$80 for each temporary teacher employed more than four months; \$80 for each evening school teacher; \$25 for each high school pupil for whom a tuition fee is paid to another district; \$5 for each pupil below the high school grade for whom such tuition fee is paid, and 75 per cent. of the cost of transportation of pupils approved by the County Superintendent. The balance of the State school moneys received by the county is apportioned on the basis of the total number of days' attendance of the pupils.

The custodian of municipal funds is the custodian of school moneys, unless the Board of Education appoints the collector as custodian. In either case, the compensation of the custodian must be fixed by the Board of Education and paid from school funds. If there are two or more municipalities in the district, the Board of Education may appoint its own custodian.

Each collector must pay to the county collector the amount of State school tax due from his taxing district not later than December 22d. If the tax is not paid by that date the County Superintendent must withhold the amount of reserve fund apportioned to the district and divide it

the following year among all the districts in the county. The county collector must pay the State school tax to the State Treasurer not later than January 20th.

If a district provides a course in manual training, and such course is approved by the State Board of Education, the State will give to such district each year a sum equal to that raised in the district for manual training, provided the amount raised is not less than \$250 or more than \$5,000.

County vocational schools may be established in any county under rules made by the State Board of Education. The location of these schools shall be approved by the Commissioner of Education with the advice and consent of the State Board of Education. The Board of Education for such vocational school shall consist of the County Superintendent and four persons to be appointed by the judge of the Court of Common Pleas in the county. The State appropriates a sum equal to that raised in the county for the establishment of such school. The amount contributed by the State for any such school shall not exceed in any one year the sum of \$10,000.

Every district must provide free text-books and supplies for all pupils and must also provide a flag for each school house, which flag must be displayed every day the school is in session. The selection of a text-book requires the vote of a majority of the whole number of members of the Board of Education. A Board of Education must employ medical inspectors and attendance officers.

Every school which raises \$20 to establish a school library may receive a like amount from the State. After the first payment, the State will give \$10 each year that the school raises the same amount. Library moneys may be used for library books, reference books, apparatus, or educational works of art.

All plans for school houses must be submitted to the State Board of Education for suggestion and criticism. Every school house hereafter erected must comply with the following requirements: First, light must be admitted to the class rooms only from the left and rear. Second, the total light area must equal 20 per cent. of floor space. Third, there must be 18 square feet of floor space and not less than 200 cubic feet of air space for each pupil. Fourth, all rooms must have a proper system of ventilation which will supply 30 cubic feet of fresh air per minute for each pupil. Fifth, all ceilings must be at least 12 feet in height and all stairs must be at least 4 feet wide, with intermediate landings,

enclosed in brick walls or by partitions of slow-burning construction, and without open well holes. Sixth, a school house having eight rooms must have two flights of stairs, each four feet in width, or one flight not less than six feet in width, one having from eight to sixteen rooms, two flights of stairs not less than five feet in width, and one having sixteen or more rooms, four flights of stairs not less than four feet in width, or two flights not less than six feet in width. Seventh, all ceilings must be either metal, wood or plaster on metal laths and painted white or some light tint.

A person cannot be legally employed as a teacher unless he holds a teacher's certificate in full force and effect at the time he begins teaching. Before beginning to teach he must show his certificate to the Superintendent of Schools. A Board of Education may adopt rules governing the employment of teachers. In the absence of rules, the contract must be in writing in triplicate, one copy filed with the Board of Education, one with the County Superintendent, and one with the teacher. The employment, promotion or dismissal of a teacher requires the vote of a majority of the whole number of members of the Board of Education. After three years' continuous service a teacher cannot be removed except upon charges and after a hearing.

All persons appointed as teachers, principals or superintendents, who have not taught in this State prior to January 1st, 1908, are members of the Teachers' Retirement Fund by virtue of such appointment.

A State pension is also provided for teachers who have had thirty-five years of actual service; twenty-five years of such service must have been in New Jersey. The annual pension provided is one-half the average annual salary received for the last five years of service.

The State Board of Examiners consists of the Commissioner of Education, the Principals of the Normal Schools and a County Superintendent and a City Superintendent appointed by the State Board of Education. This Board issues certificates valid in all parts of this State and in any school or grade.

All kindergarten teachers must hold special kindergarten certificates. Special certificates may be issued for kindergarten, physical training, manual training, music, drawing, modern languages, commercial branches, cooking, sewing, agriculture and penmanship. All applicants for certificates must file testimonials of good moral character, and, in case of previous experience, of success as teachers.

Graduates of the Normal Schools receive State certificates. Graduates of normal schools in other States may have their diplomas endorsed, provided the course of study pursued is equivalent to the course in the New Jersey Normal Schools, and the State in which they were issued grants reciprocal privileges to graduates of the New Jersey Normal Schools.

All children between the ages of 5 and 20 are entitled to attend the public schools in the districts in which they reside. If a kindergarten has been established, children 4 years of age may attend. A Board of Education must provide suitable school facilities for all the children desiring to attend school. The Board of Education may provide for the education of pupils in the higher grades by payment of tuition fees to adjoining districts. If a child lives remote from any school in the district, the Board may transport such child to school or pay for its tuition in another district. A Board of Education may close a school and transport all the children to another school. Children who have never attended any school can be admitted to a public school only during the ten days immediately following the opening of the school in the fall and during the first five days in January and April, except by the vote of a majority of all the members of the Board of Education.

All children between the ages of 7 and 16 must attend either a public or private school every day such school is in session, unless they are taught at home or are physically or mentally unfit to attend. Children between 14 and 16 years of age who have completed five yearly grades may be granted certificates permitting them to go to work. The parent of a child who does not attend school may be proceeded against before a magistrate as a disorderly person. If the parent is unable to control the child, such child may be proceeded against as a disorderly person.

Corporal punishment in all public schools is absolutely prohibited.

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL,

1776 to 1844.

Atlantic County.

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|------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1837, Lewis M. Walker. | 40—41, Mahlon Canfield. |
| 38—39, Japhet Ireland. | 42—44, Absalom Cordery. |

Bergen County.

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| 76, 82—83, John Fell. | 24—26, 30, 32—33, |
| 77—78, Robert Morris. | Charles Board. |
| 79—81, Theunis Dey. | 27—29, Nathaniel Board. |
| 84—90, 92—95, Peter Haring. | 31, Jacob M. Ryerson. |
| 91, 96—98, John Outwater. | 34—35, Christian C. Zabriskie. |
| 07, 09—11, Peter Ward. | 36—37, Samuel R. Demarest. |
| 08, 12—13, William Colfax. | 38—39, Francis Price. |
| 14—15, 18, Adrian Post. | 40, Albert G. Doremus. |
| 16, 19—21, John D. Haring. | 41—42, John Cassedy. |
| 17, Martin Ryerson. | 43—44, John H. Zabriskie. |
| 22—23, Christian Zabriskie. | |

Burlington County.

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| 76, Richard Smith. | 02—04, Samuel Hough. |
| 77, John Imlay. | 10—13, John Beatty. |
| 78—80, 83, Peter Tallman. | 14, Caleb Earl. |
| 81—82, John Cox. | 15—17, William Irick. |
| 84—86, 89—90, William Newbold. | 18, 29—31, William N. Shinn. |
| 87—88, Joseph Smith. | 32—33, Richard Campion. |
| 91, James Kinsey. | 34, James Newbold. |
| 92, 1818—28, Calem Newbold. | 35—36, Charles Stokes. |
| 93—96, John Black. | 37—41, William Irick. |
| 97—1801, 04—09, | 42, Moffett Craig. |
| George Anderson. | 43—44, James S. Hulme. |

Cape May County.

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|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1776, Jonathan Hand. | 11, Nathaniel Holmes. |
| 77, 79—80, 82—83, Jesse Hand. | 14, Furman Leaming. |
| 78, Jonathan Jenkins. | 15—19, 24, 26—27, |
| 81, 85, Elijah Hughes. | Joshua Swaine. |
| 84, 86—93, Jeremiah Eldredge. | 20—23, 25, Thomas H. Hughes. |
| 94—95, 1806, 09—10, | 28—30, Israel Townsend. |
| Matthew Whillden. | 31—33, Joshua Townsend. |
| 96—98, 1800, 04, | 34—35, Jeremiah Leaming. |
| Permenus Corson. | 36—37, Richard Thomson. |
| 99, John T. Townsend. | 38—39, Amos Corson. |
| 1801—04, 07, Ebenezer Newton. | 40—41, Thomas P. Hughes. |
| 05—06, William Eldredge. | 42—44, Maurice Beesley. |
| 08, 12—13, Joseph Falkenberge. | |

1776 to 1844.

Cumberland County.

76—77, 82, Theophilus Elmer.	13, Ezekiel Foster.
78, Ephraim Harris.	14, 18, James Clark.
79, John Buck.	20—21, James D. Westcott.
80, 84, Jonathan Elmer.	26, Ephraim Bateman.
81, 83, 85—94, 96—97, 99—1800,	27—28, John Trenchard.
Samuel Ogden.	29—32, Elias P. Seeley.
95, Eli Elmer.	33, 37, Israel Stratton.
98, Joel Fithian.	34, David Reeves.
1801—02, David Moore.	35—36, Joshua Brick.
03—04, 10—11, George Burgin.	38, Nathaniel Foster.
05—06, Abraham Sayre.	39—40, Samuel Barber.
06, 08, 12—13, 15—17, 19, 22—25,	41, Ephraim H. Whitecar.
Ebenezer Seeley.	42, David Whitaker.
07, Ebenezer Elmer.	43—44, Enoch H. Moore.
09, James B. Hunt.	

Essex County.

76—77, 79, Stephen Crane.	15—16, 25, 28, Amos Harrison.
78, Abraham Clark.	19—22, 26, Silas Condit.
80, James Caldwell.	24, 30, John Dow.
81—84, Josiah Hornblower.	27, Samuel Pennington.
85—87, John Peck.	29, Amzi Dodd.
88, John Chetwood.	31—32, Isaac H. Williamson.
89, Jonathan Dayton.	33, Jacob M. Mead.
90—97, John Condit.	34, Oliver S. Halstead.
98—1800, Daniel Marsh.	35, Stephen D. Day.
01, 06, 10—13, Charles Clark.	36, Andrew Parsons.
02—03, William S. Pennington.	37, John J. Chetwood.
04—06, 17—18, 23, John Dodd.	38—40, Amzi Armstrong.
07, Moses Jacques.	41—42, William Chetwood.
08—09, Thomas Ward.	43—44, Joseph S. Dodd.
14, Charles Kinsey.	

Gloucester County.

1776—80, 84, John Cooper.	21—22, Michael C. Fisher.
81, Joseph Hugg.	23, 29, 31—32, Joseph Kaighn.
82—83, 85—86, Elijah Clark.	24—25, Isaac Wilkins.
87—94, Joseph Ellis.	26, John Moore White.
95—97, Joseph Cooper.	27, Christopher Sickler.
98—1802, Thomas Clark.	28, Jeremiah J. Foster.
03—06, 11, Isaac Mickle.	30, 33—35, John W. Mickle.
06, 14, 16, Samuel W. Harrison.	36—38, John C. Smallwood.
07—10, Richard M. Cooper.	39—40, Joseph Porter.
12—13, James Hopkins.	41, William R. Cooper.
17—18, James Matlack.	42, Joseph Saunders.
19—20, John Baxter.	43—44, Joshua P. Browning.

Hudson County.

1840, Abraham Van Santvoord.	43—44, Edwin V. R. Wright.
41—42, John S. Condit.	

1776 to 1844.

Hunterdon County.

1776—81, John Stevens.	22—23, John Cavanagh.
82, Joseph Reading.	26—29, George Maxwell.
83—84, Philemon Dickinson.	30, Thomas Capner.
85—88, Robert-Lettis Hooper.	31—32, Peter I. Clark.
89, Benjamin Van Cleve.	33, Alexander Wurts.
90—1804, John Lambert.	34, Nathaniel Saxton.
05—06, John Wilson.	35, 42—44, William Wilson.
06—14, John Haas.	36, Henry S. Hunt.
15, Aaron Vansyckle.	37—38, Joseph Moore.
16—19, 21, 24—25,	39, James Snyder.
Elnathan Stevenson.	40—41, John Lilly.
20, Thomas Prall.	

Mercer County.

1838—39, Charles G. McChesney.	42—44, George Woolsey.
40—41, James White.	

Middlesex County.

1776, John Wetherill.	18, John N. Simpson.
77—79, Jonathan Deare.	19, 21, 27—28, James T. Dunn.
80, 83, 88, Benjamin Manning.	23—24, 26, 30,
81—82, 1806, John Beatty.	Robert McChesney.
84—85, 96, Samuel Fitz-Randolph.	25, William Edgar.
86—87, 89—94, Samuel Randolph.	29, James Cook.
95, 97, 99—1806,	30, Samuel Edgar.
Ephraim Martin.	32, John T. McDowell.
98, 1820, Andrew Kirkpatrick.	33, Josiah B. Howell.
07, 09, 14—17, 22,	34, Andrew Snowhill.
Ercuries Beatty.	35, John Perrine, Jr.
08, 10, 12—13, James Schureman.	36—38, 41, George T. McDowell.
11, John James.	39—40, David B. Appleget.
13, John Neilson.	42—44, Abraham W. Brown.

Monmouth County.

1776, Nathaniel Scudder.	10—11, 13—21, Silas Crane.
77—79, Joseph Holmes.	22, William Andrews.
80—83, 89—92, 95,	23—24, William I. Bowne.
Elisha Lawrence.	25, 28—29, William I. Emley.
84, John Imlay.	26—27, Henry D. Polhemus.
85, David Forman.	30, Samuel G. Wright.
86—88, 99, Asher Holmes.	31, 34, John Patterson.
93—94, 1812—13,	32—33, Daniel Holmes.
Thomas Henderson.	35—36, Thomas Aarowsmith.
96—98, Elisha Walton.	37, William L. Dayton.
1800, John Lloyd.	38—39, Benjamin Oliphant.
01—07, Thomas Little.	40, Peter Vredenburg, Jr.
08, William Lloyd.	41—44, James Patterson.
09, John A. Scudder.	

1776 to 1844.

Morris County.

1776—80, Silas Condict.	23—27, Silas Cook.
81—84, John Carle.	28—30, Edward Condict.
85, John-Cleve Symmes.	31—32, 40—41, James Wood.
86—88, 93—94, 96—1800,	33, Mahlon Dickerson.
Abraham Kitchel.	34, William Monro.
89—90, William Woodhull.	35—36, Jephthah B. Munn.
91—92, 95, Ellis Cook.	37—38, William Brittin.
1801—06, David Welsh.	39, Jacob W. Miller.
07—14, Benjamin Ludlow.	42, Ezekiel B. Gaines.
15—22, Jesse Upson.	43—44, John H. Stansborough.

Passaic County.

1837—38, Andrew Parsons.	42, William Deckey.
39—40, Nathaniel Board.	43—44, Silas D. Canfield.
41, Silas E. Canfield.	

Salem County.

1776, 78—79, Andrew Sinnickson.	23, 40, Josiah M. Reeve.
77, Edward Keasby.	24—25, Zacheus Ray.
80, 82, 86, Whitten Cripps.	26—28, 32, Israel R. Clawson.
81, 83—84, John Holme.	29, Philip Freas.
85, 87—93, John Mayhew.	30, James Newell.
94—96, Thomas Sinnickson.	31, Henry Freas.
97—99, 1801—04, William Parret.	33, Charles Swing.
1800, William Wallace.	34, 37, William F. Reeve.
04, 06—07, Jacob Hufty.	35, Samuel Humphreys.
05—06, 09—13, Isaiah Shinn.	36, Thomas Yarrow.
08, Samuel Ray.	38—39, John A. Lambert.
13—17, Jedediah Dubols.	41, Robert Newell.
18, 20—22, John Dickinson.	42, Samuel Bolton.
19, Hedge Thompson.	43—44, Joseph C. Nelson.

Somerset County.

1776, William Paterson.	14, 26—29, Andrew Howell.
77, 93—97, James Linn.	20—25, Peter I. Stryker.
78, Abraham Van-Neste.	30—34, James S. Green.
79, 81—89, Ephraim Martin.	35, William Thompson.
80, John Witherspoon.	36—38, Walter Kirkpatrick.
90—92, Frederick Frelinghuysen.	39, Augustus R. Taylor.
98—1804, Peter D. Vroom.	40—41, Joseph W. Scott.
04, Henry Vanderveer.	42—44, George H. Brown.
05—13, 15—19,	
John Frelinghuysen.	

1776 to 1844.

Sussex County.

1776, 80, John-Cleves Symmes.	19—20, Robert W. Rutherford.
77, 84—85, 89—90,	21, William T. Anderson.
Robert Hoops.	22, Jeremy Mackey.
78—79, Robert Ogden.	23—24, Jacob Thompson.
81—83, Hugh Hughes.	25—26, Thomas C. Ryerson.
86—88, Mark Thomson.	27, Samuel Fowler.
91—99, Charles Beardslee.	28—31, 35, David Ryerson.
1800—04, William McCullough.	32, Peter Merkel.
04, John Linn.	33—34, 36, Samuel Price.
05—06, George Bidleman.	37—38, Richard R. Morris.
06, Jacob S. Thomson.	39—40, Daniel Haines.
07—13, Barnabus Swayze.	41—42, Alexander Boyles.
13—15, William Kennedy.	43—44, Benjamin Hamilton.
16—18, Thomas Vankirk.	

Warren County.

1825, Jacob Thompson.	34—35, Charles Sitgreaves.
26—28, Jeremy Mackey.	36—39, Robert H. Kennedy.
29—30, Jonathan Robbins.	40, Caleb H. Valentine.
31, Samuel Wilson.	41, Henry H. Van Ness.
32—33, Charles Carter.	42—44, Charles J. Ihrle.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

1776 to 1844.

Atlantic County.

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|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1837, Joseph Endicott. | 40—41, Joseph S. Read. |
| 38—39, Robert B. Risley. | 42—44, George Wheaton. |

Bergen County.

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|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1776, Peter Zabriskie. | 16—17, Cornelius Merseiles. |
| 76, 83, Theunis Dey. | 16, 21—22, Peter Sip. |
| 76, 84, 86, David Board | 18, Casparus Prior. |
| 77—78, Joast Beam. | 18, 24, Nathaniel Board. |
| 77, 81, Garret Leydecker. | 19—20, 25—26, 29, |
| 77, 82, 87, 1815, John Outwater. | Cornelius Van Winkle. |
| 78—81, 87, Peter Wilson. | 19, Silas Brinkerhoof. |
| 78, 97—1804, Thomas Blanch. | 20, Sebe Brinkerhoof. |
| 79, Robert Morris. | 21—23, John Westervelt, Jr. |
| 79—83, Isaac Blanch. | 22—23, 25—27, David I. Christie. |
| 80, Gabriel Ogden. | 23—24, Garret Ackerson. |
| 82—83, 87, 94—95, Adam Boyd. | 24, John Van Waggoner. |
| 84—86, 92, 96, 1810—11, | 25, Henry B. Haggerman. |
| Jacob Terhune (Terheun), | 26, Charles Kinsey. |
| 84, Edow Merseallus. | 27, 30, Peter J. Terhuna. |
| 85, Abraham Blauvelt. | 27, Cornelius D. Van Ripper. |
| 85—86, 88—90, 93, Isaac Nicoll. | 28, Christian Zabriskie. |
| 88—90, 93, John (A.) Berson. | 28, Peter C. Westervelt. |
| 90—91, Edmund W. Kingsland. | 28—29, Andrew P. Hopper. |
| 91, 95, John Haring. | 29—30, John Ward. |
| 91—92, 96, Henry Berry. | 30, 33, Samuel R. Demarest. |
| 92—94, 96—1802, 04—06, | 31, Garret Sip. |
| Peter Ward. | 31, Andrew H. Hopper. |
| 94, William M. Bell. | 31, John R. Blauvelt. |
| 95, Benjamin Blackledge. | 32—33, Garret P. Hopper. |
| 97—98, Robert Campbell. | 32—33, John M. Cornelison. |
| 99—1801, John Dey. | 32, Samuel Demarest. |
| 02—04, 06, Isaac Kipp. | 34, John F. Hopper. |
| 03—04, Martin I. Ryerson. | 34—35, Abraham Lydecker. |
| 04—06, 08—09, Adrian Post. | 34, Peter I. Ackerman. |
| 05—06, Odonijah Schuyler. | 35, 36, Michael Saunier. |
| 06—07, 09—11, William Colfax. | 35, John H. Hopper. |
| 07, John Vanhorn. | 36, Henry Doremus. |
| 07, Abraham Forshee. | 36, Jetur R. Riggs. |
| 08, 14—17, Albert C. Zabriskie. | 37—38, David D. Van Bussum. |
| 08—09, 18, John Hopper. | 37—38, Albert G. Lydecker. |
| 10—11, 13, John A. Westervelt. | 37—38, John Cassidy. |
| 12—13, Martin Van Houten. | 39—40, John G. Ackerson. |
| 12—13, 19, Casparus Bogart. | 39, Albert G. Doremus. |
| 12—13, Thomas Dickerson. | 39—40, Albert J. Terhune. |
| 14, Richard Cadmus. | 41—42, James I. Demarest. |
| 14, Jacob K. Mead. | 41—42, John H. Zabriskie. |
| 15, 20—21, Charles Board. | 43—44, William G. Hopper. |
| 15, Garret A. Lydacker. | 43—44, Jacob C. Terhune. |
| 16—17, Jacob Banta. | |

1776 to 1844.

Burlington County.

- 1776—77, Peter Tallman.
 76, 78, 83, Caleb Shreve.
 76, Joseph Newbold.
 77, Samuel Rogers.
 77—82, Thomas Fenimore.
 78—79, Josiah Foster.
 79, 85—90, Joseph Biddle.
 80, William Trent.
 80, William Hough.
 81—83, Israel Shreve.
 81, 83, 90—92, 95,
 George Anderson.
 82, Thomas Reynolds.
 84, James Kinsey.
 84, Cleayton Newbold.
 84—85, 87, Richard S. Smith.
 85, Joseph Smith.
 86, David Ridgway.
 86, Uriah Woolman.
 87—89, Robert Strettell Jones.
 88—90, Daniel Newbold.
 91, Joshua M. Wallace.
 91, Caleb Newbold.
 92, 1801—04, John Lacey.
 92—93, Thomas Hollenshead.
 93—96, Samuel Hough.
 93, Henry Ridgway.
 94, Joseph Stokes.
 94, John Van Emburgh.
 95—96, Stacy Biddle.
 96—1804, 06—09, 16—17,
 William Coxe, Jr.
 97, 1820—22, Thomas Newbold.
 97—1801, Job Lippincott.
 97—1800, 02—07,
 William Stockton.
 98, Joseph Budd.
 99—1804, 08—17, 19,
 William Pearson.
 1804—11, 13—14, William Irick.
 04—06, Isaac Cowgill.
 04—13, Caleb Earle.
 10—15, Charles Ellis.
 12—17, Samuel J. Read.
 15—16, William Reeve.
 17—19, 24, John Evans, Jr.
 18—19, 23—24, William Griffith.
 18—19, John Newbold.
 18, Samuel Haines.
 20, George Hulme.
 20—22, 25—27, Gershom Mott.
 20, William Stockton, Jr.
 21—24, Richard L. Beatty.
 21—23, William Woolman.
 22, Samuel Deacon.
 23—24, Jonathan Hough.
 25—27, 29, Joshua S. Earl.
 25—27, Isaiah Toy.
 25—28, 37—41, John Emley.
 28—30, Samuel Black.
 28, Phillip F. Howell.
 28, Richard Eayre.
 29, John Warren.
 29, Charles M. Wells.
 30, Charles Stokes.
 30—35, George Deacon.
 30, Richard Campion.
 30—32, Benjamin H. Lippincott.
 31—32, Joshua Wright, Jr.
 31—32, Benjamin Shreve, Jr.
 31—32, William R. Allen.
 31, Samuel Black.
 32—34, Israel Biddle.
 33, John H. Rulon.
 33, Zebedee M. Wills.
 33—34, Isaac Hilliard.
 33, George Black.
 34, Benjamin Fish.
 34, Amos Stiles.
 34, Thomas Page, M.D.
 35—36, Anderson Lalor.
 35—36, Moses Wills.
 35—36, Thomas F. Budd.
 35—36, Benjamin Davis.
 36, John W. Fennimore.
 37—38, Jesse Richards.
 37—38, Amos W. Archer.
 37, Robert C. Hutchinson.
 37, Phineas S. Bunting.
 38—39, Bowes Reed Brown.
 38, William W. Norcross.
 39—41, William Black.
 39—41, Levi Borton.
 39—40, Elihu Mathis.
 40—41, Isaac Stokes.
 41—42, Thomas H. Richards.
 42—44, John C. Deacon.
 42—44, Benjamin Ridgway.
 42—44, Joseph Satterthwait.
 42, Thomas Harrison.
 43—44, Thomas Harris.
 43—44, Isaiah Adams

1776 to 1844.

Cape May County.

1776, Eli Eldridge.	94, David Johnston.
76, Joseph Savage.	94—95, Eleazer Hand.
76—77, Hugh Hathorne.	95, Reuben Townsend.
77, 79, 84,	96, 99, 1801, Abijah Smith.
Henry-Young Townsend.	97, 1800, Persons Leaming.
77—78, 80—81,	1802—04, 10, Joseph Falkinburge.
Jeremiah Eldredge.	05—07, 09, 12—13,
78, John Hand.	Thomas H. Hughes.
78, 81, 87—88, 90—96,	06, 08, 11, 15—17, 18—19, 22,
Richard Townsend.	Nicholas Willits.
79, James Whilden.	13, Joshua Swain.
79, Jonathan Leaming.	14, Robert M. Holmes.
80, 83, Joseph Hildreth.	20—21, 23, 26, 28—29,
80—82, 86—88, 91—93, 1804,	Joshua Townsend.
Matthew Whilden.	24—25, 27, Israel Townsend.
82—83, 85—86, John Baker.	30—33, Jeremiah Leaming.
82, 84—92, 96, 98,	34—35, Richard Thomson.
Elijah Townsend.	36—37, Amos Corson.
84, Levi Eldredge (Resigned).	38—39, Thomas P. Hughes.
85, 89—90, Nezer Swain.	40—41, Maurice Beesley.
89, Eli Townsend.	42—44, Reuben Willets.
93, Ebenezer Newton.	

Cumberland County.

1776—77, 82—84, 86—87, 92,	03—04, Robert Smith.
Ephraim Harris.	04, Abijah Davis.
76, 78, 82—83, 85—86, 96, 99, 1800,	05—06, James Lee.
Jonathan Bowen.	05—06, Jedediah Ogden.
76—78, John Buck.	06, 16, James D. Westcott.
77, 94, Ephraim Seeley.	06—07, Benjamin Champneys.
78—79, James Ewing.	07—08, Jonathan Moore.
79, 91—93, Joel Fithian.	08—09, 11, 13, Ephraim Bateman.
79, Timothy Elmer.	09—15, Daniel Richman.
80, Thomas Ewing.	10, Isaac Watts Crane.
80, Samuel Ogden.	12—13, Stephen Willis.
80, Ladis Walling.	14, Thomas Lee.
81—83, Joshua Ewing.	15—16, 20, 24, Nathan Leake.
81, Joshua Brick.	15, 17, John S. Wood.
81, Josiah Seeley.	16, 18, Daniel Parvin.
84, William Kelsey.	17—18, John Sibley.
84—85, 87—89, 91—92,	18—19, 21, John Lanning, Jr.
John Burgin.	19—23, 25—28, 30,
85—88, John Sheppard.	William B. Ewing.
88—89, Eli Elmer.	20—23, Lucius Q. C. Elmer.
89—91, 93—95, 1817, 19,	22, J. Mayhew.
Ebenezer Elmer.	23—25, Ishrael Stratton.
90, 1800, Richard Wood, Jr.	24, George Souder.
93, 96—97, David Moore.	25, Edmund Sheppard.
94—95, Benjamin Peck.	26—29, Nathaniel Foster.
95, Ebenezer Seeley.	26—28, 36, Elias P. Seeley.
96—97, James Harris.	29, Philip Fithian.
98, Isaac Wheaton.	29, Michael Swing.
98, John Sheppard, Jr.	30—31, Jeremiah Stratton.
99—1802, George Burgin.	30, William D. Barrett.
1801—04, Azel Pierson.	

1776 to 1844.

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|---|--------------------------------|
| 31—32, John Lanning. | 37, David Whitaker (Whitecar). |
| 31, Henry Shaw. | 38—39, Belford M. Bonham. |
| 32, 43—44, Josiah Shaw. | 38, David Jones. |
| 32, Reuben Hunt. | 40, Lewis Rice. |
| 33, Jeremiah Stull. | 40—41, Benjamin F. Chew. |
| 33, Noah W. Flanagan. | 40—41, William P. Seeley. |
| 33, William Lore. | 41, Elmer Ogden. |
| 34—36, Thomas E. Hunt. | 42, Thomas Ware. |
| 34—35, 39, Isaac Newcomb. | 42, Joseph Butcher. |
| 34, 39, Ephraim H. Whitaker (Whitecar). | 42, John R. Cory. |
| 36, Peter Ladow. | 43—44, Daniel L. Burt. |
| 37, Noah W. Flagin. | 43—44, Joseph Taylor. |
| 37, Samuel Bowen. | |

Essex County.

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|---|--------------------------------|
| 1776, 83—85, Abraham Clark. | 08, Andrew Wilson. |
| 76—82, 93, Caleb Camp. | 10, Joseph Quinby. |
| 76, 82—88, Henry Garritse. | 11, Thaddeus Mills. |
| 77, Edward Fleming. | 11, 14, Samuel Condit. |
| 77—79, 81, Jacob Brookfield. | 11, Abraham Ackerman. |
| 78, 82, Isaac Woodruff. | 12—13, 19, Charles Kinsey. |
| 79—80, Josiah Hornblower. | 12—14, James Wilson. |
| 80, 82—83, 85—86, 89, 93, Daniel Marsh. | 12—13, 16, Silas Condit. |
| 81, Samuel Potter. | 14—15, Jonathan Dayton. |
| 84, John Peck. | 15—16, 20, 22—23, John Dow. |
| 86—87, 90, Jonathan Dayton. | 16, Isaac H. Williamson. |
| 87—90, 94—97, Jonas Wade. | 17—19, Thomas T. Kinney. |
| 88—89, John Condit. | 17—23, Samuel B. Miller. |
| 90, Abraham Ogden. | 20, 26—27, Stephen D. Day. |
| 91—92, 94—96, Elias Dayton. | 21—22, Philemon Dickerson. |
| 91—92, Matthias Williamson. | 21, Caleb Halstead. |
| 91—92, Israel Hedden. | 23, 25, John Mann. |
| 93, 96, 98—1800, 06—07, Abraham Spear. | 24, Francis C. F. Randolph. |
| 94—95, James Hedden. | 24, 26—27, Amzi Dodd. |
| 97—99, William S. Pennington. | 24—26, 28, William Stiles. |
| 97, Stansbury Recompence. | 25, John Travers. |
| 98—1800, 05—06, 09, 16, Charles Clark. | 26, Brant Van Blarcom. |
| 1800—01, Jabez Parkhurst. | 27, Oliver S. Halsted. |
| 01, 04, 06, 10, Amos Harrison. | 27—28, Dennis Coles. |
| 01, Ralph Post. | 28, William Pennington. |
| 02—04, 07, 10, 24, 28, Abraham Godwin. | 29, Joseph C. Hornblower. |
| 02—04, 08—09, 13, 15, 17—18, Israel Day. | 29, John J. Chetwood. |
| 02—04, Ezra Darby. | 29, John Vail. |
| 04, 06, James Willcock. | 29, Luther Little. |
| 04, 06—09, Silas Whitehead. | 30, 33, Cornelius G. VanRiper. |
| 05—06, 10—15, 20—23, 25, Samuel Pennington. | 30—32, John J. Baldwin. |
| 05—06, Moses Jacques. | 30—32, Ira F. Randolph. |
| 05—06, 17—18, William Gould. | 30, Moses Smith. |
| 07, Abraham Vanhouten. | 30, Stephen J. Meeker. |
| 08—09, 19, Nathan Squier. | 31—32, David Martin. |
| | 31—32, John P. Jackson. |
| | 31—32, William Dickey. |
| | 33—34, Asa Whitehead. |
| | 33—34, John J. Bryant. |
| | 33, Robert Morrell. |

1776 to 1844.

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| 33—34, Gideon Ross. | 39—40, James H. Robinson. |
| 34—35, Andrew Parsons. | 39—40, Samuel H. Gardner. |
| 34, Jonas Smith. | 40—41, William B. Baldwin. |
| 35—36, Jacob Flatt. | 40—41, Alexander Wilson. |
| 35—36, Joseph N. Tuttle. | 40—41, Benjamin F. Brookfield. |
| 35—36, James W. Wade. | 41—44, Stephen Congar. |
| 35—36, John J. Chetwood. | 41, Jonas Smith. |
| 36—37, William J. Pierson. | 41—42, David B. Lum. |
| 37, Stephen Dod. | 41—42, Jabez Cook. |
| 37—38, Alexander C. M. Penn-
ington. | 42—44, Lemuel W. Jacobus. |
| 37—38, John Littell. | 42—44, Jotham Potter. |
| 37, Israel Crane. | 42—44, Samuel C. Smith. |
| 38—39, Edward Sanderson. | 42—44, Jephtha Baldwin. |
| 38—39, William Stites. | 43—44, Isaac Van Wagenan. |
| 38, Abraham V. Spear. | 43—44, John Runyon. |

Gloucester County.

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| 76, 92, Richard Somers. | 08, 11, Joseph V. Clark. |
| 76, Robert F. Price. | 09, John Brick. |
| 76, 1801, Isaac Mickle. | 12—17, Isaac Pine. |
| 77, 78, Elijah Clark. | 12—13, Joseph C. Swett. |
| 77, John Wilkins, Jr. | 12—13, Daniel Carrell. |
| 77, Isaac Tomlinson. | 13—14, 24, 26,
Charles French (Jun.). |
| 78, 81—85, 87—93, 1803—04,
Joseph Cooper. | 14, Nicholas Rape. |
| 79—80, John Sparks. | 15—17, Edward Sharp. |
| 79, Joseph Low. | 17, 23, 28, John Estile (Estill). |
| 79—80, Thomas Rennard. | 18, 24, 26, Daniel Lake. |
| 80, Isaac Kay. | 18—19, Samuel Kille. |
| 81—83, 90, Samuel Hugg. | 18, Samuel L. Jowell. |
| 78, 81—85,
Joseph Ellis (Resigned). | 19, Jeremiah J. Foster. |
| 84—88, 90—91, Thomas Clark. | 19, Thomas Garwood. |
| 85, David Davis. | 20, Jehu Wilson. |
| 86—89, Franklin Davenport. | 20, William Tatem. |
| 86, John Kille. | 20, 23, John Moore White. |
| 89, 93, 95—97, 1800, 02,
Abel Clement. | 21—22, 25, 23, 34,
John R. Scull. |
| 91—94, John Blackwood. | 21, 23, 28, Charles C. Stratton. |
| 94, Benjamin Whittall. | 21—22, Joseph Kaighn. |
| 94, 99, Thomas Wilkins. | 22, Isaac Mickle, Jr. |
| 95—97, 1800—02, Samuel French. | 24—25, Benjamin B. Cooper. |
| 95—96, Thomas Somers. | 24, Thomas Chapman. |
| 97, Daniel Leeds. | 26—27, Thomas Bee. |
| 98—99, Joshua L. Howell. | 27—28, 37—38, Joseph Porter. |
| 98—1802, Samuel W. Harrison. | 27, 29, John W. Mickle. |
| 98, James Wilkins. | 29, Isaac Hinchman. |
| 1803—06, Robert Newell. | 29—30, Japhet Ireland. |
| 03—04, 15—16, Richard Risley. | 30—31, Jacob Howey. |
| 05—06, Reuben Clark. | 30—31, 38—40, Charles Reeves. |
| 05—06, Samuel G. Champion. | 30, Robert L. Armstrong. |
| 06, 10—11, Matthew Gill. | 31—32, Charles F. Wilkins. |
| 06—07, 10, Michael C. Fisher. | 31—32, Samuel B. Westcott. |
| 07—08, 11, Jacob Glover. | 32, John Gill, Jr. |
| 07—08, 10, Benjamin Rulon. | 32, 38—40, Elijah Bower. |
| 08—09, Thomas Doughty. | 33—35, Joseph Rogers. |
| | 33, Jesse Smith. |

1776 to 1844.

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|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 33—35, William R. Cooper. | 41—42, Thomas H. Whitney. |
| 34—35, Samuel B. Lippencott. | 41, John B. Miller. |
| 35, Joseph Endicott. | 41, Charles Knight. |
| 36—38, Joseph W. Cooper. | 42, Samuel C. Allen. |
| 36—37, James W. Caldwell. | 42, Charles H. French. |
| 36—37, David C. Ogden. | 43—44, Nathan T. Stratton. |
| 36, John Richards. | 43—44, Thomas B. Wood. |
| 39—40, Joseph Franklin. | 43—44, Benjamin Harding. |
| 39—40, 42, Richard W. Snowden. | 43—44, Samuel W. Cooper. |
| 41, Joseph L. Pierson. | |

Hudson County.

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1840, John S. Condit. | 43—44, Benjamin F. Welch. |
| 41—42, Abraham L. Van Boskerck. | |

Hunterdon County.

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1776—78, John Hart. | 07, John Dowers. |
| 76, 81, John Mehelm. | 07—11, 21, Moses Stout. |
| 76, Charles Cox. | 09—11, 22, James J. Wilson. |
| 77—78, 82, Nehemiah Dunham. | 10, Elnathan Stevenson. |
| 77, 79—81, 83—88, 91—93, 95—98, | 11, Thomas Prall, Jr. |
| 1800, 02, | 12—13, William Potts. |
| Benjamin Van Cleve. | 12—13, David Manners. |
| 78, David Chambers. | 12—13, Benjamin Wright. |
| 79—80, Jared Sexton. | 13—14, Edward Yard. |
| 79, William Gano. | 13—14, Samuel Barber. |
| 80—85, 88, John Lambert. | 13—14, John Opdycke. |
| 82—84, Samuel Tucker. | 15—16, John Farlee. |
| 85—87, Joab Houghton. | 15—17, William Nixon. |
| 86—87, 89—90, 94. | 15—16, 18—20, 23, |
| John Anderson. | Abraham Stout. |
| 88, Robert Taylor. | 16—17, Thomas Prall. |
| 89, Joshua Corshen. | 17—18, Robert McNeely. |
| 89, Charles Axford. | 18—19, 27—29, Isaac G. Farlee. |
| 90—92, Thomas Lowrey. | 18—23, George Maxwell. |
| 90, 92, John Taylor. | 19, 21, Isaac Taylor. |
| 91, 93—98, 1800, '02, | 20, Israel Taylor. |
| Aaron D. Woodruff. | 20—21, 25—27, Thomas Capner. |
| 93—98, 1800, 02, Simon Wyckoff. | 22, Levi Knowles. |
| 93, Samuel Stout. | 22, 27, Garret D. Wall. |
| 94—95, David Frazer. | 23—28, 30—32, Enoch Clifford. |
| 96—97, 99—1800, 02, | 23—24, David Johnston. |
| Stephen Burrows. | 24—26, Asa C. Dunham. |
| 97, Samuel R. Stewart. | 24, 28—31, Alexander Wurts. |
| 98, Joseph Beavers. | 25—26, 30, 33, John Barton. |
| 98—99, 1801, 03—08, | 28—29, Stacy G. Potts. |
| Joseph Hankinson. | 29, Gabriel Hoff. |
| 99—1801, 03—06, 17, John Haas. | 30—33, Edward S. McIlvaine. |
| 99, John Lequear. | 30—32, 34—35, William Marshall. |
| 1801, 03—06, Nathan Stout. | 31—32, Cornelius Ludlow. |
| 01—03, Peter Gordon. | 33—34, William H. Sloan. |
| 04, Hugh Runyon. | 33—34, Sutphin Garrison. |
| 04, Ellett Tucker. | 33, Andrew Weart. |
| 05—06, 08, Joshua Wright. | 33—34, John W. Eline. |
| 06—14, Aaron Vansyckle. | 34, William McKee. |

1776 to 1844.

35—36, Joseph Brown.	38, James Snyder.
35—37, John Hall.	39—40, George Servis.
35—36, Wilson Bray.	39—40, Joseph Exton.
35—36, John Blane.	41, Jonathan Dawes.
36, Andrew Larason.	41—42, Leonard H. Flomerfelt.
37, James A. Phillips.	41—42, John B. Mattison.
37—38, David Neighbour.	41—42, Isaac R. Srope.
37, 43—44, Jonathan Pickel.	43—44, John Swackhamer.
37, John H. Huffman.	43—44, John H. Case.
38—40, Philip Hiller.	43—44, Joseph Johnson.

Mercer County.

1838—39, Josiah S. Worth.	41—42, John B. Mount.
38, Robert C. Hutchinson.	42, Isaac Batten.
39—40, William Rosco.	42, Henry W. Green.
40, James Wilson.	43—44, Israel J. Woodward.
41, Isaac Baker.	43—44, Richard J. Bond.
41, Isaac W. Lanning.	43—44, John Lowry.

Middlesex County.

1776, 82—83, 91, 99, 1802, John Combs.	06—10, 12—13, 15—16, 18, 27, James Parker.
1776, Daniel Moores.	06—07, Alexander Dunn.
76—78, 94—95, 99, Benjamin Manning.	08—10, George Bolce.
77, 79, Matthias Baker.	11, John Brewster.
77, Jacob Vandike.	11, John L. Anderson.
78, 80, Jacob Schenck.	11, 17, 26, James T. Dunn.
78, Ebenezer Ford.	14—15, John N. Simpson.
79, John Neilson.	14, Alexander Dunn.
79, Thomson Stelle.	16, Hezekiah Smith.
80—82, Jacob Suydam.	16—18, Allison Ely.
80, 88, Melancthon Freeman.	17—18, Frazee Ayres.
81, Jacob Martin.	19, 25, 27—28, Charles Carson.
81—82, John Conger.	19, 21—22, Samuel Edgar.
83—85, 88, James Schuurman.	19—22, 25—26, James Cook.
83, Samuel Fitz-Randolph.	20—26, 30—31, John T. McDowell.
84, Moses Bloomfield.	23—24, James F. Randolph.
85—86, 87, 89, James Bonney.	23—24, David Schenck.
86—87, James Douglass.	27—28, Andrew Snowhill.
89, John Beatty.	28, Nicholas Booraem.
89—90, 92—93, 96, 98, Thomas McDowell.	29, Littleton Kirkpatrick.
90—95, Peter Vredenbergh.	29, Abraham Cruser.
90—92, John Runyan.	29, Josiah B. Howell.
93, John Rattoone.	30—31, Lewis S. Randolph.
94—98, James Morgan.	30—31, Charles G. McChesney
96, Joseph F. Randolph.	31—32, David W. Vail.
97—1804, Gershom Dunn.	32, John H. Disborough.
97, Andrew Kirkpatrick.	32, Simeon Mundy.
1800, 14—15, William Edgar.	32, 34, Henry Vandyke.
1800—01, John Neilson.	33, John M. Tufts.
01—06, 12—13, 20, Erkuries Beatty.	33, Abraham W. Brown.
03—10, 12—13, James Voorhees.	33, 36, Samuel C. Johnes.
05—06, Andrew Elston.	33—34, 37, Richard S. Field.
	34—35, Ralph M. Crowell.
	34—35, Elias Runyon.

1776 to 1844.

35—38, George P. Malleson.	40—41, John Acken.
35, George T. McDowell.	40, Israel R. Coriell.
36, Thompson Edgar.	40, Dean Britton.
36, William C. Alexander.	41, Frazee Ayres.
37—38, David B. Appleget.	41, Aaron Gulick.
37—39, Lewis Golding.	42—44, John D. Field.
38, 40, Adam Lee.	42, Warren Brown.
39, Frederick Richmond.	42—44, William Patterson.
39, 41, David Dunn.	42—44, William L. Schenck.
39, Cornelius C. Cruser.	43—44, Joel B. Laing.

Monmouth County.

1776, 81—82, 92,	20, Isaac Hance.
John Covenhoven.	21—24, William I. Conover.
76, Joseph Holmes, Jr.	21—22, Corlis Lloyd.
76—79, James Mott, Jr.	21—27, John T. Woodhull.
77—78, 86, Peter Schenck.	22, John J. Ely.
77—79, Hendrick Smock.	23, Cornelius Walling.
79—81, Thomas Seabrook.	24—26, Joseph Conover.
80, Nathaniel Scudder.	24—30, James West.
80—84, Thomas Henderson.	27, James Hopping.
82—85, Daniel Hendrickson.	28—30, Daniel H. Ellis.
83, Peter Covenhoven.	28, Leonard Walling.
84—86, 94—95, Elisha Walton.	29—30, Augustus W. Bennett.
85—1801, Joseph Stillwell.	29—30, Ivins (W.) Davis.
87—93, Thomas Little.	31, 33, Benjamin Woodward.
87—89, James Rogers.	31—36, Annanlah Gifford.
90—91, 93—96, John (H.) Imlay.	31, 33—35, Daniel B. Ryall.
96, William Wickoff.	31, 33—36, Thomas G. Height.
97, 1808, Robert Montgomery.	32, James S. Lawrence.
97—1800, William Lloyd.	32, Nicholas Van Wickle.
98, 1800, 08, David Gordon.	32, Elisha Lippincott.
99, Edward Taylor.	34—36, William Burtis.
1801—07, James Cox.	36, Arthur V. Conover.
01—04, 10—11, Peter Knott.	37, Samuel Mairs.
01—07, John A. Scudder.	37, Edmund T. Williams.
04—07, 09, Henry Tiebout.	37, Thomas Miller.
08, 12—13, Tylee Williams.	37, James Gulick.
09, Silas Crane.	38—39, James Craig.
09—10, 13—14, John S. Holmes.	38—39, Thomas E. Combs.
10—11, 13—14, 19—20,	38—39, William P. Forman.
Thomas Cox.	38—39, Garret Hiers.
11, 13—14, James Anderson.	40, John Meirs.
12—13, John Stillwell.	40, Henry W. Wolcott.
12—13, 23, 25—28, James Lloyd.	40, James Grover.
15—16, George Holcombe.	40, Charles Morris.
15—18, 20, Matthias Van Barkle.	41—44, Thomas C. Throckmorton
15—18, Reuben Shreve.	41—44, John R. Conover.
17—19, 21, Charles Parker.	41—44, Joseph Brinley.
18—19, William Ten Eycke.	41—44, Benjamin L. Irons.
19, Jacob Butcher.	41—44, Samuel R. Oliphant
20, Samuel F. Allen.	

1776 to 1844.

Morris County.

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|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1776-78, Jacob Drake. | 20-21, 23, 28-30, |
| 76-77, 79, 81-90, Ellis Cook. | William Monro. |
| 76-77, William Woodhull. | 20, Benjamin Smith. |
| 78-79, Abraham Kitchel. | 22-23, 25, Ebenezer F. Smith. |
| 78, 95, David Thomson. | 23-26, George K. Drake. |
| 79, Alexander Carmichael. | 24, John Scott. |
| 80, William Winds. | 25-26, Joseph Dickerson. |
| 80, John Carle. | 25-27, Ephraim Marsh. |
| 80, Eleazer Lindsly. | 26, 35, John D. Jackson. |
| 81-82, 84, 86-90, 93-94, 97, | 27, David Mills. |
| 1801-04, 09. | 27, Stephen Thompson. |
| Aaron Kitchel. | 27, Walter Kirkpatrick. |
| 81-83, 85-88, 91, 95, | 28-30, Joseph Jackson. |
| John Starke. | 28-30, Charles Hillard. |
| 83, Jonathan Dickerson. | 28-30, John Hancock. |
| 84-85, 89-90, Jacob Arnold. | 31, Elijah Ward. |
| 91-94, 96-98, 1800, Silas Condit. | 31, 33-34, Thomas Muir. |
| 91-92, Hiram Smith. | 31, 35, James Cook. |
| 92, John Wurts. | 32, Samuel Beach. |
| 93-94, 96-97, 1800, | 32, Jacob W. Miller. |
| David Welsh. | 32, Joseph Smith. |
| 95, John Debow. | 33-34, Joseph Dickerson, Jr. |
| 96, John Cobb. | 33-35, Henry Hillard. |
| 98-99, 1801-04, | 33-34, Silas Lindsley. |
| William Corwin. | 35, Isaac Quimby. |
| 98-1800, Cornelius Voorhees. | 36, John A. Bleeker. |
| 99, William Campfield. | 36, William Dellicker. |
| 1802-04, Jonathan Ogden. | 36, Alexander Dickerson. |
| 04-06, Jesse Upson. | 36, William Logan. |
| 05-09, Lewis Condict. | 37-38, Lewis Condict. |
| 05-06, George Tucker. | 37-38, Silas Tuttle. |
| 06-08, Nicholas Neighbour. | 37-38, Robert C. Stephens. |
| 07-13, Stephen Dod. | 37-38, Ezekiel B. Gaines. |
| 10-14, Jephthah B. Munn. | 39-40, Abraham Brittin. |
| 10, 13-15, Nicholas Mandeville. | 39-40, Ebenezer F. Smith. |
| 11-13, Mahlon Dickerson. | 39, Jacob Weise. |
| 13, 31, Leonard Neighbor. | 39-40, Paul B. De Bow. |
| 14-22, David Thompson, Jr. | 40-41, James W. Drake. |
| 15-16, 19, Benjamin Condit. | 41, Samuel B. Halsey. |
| 15-16, Ezekiel Kitchell. | 41-42, William Stephens. |
| 16-18, Samuel Halliday. | 41, Thomas C. Willis. |
| 17-18, John S. Darcy. | 42, Samuel C. Halsey. |
| 17, 21-22, 24, | 42, David T. Cooper. |
| Benjamin McCurry (Mc- | 42-44, James Clark. |
| Courry). | 43-44, John M. Losey. |
| 18-19, 21-24, 32, | 43-44, Samuel Willet. |
| William Brittin. | 43-44, George Vail. |
| 19-20, Silas Cook. | |

Passaic County.

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|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1837, Aaron S. Pennington. | 41, Samuel A. Van Saun. |
| 37-38, Henry M. Brown. | 42, Martin I. Ryerson. |
| 38-39, Elisha Clarke. | 42, Adrian R. Van Houten. |
| 39-40, John F. Ryerson. | 43-44, William S. Hogencamp. |
| 40, James Speer. | 43-44, Thaddeus Board. |
| 41, George M. Ryerson. | |

1776 to 1844.

Salem County.

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|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1776, 86, 89, Edmund Wetherby. | 19, Thomas Murphy. |
| 76, Samuel Dick. | 20, 30, Zaccheus Ray. |
| 76, Elisha Basset, Jr. | 20—21, John G. Mason. |
| 77, 87—89, Benjamin Holme. | 21, 23, 25, Robert G. Johnson. |
| 77—79, Whitten Cripps. | 21, 23, Abraham Swing. |
| 77, 82, 84—85, 87—88, | 22, Jonathan Richman. |
| Thomas Sinnickson. | 22, John Sinnickson. |
| 78, 80, Allen Congleton, Jr. | 23, Aaron O. Dayton. |
| 78—80, John Mayhew. | 24—26, Samuel Humphreys. |
| 79, 82, 84—85, Anthony Sharp. | 24—25, Israel R. Clawson. |
| 80, 84, William Smith. | 24, Samuel Clement. |
| 81, 83, 86, Ephraim Lloyd. | 26, Benjamin Archer. |
| 81—82, 84—85, 87—89, | 27, 29, William N. Jeffers. |
| Edward Hall. | 27, Thomas Sinnickson. |
| 81, James James. | 28, Edward Smith. |
| 83, Thomas Norris. | 28, Jeremiah Foster. |
| 86, 90—91, Samuel Sharp. | 28, William J. Shinn. |
| 90, John Smith. | 29, Jacob Wick. |
| 90, Benjamin Cripps. | 29, 31, David Hurley. |
| 91, 93, Bateman Lloyd. | 30, Joseph C. Nelson. |
| 91—95, 98, John Sinnickson. | 30, John Summerill. |
| 92—95, 1800, Eleazer Mayhew. | 31, James Butcher. |
| 92, 94, Thomas Clement. | 31, Isaac Johnson. |
| 95—97, William Wallace. | 32, Anthony Nelson. |
| 96, William Parret. | 32, James W. Mulford. |
| 96, Gervas Hall. | 32, 34, 37, Isaac Johnson, 2d. |
| 97, Clement Hall. | 33, Nehemiah Garrison. |
| 97, 99, 1801, Artis Seagrave. | 33, Richard P. Thompson. |
| 98, 1800, Anthony Keasby. | 33, Jacob Hitchner. |
| 98—99, Joseph Shinn. | 34, Samuel Humphreys. |
| 99—1800, Isaac Moss. | 34, Joseph Lippencott. |
| 1801—04, Edward Burroughs. | 35—36, Hudson A. Springer. |
| 01—04, Merryman Smith. | 35, Thomas J. Yorke. |
| 02—04, Samuel Ray. | 35, William Cook. |
| 04—14, Jeremiah Dubois. | 36, Woodnut Petit. |
| 05—06, Charles Jones. | 36, H. J. Fries. |
| 05—06, Hedge Thompson. | 37, John Hall. |
| 06—08, Daniel Garrison. | 37, 42, John W. Maskell. |
| 06, Daniel Tracy. | 38, Joseph Hancock. |
| 07—08, Nathan Bassett. | 38—39, John Sumerille, Jr. |
| 09—10, 17, Philip Curriden. | 38—39, Moses Richman, Jr. |
| 09, 11, John Smith. | 39, David Hurley. |
| 10, Samuel Miller. | 40, John Dickinson. |
| 11, Anthony Nelson. | 40, Samuel Bolton. |
| 12—13, Robert H. Van Meter. | 40, Alexander G. Cattell. |
| 12—15, 19, James Newell. | 41, John G. Ballinger. |
| 13—14, John Dickinson. | 41, William H. Nelson. |
| 13, 26—27, Henry Freas. | 41, Thomas Flanagan. |
| 15—16, Joseph Kille. | 42, Nathaniel Robbins, Sr. |
| 15, 19—20, 22, Morris Hancock. | 42, Thomas Dickinson, Jr. |
| 16—18, Stacy Lloyd. | 43—44, Samuel Capner. |
| 16, 18, John Mayhew. | 43—44, Allen Wallace. |
| 17, Peter Bilderback. | 43—44, Thomas Bilderback. |
| 18, Thomas Yarrow. | |

1776 to 1844.

Somerset County.

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1776, Jacob Bogart. | 1804, 16—19, 22—23, |
| 76, Alexander MacEowen. | James Stryker. |
| 76, Reoloff Vandike. | 04, John Annin. |
| 77—78, William-Churchill Hous- | 05—10, Peter I. Stryker. |
| ton. | 07, Samuel Swan. |
| 77, Alexander Kirkpatrick. | 08—10, John N. Simpson. |
| 77—79, Reoloff Sebring. | 13—15, Samuel Bayard. |
| 78, 80—81, 84, | 13—19, Joseph Annin. |
| David Kirkpatrick. | 15, Andrew Howell. |
| 79—88, 94, Edward Bunn. | 16, Cornelius Van Horn. |
| 79, Henry Vandike. | 17—19, Martin Schenck. |
| 80, 84, Christopher Hoagland. | 20—21, 23—25, Dickinson Miller. |
| 81—82, John Schuurman. | 20—25, 30—31, Jacob Kline. |
| 82, Deick Longstreet. | 20—21, John H. Disborough. |
| 83, Cornelius Ten-Broeck. | 22, Henry Vanderveer. |
| 83, 89, John Witherspoon. | 24—27, James S. Green. |
| 84, 1800—04, | 26—27, James D. Stryker. |
| Frederick Frelinghuysen. | 26—27, 29, Peter D. Vroom, Jr. |
| 85—89, 92, | 28—29, James S. Nevius. |
| Robert Blaire (Blair). | 28, William C. Annin. |
| 85—87, David Kelley. | 28, John H. Voorhees. |
| 88, John Hardenbergh. | 29—31, Ferdinand S. Schenck. |
| 89, 1812—13, | 30—31, 35, William Crusier. |
| Jacob R. Hardenburgh. | 32—34, John Brees. |
| 90—91, 93, 95, Robert Stockton. | 32—34, William D. Stewart. |
| 90—91, 94—96, 1811—13, | 32—34, Cornelius L. Hardenburg. |
| Peter D. Vroom. | 35—36, Nicholas C. Jobs. |
| 90—91, James Linn. | 35, William D. McKissack. |
| 92, William Wallace. | 36—38, David T. Talmage. |
| 92—99, 1811, Henry Southard. | 36—38, Henry Duryee. |
| 93, Jonathan Ford Morris. | 37—38, Ralph Voorhees. |
| 96—1810, 12—14, | 39—41, Henry H. Wilson. |
| James Van Duyn. | 39—41, Daniel Cory. |
| 97, John Stryker. | 39—41, Arthur V. P. Sutphin. |
| 98, David Kelly. | 42—44, Samuel Reynolds. |
| 99—1806, 11, | 42—44, Peter Voorhees. |
| William McEowen. | 42—44, Peter Kline. |

Sussex County.

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|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1776—78, Casper Shaffer. | 82, Isaac Martin. |
| 76, Abia Brown. | 82—92, Aaron Hankinson. |
| 76—77, Thomas Peterson. | 83, William Maxwell. |
| 77, John MacMurtie. | 84—89, Charles Beardslee. |
| 78, Jacob MacCollum. | 85—88, Christopher Longstreet. |
| 78, Benjamin MacCullough. | 89—90, John Rutherford. |
| 79, Mark Thompson. | 90, Robert Ogden. |
| 79, 81, Peter Hopkins. | 91—92, William Helms (Helms). |
| 79, Anthony Broderick. | 91—92, Bidleman Voluntine (Val- |
| 80, Edmund Martin. | entine). |
| 80, Hugh Hughes. | 93—96, 99, William McCullough. |
| 80, Samuel Kennedy. | 93—94, Martin Ryerson. |
| 81, Joshua Swayze. | 93—97, Peter Sharp. |
| 81—84, Isaac Van-Campen. | 95, George Armstrong |

1776 to 1844.

96—97, Peter Smith.	20, Abraham Shaver.
97, Thomas Armstrong.	20, Peter Kilne.
97—98, John Gustin.	20, 23, Joseph Coryell.
98—1800, Joseph Gaston.	21—22, Leffert Haughawout.
98—1806, Levi Howell.	21—22, 32—34,
98, William Runkle.	Benjamin Hamilton.
99—1802, Silas Dickerson.	21, Jacob Ayres.
1800, 04—06, 10—12,	21—22, 24, James Egbert.
Joseph Sharp.	23, Abraham Newiman.
01—04, John Linn.	23, 25—27, Joseph Chandler.
01—04, Abraham Shaver.	24, Daniel Swayze.
03—04, John Johnson.	24, Evi A. Sayer.
04—06, 08—11,	24, Joseph Edsall.
William Kennedy.	25, Nathan A. Shafer.
05—06, William Armstrong.	26—27, Hiram Munson.
06—08, Henry Hankinson.	28—31, Peter Merkel.
06, John Coursen.	28—29, James Evans.
06—07, Daniel Harker.	30—31, Simeon McCoy.
06, William A. Ryerson.	30—31, John Hull.
07—09, Aaron Kerr.	32—34, Joseph Greer.
07—09, John Cox.	32—33, Peter Young.
09—11, Richard Edsall.	34—35, Joshua Shay.
10, George Bidleman.	35—36, John Strader.
11, Garret Vleit.	35—36, Joseph Linn.
12—15, Simon Cortright.	36, Benjamin Hull.
12—15, James Davison.	37—38, William J. Willson.
12—15, Robert W. Rutherford.	37—38, Isaac Shiner.
13—15, Joseph Sharp.	37—38, John Hull.
16—17, Abraham Bidleman.	39—40, Samuel Truex.
16—19, Robert C. Thomson.	39—40, William H. Nyce.
16, William Darrah.	39—40, Joseph Greer.
16, Peter Decker.	41—42, Isaac Bonnell.
17—19, George Beardslee.	41—42, David Hynard.
17—19, Jeremy Mackey.	41—42, Nathan Smith.
18—19, 22—23,	43—44, Jesse Bell.
Thomas Teasdale, Jr.	43—44, Absalom Dunning.
20, Jacob Hornbeck.	43—44, Timothy H. Cok.

Warren County.

1825, James Egbert.	34, Jacob Brotzman.
25, Daniel Swayze.	34—37, George Flummerfelt.
26, Archibald Robertson.	34, Henry Hankinson.
26—27, Jacob Armstrong.	35—36, John Young.
27—28, Jonathan Robbins.	37—38, William Larrison.
28—29, Daniel Vleit.	37—38, Henry Van Nest.
29, Jacob Summers.	38—39, Samuel Shoemaker.
30, Samuel Wilson.	39—41, George W. Smyth.
30—32, 35—36,	39—41, John Moore.
Caleb H. Valentine.	40—42, Jacob H. Winter.
30—31, Richard Shackelton.	42—44, Stephen Varne.
31, 33, Charles Sitgreaves.	42—44, Abraham Wildrick.
32—33, John Blair.	43—44, Robert C. Caskey.
32—33, Isaac Shipman.	

STATE SENATORS.

BY COUNTIES, FROM 1845 TO 1915.

Atlantic County.

45—47, Joel Adams.	72—74, William Moore.
48—50, Lewis M. Walker.	75—77, Hosen F. Madden.
51—53, Joseph E. Potts.	78—92, John J. Gardner.
54—56, David B. Somers.	93—98, Samuel D. Hoffman.
57—59, Enoch Cordery.	99—1901, Lewis Evans.
60—62, Thomas E. Morris.	02—07, Edward S. Lee.
63—65, Samuel Stille.	08—11, Edward A. Wilson.
66—68, David S. Blackman.	11—17, Walter B. Edge.
69—71, Jesse Adams.	

Bergen County.

45—47, Richard R. Paulson.	75—77, George Dayton.
48—49, Isaac I. Harding.	78—80, Cornelius S. Cooper.
50—51, John Van Brunt.	81—83, Isaac Wortendyke.
52—53, Abraham Hopper.	84—85, Ezra Miller.
54—56, Daniel D. Depew.	86—89, John W. Bogert.
57—59, Thomas H. Herrling.	90—95, Henry D. Winton.
60—62, Ralph S. Demarest.	96—1900, William M. Johnson.
63—65, Daniel Holsman.	01—11, Edmund W. Wakelee.
66—68, John Y. Dater.	11—14, Jas. A. C. Johnson.
69—71, James J. Brinkerhoff.	14—17, Charles O'C. Hennessy.
72—74, Cornelius Lydecker.	

Burlington County.

45—46, James S. Hulme.	80—82, Wm. Budd Deacon.
47—49, Thomas H. Richards.	83—85, Hezekiah B. Smith.
50—52, Joseph Satterthwaite.	86—91, William H. Carter.
53—58, Joseph W. Allen.	92—94, Mitchell B. Perkins.
59—61, Thomas L. Norcross.	95—97, William C. Parry.
62, Joseph W. Pharo.	98—1900, Howard M. Packer.
63—64, William Garwood.	01—03, Nathan Haines.
65—67, Geo. M. Wright.	04—06, John G. Horner.
68—70, Job H. Gaskell.	07—09, Samuel K. Robbins.
71—73, Henry J. Irick.	10—13, Griffith W. Lewis.
74—76, Barton F. Thorn.	13—16, Blanchard H. White.
77—79, Caleb G. Ridgway.	16—19, Harold B. Wells.

Camden County.

45, Richard W. Howell.	73—81, William J. Sewell.
46—48, Joseph C. Stafford.	82—84, Albert Merritt.
49—51, John Gill.	85—87, Richard N. Herring.
52—54, Thomas W. Mulford.	88—90, George Pfeiffer, Jr.
55—60, John K. Roberts.	91—96, Maurice A. Rogers.
61—63, William P. Tatem.	97—1902, Herbert W. Johnson.
64—66, James M. Scovel.	03—12, William J. Bradley.
67—72, Edward Bettle.	12—18, William T. Read.

Cape May County.

45—46, Reuben Willets.	77—79, Jonathan F. Leaming.
47—49, James L. Smith.	80—85, Waters B. Miller.
50—52, Enoch Edmunds.	86—88, Joseph H. Hanes.
53—55, Joshua Swain, Jr.	89—91, Walter S. Leaming.
56—58, Jesse H. Diverty.	92—94, Lemuel E. Miller.
59—61, Downs Edmunds.	95—97, Edmund L. Ross.
62—64, Jonathan F. Leaming.	98—1903, Robert E. Hand.
65—67, Wilmon W. Ware.	04—06, Lewis M. Cresse.
68—70, Leaming M. Rice.	07—13, Robert E. Hand.
71—73, Thomas Beesley.	13—16, Harry C. Wheaton.
74—76, Richard S. Leaming.	16—19, Lewis T. Stevens.

Cumberland County.

45—46, Enoch H. More.	75—77, J. Howard Willets.
47—50, Stephen A. Garrison.	78—80, George S. Whiticar.
51—53, Reuben Fithian.	81—86, Isaac T. Nichols.
54—56, Lewis Howell.	87—89, Phillip P. Baker.
57—59, John L. Sharp.	90—92, Seaman R. Fowler.
60—62, Nat. Stratton.	93—1901, Edward C. Stokes.
63—68, Providence Ludlam.	02—11, Bloomfield H. Minch.
69—71, James H. Nixon.	11—14, Isaac T. Nichols.
72—74, C. Henry Shepherd.	14—17, John A. Ackley.

Essex County.

45, Joseph S. Dodd.	79—81, William H. Francis.
46—48, Stephen R. Grover.	82—84, William Stainsby.
49—51, Asa Whitehead.	85—87, Frederick S. Fish.
52—54, Stephen Congar.	88—90, A. F. R. Martin.
55—57, George R. Chetwood.	91—93, Michael T. Barrett.
58—60, Charles L. C. Gifford.	94—99, George W. Ketcham.
61—63, James M. Quinby.	1900—02, Thos. N. McCarter, Jr.
64—66, John G. Trusdell.	03—05, J. Henry Bacheller.
67—69, James L. Hays.	06—09, Everett Colby.
70—75, John W. Taylor.	09—12, Harry V. Osborne.
76—78, William H. Kirk.	12—18, Austen Colgate.

Gloucester County.

45—48, John C. Smallwood.	79—81, John F. Bodine.
49—51, Charles Reeves.	82—83, Thomas M. Ferrell.
52—54, John Burk.	84—87, Stacy L. Pancoast.
55—57, Joseph Franklin.	88—90, Joseph B. Roe.
58—60, Jephtha Abbott.	91—93, George H. Barker.
61—63, John Pierson.	94—96, Daniel J. Packer.
64—66, Joseph L. Reeves.	97—1902, Solomon H. Stanger.
67—69, Woodward Warrick.	03—05, Thomas M. Ferrell.
70—75, Samuel Hopkins.	06—09, John Boyd Ayis.
76—78, Thomas P. Mathers.	09—18, George W. F. Gaunt.

Hudson County.

45—47, Richard Outwater.	78—80, Rudolph F. Rabe.
48—49, John Tonnele.	81—83, Elijah T. Paxon.
50, John Cassidy.	84—86, William Brinkerhoff.
51—53, Abraham O. Zabriskie.	87—89, William D. Edwards.
54—56, Moses B. Bramhall.	90—91, *Edward F. McDonald.
57—59, C. V. Clickener.	92, Robert S. Hudspeth.
60—61, Samuel Westcott.	92—98, William D. Daly.
62—65, Theo. F. Randolph.	99—1900, Allan L. McDermott.
66—68, Charles H. Winfield.	01—04, Robert S. Hudspeth.
69—71, Noah D. Taylor.	05—07, James F. Minturn.
72—74, John R. McPherson.	08—13, **James F. Fielder.
75—77, Leon Abbett.	14—17, Charles M. Egan.

*Mr. McDonald was unseated the last week of the session of 1890, and William S. Stuhr was given his seat. The first week of the session of 1891 Mr. Stuhr was unseated and Mr. McDonald resumed his seat.

**Became Acting Governor March 1st, '13; resigned October 28th.

Hunterdon County.

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|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 45—46, Alexander Wurts. | 80—82, Ell Bosenbury. |
| 47—49, Isaac G. Farlee. | 83—85, John Carpenter, Jr. |
| 50—52, John Manners. | 86—88, George H. Large. |
| 53—55, Alexander V. Bonnell. | 89—91, Moses K. Everitt. |
| 56—58, John C. Rafferty. | 92—94, William H. Martin. |
| 59—61, Edmund Perry. | 95—97, Richard S. Kuhl. |
| 62—64, John Blane. | 98—1900, John R. Foster. |
| 65—67, Alexander Wurts. | 01—03, William C. Gebhardt. |
| 68—70, Joseph G. Bowne. | 04—06, George F. Martens, Jr. |
| 71—73, David H. Banghart. | 07—13, William C. Gebhardt. |
| 74—76, Fred A. Potts. | 13—19, George F. Martens, Jr. |
| 77—79, James N. Pidcock. | |

Mercer County.

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|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 45—50, Charles S. Olden. | 78—80, Crowell Marsh. |
| 51—56, William C. Alexander. | 81—83, John Taylor. |
| 57—59, Robert C. Hutchinson. | 84—86, George O. Vanderbilt. |
| 60—62, Jonathan Cook. | 87—92, John D. Rue. |
| 63—65, Edward W. Scudder. | 93—98, William H. Skirm. |
| 66—68, Aug. G. Richey. | 99—1904, Elijah C. Hutchinson. |
| 69—71, John Woolverton. | 05—07, Barton B. Hutchinson. |
| 72—74, Charles Hewitt. | 08—14, Harry D. Leavitt. |
| 75—77, Jonathan H. Blackwell. | 14—17, Barton B. Hutchinson. |

Middlesex County.

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|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 45—46, David Crowell. | 83—85, Abraham V. Schenck. |
| 47—49, Adam Lee. | 86—88, Daniel C. Chase. |
| 50—52, Edward Y. Rogers. | 89—94, Robert Adrain. |
| 53—55, Ralph C. Stults. | 95—97, Charles B. Herbert. |
| 56—58, Henry V. Speer. | 98—1900, James H. Van Cleef. |
| 59—61, Abra. Everitt. | 01—03, Theodore Strong. |
| 62—70, Amos Robbins. | 04—06, Wm. H. C. Jackson. |
| 71—76, Levi D. Jarrard. | 07—13, George S. Silzer. |
| 77—79, George C. Ludlow. | 13—16, William E. Ramsay. |
| 80—82, Isaac L. Martin. | 16—19, William E. Florance. |

Monmouth County.

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|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 45, Thomas E. Combs. | 82—84, John S. Applegate. |
| 46—48, George F. Fort. | 85—87, Thomas G. Chattle. |
| 49—51, John A. Morford. | 88—90, Henry M. Nevius. |
| 52—54, William D. Davis. | 91—92, Thomas S. R. Brown. |
| 55—57, Robert S. Laird. | 93, Henry S. Terhune. |
| 58—60, Wm. H. Hendrickson. | 94—96, James A. Bradley. |
| 61—63, Anthony Reckless. | 97—1902, Charles Asa Francis |
| 64—71, Henry S. Little. | 03—12, Oliver H. Brown. |
| 72, Wm. H. Conover, Jr. | 12—15, John W. Slocum. |
| 73—78, Wm. H. Hendrickson. | 15—18, Henry E. Ackerson, Jr. |
| 79—81, George C. Beekman. | |

Morris County.

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|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 45—47, John B. Johnes. | 78—80, Augustus C. Canfield. |
| 48—50, Ephraim Marsh. | 81—86, James C. Youngblood. |
| 51—53, John A. Bleecker. | 87—92, George T. Werts. |
| 54—56, Alexander Robertson. | 93—95, Elias C. Drake. |
| 57—59, Andrew B. Cobb. | 96—98, John B. Vreeland. |
| 60—62, Daniel Budd. | 99—1901, Mablon Pitney. |
| 63—65, Lyman A. Chandler. | 02—04, Jacob W. Welsh. |
| 66—70, George T. Cobb. | 05—09, Thomas J. Hillery. |
| 71, Columbus Beach. | 10, Edward K. Mills. |
| 72—74, Augustus W. Cutler. | 11—14, Richard Fitzherbert. |
| 75—77, John Hill. | 14—17, Charles A. Rathbun. |

Ocean County.

51—53, Samuel Birdsall.	84—92, George T. Cranmer.
54—56, Jas. Cowperthwaite.	93—95, George G. Smith.
57—62, William F. Brown.	96—98, Robert B. Engle.
63—68, George D. Horner.	99—1901, George G. Smith.
69—71, John Torrey, Jr.	02—07, George L. Shinn.
72—74, John G. W. Havens.	08—09, William J. Harrison.
75—77, John S. Schultze.	10, Thomas A. Mathis.
78—80, Ephraim P. Emson.	11—14, George C. Low.
81—83, Abram C. B. Havens.	14—17, Thomas A. Mathis.

Passaic County.

45—46, Cornelius G. Garrison.	83—88, John W. Griggs.
47—49, Martin J. Ryerson.	89—91, John Mallon.
50—52, Silas D. Canfield.	92—94, John Hinchliffe.
53—55, Thomas D. Hoxsey.	95—97, Robert Williams.
56—58, Jetur R. Riggs.	98—1900, Christian Braun.
59—67, Benjamin Buckley.	01—06, Wood McKee.
68—70, John Hopper.	07—10, John Hinchliffe.
71—73, Henry A. Williams.	10—13, John D. Prince.
74—76, John Hopper.	13—16, Peter J. McGinnis.
77—82, Garret A. Hobart.	16—19, Thomas F. McCran.

Salem County.

45, William J. Shinn.	79—81, Quinton Keasbey.
46—48, Benjamin Acton, Jr.	82—84, George Hires.
49—51, John Summerill, Jr.	85—87, Wyatt W. Miller.
52—54, Allen Wallace.	88—90, William Newell.
55—57, Charles P. Smith.	91—93, James Butcher.
58—60, Joseph K. Riley.	94—96, John C. Ward.
61—63, Emmor Reeve.	97—1902, Richard C. Miller.
64—66, Richard M. Acton.	03—05, James Strimple.
67—69, Samuel Plummer.	06—12, William Plummer, Jr.
70—72, John C. Belden.	12—13, J. Warren Davis.
73—75, Isaac Newkirk.	14—15, Isaac S. Smick.
76—78, Charles S. Plummer.	15—18, Collins B. Allen.

Somerset County.

45, George H. Brown.	76—78, Charles B. Moore.
46—48, William H. Leupp.	79—81, John G. Schenck.
49—51, John W. Craig.	82—84, Eugene S. Doughty.
52—54, Moses Craig.	85—90, Lewis A. Thompson.
55—57, Samuel K. Martin.	91—93, William J. Keys.
58—60, James Campbell.	94—96, Lewis A. Thompson.
61—63, Rynler H. Veghte.	97—1902, Charles A. Reed.
64—66, Joshua Doughty.	03—05, Samuel S. Childs.
67—69, John H. Anderson.	06—12, Jos. S. Frelinghuysen.
70—72, Calvin Corle.	12—18, William W. Smalley.
73—75, Elisha B. Wood.	

Sussex County.

45—46, Benjamin Hamilton.	77—79, Francis M. Ward.
47—49, Nathan Smith.	80—82, Thomas Lawrence.
50—52, Joseph Greer.	83—85, Lewis Cochran.
53—55, Isaac Bonnell.	86—88, John A. McBride.
56—58, Zachariah H. Price.	89—91, Peter D. Smith.
59—61, Edward C. Moore.	92—94, John McMickle.
62—64, Peter Smith.	95—97, Jacob Gould.
65—67, Joseph S. Martin.	98—1903, Lewis J. Martin.
68—73, Richard E. Edsall.	04—13, Jacob Cole Price.
74—76, Samuel T. Smith.	13—19, Samuel T. Munson.

Union County.

58—60, John R. Ayres.
 61—63, Joseph T. Crowell.
 64—65, James Jenkins.
 66, Philip H. Grier.
 67—69, Amos Clark, Jr.
 70—72, James T. Wiley.
 73—75, J. Henry Stone.
 76—78, William J. Magle.

79—84, Benjamin A. Vall.
 85—87, Robert L. Livingston.
 88—90, James L. Miller.
 91—93, Frederick C. Marsh.
 94—98, *Foster M. Voorhees.
 99—05, Joseph Cross.
 06—12, Ernest R. Ackerman.
 12—18, Carlton B. Pierce.

Warren County.

45, Charles J. Ihrle.
 46—48, Jeremy Mackey.
 49—51, George W. Taylor.
 52—54, Charles Sitgreaves.
 55—57, William Rea.
 58—60, Philip Mowry.
 61—63, James K. Swayze.
 64—66, Henry R. Kennedy.
 67—69, Abraham Wildrick.
 70—72, Edward H. Bird.
 73—75, Joseph B. Cornish.
 76—78, William Silverthorn.

79—81, Peter Cramer.
 82—84, George H. Beatty.
 85—87, James E. Moon.
 88—90, Martin Wyckoff.
 91—93, Johnston Cornish.
 94—96, Christopher F. Staates.
 97—99, Isaac Barber.
 1900—1902, Johnston Cornish.
 03—05, Isaac Barber.
 06—12, Johnston Cornish.
 12—18, Thomas Barber.

*Became Acting Governor February 1st, '98; resigned October 18th.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

BY COUNTIES, FROM 1845 TO 1915.

Atlantic County.

45, 46, Joseph Ingersoll.	82, Joseph H. Shinn.
47—49, Mark Lake.	83, John L. Bryant.
50, 51, Robert B. Risley.	84, 85, Edward North.
52, John H. Boyle.	86, 87, James S. Beckwith.
53, Thomas D. Winner.	88, James B. Nixon.
54, Daniel Townsend.	89, 90, Shepherd S. Hudson.
55, Nicholas F. Smith.	91, Smith E. Johnson.
56, 57, David Frances.	92, Samuel D. Hoffman.
58, John B. Madden.	93, Charles A. Baake.
59, Thomas E. Morris.	94, Frederick Schuchardt.
60—62, Charles E. P. Mayhew.	95, Wesley C. Smith.
63, John Godfrey.	96, 97, Marcellus L. Jackson.
64, Simon Hanthorn.	98, 99, Leonard H. Ashley.
65, Simon Lake.	1900, 01, Charles T. Abbott.
66, 67, P. M. Wolfseffer.	02—07, Thomas C. Elvins.
68, 69, Jacob Keim.	08, 09, Martin E. Keffer.
70, 71, Benj. H. Overhiser.	10, Walter E. Edge.
72, 73, Samuel H. Cavilleer.	11, Isaac Bacharach.
74, 75, Lemuel Conover.	12, 14—16, Carlton Godfrey.
76, 77, Leonard H. Ashley.	12, 13, 14, Emerson L. Richards.
78, Israel Smith.	13, Joseph W. Salus.
79, 80, James Jeffries.	15, 16, Bertram E. Whitman.
81, George Elvins.	

Bergen County.

45, William G. Hopper.	72, 73, George J. Hopper.
45, Jacob C. Terhune.	73, John J. Anderson.
46, 47, John G. Banta.	74, 75, Henry C. Herring.
46, 47, Jacob J. Brinkerhoff.	74, 75, John W. Bogert.
48, 49, John Ackerman, Jr.	76, 77, John H. Winant.
48, 49, Henry H. Voorhis, Jr.	76, 77, Barney N. Ferdon.
50, 51, John H. Hopper.	78, M. Corsen Gillham.
50—52, John Huyler.	78, 79, Southey S. Parramore.
52, John Zabriskie.	79, 80, John A. Demarest.
53, 54, Jacob I. Demarest.	80, Oliver D. Smith.
53, 54, Abraham Van Horn.	81, 82, Elias H. Sisson.
55, 56, Ralph S. Demarest.	81—83, 86, John Van Bussum.
55, 56, Thomas W. Demarest.	83, 84, Peter R. Wortendyke.
57, 58, Daniel Holsman.	84, *Jacob W. Doremus.
57, 58, Aaron H. Westervelt.	85, Peter Ackerman.
59, 60, Andrew C. Cadmus.	85, 86, Eben Winton.
59, 60, Enoch Brinkerhoff.	87, 88, Anderson Bloomer.
60, John A. Hopper.	87, Peter Ackerman.
61, 62, Abram Carlock.	88, 89, Charles F. Harrington.
61, 62, John R. Post.	89, 90, Abram De Ronde.
63, 64, Thomas D. English.	90, 91, George Zimmermann.
63, 64, John Y. Dater.	91, John H. Huyler.
65, 66, Isaac Demarest.	92, 93, Samuel G. H. Wright.
65, 66, Abraham J. Haring.	92, 93, John J. Dupuy.
67, A. Van Emburg.	94, Walter Dewsnap.
67, 68, Cornelius Christie.	94, 95, David D. Zabriskie.
68, 69, Henry G. Herring.	95, 96, Fred'k L. Voorhees.
69, 70, Eben Winton.	96, 97, Jacob H. Ullman.
70, 71, Henry A. Hopper.	97, 98, Abram C. Holdrum.
71, 72, Jacob G. Van Riper.	98, 99, John M. Bell.

*John W. Doremus was first elected, but died before Legislature convened.

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|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 99, 1900, Edmund W. Wakelee. | 11, G. R. Alyea. |
| 1900, Vacancy caused by death of | 11, Wm. H. Hinners. |
| John L. C. Graves. | 12, William E. Ogden. |
| 01, 02, Joseph H. Tillotson. | 12, Frank M. Stevens. |
| 01, 02, James W. Mercer. | 12, 13, C. O'C. Hennessy. |
| 03, 04, M. S. Ayers. | 13, John W. Zisgen. |
| 03, 04, George Cook. | 13, 14, 15, Arthur M. Agnew |
| 05, 06, Clarence Mable. | 14, 15, Edgar A. De Yoe. |
| 05, 06, John Heck. | 14, 15, John J. Johnson. |
| 07, 08, Guy L. Fake. | 16, James T. Ackerman. |
| 07, 08, James Devine, Jr. | 16, Herbert M. Bailey. |
| 09, 10, Joseph H. Scharff. | 16, Walter G. Winne. |
| 09, 10, Harry P. Ward. | |

Burlington County.

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|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 45, Joseph Satterthwaite. | 63—65, Henry J. Irick. |
| 45, Isaiab Adams. | 64, Jarett Stokes. |
| 45, 47, 48, John W. C. Evans. | 65, Samuel Stockton. |
| 45, Edward Taylor. | 65, 66, Charles G. Lathrop. |
| 45, William Biddle. | 66, 67, George W. Thompson. |
| 46, Clayton Lippincott. | 66, 67, Samuel Coate. |
| 46, William Malsbury. | 66, 67, Andrew H. Fort. |
| 46, Garrit S. Cannon. | 67—69, Wallace Lippincott. |
| 46, Stephen Willets. | 68, Chas. E. Hendrickson. |
| 46, Wm. G. Lippincott. | 68, Charles Collins. |
| 47, William Biddle. | 68—71, John J. Maxwell. |
| 47, 48, Joseph W. Allen. | 69, Theophilus I. Price. |
| 47—49, John S. Irick. | 69—71, Thomas C. Alcott. |
| 47—49, Benjamin Kemble. | 70, Levi French. |
| 48—50, Edward French. | 70, 71, Abraham Perkins. |
| 49—51, Samuel Stockton. | 71—73, Edward T. Thompson. |
| 49—51, William R. Braddock. | 72, Robert Aaronson. |
| 50, 51, William S. Embley. | 72—74, E. Budd Marter. |
| 50—52, William Brown. | 72—74, George B. Borton. |
| 51—53, Allen Jones. | 73, 74, Townsend Cox. |
| 52, Benajah Antrim. | 74, Joseph P. Adams. |
| 52—54, John W. Fennimore. | 75, Levi French. |
| 52, 53, Charles Haines. | 75, Charles J. Gordon. |
| 53, 54, Mahlon Hutchinson. | 75, Henry Moffett. |
| 53, 54, Jacob L. Githens. | 75—77, Samuel Taylor. |
| 54, Job H. Gaskill. | 76, Daniel L. Platt. |
| 54—56, William Parry. | 76—78, John Cavleer. |
| 55, Josephus Sooy, Jr. | 76—78, Edward F. Mathews. |
| 55, Benjamin Gibbs. | 77—79, George Sykes. |
| 55, 57, Thomas L. Norcross. | 78, 79, Wm. Budd Deacon. |
| 55, 56, Elisha Gaunt. | 79, Wm. R. Lippincott. |
| 56, Richard Jones. | 79, 80, John W. Haines. |
| 56, William M. Collom. | 80—82, William H. Carter. |
| 56, 57, Jervis H. Bartlett. | 80—82, Henry C. Herr. |
| 57, 58, Samuel Keys. | 80, 81, Abraham Marter. |
| 58, Samuel C. Middleton. | 81, John Cavleer. |
| 57—59, Charles Mickle. | 82, Thomas M. Locke. |
| 57—59, Ezra Evans. | 83, Horace Cronk. |
| 58, 59, Charles S. Kemble. | 83, 84, 87, Stacy H. Scott. |
| 59, 60, John Larzalere. | 83—86, Theodore Budd. |
| 59—61, Samuel A. Dobbins. | 84—86, Thomas J. Alcott. |
| 60, 61, George B. Wills. | 85, 86, Allen H. Gangewer. |
| 61, Joseph L. Lamb. | 87, 88, 90, R. C. Hutchinson. |
| 60—62, Robert B. Stokes. | 87, 88, 89, William H. Doron. |
| 60—62, William Sooy. | 88, 89, Albert Hansell. |
| 62, 63, John M. Higbee. | 89, George C. Davis. |
| 62, 63, Israel W. Heulings. | 90, 91, Mitchell B. Perkins. |
| 62—64, Wm. P. McMichael. | 90, 91, Lewis L. Sharp. |

91, 92, A. Harry White.	01—03, John G. Horner.
92, 93, Howard E. Packer.	03—05, Benj. D. Shedaker.
93, Micajah E. Matlack.	04—06, Samuel K. Robbins.
94, Augustus C. Stecher.	06—09, John B. Irick.
94, 95, Micajah E. Matlack.	07—09, Griffith W. Lewis.
95, 96, 97, George Wildes.	10, 11, Warren C. Pine.
96, 97, Joshua E. Borton.	10, 11, 12, Blanchard H. White.
98, 1900, Joel Horner.	13, 14, 15, Robert Peacock.
98—02, Charles Wright.	16, Emmor Roberts.

Camden County.

45, Joseph Kay, Jr.	69, 70, William C. Shinn.
45, John Redfield.	70, Samuel Warthman.
46, Joel G. Clark.	71, Charles Wilson.
46, Gerrard Wood.	71, Isaac W. Nicholson.
47, Edward Turner.	71, 72, Stevenson Leslie.
47, Joseph B. Tatem.	72, Fred. Bourquin.
48, John C. Shreeve.	72—74, George B. Carse.
48, John E. Marshall.	73, Isaac Foreman.
49, Jacob Troth.	73, 74, William H. Cole.
49, Joseph Wolohon.	74, Chalkley Albertson.
50, 51, Charles D. Hineline.	75, Henry B. Wilson.
50, 51, Thomas W. Hurff.	75, 76, 79, 80, R. N. Herring.
52, J. Kay.	75—77, Alden C. Scovel.
52, Jonathan Day.	76, 77, Oliver Lund.
52, 53, J. O. Johnson.	77, Samuel T. Murphy.
53, Samuel Lytle.	78, Isalah Woolston.
53, 54, John K. Roberts.	78, Andrew J. Rider.
54, 55, Samuel S. Cake.	78, 79, Alonzo D. Nichols.
55, James L. Hines.	79, 80, Edward Burrough.
54—56, Reiley Barret.	80, 81, Henry L. Bonsall.
56, 57, Evan C. Smith.	81, 82, Chris. J. Mines, Jr.
56, 57, John P. Harker.	81, 82, John H. McMurray.
57, T. B. Atkinson.	82, Robert F. S. Heath.
57, Joseph M. Atkinson.	83, George W. Borton.
57—59, *Samuel Scull.	83, John Bamford.
58, Edmund Hoffman.	83, 84, 93, Clayton Stafford.
58, Samuel M. Thorne.	84, John W. Branning.
59, Zebedee Nicholson.	84—87, Edward A. Armstrong.
60, Joseph Stafford, Jr.	85, Benjamin M. Braker.
60, George Brewer.	85, 86, Henry M. Jewett.
60, 61, John R. Graham.	86, George Pfeiffer.
61, James L. Hines.	87, Phillip Young.
61, 62, Joel P. Kirkbride.	87, Henry Turley.
62, Daniel A. Hall.	88, 89, Adam Clark Smith.
62, 63, Edwin J. Osler.	88, 89, 90, John Harris.
63, James M. Scovel.	88, 89, George H. Higgins.
63, 64, Chalkley Albertson.	90, Franklin C. Woolman.
64, Samuel Tatem.	90, 91, 92, Abram W. Nash.
64, 65, Paul C. Brinck.	91, 92, Joseph M. Engard.
65, John F. Bodine.	91, 92, also 73, 74, Wm. H. Cole.
65, 66, Isaac W. Nicholson.	93, George W. Henry.
66, 67, George W. N. Custis.	93, 94, 95, Clayton Stafford.
66, 67, Thomas H. Coles.	93, 94, William J. Thompson.
67, Edward Z. Collings.	94, William Watson.
68, John Hood.	95, George W. Barnard.
68, James Wills.	95, 96, 97, Louis T. Derosse.
68, Chalkley Albertson.	96, 97, Frank T. Lloyd.
69, Thomas H. Coles.	96, 97, Henry S. Scovel.
69, 70, Henry L. Bonsall.	98, 99, John H. McMurray.

*In 1857 Mr. Scull was unseated by T. B. Atkinson.

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| 98, 99, Edgar J. Coles. | 08, 09, Joseph Potter. |
| 98—1902, William J. Bradley. | 09, 10, Harry R. Tatem. |
| 1900, F. F. Patterson, Jr. | 10, 11, 12, Albert De Unger. |
| 00, 01, 02, Ephraim T. Gill. | 10, 11, 12, George W. Whyte. |
| 01, 02, George A. Waite. | 11, 12, 13, Isaac W. Coles. |
| 03, 04, John S. Roberts. | 13—16, John B. Kates. |
| 03—06, Henry S. Scovel. | 13, James R. Carrow. |
| 03—09, Theodore B. Gibbs. | 14—16, Garfield Pancoast. |
| 05—07, Samuel P. Jones. | 14, Henry S. Scovel. |
| 07, 08, Frank B. Jess. | 15, 16, Charles A. Wolverton. |

Cape May County.

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|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 45, John Stites. | 79, Daniel Schellinger. |
| 46, Samuel Townsend. | 80, 83—85, Jesse D. Ludlam. |
| 47, Richard S. Ludlam. | 81, 82, Furman L. Richardson. |
| 48, 49, Nathaniel Holmes, Jr. | 86, 87, Alvin P. Hildreth. |
| 50, 51, Mackey Williams. | 88, Walter S. Leaming. |
| 52, Joshua Swaim. | 89, 90, 91, Eugene C. Cole. |
| 53, Waters B. Miller. | 92, 93, 94, Edmund L. Ross. |
| 54, 55, Jesse H. Diverty. | 95, 96, Furman L. Ludlam. |
| 56—58, Downs Edmunds, Jr. | 97, Robert E. Hand. |
| 59, 60, Abram Reeves. | 98, Eugene C. Cole. |
| 61, Jonathan F. Leaming. | 99, 1900, Ellis H. Marshall. |
| 62—64, Wilmon W. Ware. | 01—03, Lewis M. Cresse. |
| 65—67, 69, 70, Thos. Beesley. | 04—06, 12, Jas. M. E. Hildreth. |
| 68, Samuel R. Magonagle. | 07, 08, 09, Corsville E. Stille. |
| 71—73, Richard S. Leaming | 10, 11, Christopher S. Hand. |
| 74, Alexander Young. | 13, William Porter. |
| 75, Richard D. Edmunds. | 14, 15, Lewis T. Stevens. |
| 76—78, William T. Stevens. | 16, Mark Lake. |

Cumberland County.

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|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 45, Josiah Shav. | 63, 64, Edward W. Maylin. |
| 45, 46, George Heisler. | 65—67, Robert Moore. |
| 45, 46, Lewis Howell. | 65—68, James H. Nixon. |
| 46, Stephen A. Garrison. | 68, Thomas D. Westcott. |
| 47, Leonard Lawrence. | 69, C. Henry Shephard. |
| 47, Jeremiah Parvin. | 69—71, William A. House. |
| 47, 48, Uriah D. Woodruff. | 70, 71, Charles C. Grosscup. |
| 48, 49, Reuben Fithian. | 72, 73, George S. Whitticar. |
| 48, 49, Richard Lore. | 72, 73, J. Howard Willets. |
| 49, 50, John T. Nixon. | 74, George B. Langley. |
| 50, 51, Benj. Ayres. | 74, 75, Lewis H. Dowdney. |
| 50, 51, Joel Moore. | 75—77, George W. Payne. |
| 51, 52, Samuel Mayhew. | 76, Isalah W. Richman. |
| 52, David Campbell. | 77, 78, Isaac T. Nichols. |
| 53, Enos S. Gandy. | 78, James Loughron. |
| 53, Lewis Woodruff. | 79, 80, Robert P. Ewing. |
| 54, Daniel Harris. | 79, 80, Arthur T. Parsons. |
| 54, Morton Mills. | 81, John H. Avis. |
| 55, 56, James M. Wells. | 81, 82, Charles Ladow. |
| 55, 56, John F. Keen. | 82, Phillip P. Baker. |
| 57, Uriah Mayhew. | 83, Isaac M. Smalley. |
| 57, Elias Doughty. | 83, 84, John B. Campbell. |
| 58, Elwell Nichols. | 84, 85, Jeremiah H. Lupton. |
| 58, 59, Robert Moore. | 85, 86, Wilson Banks. |
| 59, Aaron S. Westcott. | 86, 87, Franklin Lawrence. |
| 60, Ebenezer Hall. | 87, Thomas H. Hawkins. |
| 60, John Carter. | 88, Mulford Ludlam. |
| 61, 62, William Bacon. | 88, Isaac M. Smalley. |
| 61, 62, J. Edmund Sheppard. | 89, Thomas W. Trenchard. |
| 63, 64, B. Rush Bateman. | 89, 90, Reuben Cheesman. |

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| 90, 93, 94, John N. Glaspell. | 02—06, Louis H. Miller. |
| 91, James L. Van Syckel. | 03—09, B. Frank Buck. |
| 91, 92, Edward C. Stokes. | 07, 08, Frank B. Potter. |
| 92, 93, Wilber H. Baxter. | 09, 10, Isaac T. Nichols. |
| 94—96, Thomas F. Austin. | 10, 12, Albert R. McAllister. |
| 95—97, Bloomfield H. Minch. | 11, Walter E. Turner. |
| 97, 98, James J. Hunt. | 11, E. H. Whiticar. |
| 98, 99, Wilson H. Shropshire. | 13, John A. Ackley. |
| 99—1901, Jesse S. Steelman. | 14—16, Raymond Sheppard. |
| 00, 01, 02, William J. Moore. | |

Essex County.

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|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 45, Isaac Van Wagenen. | 55, Daniel F. Tompkins. |
| 45, John Runyon. | 55, 56, Nehemiah Perry. |
| 45, 46, William M. Scudder. | 55, 56, James A. Pennington. |
| 45, 46, Hugh F. Randolph. | 55, 56, Apollos M. Elmer. |
| 45, 46, Jabez Pierson. | 55, 56, Joseph T. Hopping. |
| 45, 46, Keen Pruden. | 56, Warren S. Baldwin. |
| 45, 46, Alvah Sherman. | 55, 56, Samuel R. Winans. |
| 46, 47, George W. McLane. | 56, James E. Bathgate. |
| 46, 47, Parker Teed. | 56, George H. Doremus. |
| 47, 48, A. S. Hubbeel. | 56, 57, Wm. K. McDonald. |
| 47, 48, Jabez G. Goble. | 57, John C. Denman. |
| 47, 48, Francis B. Chetwood. | 57, Moses P. Smith. |
| 47, 48, Abraham Van Riper. | 57, John L. Blake, Jr. |
| 47, 48, Elston Marsh. | 57, William B. Baldwin. |
| 48, Hugh H. Bowne. | 57, Charles L. C. Gifford. |
| 48, 49, Charles Harrison. | 57, Elihu Day. |
| 49, Hugh H. Bowne. | 57, 58, Charles C. Stewart. |
| 49, Lewis C. Grover. | 57, 58, John C. Thornton. |
| 49, 50, Joel W. Condit. | 58, Simeon Harrison. |
| 49, 50, Obadiah Meeker. | 58, James McCracken. |
| 49, 50, William F. Day. | 58, Joseph Booth. |
| 49, 50, Stephen Personett. | 58, Ira M. Harrison. |
| 51, Wm. M. Whitehead. | 58, Thomas Kirkpatrick. |
| 50, 51, Isaac H. Pierson. | 59, Gashier De Witt, Jr. |
| 50, 51, Jonathan Valentine. | 59, David Ayres. |
| 50, 51, David Wade. | 59, Isaac P. Trimble. |
| 51, Cornelius Boice. | 59, David A. Hayes. |
| 51, 52, Beach Vanderpool. | 59, 60, Adolphus W. Waldron. |
| 51, 52, John C. Beardsley. | 59, 60, James F. Bond. |
| 52, Thomas McKirgan. | 59, 60, Amzi Condit. |
| 52, John M. Clark. | 60, James McCracken. |
| 52, William M. Sandford. | 60, J. W. Hale. |
| 52, Silas Merchant. | 60, 61, Frederick H. Teese. |
| 52, John Munn. | 60, 61, James Wheeler. |
| 52, James S. Bell. | 61, James E. Smith. |
| 52, 53, John B. Clark. | 61, 62, James M. Lang. |
| 53, Stephen Day, Jr. | 61, 62, David Oakes. |
| 53, Grant J. Wheeler. | 61, 62, John Flintoft. |
| 53, Edward T. Hillyer. | 61, 62, George A. Halsey. |
| 53, Charles T. Day. | 62, 63, Walter Tompkins. |
| 53, Charles O. Bolles. | 62, 63, Corra Drake. |
| 53, 54, Abiathar Harrison. | 62, 63, John D. Freeman. |
| 53, 54, Daniel Price. | 62, 63, John P. Jackson. |
| 53, 54, William Dennis. | 62, 63, Thomas McGrath. |
| 54, David S. Craig. | 63, Amzi Dodd. |
| 54, Daniel H. Noe. | 63, John C. Littell. |
| 54, James N. Joraleman. | 63, 64, Adolph Schalk. |
| 54, David Ripley. | 63, 64, James Smith. |
| 54, 55, Hugh Holmes. | 64, Jeremiah DeCamp. |
| 54, 55, Daniel D. Benjamin. | 64, Ira M. Harrison. |
| 55, Charles O. Bolles. | 64, 65, Rufus F. Harrison. |

64, 65, Charles A. Lightpipe.	74, 75, William H. Kirk.
64, 65, Thomas B. Peddle.	75, Andrew Teed.
64, 65, John C. Seiffert.	75, Hugh Kinnard.
64, 65, Bernard Kearney.	75, Patrick Doyle.
65, J. B. S. Robinson.	75, William Carrolton.
65, John H. Landell.	75, 76, David Dodd.
65, James D. Cleaver.	76, Charles H. Harrison.
65, 66, David Anderson.	76, Marcus S. Richards.
66, William Bodwell.	76, Philip W. Cross.
66, John F. Anderson.	76, 77, Albert D. Traphagen.
66, David Ayres.	76, 77, Francis K. Howell.
66, James L. Hays.	76, 77, S. V. C. Van Rensselaer.
66, 67, Albert P. Condit.	76, 77, Elkanah Drake.
66, 67, Isaac P. Trimble.	76, 80, James M. Patterson.
66, 67, William H. Murphy.	77, Joseph H. Wightman.
66, 68, Edward L. Price.	77, 78, Gottfried Krueger.
67, Israel D. Condit.	77, 78, Charles Gomer.
67, Daniel Ayres.	77, 78, James Malone.
67, William R. Sayre.	77, 78, Edward D. Pierson.
67, M. H. C. Vail.	78, Alexander Phillips.
67, 68, Samuel Atwater.	78, Charles Holzwarth.
67, 68, Edward Hedden.	78, 79, Edward W. Crane.
68, Josiah L. Baldwin.	78, 79, George S. Duryee.
68, 69, Josiah Speer.	78, 79, 82, Wm. H. F. Fiedler.
68, 69, James Peck.	78, 79, Schuyler B. Jackson.
68, 69, John Kennedy.	79, Charles A. Felch.
68, 69, Timothy W. Lord.	79, 80, Peter J. Gray.
68, 69, Francis Macken.	79, 80, 83, 89, John Gill.
69, 70, James L. Gurney.	79—81, Harrison Van Duyne.
69, 70, John Hunkele.	79—81, 83, Thomas O'Connor.
69, 70, William W. Hawkins.	80, *William H. Brown.
69, 71, James G. Irwin.	80, 81, Elias A. Wilkinson.
70, 71, Joseph F. Sanxay.	80, 81, Thos. W. Langstroth.
70, 71, Farrand Kitchell.	80, 81, William R. Williams.
70, 71, Henry W. Wilson.	81, Joseph L. Munn.
70, Chauncey G. Williams.	81, William Wright.
70, William R. Sayre.	81, **Chas. G. Bruemmer.
70, Matthew Murphy.	81, 82, Michael McMahan.
71, Albert P. Condit.	82, 83, John H. Parsons.
71, William A. Ripley.	82, 83, David Young.
71, 72, Edmund L. Joy.	82, Robert McGowan.
71, 72, Theodore Horn.	82, Roderick Robertson.
71, 72, Rochus Heinisch, Jr.	82, Ulysses B. Brewster.
72, David Anderson.	82, Edw'd R. Pennington.
72, Daniel Murphy.	82, Adam Turkes.
72, Moses H. Williams.	82, Edwin B. Smith.
72, 73, Samuel Wilde.	83, Lucius B. Hutchinson.
72, 73, Joseph G. Hill.	83, James N. Arbutckle.
72, 73, Theodore Macknett.	83, John H. Murphy.
73, L. M. Armstrong.	83, William Hill.
73, John W. Campbell.	83, 84, 93, John L. Armitage.
73, 74, Elias O. Doremus.	83—87, 93, William Harrigan.
73, 74, Phineas Jones.	84, Rush Burgess.
73, 74, Aaron G. Baldwin.	84, Frederick S. Fish.
73—75, Samuel Morrow, Jr.	84, Herman Lehlbach.
74, James T. Vanness.	84, 85, George B. Harrison.
74, Moses E. Halsey.	84, 85, David A. Bell.
74, 75, Thomas S. Henry.	84, 85, Edward Q. Keasbey.
74, 75, Julius C. Fitzgerald.	84, 85, William E. O'Connor.

*In 1880, W. H. Brown was unseated by William R. Williams.

**Mr. Bruemmer was elected for 1882, but died before Legislature convened.

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| 84, 85, Charlese Holzwarth. | 95, 96, Alfred F. Skinner. |
| 85, Franklin Murphy. | 95, 96, James A. Christle. |
| 85, 86, Henry M. Doremus. | 95, 96, George L. Smith. |
| 85, 86, R. Wayne Parker. | 95, 96, David E. Benedict. |
| 85, 86, Augustus F. R. Martin. | 95, 96, Charles A. Schober. |
| 86, Henry A. Potter. | 96, Hayward A. Harvey. |
| 86, Edwin Lister. | 96, 97, Thomas H. Jones. |
| 86, Jacob Schreihofner. | 96, 97, Albert J. Simpson. |
| 86, 87, Charles F. Underhill. | 96, 97, James J. Hogan. |
| 86, 87, Elias M. Condit. | 97, 98, Charles W. Powers. |
| 86, 87, 93, John H. Peal. | 97, 98, George W. W. Porter. |
| 87, Michael T. Barrett. | 97, 98, Edwin F. Steddig. |
| 87, Elvin W. Crane. | 97, 98, Alvin C. Eble. |
| 87, 88, James Peck. | 97, George B. Harrison. |
| 87, 88, Charles E. Hill. | 97, 98, Jacob Rau, Jr. |
| 87, 88, James Marlatt. | 97, 98, Peter B. Fairchild. |
| 87—89, Frank M. McDermitt. | 97, 98, Carl V. Bauman. |
| 88, DeForrest P. Lozier. | 98, Joseph B. Johnson. |
| 88, Augustus Dusenberry. | 98, Oliver B. Dawson. |
| 88, James A. Christle. | 98, William C. Schmidt. |
| 88, 89, Thomas McGowan. | 98, 99, Albert T. Guenther. |
| 88, 89, Adrian Riker. | 99, John L. Bullard. |
| 88, 89, Joseph Schmelz. | 99, 1900, Jacob Clark. |
| 89, John Gill. | 99, 1900, John W. Weseman. |
| 89, Moses Bigelow. | 99, 1900, John Kreidler. |
| 89, Geo. W. Wiedenmayer. | 99, 1900, Frederick J. Deleot. |
| 89, 90, Richard A. Price. | 99, 1900, G. F. Brandenburgh. |
| 89, 90, 92, Leonard Kallsch. | 99, 1900, William Mungle. |
| 89, 90, Reuben Trier. | 99, 1900, John N. Klein. |
| 90, 91, George Rabenstein. | 99, 1900, John P. Dexheimer. |
| 90, 91, Thomas H. Pollock. | 99, 1900, Benjamin F. Jones. |
| 90, 91, Charles Trefz. | 1900, George S. Campbell. |
| 90, 91, John J. Bertram. | 00—02, J. Henry Bacheller. |
| 90, 91, Edward W. Jackson. | 01, 02, Fred'k Cummings. |
| 90—92, Thomas Smith. | 01—03, Wm. B. Garrabrants. |
| 90, 92, Edward H. Snyder. | 01—03, John Howe. |
| 91, Edward M. Taylor. | 01—03, Robert W. Brown. |
| 91, 92, John Nieder. | 01—03, Ralph B. Schmidt. |
| 91, 92, John R. Hardin. | 01—03, Edward E. Gnichtel. |
| 91, 92, George W. Ketcham. | 01—03, William G. Sharwell. |
| 92, Thomas F. Cavanagh. | 01—03, Edgar Williams. |
| 92, James A. Dempsey. | 01—03, Robert M. Boyd, Jr. |
| 92, Benedict Ulrich. | 01—03, William A. Lord. |
| 92, William L. Glorieux. | 03—05, Frederick R. Lehlbach. |
| 92, 93, Augustus C. Studer. | 03—05, Everett Colby. |
| 93, John L. Armitage. | 04, 05, William Pennington. |
| 93, William J. Kearns. | 04, 05, Frederick Manners. |
| 93, John H. Peal. | 04, 05, Abraham Kaiser. |
| 93, Timothy Barrett. | 04, 05, Herbert W. Taylor. |
| 93, 94, William Harrigan. | 04, 05, John J. Gallagher. |
| 93, 94, Joseph P. Clarke. | 04, 05, Samuel F. Wilson. |
| 93, 94, Joseph M. Byrne. | 04, 05, Edward D. Birkholz. |
| 93, 94, Thomas A. Murphey. | 04, 05, H. L. Johnstone. |
| 93, 94, Dennis F. Olvaney. | 04, 05, Edward D. Duffield. |
| 93, 94, J. Broadhead Woolsey. | 06, 08, 09, William P. Martin. |
| 94, Thomas P. Edwards. | 06, Gustav W. Roeber. |
| 94—96, Charles B. Duncan. | 06, George F. Serbe. |
| 94, 95, John C. Elsele. | 06, 08, 09, Henry Clay Hines. |
| 94, 95, Charles B. Storrs. | 06, Philip C. Walsh, Jr. |
| 94, 95, George P. Olcott. | 06, Chas. R. Underwood. |
| 95, Frederick W. Mock. | 06, Gustav A. Kayser. |
| 95, 96, Amos W. Harrison. | 06, Russell M. Everett. |

06, 08, 09, Austen Colgate.	11, Edw. D. Balentine.
06, 08, William F. Morgan.	12, William M. Beard.
06, Gustav V. Sommer.	12, Henry F. Holloway.
07, Edward H. Wright, Jr.	12, Charles G. Linnenkohl.
07, Simon Hahn.	12, Mortimer Lowy.
07, John J. Baader.	12, Robert E. Mitchell.
07, Patrick H. Corish.	12, Frank J. Murray.
07, Thomas J. Mead.	12, Fred Prout.
07, John C. Groel.	12, Thomas J. Smith.
07, John Breunnig.	12, William E. Stagg.
07, John W. Lane.	12, Fred G. Stickel, Jr.
07, Edgar E. Lethbridge.	12, Henry J. Thein.
07, Daniel J. Brady.	12, William G. Welgel.
07, Harry F. Backus.	13, 14, Charles A. Nutting.
08, 09, Henry Young, Jr.	13, 14, Bennett H. Fishler.
08, 09, William Roberts.	13, John J. Bracken.
08, 09, John F. Clark.	13, 14, Laurence McCabe, Jr.
08, James H. Lowrey.	13, John A. Matthews.
08, 09, H. Stacy Smith.	13, William E. Maguire.
08, 09, August J. Miller.	13, Louis Lewis.
08, Rudolph A. Braun.	13, 14, Frank A. Foley.
09, 10, Thomas H. Brooks.	13, 14, Hubert J. Rowe.
09, 10, Lewis G. Bowden.	13, Simon L. Fisch.
09, Elliot E. Ford.	13, Joseph F. Papscoe.
10, William Lee.	13, 14, Joseph B. Bloom.
10, Emil Wohlfarth.	14, James R. Byrne.
10, Thomas Goldingay.	14, Edward C. Eaton.
10, Thomas Gillen.	14, Michael J. Quigley.
10, Robert S. Terhune.	14, 15, Thomas J. Smith.
10, J. William Huegel.	14—16, E. Morgan Barradale.
10, Coleman E. Kissam.	14—16, W. Clive Crosby.
10, Duane E. Minard.	15, 16, William P. Berry.
10, Harold A. Miller.	15, 16, Marcus W. De Camp.
11, Harry F. Backus.	15, 16, Seymour P. Gilbert.
11, John J. Bracken.	15, 16, Harry D. Johnson.
11, James P. Mylod.	15, 16, Charles C. Pilgrim.
11, Charles W. Brown.	15, 16, Edward Schoen.
11, Mark F. Phillips.	15, 16, Eugene T. Scudder.
11, Michael Leveen.	15, 16, George M. Titus.
11, M. J. McGowan, Jr.	15, H. Edward Wolf.
11, Frank P. Shalvoy.	16, Herbert J. Buehler.
11, Frank A. Boettner.	16, Paul R. Silberman.
11, Wm. P. Macksey.	

Gloucester County.

45, 46, Samuel W. Cooper.	57, John H. Bradway.
45, 46, Benjamin Harding.	57, Benjamin Smith.
47, 48, John B. Miller.	58, 59, John F. Thomas.
47, 48, John B. Hilyard.	58, 59, George C. Hewitt.
49, John Burk.	60, *Joseph Harker.
49, 50, John Duell.	60, John Starr.
50, Thomas Gaskill.	60, 61, *Joseph H. Duffield.
51, Edmund Weatherby.	62, Thomas G. Batten.
51, 52, Benjamin C. Tatem.	62, 63, Allen Moore.
52, Thomas Mills.	63, 64, E. C. Heritage.
53, Joseph Abbott.	64, 65, Nathan S. Abbott.
53, John V. Porch.	65, 66, William D. Wilson.
54, Joseph Franklin.	66, 67, William W. Clark.
54, Benjamin Beckett.	67, Jacob J. Hendrickson.
55, 56, Jacob G. Tomlin.	68, Charles T. Molony.
55, 56, James B. Albertson.	68, Wm. B. Rosenbaum.

*Mr. Harker died during the session of 1860, and Mr. Duffield was elected to fill the vacancy.

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| 69, 70, Leonard F. Harding. | 83—85, Job S. Haines. |
| 69—71, Nimrod Woolery. | 86, 87, Joseph B. Roe. |
| 71, 72, John S. Rulon. | 88—90, James West. |
| 72, John R. Middleton. | 91, 92, James J. Davidson. |
| 73, 74, Obadiah Eldridge. | 93—96, Solomon H. Stanger. |
| 73, 74, D. W. C. Hemmingway. | 97—99, **David O. Watkins. |
| 75, Simeon Warrington. | 1900, 01, William P. Buck. |
| 75, 76, Thomas B. Lodge. | 02—05, John Boyd Avis. |
| 76, 77, Samuel Moore. | 06—08, William C. Cattell. |
| 77—79, Caleb C. Pancoast. | 09, 10, Walter Heritage. |
| 78, 79, Lawrence Locke. | 11, 12, James Lafferty. |
| 80, 81, George Craft. | *13, Vacancy. |
| 80, 81, Thomas M. Ferrell. | 14—16, Oliver J. West. |
| 82, Abijah S. Hewitt. | |

Hudson County.

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|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 45, 46, Hartman Van Wagenen. | 66, John Ramsay. |
| 47, Benjamin F. Welsh. | 66, Charles F. Ruh. |
| 48, Oliver S. Strong. | 66, 67, O. D. Falkenburg. |
| 49, Jas. J. Van Boskerck. | 66, 67, De Witt C. Morris. |
| 50, Edward T. Carpenter. | 66—68, Noah D. Taylor. |
| 51, 52, John Van Vorst. | 67, 68, Hosea F. Clark. |
| 52, Edmund T. Parker. | 67, 68, A. O. Evans. |
| 52, Joseph W. Hancox. | 67, 68, John Dwyer. |
| 53, John Dunn Littell. | 68, John Van Vorst. |
| 53, James S. Davenport. | 68, 69, Henry C. Smith. |
| 53, Jacob M. Vreeland. | 69, 70, Sidney B. Bevans. |
| 54, Clement M. Hancox. | 69, 70, James B. Doremus. |
| 54, Aug. F. Hardenbergh. | 69, Elbridge V. S. Besson. |
| 54, 55, Jacob M. Merseles. | 69, 71, Michael Coogan. |
| 55, Dudley S. Gregory, Jr. | 70, Abel I. Smith. |
| 55, John M. Board. | 70, William Brinkerhoff. |
| 56, John D. Ward. | 70, 71, Herman D. Busch. |
| 56, James T. Hatfield. | 71, James F. Fielder. |
| 56, 57, George V. De Mott. | 71, John Anness. |
| 57, 57, Robert Gilchrist, Jr. | 71, George Warrin. |
| 57, 58, Robert C. Bacot. | 71, Josiah Hornblower. |
| 58, William Voorhees. | 72, James Stevens. |
| 58—60, Garret M. Van Horn. | 72, John A. O'Neill. |
| 59, Wm. H. Hemenover. | 72, 73, George H. Farrier. |
| 59, Samuel A. French. | 72, 73, Dennis Reardon. |
| 60, W. H. Peckham. | 72, 73, George S. Plympton. |
| 60, N. C. Slaught. | 72, 73, Henry Gaede. |
| 61, Franklin B. Carpenter. | 72, 73, Jasper Wandel. |
| 61, Theo. F. Randolph. | 72, 73, Anthony J. Ryder. |
| 61, 62, Michael J. Vreeland. | 73, John Lee. |
| 62, Edward D. Relley. | 73, 74, Richard C. Washburn. |
| 62, 63, George McLaughlin. | 74, Henry Coombs. |
| 62, 63, Josiah Conley. | 74, James K. Selleck. |
| 62, 63, John B. Perry. | 74, 75, Alexander T. McGill. |
| 62—64, Joshua Benson. | 74, 75, Patrick Sheeran. |
| 63, 64, James Lynch. | 74, 75, Alexander McDonnell. |
| 63, 64, Garret D. Van Reipen. | 74—76, John D. Carscallen. |
| 64, John B. Drayton. | 74—77, Rudolph F. Rabe. |
| 64, 65, John Van Vorst. | 75, Thomas Carey. |
| 64, 65, Abraham W. Duryee. | 75, Edward F. McDonald. |
| 65, Delos E. Culver. | 75, John J. Toffey. |
| 65, William E. Broking. | 76, William A. Lewis. |
| 65, Hiram Van Buskirk. | 76, Harry Brautigam. |
| 65, 66, 69, 70, Leon Abbett. | 76, Thomas C. Brown. |

*Vacancy caused by death of Edward C. Leeds.

**Became Acting Governor in '98.

76, 77, Thomas J. Hannon.	86, 87, Edward Lennon.
76, 78, Alex. Jacobus.	87, Edward T. McLaughlin.
77, Martin M. Drohan.	87, 88, William H. Letts.
77, Lewis A. Brigham.	87—89, John P. Feeney.
77, Elijah T. Paxton.	87—90, Wm. C. Heppenheimer.
77, 78, Marmaduke Tilden.	88, Joseph Gallagher.
77, 78, Alexander W. Harris.	88, Charles W. Fuller.
77, 78, James Stevens.	88, *E. Frank Short.
78, Dudley S. Steele.	88, 89, James F. Norton.
78, Edward P. C. Lewis.	88, 89, Richard Brown.
78, 79, 81, T. J. McDonald.	88, 89, Edward P. Farrell.
78, 79, Henry Dusenberry.	89, Peter T. Donnelly.
79, John Owen Rouse.	89, Judson C. Francois.
79, Frank C. Frey.	89, 90, Laurence Fagan.
79, G. A. Lilliendahl.	89, 92, Patrick H. O'Neill.
79, John E. Tangeman.	90, James Murphy.
79, 80, Joseph Meeks.	90, James S. Erwin.
79, 80, Samuel Stilsing.	90, John F. Kelly.
80, Patrick Sheeran.	90, 91, Michael Mullone.
80, 81, Noah D. Taylor.	90, 91, Henry Byrne.
80, 81, Allan L. McDermott.	90, 91, Andrew J. Boyle.
80, 81, J. Herbert Potts.	90, 91, Thomas B. Usher.
80, 81, James Curran.	90—92, J. Herbert Potts.
80, 82, David W. Lawrence.	91, Simeon H. Smith.
81, Frederick Payne.	91, Henry Puster.
81, 82, James J. Casey.	91, John F. Madden.
82, William McAdoo.	91, William D. Daly.
82, Robert McCague, Jr.	91, 92, James Moylan.
82, George H. Farrier.	92, Thomas Magner.
82, David M. Durrell.	92, James Tumilty.
82, John O'Rourke.	92, George A. Heaney.
82, 83, Thomas V. Cator.	92, 93, Martin Lawless.
82—84, James C. Clarke.	92, 93, Cornelius J. Taben.
82—84, Dennis McLaughlin.	92, 93, John Zeller.
83, Peter F. Wanser.	92—94, Timothy J. Carroll.
83, John M. Shannon.	92—94, Michael J. Coyle.
83, 84, Martin Steljes.	93, Henry H. Holmes.
83, 84, Augustus A. Rich.	93, Adam J. Dittmar.
83, 84, Frank O. Cole.	93, S. V. W. Stout.
83, 84, Joseph T. Kelly.	93, 94, Ebenezer Berry.
83—85, Edwin O. Chapman.	93, 94, Max Salinger.
84, Michael J. O'Donnell.	93, 94, Hugh A. Kelly.
84, 85, Cornelius S. See.	94, Thomas Egan.
84, 85, 87, 88, S. D. Dickinson.	94, George W. Harding.
85, Thomas H. Kelly.	94, John Kerr.
85, Isaac Romaine.	94, Thomas McEwan, Jr.
85, John W. Heck.	94, Charles Erlenkotter.
85, James J. Clark.	94, 95, James Usher.
85, John Wade.	95, Henry C. Gruber.
85, Fred Frambach, Jr.	95, James F. Blackshaw.
85, 86, John C. Besson.	95, Henry M. Nutzhorn.
86, R. B. Seymour.	95, Frederick Schober.
86, D. A. Peloubet.	95, Robert McAndrew.
86, A. B. Dayton.	95, William E. Drake.
86, T. J. McDonald.	95, 96, William N. Parslow.
86, 87, Philip Tumulty.	95, 96, Pierce J. Fleming.
86, 87, John Pearson.	95, 96, Richard M. Smart.
86, 87, 89, R. S. Hudspeth.	95, 96, David H. Cagney.
86, 87, Thomas F. Noonan.	96, Carl H. Ruempler.

*Mr. Short was elected to a second term of office, but he died before the Legislature met. Mr. Francois was chosen for the vacancy.

- 96, John W. Queen.
 96, John E. Hewitt.
 96, Edward Hoos.
 96, Joseph P. Mullin.
 96, 98, Horace L. Allen.
 96, 98, Charles T. Bauer.
 97, Elmer W. Demarest.
 97, William M. Klink.
 97, Robert D. Urquhart.
 97, Isaac F. Goldenhorn.
 97, William G. Nelson.
 97, John E. McArthur.
 97, Theodore C. Wildman.
 97, Charles M. Evans.
 97, Clement DeR. Leonard.
 97, William H. Dod.
 97, Wm. O. Armbruster.
 98, Alexander Simpson.
 98, Adolph Walter, Jr.
 98—1900, Allan Benny.
 98—1900, James J. Murphy.
 98, 99, James P. Hall.
 98, 99, Fergus T. Kelaher.
 98, 99, Michael J. Bruder.
 98, 99, John J. Marnell.
 98—1900, Tim. J. Carroll.
 99, 1900, J. Emil Walscheid.
 99—1901, Leon Abbett.
 99—1901, Maurice Marks.
 99—1901, John H. Vollers.
 1900, 01, P. Anthony Brock.
 00—02, Geo. G. Tennant.
 00, 01, 02, John J. Fallon.
 00, 01, 02, Edward J. Rice.
 01, 02, John A. Dennin.
 01, 02, Patrick H. Connolly.
 01, 02, Kilian V. Lutz.
 01—03, Peter Stillwell.
 02, William F. Hurley.
 02, 03, C. G. A. Schumann.
 02, 03, John J. Treacy.
 02—03, Frederick Weismann.
 02—05, James A. Hamill.
 03, Michael J. Cannon.
 03—05, Joseph C. Duff.
 03, 04, William D. Kelly.
 03, 04, James F. Fielder.
 03, 04, J. W. Rufus Besson.
 03—05, Edgar H. Loveridge.
 03, 04, Thomas P. McGlennon.
 04, 05, Myron C. Ernst.
 04, 05, Godfrey B. Mattheus.
 04, 05, Harry W. Lange.
 04, 05, John Callery.
 04, D. Kelsey Whitaker.
 05, Archibald S. Alexander.
 05, Edward A. Murphy.
 05, Joseph A. Riordan.
 05, William J. Boucher.
 05, 06, Robert H. Scott.
 06, John J. Coyle.
 06, Joseph F. Galvin.
 06, William A. Joerg.
 06, James E. Woolley.
 06, Edward K. Patterson.
 06, E. W. Arrowsmith.
 06, Herman A. Berg.
 06, J. Philip Dippel.
 06, John H. Eggers.
 06, Harry F. Thompson.
 06, Theodore L. Bierck.
 07, 08, 09, 10, Mark A. Sullivan.
 07, 08, 09, 10, Charles P. Olwell.
 07, 08, 09, 10, Jos. P. Tumulty.
 07, 08, 09, 10, James Baker.
 07, 08, C. E. Hendrickson, Jr.
 07, 08, Charles H. Blohm.
 07, Joseph A. Riordan.
 07, Archibald S. Alexander.
 07, 08, Philip Daab.
 07, 08, 09, 10,
 Oscar L. Auf der Heide.
 07, 08, 09, Albert C. Eppinger.
 07, 08, Valentine Holzapfel.
 08, 09, Amadeus Valente.
 08, 09, 10, 11, Edw. Kenny.
 09, 10, W. C. Kackenmester.
 09, 10, 11, 12, Wm. S. Davidson.
 09, 10, 11, 12, Peter H. James.
 09, Frederick H. Otto.
 10, 11, James H. Christie.
 10—13, 15, 16, James C. Agnew.
 10, 11, 12, Cornelius Ford.
 11, 12, Thomas M. Donnelly.
 11, 12, 13, Charles M. Egan.
 11—13, 15, Thomas F. Martin.
 11, 12, 14, Thos. F. A. Griffin.
 11, James J. McGrath.
 11, 12, Chas. E. S. Simpson.
 12, 13, 14, Joseph M. Branegan.
 12, Geo. F. Brensinger.
 12, 13, Philipp Steuerwald.
 13, 14, Magnus Bredenbek.
 13, Arthur F. McGrath.
 13, 14, 16, Harry Kuhlke.
 13, Thomas C. Mulligan.
 13, Henry W. Moser.
 13, Daniel J. Murray.
 13, 14, Walter L. McDermott.
 14, 16, George J. Brackner.
 14, 16, Joseph Carroll.
 14, Thomas P. Curran.
 14, Clinton E. Fisk.
 14, 16, Thomas G. Gannon.
 14, Dennis Long.
 14, Joseph P. Mulligan.
 15, Francis P. Boland.
 15, Charles C. Colgan.
 15, Frank A. Dolan.
 15, Archibald M. Henry.
 15, Frank A. La Pointe.
 15, Jacob J. Singer.

15, Leo S. Sullivan.
 15, Edward C. Zeiger.
 15, Charles W. Ostrom.
 15, Ulysses G. Borden.
 16, Timothy F. Aaron.
 16, Charles F. Dolan.

16, John J. Dugan.
 16, Dennis Dunn, Jr.
 16, Charles H. Felten.
 16, Allan W. Moore.
 16, Alexander Simpson.

Hunterdon County.

45, John Swackhammer.
 45, Amos Moore.
 48, John H. Case.
 45, 48, Jonathan Pickel.
 46, Henry Stevenson.
 46, 47, Isaac R. Srope.
 46, 47, Joseph Fritts.
 46, 47, Frederick Apgar.
 47—49, John Lambert.
 48, 49, Andrew Banghart.
 48, 49, David Van Fleet.
 50, 51, John Marlow.
 50, 51, Luther Opdycke.
 50, 51, William Tinsman.
 50—52, John R. Young.
 52, Hiram Bennett.
 52, 53, Peter H. Aller.
 52, 53, Andrew Vansickle.
 53, 54, John Lambert.
 53, 54, Samuel H. Eritton.
 54, 55, Lewis Young.
 54, 55, Peter E. Voorhees.
 55, Jacob S. C. Pittenger.
 55, Edward Hunt.
 56, 57, William Sergeant.
 56, 57, John M. Voorhis.
 56, 57, Joseph W. Willever.
 56, 57, John P. Rittenhouse.
 58, 59, John H. Horn.
 58, 59, William Snyder.
 58, 59, Cornelius B. Sheets.
 58, 59, Frederick Apgar.
 60, Thos. Banghart, Jr.
 60, 61, Charles Denson.
 60, 61, Ambrose Barcroft.
 60, 61, D. D. Schomp.
 61, 62, Jacob H. Huffman.
 62, 63, S. R. Huselton.
 62—64, Joseph W. Wood.
 63, 64, David H. Banghart.
 64, 65, David B. Boss.

65, 66, James J. Willever.
 65—67, William I. Hiff.
 66, 67, Richard H. Wilson.
 67, 68, Baltes Pickel.
 68, 69, John Williamson.
 68—70, Theodore Probasco.
 69, 70, John P. Lare.
 70, 71, John Kugler.
 71, 72, Peter Voorhees.
 71, 72, Aug. E. Sanderson.
 73, 74, W. L. Hoppock.
 73, 74, John Carpenter, Jr.
 75, 76, James Bird.
 75, 76, William W. Swayze.
 77, 78, Henry Britton.
 77, 78, John Hackett.
 79, 80, Charles W. Godown.
 79, 80, James N. Ramsey.
 81, 82, George H. Mathews.
 81, 82, Jacob Hipp.
 83, 84, John V. Robbins.
 83, 84, W. Howard Lake.
 85—87, John C. Arnwine.
 85—87, Chester Wolverton.
 88—90, William H. Martin.
 88—90, Laurence H. Trimmer.
 91, 92, William B. Niece.
 91—93, Benjamin E. Tine.
 93, J. L. Chamberlin.
 94, 95, Charles N. Redding.
 94—96, William C. Alpaugh.
 96—98, David Lawshe.
 97—99, George F. Martens, Jr.
 99—01, Oliver I. Blackwell.
 00—02, W. A. Laudenberg.
 03—05, James H. Willever.
 06—08, 12, 13, 14,
 Oliver C. Holcombe.
 09—11, John J. Matthews.
 15, 16, Harry J. Iobst.

Mercer County.

45, Israel J. Woodward.
 45, Richard J. Bond.
 45, *John Lowrey.
 46, 47, Isaac Pullen.
 46, 47, John M. Vancleve.
 46, 47, William White.
 48, Samuel C. Cornell.
 48, 49, James M. Redmond.
 48—50, Josiah Buzby.
 49, John R. Dill.

50, John F. Hageman.
 50, 51, John H. Phillips.
 51, Eli Rogers.
 51, Westley P. Danser.
 52, William Napton.
 52, John C. Ward.
 52, Jeremiah Vandyke.
 53, Abner B. Tomlinson.
 53, Elijah L. Hendrickson.
 53, Randal C. Robbins.

*Died in office.

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|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 54, James H. Hill. | 82, 83, Nelson M. Lewis. |
| 54, Franklin S. Mills. | 82, 83, William J. Convery. |
| 54, Runey R. Forman. | 83, 84, Joseph H. Applegate. |
| 55, James Vandeventer. | 84, 85, A. Judson Rue |
| 55, William Jay. | 84, 85, John Caminade. |
| 55, Garret Schenck. | 85, Benj. F. Chambers. |
| 56, Samuel Wooley. | 86, 87, S. B. Hutchinson. |
| 56, 57, Geo. R. Cook. | 86, James C. Taylor, Jr. |
| 56, 57, Andrew Dutcher. | 86, William Ossenber. |
| 57, 58, Jacob Van Dyke. | 87, Frederick Walter. |
| 58, Jonathan S. Fish. | 87, George D. Scudder. |
| 58, 59, Augustus L. Martin. | 88, Charles H. Olden. |
| 59, Robert Aitken. | 88, Josiah Jones. |
| 59, 60, Ed. T. R. Applegate. | 88, Lyman Leavitt. |
| 60, Harper Crozer. | 89, Uriel T. Scudder. |
| 60, 61, Joseph Abbott. | 89, Thomas S. Chambers. |
| 61, William S. Yard. | 89, 90, John Schroth. |
| 61, 62, Morgan F. Mount. | 90, Howell C. Stull. |
| 62, John G. Stevens. | 90, 91, Jacob R. Wyckoff. |
| 62, 63, Geo. W. Johnston. | 91, James H. Mulheron. |
| 63, Peter Crozer. | 91, 92, Patrick T. Burns. |
| 63, 64, James G. West. | 92, 93, James W. Lanning. |
| 64, James F. Bruere. | 92, 93, Barton B. Hutchinson. |
| 64, 65, John A. Weart. | 93, Charles G. Roebbling. |
| 65, 66, Alex. P. Green. | 94, 95, William L. Wilbur. |
| 65, 66, Samuel Fisher. | 94, 95, John Ginder. |
| 66, 67, Thomas Crozer. | 94, 95, William T. Exton. |
| 67, Charles W. Mount. | 96, 97, Elijah C. Hutchinson. |
| 67, 71, Joseph H. Bruere. | 96, 97, Geo. W. Macpherson. |
| 68, Thomas J. Corson. | 96, 97, J. Wiggans Thorn. |
| 68, Thomas C. Pearce. | 98, Frank M. Weller. |
| 68, 69, Absalom P. Lanning. | 98, 99, John B. Yard. |
| 69, John P. Nelson. | 98, 99, Henry J. Nicklin. |
| 69, 70, James C. Norris. | 99, 1900, Ira W. Wood. |
| 70, Charles O. Hudnut. | 1900, 01, J. Warren Fleming. |
| 70, 71, William H. Barton. | 1900, 01, Frederick P. Rees. |
| 71, Liscomb T. Robbins. | 01, 02, George W. Page. |
| 72, Richard R. Rogers. | 02, 03, Harry D. Leavitt. |
| 72, John H. Silvers. | 02, 03, Bertrand L. Gulick. |
| 72, 73, Alfred W. Smith. | 03, 04, Thomas Colclough, Jr. |
| 73, 74, John N. Lindsay. | 04, 05, Ralph Hulse. |
| 73, 74, Andrew J. Smith. | 04, 05, Thomas B. DeCou. |
| 74, 75, Geo. O. Vanderbilt. | 05—07, Alfred N. Barber. |
| 75, Samuel M. Youmans. | 06—08, Henry D. Thompson. |
| 75, Robt. S. Woodruff, Jr. | 06, 07, William F. Burke. |
| 76, Enoch H. Drake. | 08, 09, Edward H. Ginnelley. |
| 76, John Hart Brewer. | 08, 09, 10, George W. Housel. |
| 76, Robert L. Hutchinson. | 09—11, Charles H. Mather. |
| 77, William S. Yard. | 10, 11, Allan B. Walsh. |
| 77, J. Vance Powers. | 11, 12, 13, George W. Adams. |
| 77, 78, Horatio N. Burroughs. | 12, John E. Gill. |
| 78, 79, 82, Eckford Moore. | 12, 14, 15, Edgar G. Weart. |
| 78, 79, John D. Rue. | 13, Erwin E. Marshall. |
| 79, William Roberts. | 13, 14, Hervey S. Moore. |
| 80, 81, Charles S. Robinson. | 14—16, James Hammond. |
| 80, 81, Richard A. Donnelly. | 15, 16, A. Dayton Oliphant. |
| 80, 81, John V. D. Beekman. | 16, Josiah T. Allinson. |

Middlesex County.

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|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 45, 46, Simeon W. Phillips. | 47, Garret G. Voorhees. |
| 45, 46, Ralph C. Stults. | 47, Theodore F. King. |
| 45, 46, Daniel C. Dunn. | 47, John A. Davison. |
| 45, 46, Charles Abraham. | 47, 48, Richard McDowell. |

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| 48, 49, Melancton F. Carman. | 80, John M. Board. |
| 48, 49, Lewis S. Randolph. | 80, 81, Stephen M. Martin. |
| 48, 49, Aaron Gulick. | 81, 82, James H. Van Cleef. |
| 49, 50, William A. Gulick. | 81, 83, Manning Freeman. |
| 49, 50, James Bishop. | 82, John Adair. |
| 50, Henry Vandyke. | 82, 83, James H. Goodwin. |
| 50, Charles Abraham. | 83, 84, William R. Jernee. |
| 50, Israel R. Coriell. | 84, 85, Edward S. Savage. |
| 51, David Dunn. | 84, 85, Robert Carson. |
| 51, Peter F. Dye. | 85, 86, John Martin. |
| 51, J. B. Johnson. | 86, 87, John F. Ten Broeck. |
| 51, 52, Robert M. Crowell. | 86, 87, R. R. Vandenberg. |
| 52, James Applegate. | 87, 88, John Mulvey. |
| 52, 53, Josephus Shann. | 88, 89, Ephraim Cutter. |
| 53—55, Martin A. Howell. | 88, 89, Charles B. Herbert. |
| 53, 54, Abraham Everett. | 89, Daniel M. Kane. |
| 54, 55, Samuel E. Stelle. | 90, 91, Luther H. Tappen. |
| 55, 56, William Hutchinson | 90, 91, William C. Jacques. |
| 56, John T. Jenkins. | 90, 91, Charles H. Manahan. |
| 56, 57, Amos Robbins. | 92, 93, John H. Daly. |
| 57, Henry Stults. | 92, 93, Hezekiah Warne. |
| 57, 58, John D. Buckelew. | 92—94, John W. Beekman. |
| 58, 59, Garret I. Snedeker. | 94, William F. Harkins. |
| 58—60, Ellis B. Freeman. | 94—96, Andrew H. Slover. |
| 59, Andrew McDowell. | 95, 96, Edward W. Hicks. |
| 60, 61, Thomas Pooraem. | 95, 96, George H. Tice. |
| 60, 61, Elias Dey. | 97, Alexander C. Litterst. |
| 61, 62, Elias Ross. | 97, Jacob H. Whitfield. |
| 62, Orlando Perrine. | 97, James Fountain. |
| 62, 63, James T. Crowell. | 98, 99, Adam Eckert. |
| 63, 64, Miles Ross. | 98, 99, Joseph H. Ridgeway. |
| 63, 64, David B. Wyckoff. | 98, 99, John J. Quaid. |
| 64, 65, Abraham C. Coriell. | 1900, 01, Adrian Lyon. |
| 65, James G. Goble. | 1900, 01, H. Raymond Groves. |
| 65—67, 69, 70, Levi D. Jarrard. | 00—03, J. E. Montgomery. |
| 66, 67, Nathan H. Tyrell. | 02, Myron J. Whitford. |
| 66, 67, John W. Perrine. | 02, 03, W. H. C. Jackson. |
| 68, George E. Strong. | 03, Bernard M. Gannon. |
| 68, 69, Alfred W. Jones. | 04, 05, J. H. Thayer Martin. |
| 68, 69, William M. Cox. | 04, 05, Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr. |
| 70, George E. Brown. | 04, 05, Frank C. Henry. |
| 70, 71, Albert L. Runyon. | 06, 07, Frank Crowther. |
| 71, Edward F. Roberts. | 06, 07, William R. Drake. |
| 71—73, Isaac L. Fischer. | 06, 07, Edward E. Haines. |
| 72, Johnston Holcombe. | 08, 10, 11, W. E. Ramsay. |
| 72, 73, Joseph C. Letson. | 08, 09, William C. Voorhees. |
| 73, H. F. Worthington. | 08, S. C. Van Cleef. |
| 74, John Von Deursen. | 09, Rene P. F. Von Minden. |
| 74, John F. Ten Broeck. | 09, Edwin C. McKeag. |
| 74, 75, Joseph C. Magee, Jr. | 10, Edward Burt. |
| 75, James H. Van Cleef. | 10, 11, Jno. V. L. Booraem. |
| 75, Josephus Shann. | 11, 12, Aug. C. Streltwolf. |
| 76, Isaiah Rolfe. | 12, J. F. Ten Broeck. |
| 76, 77, Charles A. Campbell. | 12, 13, 14, J. P. Kirkpatrick. |
| 76, 77, Daniel Z. Martin. | 13, 14, 15, Arthur A. Quinn. |
| 77, John Waldron. | 13, 14, George L. Burton. |
| 78, 79, Isaac L. Martin. | 15, 16, E. Leon Loblein. |
| 78, 79, Patrick Convery. | 15, 16, Charles Anderson. |
| 78, 79, Vincent W. Mount. | 16, Richard J. Galvin. |
| 80, Robert G. Miller. | |

Monmouth County.

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|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 45, George F. Fort. | 69, 70, Andrew Brown. |
| 45, *Jas. H. Hartshorne. | 70—72, Austin H. Patterson. |
| 45, 46, Andrew Simpson. | 71, William S. Horner. |
| 45—47, Hartshorne Tantum. | 71, 72, John T. Haight. |
| 45—47, Joseph B. Coward. | 72, Wm. B. Hendrickson. |
| 46, 47, William Vandoren. | 73, 74, John B. Gifford. |
| 46, 47, John Borden. | 73, 74, John S. Sproul. |
| 47, Andrew Simpson. | 73—75, George W. Patterson. |
| 48, William W. Bennett. | 75, 76, Chas. D. Hendrickson. |
| 48, Joel Parker. | 75, 76, William V. Conover. |
| 48, Ferdinand Woodward. | 76, 77, James L. Rue. |
| 48, *Samuel Bennett. | 77, James H. Leonard. |
| 48, Joel W. Ayres. | 77, 78, William H. Bennett. |
| 49, 50, Alfred Walling. | 78, George J. Ely. |
| 49, James Hooper. | 78, 79, Arthur Wilson. |
| 49, John B. Williams. | 79, 80, 87, Sherman B. Oviatt. |
| 49, 50, George W. Sutphin. | 79, 80, 92, 93, John D. Honce. |
| 49, 50, James D. Hall. | 80, 81, 87, 88, G. H. Lufburrow. |
| 50, William G. Hooper. | 81, Holmes W. Murphy. |
| 50, Charles Butcher. | 81, 82, David A. Bell. |
| 51, Bernard Connolly. | 82, Benjamin Griggs. |
| 51, 52, William H. Conover. | 82, 83, Peter Forman, Jr. |
| 51, 52, Garret S. Smock. | 83, 84, Alfred B. Stoney. |
| 51—53, Samuel W. Jones. | 83, 84, Thomas G. Chattle. |
| 52, Charles Butcher. | 84, 85, Charles H. Boud. |
| 53, Charles Allen. | 85, William H. Grant. |
| 53, Daniel P. Van Doren. | 85, 86, Frank E. Heyer. |
| 53, 54, Robert Allen. | 86, William Pintard. |
| 54, Forman Hendrickson. | 86, 87, W. S. Throckmorton. |
| 54, John L. Corlies. | 88, 89, Edward B. Potts. |
| 54—56, Henry E. Lafetra. | 88, 89, Archibald A. Higgins. |
| 55, John Vandoren. | 89, William F. Patterson. |
| 55, Thomas B. Stout. | 90, 91, Aaron E. Johnston. |
| 55, William H. Johnson. | 90, 91, William D. Campbell. |
| 56, 57, Jacob Herbert. | 90, 91, Charles H. Ivins. |
| 56, 57, John R. Barricklo. | 92, 93, John D. Honce. |
| 56, 57, Samuel Beers. | 92, 93, Reuben G. Strahan. |
| 57—59, John V. Conover. | 92, 93, William Taber Parker. |
| 57—60, Austin H. Patterson. | 94, Charles L. Walters. |
| 58, 59, George Middleton. | 94, Richard Borden. |
| 58, 59, Richard B. Walling. | 94, 95, David D. Denise. |
| 60, J. J. McNinney. | 95, 96, Charles A. Francis. |
| 60, 61, William H. Mount. | 95, 96, George B. Snyder. |
| 60, 61, James Patterson. | 96, Alfred Walling, Jr. |
| 61, 62, William V. Ward. | 97, William H. Reid. |
| 61, 62, Charles Haight. | 97, Oliver H. Brown. |
| 62, George C. Murray. | 97, Daniel E. Van Wickle. |
| 63—65, Michael Taylor. | 98, 99, Joseph L. Butcher. |
| 63, 64, Osborn Curtis. | 98, 99, Joseph C. Heyer. |
| 63, 64, David H. Wyckoff. | 98, 99, B. Drummond Woolley. |
| 65, 66, Daniel A. Holmes. | 1900, 01, Charles R. Snyder. |
| 65, 66, George Schenck. | 1900, 01, Sam'l W. Kirkbride. |
| 66, William C. Browne. | 1900, 01, William Hyres. |
| 67, 68, Charles Allen. | 02, William T. Hoffman. |
| 67, 68, Francis Corlies. | 02, Somers T. Champion. |
| 67, 68, Thomas S. R. Brown. | 02, 03, John A. Howland. |
| 69, William H. Conover. | 03, 04, Charles F. McDonald. |
| 69, 70, Daniel H. Van Mater. | 03, 04, Amzi M. Posten. |

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| 04, William F. Lefferson. | 09, 10, Joseph D. Bedle. |
| 05, 06, Edgar I. VanderVeer. | 09, 10, Monroe V. Poole. |
| 05, 06, Walter S. Reed. | 09, 10, Peter Vredenburg. |
| 05, 06, George C. Henry. | 11, Jas. A. Hendrickson. |
| 07, Isaac B. Davison. | 11, 12, Elmer H. Geran. |
| 07, T. Nelson Lillagore. | 11, 12, 13, *Leon R. Taylor. |
| 07, Frank J. Manson. | 13, 14, William E. Mount. |
| 08, Wilbert A. Beecroft. | 14, William Winans. |
| 08, David E. Tantum. | 15, 16, Harry G. Van Note. |
| 08, John W. Keough. | 15, John Thomson. |

Morris County.

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| 45, Timothy Kitchel. | 64, Henry C. Sanders. |
| 45, 46, Matthias Kitchel. | 64, 65, John Bates. |
| 45, 46, Henry Seward. | 65, Alfred M. Treadwell. |
| 45, 46, George H. Thompson. | 66, John Hill. |
| 46, 47, Calvin Howell. | 66, 67, James C. Yawger. |
| 47, Richard Lewis. | 66, 67, Elias M. White. |
| 47, Charles McFarland. | 67, Lewis Estier. |
| 47, Samuel Hilts. | 68, Daniel Coghan. |
| 48, 49, Andrew I. Smith. | 68, George Gage. |
| 48, 49, David T. Cooper. | 68—70, Jesse M. Sharp. |
| 48, 49, Samuel Van Ness. | 69, 70, Theodore W. Phoenix. |
| 48, 49, Edward W. Whelpley. | 69, 70, Columbus Beach. |
| 50, John L. Kanouse. | 71, 72, Nathaniel Niles. |
| 50, Andrew Cobb. | 71, 72, W. B. Lefevre. |
| 50, Freeman Wood. | 71—73, August C. Canfield. |
| 50, George H. Thompson. | 73, 74, W. H. Howell. |
| 51, Horace Chamberlain. | 73, 74, Jacob Z. Budd. |
| 51, Jonathan P. Bartley. | 74—76, Elias M. Skellinger. |
| 51, Josiah Meeker. | 75, 76, James C. Youngblood. |
| 51, 52, Cornelius B. Doremus. | 75, 76, Edmund D. Halsey. |
| 52, 53, C. S. Dickerson. | 77, Abm. C. Van Duyne. |
| 52, 53, John D. Jackson. | 77, **Cummins O. Cooper. |
| 52, 53, Robert Albright. | 77, 78, C. P. Garrabrant. |
| 53, John L. Kanouse. | 78, Francis J. Doremus. |
| 54, Andrew B. Cobb. | 78, Joshua S. Salmon. |
| 54, 55, William P. Conkling. | 79, 80, Charles F. Axtell. |
| 54, 55, William Logan. | 79, 80, James H. Bruen. |
| 54, 55, Aaron Pitney. | 79, 80, Holloway W. Hunt. |
| 55, 56, Edward Howell. | 81, 82, William C. Johnson. |
| 56, Wm. M. Muchmore. | 81, 82, 91, 92, John F. Post. |
| 56, 57, William A. Carr. | 81, 82, Oscar Lindsley. |
| 56, 57, Daniel Budd. | 83, 84, James H. Neighbour. |
| 57, 58, Benjamin M. Felch. | 83, 84, Amzi F. Weaver. |
| 57, 58, Richard Speer. | 83—85, George W. Jenkins. |
| 58, 59, Lyman A. Chandler. | 85, 86, John Seward Wills. |
| 58, 59, John Naughtright. | 85, 86, Elias C. Drake. |
| 59, A. H. Stansborough. | 86, 87, John Norwood. |
| 59, 60, James H. Ball. | 87, 88, Samuel S. Lyon. |
| 60, Eugène Ayres. | 87, 88, John R. Pitney. |
| 60—62, Nelson H. Drake. | 88, 89, Carnot B. Meeker. |
| 60—62, Nathan Horton. | 89, 90, John Norris. |
| 61, William W. Beach. | 89, 90, William S. Nauright. |
| 61, 62, John Hill. | 90, 91, Jas. Preston Albright. |
| 62, 63, Jacob Vanatta. | 91, 92, Ford D. Smith. |
| 63, William J. Wood. | 93, Thomas J. O'Brien. |
| 63—65, Jesse Hoffman. | 93, Sylvester Utter. |

*Became Acting Governor in '13.

**In 1878, Cummins O. Cooper was unseated by Joshua S. Salmon.

94, 95, Charles A. Baker.	06, 07, Richard J. Chaplin.
94, 95, William C. Bates.	07, 08, Henry W. Buxton.
96, 97, Charles F. Hopkins.	08, 09, James A. Lyon.
96, 97, Joseph B. Righter.	09, 10, Oscar B. Smith.
98, 99, George E. Poole.	10, 12, William F. Birch.
98—1900, Jacob W. Welsh.	11, Albert Bunn.
1900, 01, Samuel L. Garrison.	11, Eugene S. Burke.
01, 02, Chas. R. Whitehead.	12, Joseph G. Willis.
02, 03, William T. Brown.	13, James J. Lyons.
03, 04, Thomas J. Hillery.	13, Edward D. Neighbour.
04, 05, Charles A. Baker.	14—16, George W. Downs.
05, 06, John M. Mills.	14—16, Harry W. Mutchler.

Ocean County.

51—53, Joel Haywood.	81, William H. Bennett.
54, A. O. S. Havens.	82, Clifford Horner.
55, 56, William F. Brown.	83, George T. Cranmer.
57—59, Edwin Salter.	84, Augustus W. Irons.
60, Thomas W. Ivins.	85, 86, George G. Smith.
61, Charles H. Applegate.	90—92, Adolph Ernst.
62, Ephraim Emson.	93, 94, John T. Burton.
63, Edwin Salter.	95, 96, Abraham Lower.
64, 65, Jacob Birdsall.	97, 98, Roderick A. Clark.
66, 67, Job Edwardis.	99—1901, Courtney C. Carr.
68, 69, G. W. Cowperthwaite.	02, George W. Holman, Jr.
70, 71, Albert M. Bradshaw.	03, William J. Harrison.
72, Richard B. Parker.	04, 05, Cornelius C. Pearce.
73, John S. Shultze.	06, George C. Warren.
74, Edward M. Lonan.	07, Samuel S. Taylor.
75, 87, 88, 89, J. S. Goble.	08, 09, 10, Benj. H. Crosby.
76, Ephraim P. Emson.	11, 12, Harry E. Newman.
77, Isaac A. Van Hise.	13—16, David G. Conrad.
78—80, Rufus Blodgett.	

Passaic County.

45, 46, George W. Colfax.	60, Isaac Stagg.
45, 46, Chilson F. De Camp.	60, 61, Isaac P. Cooley.
47, Abm. Prall.	61, 62, Socrates Tuttle.
47, 48, Henry M. Van Ness.	62—66, John N. Terhune.
48, John M. Demarest.	62—66, Chandler D. Norton.
49, Oscar Decker.	63, Samuel Pope.
49, 50, C. S. Van Wagoner.	63, 64, Joseph N. Taylor.
50, 51, Thomas D. Hoxsey.	63, 64, Charles F. Johnson.
51, 52, Benjamin Geroe.	64, 65, Aaron Kinter.
52, 54, John L. Laroe.	65, 66, Garret Van Wagoner.
52, J. S. Fayerweather.	65, 66, Isaac D. Blauvelt.
53, J. V. R. Van Blarcom.	67, E. A. Stansbury.
53, Cornelius Van Winkle.	67, 68, David Henry.
53, 54, Philip Rafferty.	67, 68, Joseph R. Baldwin.
54, Charles H. May.	68, 69, A. A. Van Voorhees.
55, William C. Stratton.	69, 70, Hugh Reid.
55, William M. Morrell.	69, 70, C. Hemmingway.
55, 56, John Schoonmaker.	70, Henry Hobbs.
56, Peter H. Whritenor.	70, Charles P. Gurnee.
56—58, Benj. Buckley.	71, 72, 75, Robert M. Torbet.
57, John J. Brown.	71, 78, John O'Brien.
57, James B. Beam.	72, 73, Henry McDanolds.
58, Patrick Magennis.	73, George Barnes.
58, 59, Richard Van Houten.	73, 74, Garret A. Hobart.
59, Joel M. Johnson.	74, 75, David Henry.
59—61, Samuel Pope.	74, 75, John P. Zeluff.

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| 76, 77, John W. Griggs. | 98, 99, John W. Sturr. |
| 76, 77, John Sanderson. | 98, John Donohue. |
| 76, 77, Jos. L. Cunningham. | 99—01, Vivian M. Lewis. |
| 78, John Kennell. | 1900, Richard Berry. |
| 78, 79, John H. Robinson. | 00—03, Edmund G. Stalter. |
| 79, 80, George W. Conkling. | 01, 02, Wm. B. Davidson. |
| 80, 81, Robert B. Morehead. | 01—03, Hiram Keasler. |
| 80, 81, Thomas B. Vreeland. | 02, Raymond Bogert. |
| 81, Jacob Latus. | 02, 03, 04, F. W. Van Blarcom. |
| 82, Joseph A. Greaves. | 03, Anton L. Pettersen. |
| 82, 83, Patrick H. Shields. | 03—05, George H. Dalrymple. |
| 82, 83, William F. Gaston. | 04, Jacob De Lazler. |
| 82—85, 92, 93, 94, Thos. Flynn. | 04, 05, Ernest Shaw. |
| 83, 84, Clark W. Mills. | 04, 05, 10, 11, Thos. R. Layden. |
| 84, William Prall. | 05, 06, George F. Wright. |
| 84, Cornelius A. Cadmus. | 05, 06, Henry Marelli. |
| 85, 86, John Scheele. | 06, Arthur M. Smethurst. |
| 85, 86, De Witt C. Bolton. | 06, 08, 09, John D. Prince. |
| 85, 86, George H. Low. | 06, Colin R. Wise. |
| 86, William B. Gourley. | 07, William A. Merz. |
| 87, 88, George Law. | 07, Abram Klenert. |
| 87, John Donohue. | 07, Frank A. Pawelski. |
| 87, Robert A. Carroll. | 07, Henry J. Earle. |
| 87, 88, 89, James Keys. | 07, John D. Van Blarcom. |
| 88, James H. Rogers. | 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, |
| 88, Eugene Emley. | Amos H. Radcliffe. |
| 89, John I. Holt. | 08, Samuel McCold. |
| 89, Chas. T. Woodward. | 08, 09, William B. Burpo. |
| 89, William W. Welch. | 08, Henry C. Whitehead. |
| 90, Thomas McCran. | 09, 10, Edward T. Moore. |
| 90, 91, John King. | 09, James G. Blauvelt. |
| 90, 91, John F. Kerr. | 10, 11, 12, Thomas F. McCran. |
| 90, 91, Robert Williams. | 10, 11, 12, Leonard Pikaart. |
| 91, Richard Carroll. | 11, Arthur P. Jackson. |
| 92, James Parker. | 12, William W. Watson. |
| 92, 93, Frank Gledhill. | 12, G. H. Vermuelen. |
| 92, 93, John F. Smith. | 13, Robert F. Buckley. |
| 93, 94, John I. Holt. | 13, James E. Kerwin. |
| 94, John McKelvey. | 13, Robert A. Roe. |
| 94, William I. Lewis. | 13, James Matthews. |
| 95, Samuel Frederick. | 13, Joseph A. Delaney. |
| 95, 96, James Robertson. | 14, 15, William J. Barbour. |
| 95, 96, Samuel Bullock. | 14—16, George H. Dalrymple. |
| 95, 96, 97, 99, 1900, John King. | 14, 15, William Hughes. |
| 96—98, Henry W. Gledhill. | 14—16, John Hunter. |
| 97, Frank Atherton. | 14—16, Edmund B. Randall. |
| 97, Phineas Bridge. | 16, John H. Adamson. |
| 98, 99, Wood McKee. | 16, Josiah Dadley. |

Salem County.

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| 45, David Wiley. | 49, Isaac Lippincott. |
| 45, Isalah Conklyn. | 49, John Fowler. |
| 45, Robert Hewitt. | 50, Charles B. Newell. |
| 46, Ephraim Carel. | 50, David Sithens. |
| 46, Charles Bilderback. | 50, Benjamin Remster. |
| 46, George Remster. | 51, Smith Bilderback. |
| 47, Joseph M. Springer. | 51, Charles Benner. |
| 47, James Vanmeter. | 51, Harman Richman. |
| 47, 48, Joseph Foster. | 52, Jacob Hitchner. |
| 48, Benj. F. McCollister. | 52, John C. Lummis. |
| 48, Joseph R. Chew. | 53, Nathaniel G. Swing. |
| 49, James H. Trenchard. | 53, John Blackwood. |

54, Isalah D. Clawson.	73, 74, William Iszard.
54, Richard Grier.	74, 75, William B. Carpenter.
55, Joshua Thompson.	75, Charles P. Swing.
55, John Harris.	76, Richard Coles.
56, Joseph Kille.	76—78, Quinton Keasbey.
56, Samuel Plummer.	77, John S. Elwell.
57, William Beckett.	78, William C. Kates.
57—59, Thomas B. Jones.	79—81, Henry Barber.
58, 59, Alfred Simpkins.	79—81, John T. Garwood.
60, Samuel Habermayer.	82—84, Henry Combs.
60, 61, Joshua Lippincott.	85, 86, Joseph D. Whitaker
61, Owen L. Jones.	87, William Newell.
62, William P. Somers.	88, Millard F. Riley.
62, Samuel D. Miller.	89, 90, John C. Ward.
63, Joseph Waddington.	91, 92, James Strimple.
63, 64, Joseph W. Cooper.	93, 94, William Diver.
64, William N. Hancock.	95, 96, Charles W. Powers.
65, William Callahan.	97, 98, Joseph B. Crispen.
65, 66, A. M. P. V. H. Dickeson.	99, Frank Wright.
66, 67, Samuel Garrison.	1900, 01, Henry J. Blohm.
67, John S. Newell.	02, John Tyler.
68, Henry M. Wright.	03, Ephraim C. Harris.
68, 69, Andrew S. Reeves.	04—06, Thomas E. Hunt.
69, 70, Charles F. H. Gray.	07, 08, 10, Samuel A. Ridgway.
70, David Evans.	09, John D. Schade.
71, John W. Dickinson.	11, Chas. L. Richmond.
71, John Hitchner.	12, 13, Isaac S. Smick.
72, Smith Hewitt.	14, William M. Wheatley.
72, 73, Daniel P. Darrell.	15, 16, Lemuel H. Greenwood.

Somerset County.

45, Peter Voorhees.	69—71, John R. Staats.
45, Samuel Reynolds.	71, James Doty.
45, Peter Kline.	72, 73, David D. Smalley.
46, James B. Elmendorf.	72, 73, 74, Jno. G. Schenck.
46, Peter T. Beekman.	74, 75, William P. Sutphin.
46, Jonathan Cory.	75—77, Joseph H. Voorhees.
47—49, Samuel K. Martin.	76, 77, 91, 92, Jas. J. Bergen.
47—49, F. V. D. Voorhees.	78—80, John Ringelmann.
48—50, John M. Wyckoff.	78—80, J. Newton Voorhees.
50, Samuel S. Doty.	81, John L. Oakey.
50, 51, 53, John De Mott.	81, 82, William A. Schomp.
51, Frederick D. Brokaw.	83, 84, Cornelius S. Hoffman.
51, 52, Eugene S. Doughty.	85, 86, John Vetterlein.
52, Michael R. Nevius.	87, George E. Pace.
53, 54, John H. Anderson.	88, Oscar Conkling.
54—56, John S. Hoagland.	89, 90, Jacob Klotz.
55, Alvah Lewis.	93, George H. Cramer.
56, 57, Cornelius M. Schomp.	94, 95, Frank W. Somers.
57, Cornelius N. Allen.	96, Charles A. Reed.
58, 59, Nehemiah V. Steele.	97, 98, Peter V. D. Van Doren.
58, 59, 60, Elisha B. Wood.	99, 1900, Edward E. Cooper.
60, 61, 70, J. W. Arrowsmith.	01, 02, Henry W. Hoagland.
61—63, John G. Schenck.	03, 04, Sam'l S. Swackhamer.
62, 63, John M. Mann.	05, 06, Irving Hoagland.
64, 65, Daniel Corey.	07, 08, 09, 10, Wm. W. Smalley.
64, 65, 66, Ryndar A. Staats.	11, Geo. M. La Monte.
66, 67, Ralph Davenport.	12, William de La Roche
67, Peter A. Voorhees.	Anderson.
68, Abraham T. Huff.	13, 14, Azariah M. Beekman.
68, 69, John J. Bergen.	15, 16, Ogden H. Hammond.

Sussex County.

45, Absalom Dunning.	62—64, William H. Bell.
45, Jesse Bell.	63, 64, Robert Hamilton.
45, Timothy H. Cook.	65, Samuel Fowler.
46, Juhn Hunt.	65—67, William M. Ilff.
46, 47, Peter Young.	66, 67, 73, 74, F. M. Ward.
46—48, Thos. D. Armstrong.	68—70, Hiram C. Clark.
47—49, Peter Hoyt.	68—70, Samuel H. Hunt.
48—50, Jacob Hornbeck, Jr.	71, Peter Smith.
49, Martin Ryerson.	71, 72, Lebbeus Martin.
50, 51, Guy Price.	75, 76, William Owen.
50, 51, William Simonson.	77, 78, George Greer.
51, Daniel D. Decker.	79—81, Lewis J. Martin.
52, George W. Collver.	82—84, William E. Ross.
52—54, Timothy E. Shay.	85—87, Horatio N. Kinney.
52, 55, Aaron K. Stinson.	88—90, Andrew J. Bale.
53, 54, Benjamin Hamilton.	91—93, Jacob Swartwout.
53, 54, Luther Hill.	94—96, William P. Coursen.
55, James L. Decker.	97, Horace E. Rude.
55—57, Daniel D. Gould.	98, 99, 1900, Elvin E. Smith.
56—58, William Smith.	1901, Theodore M. Roe.
56—58, John W. Opdyke.	02, 03, 04, Lewis S. Ilff.
58, Sanford McKeeby.	05, Vacancy.*
59, 60, Martin Cole.	06—08, Levi H. Morris.
59, 60, 61, Charles Mackerly.	09, 10, 11, 12, Chas. A. Meyer.
59, 60, 61, Daniel D. Decker.	13, 14, 15, Henry T. Kays.
61, William Price.	16, Edward Ackerson.
62, Thomas N. McCarter.	

Union County.

58, Benjamin M. Price.	78, Joseph B. Coward.
58, Carmon Parse.	78—80, George M. Stiles.
59, William Stiles.	79, 80, Phillip H. Vernon.
59, 60, Elston Marsh.	79—82, John T. Dunn.
60, 61, David Mulford.	81, 82, George T. Parrott.
61, Israel O. Maxwell.	81—83, Frank L. Sheldon.
62, John J. High.	83, 84, Edward J. Byrnes.
62, 63, Samuel L. Moore.	83, 84, Asa T. Woodruff.
63, 64, Noah Woodruff.	84, DeWitt C. Hough.
64, 65, Philip Dougherty.	85, Jacob Kirkner.
65, Joseph T. Crowell.	85, 86, Peter L. Hughes.
66, John R. Crane.	85—87, William H. Corbin.
66, Thomas J. Lee.	86, 87, Wm. Chamberlain.
67, A. M. W. Ball.	87, 88, John J. Matthews.
67, Enos W. Runyon.	88—90, Foster M. Voorhees.
68, 69, John H. Whelan.	88—90, John Ulrich.
68, 69, DeWitt C. Hough.	89, 90, Frederick C. Marsh.
70, Albert A. Drake.	91, 92, John Carroll.
70, 71, 75, Ferd. Blancke.	91—93, George Kyte.
71, Joseph W. Yates.	91—93, Thomas F. Lane.
72, Andrew Dutcher.	93, Timothy M. Kelly.
72—74, William McKinley.	94, 95, John N. Burger.
72, 73, John H. Lufberry.	94, 95, Joseph Cross.
73, Jabez B. Cooley.	94, 95, Charles N. Coddington.
74, 75, William H. Gill.	96, 97, Henry Clauss.
74, 75, Elias R. Pope.	96, 97, J. Martin Roll.
76, 77, Moses F. Cary.	96, 97, William R. Codington.
76, 77, Benjamin A. Vail.	98, 99, George A. Squire.
76—78, John Egan.	98, 99, Roger F. Murray.

*Jackson R. Decker was elected, but died before meeting of Legislature.

98, 99, Robert G. Houston.	08, 09, 10, Carlton B. Pierce.
1900, 01, Ellis R. Meeker.	08, 09, Albert F. Kirstein.
1900, 01, Chester M. Smith.	09, 10, Augustus W. Schwartz.
1900, 01, Charles S. Foote.	10, 11, Lloyd Thompson.
02, Frederick Miller.	11, Calvin E. Brodhead.
02, 03, William Newcorn.	11, 13, H. J. McLaughlin.
02, 03, William F. Hall.	12, William F. Groves.
03, 05, Edward S. Coyne.	12, George C. Otto.
04, Charles L. Moffett.	12, George L. Babcock.
04, Joseph T. Hague.	13, 14, William A. Leonard.
04, Joseph H. Gunn.	13, 14, John J. Griffin.
05—07, Peter Tillman.	14, Francis V. Dobbins.
05—07, *Randolph Perkins.	15, 16, William N. Runyon.
06, Everard K. Tucker.	15, 16, Charles L. Morgan.
07, 08, John R. Moxon.	15, 16, Arthur N. Pierson.

Warren County.

45, Abram Wildrick.	72—74, Valentine Mutchler.
45, Stephen Warne.	73—75, Joseph Anderson.
45, 46, Robert C. Caskey.	75, John M. Wyckoff.
46—48, Jonathan Shotwell.	76, William Carpenter.
46—48, Amos H. Drake.	76—78, Elias J. Mackey.
47—49, Samuel Mayberry.	77—79, Silas W. De Witt.
49—51, Andrew Ribble.	79—81, Coursen H. Albertson.
49—51, Benjamin Fritts.	80—82, William Fritts.
50, 51, 53, John Loller.	82, Robert Bond.
52, John Cline.	83—85, Stephen C. Larison.
52—54, John Sherrer.	83—85, Isaac Wildrick.
52—54, David V. C. Crate.	86, Thomas L. Titus.
54—56, George H. Beatty.	86, 87, William M. Baird.
55—57, Archibald Osborn.	87—89, Samuel B. Mutchler.
55—57, John White.	88—91, Eliphalet Hoover.
57—59, Isaac Lelda.	90—92, Daniel W. Hagerty.
58, Abm. S. Van Horn.	92—94, L. Milton Wilson.
58, 59, William Felt.	93, Richard H. Sheppard.
59—61, Robert Rusling.	94, 95, Samuel V. Davis.
60, Philip Shoemaker.	95, George W. Smith.
60—62, John C. Bennett.	96—98, Alfred L. Flummerfelt.
61, 63, David Smith.	96—98, William K. Bowers.
62—64, William W. Strader.	99—1901, Hiram D. White.
63—65, Elijah Allen.	99—1901, Jacob B. Smith.
64—66, Charles G. Hoagland.	02, William R. Laire.
65, 66, Silas Young.	03—05, John A. Wildrick.
66—68, Andrew J. Fulmer.	06—08, Joseph H. Firth.
67, 68, John N. Givens.	09, Harry B. Moon.
67—69, Nelson Vilet.	10, 11, George B. Cole.
69—71, Absalom B. Pursell.	12, 13, 14, Henry O. Carhart.
69—71, Caleb H. Valentine.	15, 16, Alonzo D. Herrick.
70—72, William Silverthorn.	

*Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of George H. Embree in 1905.

THE EXECUTIVE.

PREROGATIVES AND DUTIES OF THE GOVERNOR

The Governor is Commander-in-Chief of all the military and naval forces of the State; is President (ex officio) of the Board of Trustees of Princeton and Rutgers Colleges, and also of Burlington College, and of the Board of Managers of the Geological Survey. He is Chairman of the State Board of Canvassers, and has power to fill any vacancy for New Jersey that may occur in the United States Senate, during a recess of the Legislature.

He is a member of the following Boards: Trustees of School Fund; Riparian Commissioners; Court of Pardons; Commissioners of Agricultural College Fund; Commissioners of the State Library and State House Commission.

With the advice and consent of the Senate, he has the power of appointing the following officers: Chancellor, Chief Justice, Judges of the Supreme Court and Circuit Courts, Inferior Courts and Lay Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals, Attorney-General, Secretary of State, Clerk of the Court of Chancery, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Keeper of the State Prison, a Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, a Superintendent of Public Instruction, Prosecutors of the Pleas, Visitors to the State Board of Agriculture, State Board of Assessors, State Board of Education, Chief of Bureau of Labor Statistics, Major-General, Quartermaster-General, Adjutant-General, Supervisor of the State Prison, six Inspectors of the State Prison, Commissioners of Pilotage, the Board of Managers of the State Hospitals, Judges of the District Courts, Riparian Commissioners, Managers for the Home for Feeble-Minded Women, Port Wardens and Harbor Masters, State Board of Medical Examiners, State Board of Equalization of Taxes, County Boards of Equalization of Taxes, Railroad Commissioners, Labor Commissioners, State Home for Boys, State Home for Girls, Commissioners of New Jersey Reformatory, Managers State Home for Disabled Soldiers, Marines and Their Wives, State Board of Health, Commissioner of Charities and Corrections, Managers of the State Village for Epileptics, Managers for Sanitorium for Tuberculous Diseases, Civil Service Commissioners,

State Road Commissioner, Fish and Game Commissioners, Auditor of Accounts, Commissioner of Reports, Palisades, Inter-State Park Commission, Board of Tenement House Supervision.

Without the consent of the Senate: Oyster Commissioners, Board of Undertakers and Embalmers, Foreign Commissioners of Deeds, New Jersey State Pharmaceutical Association, State Board of Dentistry, Inspectors of Steamboats, Private Secretary, Notaries Public, Moral Instructors in the State Prison, Managers New Jersey Firemen's Home, Inspectors of Power Vessels, Railroad Policemen and other Boards and Commissioners, and fill all vacancies that occur in any office during a recess of the Legislature, which offices are to be filled by the Governor and Senate, or Legislature in Joint Meeting; also, vacancies happening in the offices of Clerk or Surrogate in any county; issues warrants for the admission of blind and feeble-minded children into institutions; grants requisitions and renditions, and has power to offer rewards for apprehending and securing persons charged with certain crimes; signs or vetoes all bills and joint resolutions passed by the Legislature; has power to convene the Legislature, or Senate alone, if, in his opinion, public necessity requires it; grants, under the Great Seal of the State, commissions to all such officers as require to be commissioned; has right to borrow money for the State; sign all leases or grants issued by the Riparian Commissioners; he has power to reprieve in cases of capital punishment, and to suspend fines at any time not exceeding ninety days after conviction, and in case of pardon or commutation of sentence, the Governor's veto in the affirmative is necessary.

Besides all these duties, the Governor finds it necessary to read and answer a large mass of correspondence, which comes to the department daily. All bills and joint resolutions passed by the Legislature are compared, and then indexed in the Executive Department, before presentation to the Governor.

He receives a salary of \$10,000 a year, and is not allowed any fees or perquisites what ever.

His term of office is three years.

OFFICES FILLED BY THE LEGISLATURE IN JOINT MEETING.

State Treasurer, State Comptroller, Commissioners of Deeds and State Director of Railroads and Canals.

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTIES, CITIES AND BOROUGHES.

COUNTIES.

(See act of March 7th, chapter 8, Laws of 1911.)

First Class—Having a population exceeding 300,000. Hudson, 571,371; Essex, 566,324.

Second Class—Having a population of not less than 50,000 nor more than 300,000. Passaic, 236,364; Bergen, 178,596; Union, 167,332; Camden, 163,221; Middlesex, 144,716; Mercer, 139,812; Monmouth, 107,636; Atlantic, 82,840; Morris, 81,514; Burlington, 74,737; Cumberland, 59,481.

Third Class—Having a population of not less than 20,000 nor more than 50,000. Warren, 44,314; Somerset, 44,123; Gloucester, 43,587; Hunterdon, 34,697; Salem, 30,292; Sussex, 25,977; Cape May, 24,407; Ocean, 23,011.

Fourth Class—All counties not embraced in either the first, second or third class. None.

CITIES.

(See act of March 18th, 1901.)

First Class—Having a population exceeding 150,000. Newark, 366,721; Jersey City, 270,903.

Second Class—Having a population of not less than 12,000 nor more than 150,000. Paterson, 124,815; Trenton, 103,190; Camden, 102,215; Elizabeth, 82,036; Hoboken, 67,611; Bayonne, 64,461; Passaic, 61,225; East Orange, 40,961; Perth Amboy, 39,719; New Brunswick, 30,019; Orange, 29,805; Plainfield, 24,516; Long Branch, 14,565; Bridgeton, 13,611; Millville, 13,307.

Third Class—All cities not embraced within either the first or second class, except cities binding upon the Atlantic Ocean and being seaside and Summer resorts.

Fourth Class—All cities binding upon the Atlantic Ocean and being seaside or Summer resorts. Atlantic City, 51,667.

BOROUGHES.

(See act of March 23d, 1883, and Supreme Court decision, State, Borough of Hightstown, pros., vs. James Glenn, 18 Vr., page 105.)

First Class—Having a population exceeding 3,000

Second Class—Having a population between 1,500 and 3,000.

Third Class—All boroughs and incorporated villages not contained in the first and second classes.

NEW JERSEY NEWSPAPERS.

The following is a list of the titles of newspapers published in the State of New Jersey, town and county where published, time of publication, political or special character, and names of editors and publishers:

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

- NEWS**—Egg Harbor City. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Frank O. Breder, publisher.
- DER PILOT** (German)—Egg Harbor City. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Henry Gries, editor and publisher.
- THE TRIBUNE**—Egg Harbor City. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent Republican. Henry Gries, editor.
- SOUTH JERSEY REPUBLICAN**—Hammonton. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Hoyt & Son, editors and publishers.
- SOUTH JERSEY STAR**—Hammonton. Weekly. Independent. Thomas B. Delker, editor and publisher.
- LA LEBEA**—Hammonton. Weekly, Saturday. Republican. Nicholas Casban, editor and publisher.
- ATLANTIC CITY REVIEW**—Atlantic City. Daily, every morning except Sunday, and weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Atlantic Review Publishing Company. William B. Bell president. William P. Houpt, editor.
- ATLANTIC CITY DAILY PRESS**—Atlantic City. Daily, every morning, except Sunday. Republican. Daily Press Union Co. Francis E. Croasdale, editor.
- ATLANTIC COUNTY RECORD**—Mays Landing. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. E. C. Shaner, proprietor. E. C. Shaner and Ira T. B. Smith, editors.
- EVENING UNION**—Atlantic City. Every afternoon, except Sunday. Republican. Daily Press Union Co. Walter Creighton, editor. Office in Daily Press Building.
- SUNDAY GAZETTE**—Atlantic City. Weekly, on Sunday. Republican. Harry E. Smith, proprietor. James M. Healey, editor.
- PLEASANTVILLE PRESS**—Pleasantville. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. S. E. Whitman & Sons, proprietors. B. E. Whitman, editor.
- FREIE PRESSE** (German)—Atlantic City. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Jacob Mueller, editor and publisher.
- VENTNOR NEWS**—Ventnor City (Atlantic City). Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Carl M. Voelker, publisher.
- SOMERS POINT RECORD**—Somers Point. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Charles H. Collins, editor and proprietor.

BERGEN COUNTY.

- THE EVENING RECORD—Hackensack. Evening. Independent. Evening Record Publishing Company, publishers. Evan G. Runner, editor.
- THE HACKENSACK REPUBLICAN—Hackensack. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Eugene K. Bird, editor and publisher.
- THE BERGEN COUNTY DEMOCRAT — Hackensack. Weekly. Democratic. Democrat Publishing Company, M. J. Ford, president.
- CARLSTADT FREIE PRESSE (German) — Carlstadt. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. August Moench, editor.
- THE ENGLEWOOD PRESS—Englewood. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Joseph H. Tillotson, editor and proprietor.
- RECORD.—Tenafly. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Tenafly Publishing Company. J. Z. Demarest, editor.
- THE NEWS—Ridgewood. Weekly, on Friday. F. A. Baxter, publisher.
- THE PARK RIDGE LOCAL—Park Ridge. Published weekly, on Wednesday. James B. H. Storms and John C. Storms, editors and proprietors.
- RUTHERFORD REPUBLICAN, AND RUTHERFORD AMERICAN—Rutherford. Weekly, on Saturday. Rutherford Publishing Company. Republican. Frank P. Newman, editor.
- THE ENTERPRISE—East Rutherford. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. The Petrie Press, publisher. Alexander G. Cattermole, editor.
- THE BOROUGH ADVERTISER—East Rutherford. Weekly. Independent. Yah Lee, editor.
- THE SENTINEL—Fort Lee. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. J. N. Race, publisher.
- THE NEWS-LETTER—Hasbrouck Heights. Weekly, on Tuesday. Alonzo Chamberlain, editor and publisher.
- RIDGEFIELD PARK BULLETIN—Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Charles Enders, editor.
- RIDGEWOOD HERALD—Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Brainard G. Smith, editor and proprietor.
- THE RAMSEY JOURNAL—Ramsey. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. John Y. Dater, Jr., editor and proprietor.
- THE SATURDAY REVIEW—Bergenfield. Weekly. Independent. The Bergenfield Press. Wm. R. and Milton O. Jones, Jr., proprietors. William R. Jones, editor.
- THE BOGOTA REVIEW—Bogota. Weekly, on Thursday. Frank E. Henderson, Jr., editor and proprietor.
- SOUTH BERGEN EAGLE—Lyndhurst, Kingsland (Rutherford P. O.). Weekly, on Friday. Independent. H. Kirke White, editor.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

NEW JERSEY MIRROR—Mount Holly. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Charles H. Folwell, editor and proprietor.

THE MOUNT HOLLY HERALD—Mount Holly. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. ———, editor and proprietor.

NEWS—Mount Holly. Weekly, on Tuesday. Republican. H. L. Walters and Joseph C. Kingdon, proprietors. J. C. Kingdon, editor.

BURLINGTON GAZETTE—Burlington. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Dr. R. B. Glasgow, editor and publisher.

THE NEW JERSEY ENTERPRISE—Burlington. Daily, in the afternoon. Republican. Enterprise Company, publisher.

BORDENTOWN REGISTER—Bordentown. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. James D. Magee, editor.

BEVERLY BANNER—Beverly. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. L. W. Perkins, editor and proprietor.

MOORESTOWN CHRONICLE AND REPUBLICAN — Moorestown. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. W. J. Lovell, editor.

BURLINGTON COUNTY PRESS—Riverside. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Hiram D. Torrie, Jr., editor and proprietor.

THE NEW ERA—Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Riverton. Walter L. Bowen, publisher. J. D. Janney, M.D., editor.

THE WEEKLY NEWS—Palmyra. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. C. F. Sleeper, editor and proprietor.

THE CENTRAL RECORD—Marlton. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Charles Holmes, editor and proprietor.

THE PALMYRA RECORD—Palmyra. Weekly. Seel Brothers, publishers and proprietors.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

WEST JERSEY PRESS—Camden. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Sinnickson Chew & Sons' Company, publishers and proprietors. Harry C. Dole, editor.

CAMDEN POST-TELEGRAM—Camden. Daily, in the afternoon. Republican. Post-Telegram Company, proprietors. Upton S. Jefferys, editor. F. F. Patterson, Jr., manager.

THE COURIER—Camden. Daily, in the afternoon. Republican. Courier Publishing Association, proprietors.

CAMDEN COUNTY JOURNAL (German)—Camden. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Camden Journal Publishing Co., publishers. Otto Erdlen, editor.

- THE VOICE OF LABOR**—Camden. Weekly. Socialist. James E. W. Cook, editor.
- THE TRIBUNE**—Haddonfield. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. The Tribune Publishing Co., publishers. W. G. Taylor, manager.
- THE CAMDEN TIMES**—Camden. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. John J. Tischner, publisher.
- CAMDEN ARGUS AND EAST SIDE PRESS**—Camden. Republican. Weekly, on Thursday. William H. Jefferys, Sr., editor and publisher.
- MERCHANTVILLE TIMES**—Merchantville. Weekly, on Saturday. Herbert Freeman, editor and publisher.
- HADDON GAZETTE**—Haddonfield. Weekly, on Friday. Allen Clymer, editor and publisher.
- MAGNOLIA PRESS**—Magnolia. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. C. J. Klein, publisher.
- THE SOUTH JERSEY NEWS**—Stratford. Weekly, on Thursday. A. H. Hise, editor.
- COLLINGSWOOD HERALD**—Collingswood. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Herald Publishing Company, publishers. Herbert E. Freeman, editor.
- WEEKLY RETROSPECT**—Collingswood. Weekly, on Friday. Collingswood Publishing Co., publishers.
- THE ADVERTISER**—Berlin. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Advertiser Publishing Company, publishers.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

- CAPE MAY STAR AND WAVE**—Cape May City. Republican. Weekly, on Saturday, also morning during July and August. Star and Wave Publishing Company. Albert Reeve Hand, manager.
- CAPE MAY HERALD**—Cape May City. Republican. Weekly, on Friday afternoon, also morning during July and August. Charles L. Brownmiller, editor and proprietor.
- CAPE MAY COUNTY GAZETTE**—Cape May Court House. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Alfred Cooper, editor and publisher.
- SENTINEL**—Ocean City. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. R. Curtis Robinson, editor and proprietor.
- FIVE-MILE BEACH JOURNAL**—Wildwood. Independent. Weekly, on Wednesday. Jed Dubois, editor and proprietor.
- OCEAN CITY LEDGER**—Weekly, on Saturday. Prohibition. New Jersey Methodist Publishing Company, proprietors. Rev. James E. Lake, editor.
- FIVE-MILE BEACH SUN**—Wildwood. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. T. C. Hamilton.
- CAPE MAY COUNTY TIMES**—Sea Isle City. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. S. Twitchel, publisher.

- COAST REPORTER—Avalon. Independent. Weekly, on Friday. Cornelius Mahan, editor. Peermont P. O.
SEA ISLE CITY REVIEW—Sea Isle City. Independent. Weekly, on Thursday. L. I. Bussey, editor. Sea Isle City Publishing Company, publishers.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

- BRIDGETON EVENING NEWS—Bridgeton. Republican. Evening News Company, publishers. J. W. Richardson, editor and manager.
BRIDGETON PIONEER—Bridgeton. Daily and weekly. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. George W. McCowan, editor and publisher.
DOLLAR WEEKLY NEWS—Bridgeton. Independent. Weekly, on Saturday. Evening News Company, publishers.
WEEKLY INDEPENDENT—Vineland. Weekly, on Friday. Populist. J. J. Streeter, editor and publisher.
THE EVENING JOURNAL—Vineland. Afternoon. Democratic. George C. Ladd, editor.
MILLVILLE REPUBLICAN—Millville. Evening. Republican. Millville Republican and Publishing Company, publishers. W. E. Middleton, editor.
THE ADVERTISER—Port Norris. Weekly. Harry C. Baraclough, editor and publisher.

ESSEX COUNTY.

- NEWARK EVENING NEWS—Newark. Afternoon. Independent. Evening News Publishing Company. Wallace M. Scudder, publisher; Edward W. Scudder, editor.
THE NEWARK EAGLE (and the Newark Star)—Newark. Independent. Every morning. Sundays excepted. Newark Daily Advertiser Publishing Company. John J. Leidy, editor.
THE NEWARK EVENING STAR AND NEWARK DAILY ADVERTISER—Newark. Independent. Newark Daily Advertiser Publishing Company. John J. Leidy, editor.
NEW JERSEY FREIE ZEITUNG (German)—Newark. Daily, also Sunday edition. Republican. Mrs. B. Prieth, proprietress. William Katzeler, editor. Benedict Prieth, business manager.
SUNDAY CALL—Newark. Weekly, on Sunday. Independent. The Newark Call Printing and Publishing Company, publishers. G. Wisner Thorne, president and treasurer. C. G. Van Gorden, secretary. William T. Hunt, G. Wisner Thorne and Louis Hanocho, directors. William T. Hunt, editor.
SENTINEL OF FREEDOM—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday. Published by the Advertiser Publishing Company.

- DER ERZÄHLER (German)—Newark. Sunday edition of New Jersey Freie Zeitung. Weekly, on Sunday. Republican. Published at the New Jersey Freie Zeitung office.
- UNION (Colored)—Orange. Saturday. Republican. George R. Pratt, editor.
- NEWARK PIONEER (German)—Newark. Weekly. Independent. F. E. Adler & Co., publishers.
- TOWN TALK—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent Democratic. T. E. Burke and Herman E. L. Beyer, editors and publishers.
- NEW JERSEY TRADE REVIEW—Newark. Semi-monthly. Commercial. Paul V. Flynn, editor and publisher.
- RAILROAD EMPLOYEE—Newark. Monthly. Benjamin E. Chapin, editor and publisher.
- THE MONITOR—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday. Catholic. The Monitor Company. Rev. Wm. P. Cantwell, editor-in-chief.
- THE AMERICAN ISSUE—Newark. Bi-Weekly. Anti-Saloon. Samuel Wilson, editor.
- FRUSTA LA (Italian)—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday.
- LA MONTAGNA (THE MOUNTAIN) (Italian)—Newark. Republican. Weekly, on Saturday. F. A. Fiore, editor.
- THE REVIEW—LA RIVISTA (Italian and English)—Newark. Weekly. Richard F. Mattia, proprietor.
- KRONIKA (Polish)—Newark. Weekly, on Thursday. Political, industrial and commercial. Kronika Publishing Company, proprietors. Managing editor, Boleslaw J. Strzelecki.
- L'ORA—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Pasquale Matulla, editor and proprietor.
- THE ORANGE ADVERTISER—Orange. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Orange Advertiser Publishing Company. Robert Wright, president. F. C. Shann, editor.
- ORANGE VOLKSBOOTE (German)—Orange. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent Republican. John F. Kern, editor and proprietor.
- THE ORANGE ADVOCATE—Orange. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Frank W. Baldwin, editor and proprietor.
- AMERICAN LABOR STANDARD—Orange. Weekly, on Friday. Edgar Williamson, editor and proprietor.
- LA VERITA—Orange. Weekly. Independent. John Ponzini, owner. Loui De Fabretti, editor.
- EAST ORANGE RECORD—East Orange. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. L. C. Gilles, editor and publisher.
- THE INDEPENDENT PRESS—Bloomfield. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Press Publishing Co., publishers. Charles R. Blunt, editor.
- MONTCLAIR TIMES—Montclair. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Established 1877 by A. C. Studer, editor and publisher.

- THE MONTCLAIR HERALD**—Montclair. Weekly, on Thursday. Montclair Herald Company, publishers.
- THE EASTERN OBSERVER** (Colored)—Montclair. Weekly, on Saturday. J. E. Sadler, publisher.
- THE MONTCLAIRIAN**—Montclair. Weekly, on Wednesday. Western Essex Publishing Co. W. H. Van Wart, president.
- THE CLINTON WEEKLY**—Irvington. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. The Clinton Publishing Co. Walter S. Gray, managing editor.
- THE HOME NEWS**—Maplewood. Weekly. Independent. Suburban Publishing Company. J. Kempson, editor.
- THE SHORT HILLS ITEM**—Short Hills. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Frank Wright, editor and publisher.
- THE CALDWELL PROGRESS**—Caldwell. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. The Progress Publishing Company. William H. Van Wart, editor and publisher.
- SUN**—Nutley. Weekly, on Saturday. E. B. Foy, publisher. Johnson Foy, editor.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

- THE CONSTITUTION**—Woodbury. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. The Constitution Company, publishers. Louis W. Albright, editor.
- GLOUCESTER COUNTY DEMOCRAT**—Woodbury. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. J. D. Carpenter, editor and publisher.
- WEEKLY ITEM**—Newfield. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. J. Hampton Leonard, editor and publisher.
- ENTERPRISE**—Glassboro. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. A. M. Seabrook, editor and publisher.
- THE NEWS**—Swedesboro. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Wilbur Knight Sloan, editor and publisher.
- WOODBURY DAILY TIMES**—Woodbury. Daily, except Sunday. Independent-Republican. J. Frank Wilson, editor and publisher.
- THE SUN**—Paulsboro. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Charles M. Gwilliam, editor and publisher.

HUDSON COUNTY.

- THE JERSEY JOURNAL**—Jersey City. Afternoon. Republican. Evening Journal Association, publishers. Joseph A. Dear, editor.
- JERSEY CITY HERALD**—Jersey City. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. The Herald Company, proprietors. Robert Lelbra, editor and publisher.
- HUDSON COUNTY INDEPENDENT**—Jersey City. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. William H. McIntyre, editor and owner.

THE LABOR WORLD—Jersey City and New York. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Leon C. Sutton, editor and publisher.

JUSTICE—Jersey City. Official organ of the liquor interests of the State. First and third Tuesdays in each month. J. H. Buckridge, managing editor.

THE OBSERVER—Hoboken. Afternoon. Democratic. Hoboken Printing and Publishing Company, publishers. John P. McCormick, editor.

THE INQUIRER—Hoboken. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. Thomas F. Martin, proprietor. Hadden Ivins, editor.

HUDSON COUNTY DEMOCRAT (German) — Hoboken. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. William Faas, publisher and editor.

BAYONNE HERALD—Bayonne. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. Estate of H. C. Page, publishers. Hugh H. Mara, editor.

EVENING TIMES AND BAYONNE DAILY TIMES—Daily, except Sunday. Independent. Evening Times Printing and Publishing Company, proprietors. George H. Burch, editor.

THE DAILY REVIEW—Bayonne. Afternoon. Argus Free Press Publishing Co. W. H. Barbour, editor.

BAYONNE DEMOCRAT—Bayonne. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Michael R. Freel, editor and proprietor.

HUDSON COUNTY DISPATCH—Union Hill. Daily. Independent Democratic. Dispatch Printing Company, publishers. Thomas F. Martin, editor.

KEARNY RECORD—Harrison. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Democratic. Phillip A. McAviney, editor and proprietor.

THE OBSERVER—Arlington. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent Republican. W. W. Beadell, editor and proprietor.

WEST HUDSON PRESS—Kearny. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. John J. Fagan, publisher. James J. McAteer, editor.

HUDSON COUNTY REVUE (German)—Town of Union. Democratic. Weekly, on Saturday. Robert Benning, owner. Paul E. Nehring, editor.

NORTH HUDSON NEWS—West Hoboken. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Dixie Anzer, editor and proprietor.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

HUNTERDON COUNTY DEMOCRAT—Flemington. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. Anthony Killgore, editor and proprietor.

DEMOCRAT-ADVERTISER—Flemington. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. A. T. Voorhees, editor and proprietor.

HUNTERDON REPUBLICAN—Flemington. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. W. A. Abbott, editor and proprietor.

THE BEACON—Lambertville. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Phineas K. Hazen & Son, proprietors. J. N. Hazen, editor.

THE LAMBERTVILLE RECORD—Lambertville. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Theodore G. Kitchen, editor. Wickecheoke Corporation, owners.

THE CLINTON DEMOCRAT—Clinton. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. Leon A. Carpenter, editor and publisher.

HUNTERDON INDEPENDENT—Frenchtown. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. J. B. Stout, editor and publisher.

THE FRENCHTOWN STAR—Frenchtown. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. William H. Sipes, editor and publisher.

MILFORD LEADER—Milford. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. W. H. Farrand, proprietor and editor.

WEEKLY AVALANCHE—Glen Gardner. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. E. W. Rush, editor and publisher.

THE HUNTERDON GAZETTE—High Bridge. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. High Bridge Printing Company, proprietor. Harry C. Van Derwee, editor.

WEEKLY REVIEW—White House Station. Independent. F. R. Shampamore, publisher and editor.

MERCER COUNTY.

STATE GAZETTE—Trenton. Daily. Independent Republican. The State Gazette Publishing Company, proprietors. Thomas B. Holmes, editor. Charles H. Baker, business manager.

THE TRENTON EVENING TIMES—Trenton. Afternoon. Independent. Trenton Times Company, publishers. James Kerney, editor. Owen Moon, Jr., business manager.

THE NEW JERSEY STAATS JOURNAL (German)—Trenton. Weekly. Republican. William Zenzer, editor and proprietor.

SUNDAY TIMES-ADVERTISER—Trenton. Weekly, on Sunday. Independent. Trenton Times, proprietors. Thomas F. Waldron, editor. Owen Moon, Jr., business manager.

TRADES UNION ADVOCATE—Trenton. Weekly, Friday. Labor. Reuben Forker, editor and publisher.

THE FUGGETLENSEY (Hungarian News)—Trenton. Hungarian. Weekly. Independent. A. O. Zambory, proprietor.

LA BATAGLIA (Italian)—Trenton. Weekly. Joseph Schiavoni, publisher.

L'ITALO AMERICANO (Italian) — Trenton. Weekly. Michael Communi, editor.

- THE TRENTON BULLETIN**—Trenton. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Forrest R. Dye, editor and publisher.
- MERCER COUNTY SOCIALIST**—Trenton. Weekly. Barnett Spector, manager.
- MERCER COUNTY POST**—Pennington. Republican. Weekly, on Friday. Post Publishing Co., publishers.
- HIGHTSTOWN GAZETTE**—Hightstown. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. George P. Dennis, editor and proprietor.
- PRINCETON PRESS**—Princeton. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Edwin M. Norris, editor and proprietor.
- THE DAILY PRINCETONIAN**—Princeton. Published daily, except Sundays, during the college year. Devoted to the interests of Princeton University. Edited by students.
- THE HOPEWELL HERALD**—Hopewell. Weekly, on Tuesday. Independent. Race & Savidge, editors and publishers.
- THE PENNINGTON POST**—Pennington. Democratic. Weekly, on Wednesdays. Edward F. Connelly, editor and publisher.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

- THE HOME NEWS**—New Brunswick. Every afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. Home News Publishing Company, proprietors. Hugh Boyd, president; Arthur H. Boyd, secretary and treasurer. William B. Boyd, vice president.
- THE WEEKLY HOME NEWS**—New Brunswick. Published every Thursday afternoon. Independent. Arthur H. Boyd, editor.
- THE TIMES**—New Brunswick. Morning. Independent. The Times Publishing Company. George D. Johnson, editor.
- THE EVENING NEWS**—Perth Amboy. Daily. Independent. Perth Amboy Evening News Company. J. Logan Clevenger, editor.
- PLAIN DEALER**—Perth Amboy. Weekly. Democratic. Plain Dealer Publishing Company. George S. Walker, editor.
- THE LEADER**—Woodbridge. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Woodbridge Printery, publishers. Mark J. Boyle, editor.
- THE RECORDER**—Metuchen. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent Republican. Charles A. Prickett, editor and proprietor.
- THE ADVANCE**—Jamesburg. Weekly, on Thursday. Printed and published by the New Jersey State School for Boys. F. L. Foster, editor.
- THE CITIZEN**—South Amboy. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. South Amboy Printing Company, publishers.

THE PRESS—Cranbury. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. George W. Burroughs, editor. Press Printing Company, proprietors.

THE DUNELLEN WEEKLY CALL—Dunellen. Weekly, on Thursday. George W. Day, proprietor.

THE ROOSEVELT NEWS—Roosevelt. Republican. Weekly, on Friday. Published by The News Publishing Company. Thomas Yorke, manager.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

THE MONMOUTH INQUIRER—Freehold. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Maxcy Applegate, editor and publisher.

THE MONMOUTH DEMOCRAT—Freehold. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Joseph A. Yard, editor and manager.

THE TRANSCRIPT—Freehold. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Moreau Bros. (Alex. L. Moreau), publishers and proprietors.

NEW JERSEY STANDARD—Red Bank. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. William A. Sweeney, editor. Standard Publishing Company, proprietors.

RED BANK REGISTER—Red Bank. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. John H. Cook, editor and proprietor.

KEYPORT ENTERPRISE—Keyport. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. A. F. Walling, editor and proprietor.

KEYPORT WEEKLY—Keyport. Weekly, on Friday. Progressive Republican. Benjamin F. S. Brown, editor and proprietor.

THE LONG BRANCH RECORD—Long Branch. Daily and weekly, on Friday. Independent Democratic. F. M. Taylor Publishing Company. Charles L. Edwards, manager; Benj. Boisseau Bobbitt, editor.

THE LONG BRANCH PRESS—Long Branch. Weekly. Independent. Long Branch Press Company. W. J. Smythe, Jr., editor.

THE MATAWAN JOURNAL—Matawan. Weekly, on Thursday. Progressive Republican. Benjamin F. S. Brown, editor and proprietor.

THE SHORE PRESS—Asbury Park. Weekly, on Sunday. Democratic. J. L. Kinmonth, editor and proprietor.

THE EVENING PRESS—Asbury Park. Daily. Democratic. J. L. Kinmonth, editor and proprietor.

THE MORNING PRESS—Asbury Park. Daily during June, July, August and September. J. L. Kinmonth, editor and proprietor.

OCEAN GROVE TIMES—Ocean Grove. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. J. E. Quinn, editor.

THE ADVERTISER—Eatontown. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. William T. Cole, editor, publisher and proprietor.

- THE COAST STAR**—Manasquan. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Tracy M. Hoskins, editor and proprietor.
- MANASQUAN NEWS**—Manasquan. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Theo. F. Hulst, editor and proprietor.
- THE COAST ADVERTISER**—Belmar. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Fayette S. Berggren and H. C. Higgins, editors and publishers.
- THE JOURNAL**—Atlantic Highlands. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. The Journal Company, proprietors. Harry B. Hart, editor.
- SPRING LAKE GAZETTE**—Spring Lake Beach. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. John L. Coffin, editor and publisher.
- MONMOUTH PRESS**—Atlantic Highlands. Independent. Weekly, on Friday. Co-operative Press Company, publishers. William J. Leonard, editor.
- SEA BRIGHT SENTINEL**—Sea Bright. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Co-operative Press Company, publishers. William J. Leonard, editor.
- ALLENTOWN MESSENGER**—Weekly, on Thursday. J. W. Naylor, editor and publisher.
- THE SEACOAST NEWS**—Bradley Beach. Independent. Weekly, on Friday. C. W. Smith, editor and publisher.
- THE BEACON**—Keansburg. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Benjamin F. S. Brown, editor and proprietor.
- THE KEANSBURG NEWS**—Keansburg. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. P. Licari, owner. F. R. Nichols, editor.

MORRIS COUNTY.

- THE JERSEYMAN**—Morristown. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Cornelia H. and A. Vance Pierson, proprietors. A. Vance Pierson, editor.
- TRUE DEMOCRATIC BANNER**—Morristown. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Louis A. Vogt, editor and proprietor.
- THE DAILY TIMES AND MORRIS COUNTY CHRONICLE**—Morristown. Daily. Republican. A. Vance and Frank A. Pierson, editors and managers. Daily Times Co., publishers.
- MORRIS COUNTY PRESS**—Morristown. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. David King, editor. Press Publishing Co., publishers.
- THE DAILY RECORD**—Morristown. Independent. E. H. Tomlinson, proprietor.
- DOVER INDEX**—Dover. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Frank F. Hummell, editor and proprietor.
- THE DOVER ADVANCE**—Dover. Semi-weekly. Mondays and Thursdays. Republican. Harry R. Gill, editor and publisher.
- THE BULLETIN**—Boonton. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Samuel L. Garrison, editor and publisher.

- THE TIMES**—Boonton. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Charles L. Grubb, editor and proprietor.
- THE EAGLE**—Madison. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. John E. Clarey, Jr., editor and publisher.
- THE RECORD**—Rockaway. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Sidney Collins, editor and publisher.
- THE STANHOPE EAGLE**—Netcong. Independent. Weekly, on Wednesday. George T. Keech, editor and proprietor.
- CHATHAM PRESS**—Chatham. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. J. Thomas Scott, editor and proprietor.
- THE BUTLER ARGUS**—Butler. Weekly, on Friday. A. M. MacLeod and J. White, editors and publishers.

OCEAN COUNTY.

- NEW JERSEY COURIER**—Toms River. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. W. H. Fischer, editor and proprietor.
- NEW JERSEY TRIBUNE**—Toms River. Weekly. Democratic. Roseby H. Crane, editor and manager.
- TIMES AND JOURNAL**—Lakewood. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Times and Journal Publishing Company. H. Douglas Rhodes, editor and manager.
- THE BEACON**—Point Pleasant. Weekly, on Saturday. Fred. C. Havens, editor and proprietor.
- THE TUCKERTON BEACON**—Tuckerton. Weekly. E. Moss Mathis, editor and publisher.
- LAKEWOOD CITIZEN**—Lakewood. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. Harry T. Hagaman, editor and publisher.
- PRESS**—New Egypt. Weekly, on Friday. Moore Bros., publishers. W. Clement Moore, editor.
- OCEAN COUNTY REVIEW**—Seaside Heights. Weekly. Shore Review Publishing Co. William H. Magill, editor and president.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

- THE PATERSON PRESS-GUARDIAN**—Paterson. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. Guardian Printing and Publishing Co., publishers. John L. Matthews, editor.
- THE MORNING CALL**—Paterson. Daily, except Sunday. Republican. Call Printing and Publishing Company, proprietors and publishers. Joseph E. Crowell, editor. Garret H. Sturr, business manager.
- EVENING NEWS**—Paterson. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. News Printing and Publishing Company, proprietors. H. B. Haines, editor; J. C. Levine, business manager.
- SUNDAY CHRONICLE**—Paterson. Sunday. Independent. The Guardian Printing and Publishing Company, publishers and proprietors. William B. Bryant, business manager. John L. Matthews, editor.

- DE TELEGRAF (Holland)—Paterson. Weekly. Republican. Cornelius Poelstra, publisher and editor.
- HET OOSTEN (Holland)—Paterson. Weekly. Independent. Lent & Overpeck, publishers.
- IL MASSAGGERO (Italian)—Paterson. Weekly. V. D. Ainto, editor.
- PASSAIC HERALD—Passaic. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. Charles R. Long, publisher. Neal G. Adair, editor.
- PASSAIC DAILY NEWS—Passaic. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. George M. Hartt, editor. News Publishing Company, proprietors and publishers. James T. Barker, business manager.
- THE BULLETIN—Pompton Lakes. Weekly. H. L. Wells & Son, publishers.
- WOCHENBLATT (German)—Passaic. Saturday. Mrs. M. E. Lindensthrut, editor and proprietor.
- THE EAGLE—Little Falls. Weekly. James Steel, editor and proprietor.
- SLOVAK REVIEW (Slavish)—Passaic. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Julius M. Pletenik, editor and publisher.
- POLISH WEEKLY NEWS—Passaic. Weekly. Independent. John Wegrzynski, editor and publisher.
- DIE TZEIT (Jewish)—Passaic. Weekly, on Friday. Socialist. Die Tzeit Publishing Company. Charles Dann, secretary.
- SZABAD SAJTO (Hungarian)—Passaic. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. H. Virag, publisher.
- PASSAIC REVUE (German)—Passaic. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Carl Posewitz, publisher.
- THE CLIFTON PRESS—Clifton. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Leon L. Hortsman, proprietor and editor.

SALEM COUNTY.

- SALEM STANDARD AND JERSEYMAN—Salem. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Standard and Jerseyman Company, publishers. William H. Chew, editor.
- SALEM SUNBEAM—Salem. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Sunbeam Publishing Company, publishers. Charles F. Pancoast, editor.
- THE MONITOR-REGISTER—Woodstown. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Benjamin Patterson, proprietor.
- PENNSGROVE RECORD—Pennsgrove. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. W. A. Summerill, proprietor.
- ELMER TIMES—Elmer. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. S. P. Foster, editor. Elmer Times Company, publishers.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

- THE SOMERSET MESSENGER**—Somerville. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. J. B. Varley, editor and publisher.
- THE UNIONIST-GAZETTE**—Somerville. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. The Unionist-Gazette Association, publishers. Charles H. Bateman, editor and manager.
- THE SOMERSET DEMOCRAT**—Somerville. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Carlton P. Hoagland, editor and proprietor.
- BOUND BROOK CHRONICLE**—Bound Brook. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. W. B. R. Mason, editor and publisher.
- STATE CENTRE-RECORD**—Bound Brook. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Daniel D. Clark, Jr., editor and proprietor.
- THE NEWS-RECORDER**—Bernardsville. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Recorder Publishing Company, proprietors. H. B. Adsit, editor and business manager.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

- THE SUSSEX REGISTER**—Newton. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Allen S. Page, editor and publisher. James Lynch, assistant editor.
- THE NEW JERSEY HERALD**—Newton. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Jacob L. Bunnell and Martin J. Cox, editors and proprietors. Hency C. Bonnell, assistant editor.
- SUSSEX INDEPENDENT**—Sussex. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. J. J. Stanton and C. G. Wilson, editors. Irvin D. Shorter, assistant editor.
- THE WANTAGE RECORDER**—Sussex. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. C. E. Stickney, editor.
- THE MILK REPORTER**—Sussex. Monthly. Agriculture. John J. Stanton, editor and proprietor. Irvin D. Shorter, assistant editor.

UNION COUNTY.

- ELIZABETH DAILY JOURNAL**—Elizabeth. Afternoon. Republican. Augustus S. Crane, publisher. Geo. W. Swift, editor.
- THE EVENING TIMES**—Elizabeth. Democratic. The Elizabeth Printing and Publishing Company. L. T. Russell, owner and editor.
- THE RAHWAY RECORD**—Rahway. Semi-weekly. Independent. Rahway Publishing Company, publishers. H. B. Rollinson, president and editor.

- PLAINFIELD DAILY PRESS**—Plainfield. Independent. Published by the Plainfield Press Company. J. Franklin Fort, president. Leslie R. Fort, managing editor.
- THE PLAINFIELD COURIER-NEWS**—Plainfield. Afternoon. Republican. Courier News Publishing Company. Charles Hamilton Frost, manager.
- THE SUMMIT RECORD**—Summit. Democratic. Weekly. Alfred J. Lane, editor and proprietor.
- THE SUMMIT HERALD**—Summit. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. J. W. Clift, publisher and proprietor. Fred W. Clift, editor.
- THE UNION COUNTY STANDARD**—Westfield. Weekly, on Friday. The Standard Publishing Concern. Byron M. Prugh, managing editor.
- THE CRANFORD CHRONICLE**—Weekly, on Thursday. Hugh Hearon, owner. Frederick T. Frazer, editor.
- THE CRANFORD CITIZEN**—Cranford. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. James R. Warner, editor and manager.
- THE WESTFIELD LEADER**—Westfield. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. Westfield Leader Publishing and Printing Company, proprietors. Walter J. Lee, editor.
- THE PASSAIC VALLEY NEWS**—New Providence. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Willis Fletcher Johnson, editor and publisher.

WARREN COUNTY.

- BELVIDERE APOLLO**—Belvidere. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. J. Madison Drake, Jr., editor and proprietor.
- THE WARREN JOURNAL**—Belvidere. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Smith Bros., editors and publishers.
- HACKETTSTOWN GAZETTE**—Hackettstown. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Charles Rittenhouse, editor and publisher.
- WARREN REPUBLICAN**—Hackettstown. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Curtis Bros., proprietors. George P. Curtis, editor.
- THE WASHINGTON STAR**—Washington. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Charles L. Stryker, editor and proprietor.
- THE BLAIRSTOWN PRESS**—Blairstown. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. DeWitt C. Carter, editor and publisher.

SUMMARY.

COUNTY.	Morning.	Evening.	Weekly.	Republican.	Democratic.	Independent.	Total.
Atlantic	12	1	11	10	..	4	14
Bergen	1	..	17	8	1	9	18
Burlington	1	..	12	3	2	8	13
Camden .....	..	2	16	8	1	6	15
Cape May .....	..	..	10	6	..	4	10
Cumberland .....	..	3	4	3	1	3	7
Essex	2	2	29	7	1	27	35
Gloucester .....	..	1	6	4	2	1	7
Hudson .....	..	5	13	2	7	9	18
Hunterdon .....	..	..	12	1	4	7	12
Mercer	1	1	14	1	..	15	16
Middlesex	2	1	9	3	1	8	12
Monmouth	1	3	22	5	8	13	26
Morris	1	1	12	4	3	7	14
Ocean .....	..	..	8	2	1	5	8
Passaic	1	4	12	1	..	16	17
Salem .....	..	..	5	2	2	1	5
Somerset .....	..	..	6	2	3	1	6
Sussex .....	..	..	5	1	2	2	5
Union .....	..	4	8	4	2	6	12
Warren .....	..	..	6	2	3	1	6
Total	12	28	236	79	45	153	276

There are 6 Sunday, 5 semi-weekly, 1 semi-monthly and 2 monthly papers in the State. Labor, 3; Socialist, 4, and one each as follows: Religious, Collee, Prohibition, Populist, Trade, Agriculture, Railroad Employes, Liquor Interests, Anti-Saloon and State Home for Boys. Ten are published in the German language, 10 Italian, 3 Hungarian, 2 Holland, 2 Slavish, 3 Polish and 1 Hebrew.

NEW JERSEY PRESS ASSOCIATION.

President, Augustus C. Studer, Montclair Times; Vice-President, Henry L. Berdan, Paterson Guardian; Secretary, John W. Clift, Summit Herald; Treasurer, W. B. R. Mason, Bound Brook Chronicle.

Executive Committee—Aug. S. Crane, Elizabeth Journal; John Z. Demarest, Bergen Record, Tenafly; Charles H. Folwell, Mount Holly Mirror; J. W. Naylor, Allentown, Messenger; D. P. Olmstead, Perth Amboy News; J. Ward Richardson, Bridgeton News; A. Vance Pierson, Morristown Jerseyman.

THE APPROPRIATION LAW.

(For the year ending October 31st, 1916.)

CHAPTER 405.

An act making appropriations for the support of the State government and for the several public purposes for the fiscal year ending October 31st, 1916.

BE IT ENACTED *by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey*:

1. The following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and they are appropriated out of the state fund for the respective public officers and for the several purposes herein specified, for the fiscal year ending on the 31st day of October, in the year 1916, namely:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

For the Governor, for salary, \$10,000.

For the Secretary to the Governor, for salary, \$4,000.

For compensation for assistants in the executive department, \$4,800.

For blanks and stationery for the use of the executive department, \$1,000.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the executive department, \$2,000.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER.

For the Comptroller, for salary, \$6,000.

For the Deputy Comptroller, for salary \$3,600.

For compensation for clerical services and expenses, \$8,600.

For blanks and stationery for use in the office of the Comptroller, \$1,500.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the Comptroller's office, \$3,000.

For salaries and expenses incident to the carrying out of the provisions of chapter 319. laws of 1913, \$13,500.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 158, laws of 1914, \$2,500.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER.

For the Treasurer, for salary, \$6,000.

For salary of Deputy Treasurer, \$4,500.

For compensation for clerical services in the office of the Treasurer, \$12,400.

For blanks and stationery for use in the office of the Treasurer, \$700.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the office of the Treasurer, \$1,000.

OFFICES OF THE STATE COMPTROLLER AND STATE TREASURER.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 288 of the laws of 1907, \$5,000.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

For the Secretary of State, for salary, \$6,000.

For the Assistant Secretary of State, for salary, \$3,000.

For compensation for clerical services in the office of the Secretary of State, \$22,500.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the office of Secretary of State, \$4,000.

For blanks and stationery for use in the office of the Secretary of State, \$13,000.

For preserving old records by the Emery process, \$1,000.

For additional metallic cases for filing wills, etc., \$1,000.

For balance due MacCrellish and Quigley for printing 1000 copies of the corporation index (contract made in 1912), \$3,306.64.

SECRETARY OF STATE, DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLE REGULATION AND REGISTRATION.

For salary for the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, \$1,500.

For salary for the chief inspector, \$1,800.

For compensation for inspectors, \$28,350.

For expenses and equipment of inspectors, \$17,000.

For compensation for clerical services, \$9,750.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses, \$5,500.

For blanks and stationery, \$7,500.

For reimbursement of applicants for licenses who have made errors in the rating of their machines, \$200.

For the purchase and packing of identification marks and dies for use in connection with the same, \$27,300; payment of the above items in this account to be made from the receipts of the department of motor vehicle regulation and registration, pursuant to chapter 235, laws of 1909.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

For the Attorney-General, for salary, \$7,000.

For the Assistant Attorney-General, for salary, \$5,000.

For the second Assistant Attorney-General, for salary, \$4,800.

For compensation and expenses of assistants employed by the Attorney-General, \$14,320.

For blanks and stationery for use in the office of the Attorney-General, \$400.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the Attorney-General's department, \$1,500.

For compensation and expenses of counsel employed by the Attorney-General in foreign states, to collect taxes due from bankrupt and other insolvent corporations, \$500.

DEPARTMENT OF BANKING AND INSURANCE.

For the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, for salary, \$6,000.

For the Deputy Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, for salary, \$3,500.

For compensation for assistants in the Department of Banking and Insurance, \$19,500.

For blanks and stationery for use in the Department of Banking and Insurance, \$5,000.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the Department of Banking and Insurance, \$5,000.

For compensation of building and loan association examiners, \$20,000.

For actual and necessary traveling and incidental personal expenses of building and loan association examiners, \$3,500.

For necessary appraisals of real estate and all other incidental expenses in connection with examinations of building and loan associations, \$500.

STATE BOARD OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENT.

For salaries and expenses of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment, pursuant to chapter 244, laws of 1915, \$40,000.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH.

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Health, provided said department is created by enactment of the present Legislature, \$128,000.

COUNTY BOARDS OF TAXATION.

For salaries of members of the county boards of taxation, \$96,600.

PUBLIC ROADS.

For State Road Fund, including cost of State highway survey, pursuant to chapter 396, laws of 1912, \$500,000.

For carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 223, laws of 1912, and any supplements thereto and amendments thereof, \$65,000.

For expenses of the department, including publication of bulletin, \$17,500.

For commissioner, for salary, \$5,000.

For State Highway Engineer, for salary, \$4,000.

For salaries of four division highway engineers, \$7,150.

For equipment, pay and expenses of surveying corps, \$6,500.

STATE LIBRARY.

For the Librarian, for salary, \$3,000.

For compensation for assistants in the State Library, \$3,300.

For the repair, preservation and purchase of useful books for the State Library, \$2,500.

For blanks, stationery, postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the State Library, \$650.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 29, laws of 1914, \$1,000.

PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSION.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 62, laws of 1900; for clerical assistants, necessary traveling expenses and other expenses incurred by the commission, including the cost of conducting a summer school in library training or library institutes, and for carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 175, laws of 1898, and its supplements, providing for the establishing and maintenance of a system of traveling libraries; and for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 115, laws of 1906, \$16,000.

For the formation and administration of libraries in the free public schools of the State, as provided by the general school law, supplemented by chapter 186, laws of 1914, \$7,000.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Labor, \$95,500.

STATE HOUSE COMMISSION.

For the State House Commission, for the care and safe-keeping of the State Capitol, the property therein and adjacent public grounds, insurance upon State Capitol and contents, and for expenses to be incurred in carrying out the provisions of chapter 339 of the laws of 1894, \$80,000.

For the Old Barracks Association of Trenton, New Jersey, for maintenance, repairs and administration of the old barracks at Trenton, as a historical landmark and repository, \$1,200.

For the State House Commission, for the purpose of excavating, filling, grading, placing top soils; for laying out and constructing walks, paths and roads; for planting grass, trees, shrubs and so forth; for laying out and constructing drains, gutters, and for any other improvement necessary or proper upon the lands in the rear of the State House, lying between the Delaware river and the water-power raceway, according to the adopted plan for the improvement thereof, or any modification thereof properly adopted; and also for the acquisition by gift, purchase or condemnation, of such additional land as may be necessary or proper, lying between the Delaware river and the water-power raceway, and between the westerly line of the State House grounds extended and the Assunpink creek, \$15,000.

For the State House Commission for the complete restoration, and necessary reconstruction of the Old Barracks, and, in general, the restoration, reconstruction, improvement, furnishing and heating of the entire building, as disclosed by the plan of restoration; the grading of land lying between the State House and Willow street and between State street and the water-power raceway; laying out paths, walks, roads, etc., and the construction thereof; laying out and constructing gutters and drains, planting grass, trees, shrubs, flowers, etc.; and the moneys hereby appropriated may be used for the whole or any part of the purposes indicated, as in the discretion of the State House Commission may be proper, \$15,000.

For the State House Commission, for the construction of a glass partition in the Assembly Chamber, \$1,000.

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND
DEVELOPMENT.

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Conservation and Development, pursuant to chapter 241, laws of 1915, \$52,000.

SUPREME COURT.

For the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, for salaries, \$109,000.

For the judges of the Circuit Court, for salaries, \$63,000.

For compensation of sergeants-at-arms and criers, \$1,300.

For the payment of expenses incurred by the order of the Supreme Court pursuant to chapter 149 of the laws of 1900, \$3,500.

For blanks and stationery for use of the Chief Justice and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and incidental expenses, \$250.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT.

For the Clerk of the Supreme Court, for salary, \$6,000.

For compensation for clerical services in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, \$16,500.

For blanks and stationery for use in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, \$1,550.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, \$1,800.

For fitting up new vault with steel cases, \$2,200.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

For the Chancellor, for salary, \$13,000.

For the Vice-Chancellors, for salaries, \$96,000.

For compensation of sergeants-at-arms and traveling expenses, \$6,700.

For compensation of stenographers, and for services pursuant to section 103 of chapter 158, laws of 1902, \$21,000.

For compensation and allowance of Advisory Masters and their official stenographers, \$13,000.

For rent of rooms in Atlantic City, Jersey City, Newark and Trenton, for the use of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellors and Advisory Masters, \$7,616.

For miscellaneous expenses in connection with such rooms, \$150.

For compensation of stenographer for the Chancellor, \$600.

For allowance for stationery for the Court of Chancery, \$500.

For preparation and printing of new rules of the Court of Chancery, \$600.

OFFICE OF CLERK IN CHANCERY.

For the Clerk in Chancery, for salary, \$6,000.

For compensation for clerical service in the office of the Clerk in Chancery, \$37,000.

For blanks and stationery for use in the office of the Clerk in Chancery, \$3,000.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the office of the Clerk in Chancery, \$3,500.

COURT OF ERRORS AND APPEALS.

For compensation of judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals, \$20,000.

For compensation of officers of the Court of Errors and Appeals, \$1,750.

For furnishing printed or typewritten copies of draft opinions under the direction of the presiding judge, \$1,000.

For expressage and other incidental expenses for the court, \$150.

COURT OF PARDONS.

For compensation for judges of Court of Pardons, \$4,000.

For compensation of subordinate officers and incidental expenses, \$1,500.

COURT EXPENSES.

For compensation of judges of the Court of Common Pleas, pursuant to section 49, chapter 149 of the laws of 1900, \$750.

LAW AND EQUITY REPORTS.

For the publication of the Chancery reports, \$7,000.

For the publication of the law reports, \$4,000.

For salary of Chancery reporter, \$500.

For salary of Supreme Court reporter, \$500.

For binding Chancery and law reports, \$800.

STENOGRAPHIC REPORTERS.

For amount to be refunded to various counties in this State for salaries of stenographic reporters appointed by the justices of the Supreme Court, pursuant to chapter 81 of the laws of 1901, \$15,500.

NATIONAL GUARD.

For expenses for division, brigade and regimental headquarters, \$3,000.

For allowances for two batteries of artillery, \$2,000 each, \$4,000.

For allowance for three troops of cavalry, at \$2,000 each, including rent of armory, \$6,000.

For allowances for 60 companies of infantry, at \$500 each, \$30,000.

For allowance for 1 signal and telegraph corps, \$2,000.

For transportation for battalion drills, inspections, parades, and for pay and expenses of inspecting officers, \$4,500.

For compensation of officers and employees, and expenses incurred in connection with rifle practice, \$8,000.

For pay of officers and enlisted men, and expenses in connection with the annual encampment, \$50,000.

For compensation of the superintendent and employees, and for forage, fuel and maintenance of the State camp grounds, \$8,000.

For fuel, light and maintenance of the State arsenal, \$1,500.

For expenses of military boards and courts-martial, \$1,000.

For transportation of disabled soldiers of the late rebellion and the Spanish-American war, \$30.

For maintaining, heating and lighting regimental armories at Jersey City, Camden, Newark, Paterson and Trenton, at \$4,400 each, \$22,000.

For maintaining, heating and lighting battery troop and battalion armories at Newark, East Orange, Camden, Elizabeth, Red Bank and Orange, \$20,000.

For maintaining, heating and lighting company armories at Somerville, Hackensack, Bridgeton, Asbury Park and New Brunswick, \$1,500 each, \$7,500.

For insuring regimental armories, buildings at the State camp grounds at Sea Girt, the State arsenal and all public military stores, \$4,880.

For horse allowance to officers required to be mounted for duty at annual encampment, \$2,500.

For ordnance stores, uniforms, clothing, camp and garrison equipage, freight and expressage and miscellaneous supplies, \$10,000.

For allowances for uniforms and equipments for officers of regiments, troops, batteries, companies, signal corps, and the naval reserve, as provided in section 127 of "An act concerning the militia of the State," approved May 16, 1906, \$6,500.

For horse allowance to mounted organizations providing horses for State service, at fifty dollars per horse per annum, \$4,900.

For support and maintenance of the field hospital and medical corps, \$1,500.

For traveling expenses of United States army officers detailed to the State by the War Department as Instructor-Inspectors of the National Guard, \$1,000.

For pay of clerk attached to Inspector-Instructors' office, \$600.

For construction of armory for first battalion, 5th regiment, at Orange, pursuant to chapter 45, laws of 1911, \$20,000.

For salary of caretaker of military equipment of signal corps company, \$900.

For extraordinary repairs, alterations, additions and furnishings for the preservation, equipment and completion of armories at Newark, Trenton, Jersey City, Camden, Paterson, Red Bank, Somerville and New Brunswick, \$8,000.

For construction of two jetties and repairing and replacing bulkheads on the ocean front of the State camp grounds, Sea Girt, and payment of engineering fees, \$10,000.

For claims for clothing reimbursement and extra compensation under the acts of March 22, 1899, and March 25, 1903, \$32.37.

NAVAL RESERVE.

First battalion, in lieu of company allowances, \$1,500.

For battalion headquarters, \$300.

For pay of shipkeeper, maintenance and expenses, \$6,500.

For pay and expenses of officers and men on annual cruise and practice cruises, \$4,800.

Second battalion, in lieu of company allowances, \$1,500.

For battalion headquarters, \$300.

For pay of shipkeeper, maintenance and expenses, \$6,500.

For pay and expenses of officers and men on annual cruise and practice cruises, \$4,800.

SEA GIRT COTTAGE.

For maintenance of cottage at Sea Girt and entertainment therein, \$3,000.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

For the Adjutant-General, for salary, \$2,500.

For compensation for clerical service in the Adjutant-General's office, \$7,750.

For blanks and stationery for use in the Adjutant-General's office, \$1,500.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the Adjutant-General's office, \$1,000.

For annual dues to Interstate National Guard Association for the year 1916, \$50.

For printing, binding and distributing the annual report of the proceedings of the department of New Jersey, Grand Army of the Republic, \$500.

For clerical services and expenses incident to the compilation of the roster of officers and enlisted men of New Jersey in the Revolutionary and other wars, at Trenton, New Jersey, and elsewhere, \$2,000.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

For the Quartermaster-General, for salary, \$2,500.

For compensation for assistants in the department of the Quartermaster-General, namely:

For chief clerk, for salary, \$2,500.

For clerks, for salaries, \$4,840.

For military storekeeper, for salary, \$1,200.

For carpenter, machinist and to persons having in charge accoutrements, etc., cleaning arms, etc., teamster and laborer, for salaries, \$3,600.

For blanks and stationery for use in Quartermaster-General's department, \$500.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the Quartermaster-General's department, \$450.

TRANSFER INHERITANCE TAX.

For surrogate's fees, appraisers' compensation and expenses, legal and other disbursements, and for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the inheritance laws, \$90,000.

COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX, REFUND.

For the repayment of collateral inheritance taxes paid, as assessed under the collateral inheritance tax act and to the refund of which the estate having made payment may be entitled under the decision of the Court of Errors and Appeals of this State, rendered July 8, 1910, *In re Dixon v. Russell* (Collard Estate), also those estates which having made payment may be entitled to refund under the decision of the Supreme Court, *In re Moss v. Edwards*, rendered July 17, 1912 (John L. Foote Estate), provided the application for such repayment shall be made within two (2) years from the date of payment of such tax. Payment of such claims shall be made only when proven in form, manner and substance to the satisfaction of the State Comptroller and approved by the Attorney-General of this State, \$20,000.

DEPARTMENT OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

For salary of commissioner, \$4,000.

For salary of assistant (architect), \$3,600.

For salaries of draughtsmen, \$7,000.

For allowance for clerical service, \$6,150.

For traveling expenses of commissioner and assistants, \$1,500.

For blanks, stationery, postage, etc., \$2,250.

For research work, \$1,600.

For salaries and expenses of two regular inspectors, and extra as needed, \$4,500.

For services of engineers, surveyors and other technical services as needed, \$2,000.

For deportation of aliens, \$4,000.

For salary and expenses of agent for inspecting institutions applying for certification of endorsement, pursuant to chapter 97, laws of 1914, and chapter 118, laws of 1914, \$1,500.

NEW JERSEY CONFERENCE OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

For printing and distributing the proceedings of the annual conference of the New Jersey Conference of Charities and Corrections, for the year 1915, \$600.

STATE BOARD OF TENEMENT HOUSE SUPERVISION.

For rent of offices, \$2,500.

For printing and stationery, \$1,000.

For clerical service and stenographer, \$5,400.

For salary of architect and plan examiner, \$1,800.

For salary of chief inspector, \$1,400.

For thirty inspectors, \$1,200 each, \$36,000.

For assistant plan examiner, \$1,350.

For salaries of six clerks, \$9,450.

For secretary and executive officer, \$3,600.

For incidentals, postage and expressage, \$2,000.

For inspectors' expenses, \$4,000.

For traveling expenses of executive officer and plan examiners, \$400.

For expenses of members of the Board of Tenement House Supervision, \$250.

For office furnishings and supplies, \$200.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

For salaries and expenses of the Civil Service Commission, \$48,000. .

For salaries and expenses in carrying out the provisions of chapter 183, laws of 1911, \$6,500.

The said commission is authorized to expend the sums hereby appropriated or so much thereof as may be necessary, notwithstanding any express or implied limitation upon such expenditures contained in section 6 of chapter 156 of the laws of 1908.

BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSIONERS.

For salaries and expenses of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners, \$140,000.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC REPORTS.

For salary of Commissioner of Public Reports, \$2,000.

For salary of clerk, \$600.

For blanks and stationery for use of the department, \$25.

For postage, expressage and other incidental expenses for the department, \$75.

STATE WATER-SUPPLY COMMISSION.

For salaries of commissioners, \$8,500.

For salary of secretary, \$1,700.

For salary of stenographer, blanks, stationery, postage and other incidental expenses of the commission, \$1,000.

For engineers, inspectors, field work, etc., \$2,000.

For dam inspection and supervision in conformity with the provisions of chapter 243, laws of 1912, \$800.

BOARD OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION.

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Commerce and Navigation, pursuant to chapter 242, laws of 1915, \$55,000.

DEPARTMENT OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Weights and Measures, pursuant to chapter 201, laws of 1911, \$11,000.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

For necessary expenses of the State Board of Education, \$2,600.

COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION.

For salary of commissioner, \$10,000.

For salaries of four assistants, \$18,000.

For clerical services, \$19,000.

For salary of inspector of buildings, \$2,000.

For salary of inspector of accounts, \$2,000.

For blanks, stationery and printing, \$16,000.

For incidental expenses, \$10,000.

For 2,500 copies of the Manual of the Legislature of New Jersey, \$2,500; *provided*, manuals are furnished for school use only, all public schools to be included in the distribution.

The moneys in this item appropriated shall be deducted in the same manner as the moneys heretofore appropriated to the superintendent of public instruction are required to be deducted pursuant to chapter 65 of the laws of 1909.

For educational bulletin, \$1,400.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT TRENTON.

For the support of the State Normal School at Trenton, \$80,000.

For necessary repairs to the grounds, buildings and furniture, and for keeping the same insured, \$12,000.

For purchase of "tract number two" on Model avenue, \$4,000; payments under this account to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT MONTCLAIR.

For support of the State Normal School at Montclair, \$56,000.

For necessary improvements and repairs to the grounds, buildings and furniture, and for keeping the same insured, \$4,000.

For maintenance of boarding hall, \$3,500; payments under this account to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT NEWARK.

For support of the State Normal School at Newark, \$65,000.

For insurance and repairs, \$2,500; the moneys in this item appropriated to be deducted in the same manner as the moneys appropriated to Normal Schools are required to be deducted pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

NEW JERSEY SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

To Samuel Powis, Jr., for stenographic services rendered the State Board of Education in connection with the investigation of the New Jersey School for the Deaf, \$830, in full for all claims for said work.

For the New Jersey School for the Deaf, for the teaching, maintenance and clothing of pupils taught therein, for purchase and repair of furniture, school apparatus and other appliances, for making needed improvements and repairs in the buildings and grounds, for insurance thereof, and for maintaining the system of manual and industrial education in said school, \$60,000; payments to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

MANUAL TRAINING AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR COLORED YOUTH.

For maintenance of the Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth, \$24,000; payments under this account to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

For county superintendents of schools, for salaries, \$63,000; payment to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

For expenses incurred by the State Board of Examiners, \$9,000.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

For payments to schools established for industrial education, pursuant to chapter 78, laws of 1909, \$30,000.

For payments to schools for manual training, pursuant to article 22, section 230, school law of 1903, \$210,000. Of the amount hereby appropriated the sum of \$30,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary shall be available for payment of allowances made previous to the current fiscal year.

PRACTICE TEACHING.

For extra compensation to the teachers in the various school districts in the State, for training the pupils in the State Normal School at Trenton in the art of teaching, \$6,500.

For extra compensation to the teachers in the various school districts in the State, for training the pupils in the State Normal School at Montclair in the art of teaching, \$9,850.

For extra compensation to the teachers in the various school districts in the State, for training the pupils in the State Normal School at Newark in the art of teaching, \$8,125.

EVENING SCHOOLS FOR FOREIGN-BORN RESIDENTS.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act entitled "An act providing for the establishment of evening schools for foreign-born residents in the State of New Jersey," approved April 11, 1907, \$5,000; payment to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

To the board of trustees, for payment of expenses incurred in connection with the administration of the teachers' retirement fund, pursuant to chapter 139, laws of 1907, \$7,762.96.

To the State Treasurer, for expenses incurred in connection with the fund, pursuant to said chapter, as follows:

For clerical services, \$2,600.

For blanks, stationery, postage, expressage, etc., \$600.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTES.

For expenses of teachers' institutes, \$2,000.

TEACHERS' LIBRARIES.

For the establishment and maintenance of libraries for use of teachers, \$400.

• SUMMER COURSES IN AGRICULTURE, ETC.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 310, laws of 1913, \$10,000; payment to be made as provided by chapter 65, laws of 1909.

DEPARTMENT OF SHELL FISHERIES.

For salaries and expenses of the Department of Shell Fisheries, provided said department is created by enactment of the present Legislature, \$15,000.

STATE HOSPITALS.

For traveling expenses of managers, \$500.

For expenses in transferring insane convicts, \$200.

For medical examination of insane convicts, \$500.

STATE HOSPITAL AT MORRIS PLAINS.

For maintenance of county patients, at the rate of \$2 per week; for support and clothing of insane convicts, at the rate of \$5 per week for each insane convict; and support and clothing of indigent patients, at the rate of \$4 per week, \$360,000.

For salaries of officers, \$25,900.

For appraisement of personal property, \$200.

For insurance premiums, \$6,000.

For research work, \$2,500.

For amusement fund, \$1,000.

For repairs and ventilation, fourth floor alcoves and dining-room, \$10,000.

For slate roof for kitchen building, \$950.

For silo, \$450.

For water main to high pressure reservoir, \$5,000.

For books for patients' library, \$200.

For roof for tuberculosis building, \$800.

For addition to fire-house, \$10,000.

STATE HOSPITAL AT TRENTON.

For maintenance of county patients, at the rate of \$2 per week, for support and clothing of insane convicts at the rate of \$5 per week for each insane convict; and support and clothing of indigent patients, at the rate of \$4 per week, \$220,000.

For salaries of officers, \$19,000.

For appraisement of personal property, \$200.

For research work, \$2,500.

For fire insurance premiums, \$3,000.

For materials consisting of lead, oil, etc., for painting purposes, \$500.

For fire protection consisting of fire-escapes, automatic sprinklers, fire-proof stairways and fire walls, etc., \$25,000.

For laboratory supplies and apparatus, \$1,000.

For lumber for new floors, fences and general repairs, \$2,000.

For new furniture, \$1,000.

For electric supplies, including cable, \$1,200.

For labor and materials repairing greenhouses, \$1,000.

Labor and materials for repairing and painting mill and pumphouse, \$500.

For foundation and cement floor for repairing two summer houses, \$275.

For repointing buildings, \$1,000.

For stone, labor and materials for repairing roads or laying new walks, \$500.

For furniture and equipment for criminal insane building, \$10,000.

For furniture for psychopathic wards, \$3,000.

For labor and materials for painting interior of annex or so much thereof in proportion to the amount of the lowest bid as will come within the sum appropriated, namely, \$5,000.

For addition to new boiler house including buildings, machinery, air compressor, pump, etc., and for piping to reservoir and from pumps to stand-pipe, building new reservoir, etc., \$85,000.

COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUMS.

For the support of county patients in the Essex county lunatic asylum, \$160,000.

In the Hudson county lunatic asylum, \$76,000.

In the Camden county lunatic asylum, \$24,000.

In the Burlington county lunatic asylum, \$16,200.

In the Passaic county lunatic asylum, \$4,000.

In the Gloucester county lunatic asylum, \$800.

In the Cumberland county lunatic asylum, \$13,000.

In the Salem county lunatic asylum, \$800.

In the Atlantic county lunatic asylum, \$11,000.

STATE PRISON.

For maintenance of the State Prison and maintenance of the convicts, \$150,000.

For maintenance of principal keeper and resident physician, pursuant to chapters 163 and 244 of the laws of 1906, \$1,800.

For furniture, appliances and repairs for residences of principal keeper and resident physician, \$200.

For furniture, appliances and repairs of State Prison and prison farm, \$12,500.

For the principal keeper, for salary, \$3,500.

For the physicians, deputy keepers and employes at prison and prison farm, for salaries, \$119,200.

For the six inspectors, for salaries, \$3,000.

For traveling expenses of the Board of Inspectors, \$1,000.

For the keeper, for payments to discharged convicts, \$3,500.

For teacher and moral instructor to the convicts in the State Prison, for salary, \$1,200.

For traveling and other necessary expenses incurred by the parole agent, pursuant to chapter 232, laws of 1905, \$500.

For maintenance of the electrocution plant, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 79, laws of 1906, and acts amendatory thereto, \$2,000.

For the maintenance of a school in the State Prison, pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1907, \$1,600.

For bureau of identification, \$200.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 372, laws of 1911, and amendments thereof and supple-

ments thereto, or in the advent of any law creating a revolving fund or capital account for purposes of the State Use System for manufacturing at the State Prison, \$25,000.

For fertilizer, seeds, grain and forage at the prison farm, \$2,500.

For stock and implements at prison farm, \$1,500.

For medical attendance at State Prison, farm and camps, \$300.

For annual appraisement, \$200.

For insurance premiums, \$2,500.

For painting materials, \$500.

Transportation of prisoners and guards to and from farm and camps, \$1,000.

For resetting boiler, \$500.

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY.

For traveling and other official expenses of commissioners, \$500.

For the superintendent, for salary, \$4,000.

For the subordinate officers and employees, for salaries, \$66,000.

For maintenance, \$60,000.

For furniture, appliances and repairs (including industrial departments), \$18,000.

For the superintendent, for payments to discharged inmates and recapturing escapes, \$4,500.

For traveling expenses of parole officers, \$1,500.

For fuel and water, \$15,000.

For farm live stock, implements, etc., \$1,000.

To superintendent, for allowance as rent for residence, \$660.

For traveling expenses for superintendent when on official business, \$200.

Materials for disciplinary building, \$5,000.

Materials for cement walks, \$300.

Materials for fire-sprinkling, \$2,000.

For working capital for State use system of prison labor, \$5,000.

For payments to inmates for wages for carrying out the provisions of chapter 269, laws of 1914, \$2,000.

Fire insurance premiums, \$7,000.

STATE HOME FOR BOYS.

For the trustees of the New Jersey State Home for Boys, for maintenance, not exceeding \$200 per capita, \$120,000.

For the trustees of said home, for expenses incurred by them in the discharge of their duties, \$300.

For repairs to the buildings and grounds, \$4,000.

For library books and periodicals, \$200.

Fire insurance premiums, \$2,000.

STATE HOME FOR GIRLS.

For the trustees of the New Jersey State Home for Girls, for maintenance, not exceeding \$250 per capita, exclusive of salaries, \$70,000.

For the trustees of said home, for expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties, \$4,000.

For salaries and expenses of two parole officers, \$2,000.

For a hospital fund, \$500.

For repairs to buildings, \$2,500.

For extension to Stokes cottage for laundry purposes, \$1,500.

The proceeds of sale of land are hereby appropriated for the purpose of purchasing additional land, pursuant to chapter 131, laws of 1915.

VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS.

For expenses of managers, \$600.

For salaries of officers, \$14,000.

For maintenance, including fuel and light, \$135,000.

For furniture and equipment, \$12,500.

For extension of sewer and water systems, fire hydrants and repair of disposal plant, \$20,000.

SANATORIUM FOR TUBERCULOUS DISEASES.

For maintenance, \$130,000.

For additional furnishings, \$700.

For duplicate pumping system, \$1,800.

For additional barn and stable room, \$1,000.

BLIND AND FEEBLE-MINDED.

For clothing, maintenance, support and instruction of the blind persons, inhabitants of this State, \$18,000.

For clothing, maintenance, support and instruction of the feeble-minded persons, inhabitants of this State, \$100,000.

For housing, care and maintenance of feeble-minded children, including feeble-minded blind and other special cases, \$2,000, at a per capita not to exceed \$400 per annum.

For the care of feeble-minded cases in colonies maintained for that purpose at a rate not to exceed \$230 per annum, \$8,000.

STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED.

For maintenance, support and instruction of feeble-minded women, not exceeding \$230 per capita, \$150,000.

For research work, \$1,500.

Fire insurance premiums, \$3,100.

General repairs and improvements, \$5,500.

For furnishing new building, \$5,000.

For furnishing bungalow, for employees, \$1,500.

Stock and farm equipment, \$1,500.

STATE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN.

- For salaries of officers and employees, \$6,500.
- For maintenance, not exceeding \$250 per capita, \$18,000.
- For the board of managers, for expenses incurred by them in the discharge of their duties, \$300.
- For roads, \$1,500.
- For electric current, including rental of lines from High Bridge, \$1,250.
- For furnishing reception cottage and infirmary, \$3,000.
- For repairs and improvements, including fire insurance, \$3,000.
- For maintenance of farm and farm labor, \$5,000.
- For purchase and planting of trees, fruit bushes, vines and plants, \$500.
- For medical treatment and care, dentist, oculist, hospital treatment, recapture of runaways, and other unforeseen contingencies, \$1,500.

STATE BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS.

- To the State Board of Children's Guardians, for expenses, \$20,000.
- For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 281, laws of 1913, \$15,000.

COMMISSION FOR AMELIORATING THE CONDITION OF THE BLIND.

- For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 136, laws of 1909, \$10,000.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF FEEBLE-MINDED, EPILEPTICS, CRIMINALS AND OTHER DEFECTIVES.

- For expenses incurred in carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 190, laws of 1911, \$250.

NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES AND THEIR WIVES AND FOR THEIR WIDOWS, AT VINELAND.

- For salary of commandant, \$1,500.
- For salary of adjutant, \$1,000.
- For salaries of assistants, \$21,000.
- For maintenance, \$75,000.
- For fire insurance premiums, \$350.
- For traveling expenses of the board of managers, \$300.

HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS AT KEARNY.

For the support of the New Jersey Home for Disabled Soldiers at Kearny, and for the chaplain thereof, \$65,000.

For erecting new chapel and library building, \$4,500.

SOLDIERS' STATE PAY.

For claims of volunteers in the Civil War, for State pay, pursuant to chapter 13 of the laws of 1861, \$50.

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

For the State Board of Agriculture, \$11,000; *provided*, that if a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," shall become a law, this appropriation shall be deemed to have been made for the effectuation of the provisions of said act.

For the State Board of Agriculture, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of an act to prevent the introduction into and spread of injurious insects in New Jersey, to provide a method for compelling their destruction, to create the office of State Entomologist, to authorize the inspection of nurseries and to provide certificates of inspection, and the amendments thereof and supplements thereto, \$6,000; *provided*, that if a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," shall become a law, this appropriation shall be deemed to have been made for the effectuation of the provisions of said act.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 54, laws of 1911, and the amendments thereof and supplements thereto, \$5,000; *provided*, that if a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," shall become a law, this appropriation shall be deemed to have been made for the effectuation of the provisions of said act.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 61, laws of 1911, and the amendments thereof and supplements thereto, \$2,000; *provided*, that if a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," shall become a law, then this appropriation shall be deemed to have been made for the effectuation of the provisions of said act.

For the State Board of Agriculture as constituted in accordance with the provisions of a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," \$10,00; *provided*, said bill becomes a law.

TUBERCULOSIS COMMISSION.

For expenses and payments by the State Tuberculosis Commission, \$50,000, provided that if a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," shall become a law, then this appropriation shall be deemed to have been made for the effectuation of the provisions of said act.

STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

To the treasurer of Rutgers College, to pay the State Agricultural College for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts, pursuant to chapter 90 of the laws of 1905, and amendments thereto, \$35,000, payment to be made pursuant to chapter 65, laws of 1909.

For salaries, supplies and all other expenses for the maintenance of short courses in practical and scientific agriculture, pursuant to chapter 55 of the laws of 1905, and chapter 43 of the laws of 1907, \$20,000.

For reference books and periodicals, \$2,000.

For maintenance and development of college farm grounds, \$2,000.

For instruction, long courses in agriculture, \$8,000.

For summer session, \$10,000.

For maintenance and repair of farm buildings, \$1,000.

For clay working and ceramics, \$7,500.

For maintenance of agricultural building, \$1,500.

For equipping of engineering and chemistry departments, \$4,000.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION.

For salaries and expenses of the Agricultural Experiment Station, \$25,000.

For printing bulletins, including circulars, of the Agricultural Experiment Station, \$6,000.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of "An act to provide for locating and abolishing mosquito-breeding salt-marsh areas within the State, for assistance in dealing with certain inland breeding places, and appropriating money to carry its provisions into effect," approved April 20, 1906, \$4,800.

For scientific investigation of oyster propagation, pursuant to chapter 187, laws of 1907, \$900.

For the maintenance and operation of the department of poultry husbandry, pursuant to chapter 52, laws of 1911, \$5,000.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 157 of the laws of 1912, \$2,500.

For the purpose of maintaining and carrying on experimental work in floriculture, pursuant to chapter 130, laws of 1911, \$3,000.

For expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of chapter 89, laws of 1912, \$1,000.

For buildings, fences and equipment in the department of poultry husbandry, \$5,000.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 364, laws of 1913, and for other agricultural extension work, \$15,000.

For cranberry investigation, \$1,500.

For land, buildings and equipment for the establishment of a branch experiment station in South Jersey, \$25,000.

For maintenance of same, \$3,000.

All fees and receipts of the Experiment Station received under the provisions of chapters 218 and 179, laws of 1912, are hereby appropriated for the uses and purposes expressed by said chapters.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 56 and chapter 212, laws of 1908, and the amendments thereof and supplements thereto, \$9,000; *provided*, a bill now pending entitled "An act to establish a Department of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties," shall become a law, then this appropriation shall be deemed to have been made for the effectuation of the provisions of said act.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

To the treasurer of Rutgers College, for interest on \$116,000, certificates of indebtedness of the State of New Jersey, due January 1st and July 1st, 1916, pursuant to the provisions of chapter 135 of the laws of 1896, \$5,800.

BOARDS OF VISITORS TO THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE OF NEW JERSEY.

For the Board of Visitors to the Agricultural College of New Jersey, for personal expenses incurred pursuant to chapter 365 of the laws of 1873, \$50.

For advertising pursuant to chapter 9 of the laws of 1879, \$90.

STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

To the treasurer of the New Jersey State Horticultural Society, pursuant to chapter 141, laws of 1911, \$2,000.

STATE SCHOOL TAX.

For the purpose of reducing the State school tax to be assessed for the year 1916, \$100,000.

EMERGENCY.

For the Governor, to enable him to meet any emergency requiring the expenditure of money not otherwise appropriated, and to cover any incidental expense of commissioners appointed by him under statute or in his discretion, the sum of \$10,000.

REFUNDING TAXES ON MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS.

For taxes improperly levied upon or paid by corporations, to be refunded, pursuant to law, \$1,000.

REFUND OF RAILROAD TAX.

The Comptroller of the Treasury is hereby authorized and empowered to adjust and repay any overpayment of tax assessed and penalty thereon for any year, pursuant to chapter 288, laws of 1888, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, made by any railroad and canal company, and the State Treasurer is directed to pay warrants therefor issued by the Comptroller, said payments shall be deducted from the amount originally paid into and remaining undistributed in the treasury of the State, and the amount of money necessary for such purpose as ascertained is hereby appropriated.

LEGISLATURE.

For the compensation of Senators and members of the General Assembly, \$40,833.32.

For compensation of officers and employes of the Legislature, \$47,950.

For manuals of the Legislature of New Jersey, \$2,000.

For indexing the journal of the Senate and minutes of the executive sessions and the minutes of the House of Assembly, and other incidental and contingent expenses of the Legislature, \$7,000.

For toilet and other necessary supplies for use at the legislative session to be furnished by the State House Commission, \$800.

ADVERTISING.

For advertising proclamations issued by the Governor, notices of the Attorney-General in relation to delinquent miscellaneous corporations, and notices of the Comptroller in regard to public printing, etc., \$500.

PRINTING.

For printing and binding public documents, \$60,000.

For compensation of an expert printer for services in preparation of specifications for bids, supervision of work, examination of bills, and such other duties as may by law be imposed upon him, \$900.

For preparing index of session laws, \$100.

For printing and circulation of the laws, \$6,000.

MONMOUTH BATTLE MONUMENT.

For the commission having in charge the Monmouth battle monument and grounds, pursuant to chapter 118 of the laws of 1886, \$500.

TRENTON BATTLE MONUMENT.

For the Trenton Battle Monument Association, for the purpose of keeping said property in good condition and repair, \$500.

PENSIONS.

For amount required to pay pensions, pursuant to various acts relative thereto irrespective of any provision therein that pensions shall be made in the appropriation or tax levy for the department of the public service from which the pensioner shall be so retired, \$15,700.

JUDICIAL RETIREMENT FUND.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of chapter 313, laws of 1908, and chapter 185, laws of 1911, \$10,333.33.

ANNUITY FOR WIDOWS OF GOVERNORS.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of chapter 146, of the laws of 1912, \$2,400.

WASHINGTON ASSOCIATION OF NEW JERSEY.

For trustees of the Washington Association of New Jersey, pursuant to chapter 309, laws of 1874, \$2,500.

COMMISSIONERS OF THE PALISADES INTERSTATE PARK.

For expenses incurred by the Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park, \$10,000; said expenses to be approved by the Governor.

MORRIS CANAL INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE.

For expenses incurred by the committee appointed pursuant to Joint Resolution No. 10, passed April 12th, 1912, \$250.

HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE PORT OF PERTH AMBOY.

For the salary of the health officer of the port of Perth Amboy, pursuant to chapter 328, laws of 1906, \$1,000

For salary of the deputy health officer of the port of Perth Amboy, pursuant to said chapter, \$250.

OBSTRUCTIONS TO NAVIGATION.

For expenses incurred in removing any boat, barge or scow stranded or sunk in any of the navigable rivers of this State, \$50.

BODIES THROWN UPON SHORES OF THE STATE BY SHIPWRECK.

For expenses incurred in viewing bodies cast upon shores by shipwreck, \$50.

BURIAL GROUNDS.

For the care and maintenance of burial grounds purchased by the State, pursuant to chapter 171, laws of 1898, \$75.

STATE CHARITIES AID ASSOCIATION.

For expenses of the association, pursuant to chapter 120, laws of 1892, \$600.

COMMISSION ON OLD AGE INSURANCE AND PENSIONS.

For expenses incurred by the commission appointed pursuant to chapter 198, laws of 1911, \$350.

COMMISSION UPON REORGANIZATION AND CONSOLIDATION OF INTER-RELATED DEPARTMENTS OF STATE.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of Joint Resolution No. 6, approved April 1st, 1912, \$2,250.

SAN FRANCISCO EXPOSITION COMMISSION.

There is hereby appropriated the unexpended balance remaining in the State Treasury at the close of the fiscal year ending October 31, 1915, of the amounts heretofore appropriated for the San Francisco Exposition Commission.

PRISON LABOR COMMISSION.

For stenographer and clerk hire, \$1,200.

For printing, postage, expressage and other incidental expenses, \$500.

For expenses of commissioners, \$1,000.

COUNTY TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS.

For support of patients, at the rate of \$3 per week, pursuant to chapter 217, laws of 1912, in the following county hospitals:

Union county, \$12,129.57.

Essex county, \$13,201.29.

Camden county, \$1,660.28.

Morris county, \$678.86.

Said amounts to include payment of bills prior to current fiscal year.

COMMISSION ON ELIMINATION OF TOLL BRIDGES.

For expenses of the commission appointed pursuant to chapter 297, laws of 1912, \$250.

PORTRAITS.

For the purchase of portrait of Honorable John W. Griggs, former Governor of this State, pursuant to Joint Resolution No. 4, approved March 28th, 1904, \$1,000.

WASHINGTON ROCK PARK COMMISSION.

For insurance, improvement and maintenance of the Washington Rock Park, \$1,500.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

For payment to newspapers for publishing the proposed constitutional amendments of the session of 1915, \$6,500.

CIVIL SERVICE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

For expenses incurred by the committee appointed pursuant to resolution adopted by the House of Assembly February 9th, 1915, \$1,500.

COMMISSION FOR THE SURVEY OF MUNICIPAL FINANCING.

For expenses incurred by the commission appointed pursuant to resolution adopted by the House of Assembly March 2d, 1915, \$1,500.

INVESTIGATION OF FISH POUND NET FISHING.

For expenses incurred by the committee appointed pursuant to resolution adopted by the House of Assembly March 4th 1915, \$1,000.

ROOSEVELT INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

For payment of expenses incurred by the Roosevelt Investigating Committee, appointed pursuant to resolution of the House of Assembly, adopted January 26th, 1915, \$1,750.

2. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the income of the school fund for the purposes specified for the fiscal year ending on the 31st day of October, 1916.

FREE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

For the support of free public schools, \$250,000.

PREMIUMS AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

There shall be paid from the income of the school fund such sums required to pay premiums and accrued interest on bonds purchased by the trustees for the support of public schools.

SCHOOL FUND EXPENSES.

For necessary legal and other expenses incurred by or under the direction of the trustees for the support of public schools in the investment and protection of the school fund, and in the collection of the income thereof, \$2,000.

3. Before any building or buildings shall be commenced or work undertaken, for the cost of which money is appropriated by this act, the plans, specifications and contracts necessary for the entire completion thereof shall, and each of them shall be submitted to and approved by the Governor, and such contracts shall not be approved or entered into if the total expenditure under all the contracts necessary to the entire completion of such building, buildings, or work according to such plans and specifications shall exceed the amount appropriated by this act for such building, buildings or work; and in any and every case where it shall appear that the appropriation is insufficient to complete such building, buildings or work, the appropriation hereby made therefor shall not be applied toward the construction of such building or buildings, or prosecution of such work, but shall lapse and no payment shall be made therefrom; *provided, however*, that the provisions of this section, prohibiting the expenditure of the whole or any part of an appropriation, which in itself is insufficient to complete any building, buildings or work, and providing for the lapsing of such appropriations, shall not apply to nor restrict the expenditure of any moneys herein appropriated for the construction, completion of construction, equipment or furnishing of any armory or armories which have been heretofore authorized and which are partially constructed, completed or furnished, but such appropriation shall be available for the uses and purposes herein expressed to the full extent thereof.

4. No money shall be drawn from the treasury except for objects as hereinabove specifically appropriated, and except such sums which are by law devoted to specific purposes, namely, State school tax, United States appropriation to Agricultural College, United States appropriation for disabled soldiers, United States appropriations for disabled soldiers, sailors, marines and their wives, Agricultural College fund and taxes for the use of taxing districts in this State, moneys received pursuant to the laws relating to motor vehicles, moneys received by the State from the taxation of railroad and canal property, which may be by law apportioned to the various counties of the State for school purposes, academic certificate fund, vocational schools, pensions of teachers and school officers authorized by law, and loans to "State School Fund," which last-named sums shall be paid pursuant to the laws applicable thereto; this sec-

tion shall not be construed to prohibit the payment due upon any contract made under an appropriation of the previous year, nor of any payments into the State treasury by State institutions and commissions pursuant to an act entitled "An act regulating the receipt and disbursement of State moneys in certain cases," approved October 31st, 1907 (chapter 288, laws of 1907), which moneys by the provisions of chapter 41, laws of 1908, are appropriated for the maintenance of said State institutions and commissions making such payments, and nothing in this act contained shall apply to moneys received directly into the State treasury or through the Board of Fish and Game Commissioners as license fees, under any of the fish and game laws of this State, which moneys may be paid out as other moneys of the State: *provided, however*, that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to apply to payments in the State treasury by the State Reformatory and State Prison, as receipts for the labor of inmates of those institutions.

5. The Comptroller of the Treasury is hereby empowered and it shall be his duty in the disbursement of funds available for the general uses of the State, to first provide for the maintenance of the administration of the government of the State, and of its courts, and of its penal, correctional and charitable institutions, and to apply the remainder of such available funds in such manner and to such purpose for which appropriation may have been made as in his judgment may best conserve the interest of the State.

6. This act shall take effect on the first day of November, 1915.

Approved April 26th, 1915.

SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATION LAWS.

Statement of the annual and supplemental appropriation laws for the fiscal years ending October 31st, of the years designated.

The annual bill, in each instance, is enacted by the legislature of the preceding year and becomes operative on November 1st of that year. The supplemental bill is enacted by the legislature of the year designated, and the totals of the annual include the contractual balances available on the opening day of the fiscal years.

1896.		
Annual	\$1,954,829 32	
Supplemental	287,885 53	
	<hr/>	\$2,242,714 85
1897.		
Annual	\$2,273,371 32	
Supplemental	126,561 64	
	<hr/>	\$2,399,932 96
1898.		
Annual	\$2,139,934 32	
Supplemental	234,928 99	
	<hr/>	\$2,374,863 31
1899.		
Annual	\$2,199,867 32	
Supplemental	554,521 49	
	<hr/>	\$2,754,388 81
1900.		
Annual	\$2,434,096 23	
Supplemental	349,254 55	
	<hr/>	\$2,783,350 78
1901.		
Annual	\$2,234,940 32	
Supplemental	1,219,319 20	
	<hr/>	\$3,454,259 52
1902.		
Annual	\$3,255,269 32	
Supplemental	715,219 75	
	<hr/>	\$3,970,489 07
1903.		
Annual	\$3,551,749 32	
Supplemental	1,001,056 25	
	<hr/>	\$4,552,805 57
1904.		
Annual	\$3,853,800 98	
Supplemental	1,038,464 93	
	<hr/>	\$4,892,265 91
1905.		
Annual	\$4,188,215 65	
Supplemental	1,075,526 21	
	<hr/>	\$5,263,741 86

1906.		
Annual	\$4,301,733 57	
Supplemental	1,098,342 03	
	<hr/>	\$5,400,075 60
1907.		
Annual	\$4,519,826 57	
Supplemental	622,942 65	
	<hr/>	\$5,142,769 22
1908.		
Annual	\$4,618,407 17	
Supplemental	768,329 62	
	<hr/>	\$5,386,736 79
1909.		
Annual	\$4,379,474 90	
Supplemental	331,774 24	
	<hr/>	\$4,711,249 14
1910.		
Annual	\$4,245,017 32	
Supplemental	871,791 00	
	<hr/>	\$5,116,808 32
1911.		
Annual	\$5,072,592 77	
Supplemental	1,337,517 18	
	<hr/>	\$6,410,109 95
1912.		
Annual	\$5,476,508 35	
Supplemental	972,097 05	
	<hr/>	\$6,448,605 40
1913.		
Annual	\$6,509,785 50	
Supplemental	1,199,514 34	
	<hr/>	\$7,709,299 84
1914.		
Annual	\$6,825,191 36	
Supplemental	834,676 49	
	<hr/>	\$7,659,867 85
1915.		
Annual	\$7,634,413 60	
Supplemental	412,704 36	
	<hr/>	\$8,047,117 96
1916.		
*Annual	\$6,902,829 62	

* This does not include the balances of appropriation of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Commission which are re-appropriated and cannot be determined until after October 31st.

BIOGRAPHIES

GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY.

JAMES FAIRMAN FIELDER.

Governor Fielder was born in Jersey City, February 26th, 1867. His ancestors on his mother's side were Hollanders and on his father's side, English. They were among the earliest settlers in the State of New Jersey. The families of both father and mother of Governor Fielder have been well known in the religious and political history of the State. His mother was Eleanor A. Brinkerhoff, a sister of former Senator William Brinkerhoff. His father was George B. Fielder, Register of Hudson county and member of the Forty-third Congress. His paternal grandfather was a leading citizen of Jersey City and was a member of Assembly from the county of Hudson in 1871, and his maternal grandfather was for many years a county judge of Hudson county. The Brinkerhoffs were pioneers in the establishment of the Dutch Reformed Church in the State, and took a very prominent part in establishing and erecting the old Bergen Dutch Reformed Church which now stands near Bergen Square in Jersey City, one of the oldest churches in the State. The Governor is a member of St. John's Episcopal Church in Jersey City.

Governor Fielder attended the public schools and high school of his home city, and later finished at the Selleck School at Norwalk, Conn. He attended Columbia University Law School, from which he graduated in 1887 with the degree of LL.B. After his graduation he served his apprenticeship in the office of his uncle, ex-Senator Brinkerhoff, and was admitted to the bar in 1888. He was a member of the House of Assembly from Hudson county in 1903 and 1904, and in 1907 was elected to the Senate. In 1910 he was re-elected by the largest majority of votes ever given to

a State Senator from his county. On June 4th, 1895, Governor Fielder married Mabel Cholwell Miller, of Norwalk, Conn.

In his younger days Governor Fielder was a member of the Democratic County Committee of Hudson county, and since his entry into politics he has progressed step by step. He occupied positions of prominence on the most important committees of the House of Assembly during his terms in that body, as well as in the Senate. He was elected President of the Senate by his colleagues in January, 1913, and when Governor Wilson became President of the United States he became Acting Governor by virtue of the constitution. The election of Governor Fielder as President of the Senate was more significant than other elections to this important office, because at that time Governor Wilson had been elected President of the United States, and it was known that the member of the Senate elected as president of that body would be the Governor of the State to succeed Governor Wilson. His Democratic colleagues in the Senate cast their votes unanimously for Governor Fielder, and his election met with the universal approval of his party. President Wilson himself was so well pleased with the selection of his successor that in his message to the Legislature, delivered prior to his departure from the State to take up his duties as President, he expressed his satisfaction as follows:

"May I not in closing express the satisfaction I feel in the knowledge that when I lay down the duties of Governor I shall leave them in the hands of Senator Fielder, a man of proved character, capacity, fidelity, and devotion to the public service, a man of the type to which the people of this State desire their public men to conform."

Governor Wilson resigned his office as Governor on the 1st of March, and in turning over to Senator Fielder the great seal of the State in the presence of the House of Assembly and Senate assembled in joint session, he again paid a glowing tribute to the qualifications of Governor Fielder.

Governor Fielder served as Acting Governor from March 1st to October 28th, 1913, when he resigned as Senator from Hudson county, thus creating a vacancy in the office of Governor, and was succeeded by Leon

R. Taylor, of Monmouth county, Speaker of the House of Assembly.

James Fairman Fielder was nominated as a candidate for Governor at the primary election held on September 23d, 1913, by a majority of 45,299, over Frank S. Katzenbach. At the regular State election held on November 4th, he was elected Governor over Edward Casper Stokes, Republican, and a former Governor, by a plurality of 32,886. He was inaugurated on January 20th, 1914, for a term of three years. His salary is \$10,000 per annum.

Fielder, Dem., 173,148; Stokes, Rep., 140,298; Colby, Prog., 41,132; Reilly, Soc., 13,977; Mason, Pro., 3,427; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,460; Dwyer, Ind., 875. Fielder's plurality, 32,886.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

JAMES E. MARTINE, Plainfield.

Senator Martine, who, on March 4, 1911, succeeded John Kean as one of the United States Senators from New Jersey, has the distinction of being the first member of the Upper Chamber of Congress from an eastern state,*who obtained his election as a result of a direct vote of the people.

Mr. Martine was elected United States Senator in a joint session of the Legislature on January 23, 1911, following an exciting and notable campaign resulting from the demand that the Legislature acquiesce in the choice made in the direct primaries on September 13, 1910. Under the direct primary law, Mr. Martine submitted himself as an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator. He received 47,458 votes, or four times as many as his opponent.

Senator Martine was born in New York City, August 25, 1850. Subsequently his parents moved to Plainfield, where his father, Daniel W. Martine, purchased a farm of 160 acres, surrounding a house which is now 175 years old and in which the Martine family live. Senator Martine's father died when the former was still in his teens and since that time he has been actively engaged in directing the affairs of the Martine estate. For thirty years Senator Martine was engaged in practical farming on the acres left by his father. In recent years, he has combined farming with real estate operations. Of the original farm, 100 acres have been developed into fine residential property under the personal supervision of the Senator and is now intersected by numerous streets along which are beautiful houses, more than fifty of which were constructed under his direction.

Senator Martine has been active in public life of New Jersey for more than forty years. Several times he has been a candidate for Representative in Congress and for Legislative office in New Jersey, but in each instance he has accepted the nomination for office at the urgent request of the Democrats of his

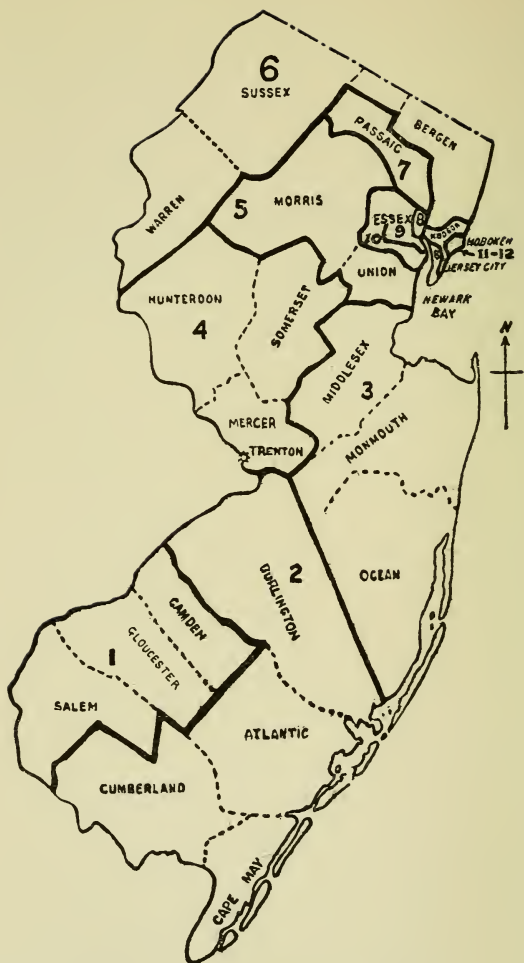
district and not as a self-seeker for political honor. He would never accept an appointive office. His term will expire in 1917.

WILLIAM HUGHES, Paterson.

Senator Hughes succeeded Senator Frank O. Briggs in the United States Senate on March 4, 1913. Mr. Hughes was chosen for Senator at the Democratic primary election held on September 24, 1912, the vote being as follows: Hughes, 62,532; Smith, 33,490; McDermott, 5,291; Wescott, 3,859. The Legislature ratified the selection.

Senator Hughes was born in Ireland, April 3, 1872. He came to this country at an early age, received a common school education, worked in the silk mills of Paterson, studied typewriting and stenography at a business college in that city and became a law student in the office of William M. Rysdyk, of the same city. He enlisted in Company A, Second Regiment, N. G. N. J., in 1898, and served five months at Sea Girt and Jacksonville, Fla., during the Spanish-American war. At Sea Girt he was detailed as stenographer to Governor Voorhees and at Jacksonville to Major-General Fitzhugh Lee. When the regiment was mustered out of service he entered the law office of William Nelson, Paterson, and subsequently that of Attorney-General John W. Griggs, and in June, 1900, was admitted to the bar. He has always been closely identified with organized labor and was counsel in several important cases. He was a member of Congress eight years and was appointed Judge of Passaic county in 1912.

He resigned the office of Representative in Congress in September, 1912, and the judgeship a short time before he took his seat in the United States Senate.



New Jersey Congressional Districts.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

(Formed by an act of the Legislature of April 16, 1912.
See page 912, laws of that year.) Ratio, 211,431.

The population is taken from the census of 1910.

FIRST—The counties of Camden, Gloucester and Salem. Population, 206,396. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 24,142; Democratic, 13,271; Socialist, 1,469; Progressive-Roosevelt, 735; Progressive, 387; Prohibition, 1,291. Total vote, 41,295. Republican plurality, 10,871.

SECOND—The counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Cape May and Cumberland. Population, 213,357. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 21,448; Democratic, 14,352; Progressive-Roosevelt, 2,276; Prohibition, 775; Socialist, 672. Total vote, 39,524. Republican plurality, 7,096.

THIRD—The counties of Monmouth, Middlesex and Ocean. Population, 230,478. Vote cast in 1914—Democratic, 21,338; Republican, 19,303; Prohibition, 948; Socialist, 536. Total vote, 42,125. Democratic plurality, 2,035.

FOURTH—The counties of Mercer, Somerset and Hunterdon. Population, 198,046. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 17,078; Democratic, 13,766; Progressive-Roosevelt, 1,711; Socialist, 561; Prohibition, 326; Socialist-Labor, 112. Total vote, 33,554. Republican plurality, 3,312.

FIFTH—The counties of Union and Morris. Population, 214,901. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 16,951; Democratic, 15,718; Progressive-Roosevelt, 2,218; Socialist, 1,854; Prohibition, 368. Total vote, 37,109. Republican plurality, 1,233.

SIXTH—The counties of Warren, Sussex and Bergen, and Pompton and West Milford townships in Passaic county. Population, 213,981. Vote cast in 1914—Democratic, 16,286; Republican, 15,880; Socialist, 921; Progressive-Roosevelt, 1,549; Independent-Democratic, 388; Socialist-Labor, 233; Prohibition, 632. Total vote, 35,889. Democratic plurality, 406.

SEVENTH—Passaic county, excepting Pompton and West Milford townships. Population, 209,891. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 12,664; Democratic, 6,944; Socialist, 3,370; Socialist-Labor, 191. Total vote, 23,169. Republican plurality, 5,720.

EIGHTH—Eighth, Eleventh and Fifteenth wards of Newark; Belleville, Bloomfield and Nutley, in Essex county; Harrison and Kearny, the borough of East Newark, the Seventh ward of Jersey City and the city of Bayonne in Hudson county. Population, 207,647. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 13,438; Democratic, 11,678; Progressive-Roosevelt, 2,232; Regular-Democratic, 1,397; Socialist, 963; Prohibition, 191. Total vote, 29,899. Republican plurality, 1,760.

NINTH—The cities of East Orange and Orange, the First, Third, Sixth, Seventh, Thirteenth and Fourteenth wards of the city of Newark, all in Essex county. Population, 213,027. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 9,482; Democratic, 8,069; Democrat, 5,672; Socialist, 1,342; Progressive-Roosevelt, 738; Prohibition, 118. Total vote, 25,421. Republican plurality, 1,413.

TENTH—The Second, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Twelfth and Sixteenth wards, Newark; Irvington, Montclair, West Orange, Caldwell borough, Essex Fells, Glen Ridge, North Caldwell, Roseland, Verona, West Caldwell, Caldwell township, Cedar Grove, Livingston, Millburn, South Orange, South Orange township, all in Essex county. Population, 206,693. Vote cast in 1914—Republican, 13,765; Democratic, 12,278; Progressive-Roosevelt, 1,425; Socialist, 970; Jeffersonian Principles-Democratic, 387; Prohibition, 154. Total vote, 28,979. Republican plurality, 1,487.

ELEVENTH—Weehawken, North Bergen, Guttenberg, West Hoboken, West New York, Union, Secaucus, Hoboken, Second ward of Jersey City, all in Hudson county. Population, 199,612. Vote cast in 1914—Democratic, 17,551; Republican, 8,400; Socialist, 1,091. Total vote, 27,042. Democratic plurality, 9,151.

TWELFTH—The First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards, Jersey City. Population, 223,138. Vote cast in 1914—Democratic, 16,260; Republican, 7,379; Progressive-Roosevelt, 1,313; Socialist, 831; Prohibition, 190. Total vote, 25,973. Democratic plurality, 8,881.

SUMMARY.

The population is taken from census of 1910.

Districts.	Popu- lation.	Total Vote.	Rep. Plur.	Dem. Plur.
First	206,396	41,295	10,871	....
Second	213,357	39,524	7,096	....
Third	230,478	42,125	....	2,035
Fourth	198,046	33,554	3,312	....
Fifth	214,901	37,109	1,233	....
Sixth	213,981	35,889	....	406
Seventh	209,891	23,169	5,720	....
Eighth	207,647	29,889	1,760	....
Ninth	213,027	25,421	1,413	....
Tenth	206,693	28,979	1,487	....
Eleventh	199,612	27,042	....	9,151
Twelfth	223,138	25,973	....	8,881
Total	2,537,167	389,969	32,892	20,473
Net Republican plurality, 12,419.				

NEW JERSEY CONGRESSMEN.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Camden, Gloucester and Salem Counties.
(Population, census of 1910, 206,396.)

WILLIAM J. BROWNING.

(Rep., Camden.)

Mr. Browning was born in Camden, N. J., April 11th, 1850, and is in the insurance business, having been formerly a dry goods merchant. He was a member of the Board of Education of the city of Camden from April 7th, 1879, to February 19th, 1883; a member of City Council of the city of Camden from November 11th, 1886, until March 14th, 1890; was Postmaster of the city of Camden from July 1st, 1889, until June 30th, 1894, having been appointed by President Harrison, and Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., from December 19th, 1895, until April 17th, 1911. Mr. Browning was elected a member of the House of Representatives from the First Congressional District of New Jersey to fill the unexpired term of Hon. H. C. Loudenslager, deceased, on November 7th, 1911, receiving a plurality of 2,654 over Thomas M. Ferrell, Democrat, a former Congressman, State Senator and Assemblyman. In 1912 he was elected to a full term by a plurality of 1,302 over Craven, Democrat, and in 1914 he was re-elected by a plurality of 10,871 over Joseph E. Nowrey, Democrat.

1914—Browning, Rep., 24,142; Nowrey, Dem., 13,271; Hartmeyer, Soc., 1,469; Day, Pro., 1,291; Higgins, Prog.-Roos., 735; Chenowith, Prog., 387.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Cape May, Atlantic, Cumberland and Burlington
Counties.

(Population, census of 1910, 213,357.)

ISAAC BACHARACH.

(Rep., Atlantic City.)

Mr. Bacharach was born in Philadelphia, Pa., January 5th, 1870, and is in the real estate business. He is

a graduate of the Atlantic City High School of the class of 1885. He is a director of the Second National Bank of Atlantic City, the Pleasantville Trust Company and the Atlantic Safe Deposit and Trust Company; treasurer of the South Jersey Title and Finance Company, and president of the Atlantic City Lumber Company. Mr. Bacharach was a member of the Council of Atlantic City from January 1st, 1907, to January 1st, 1910, and was re-elected to that body for another term of three years from January 1st, 1910. He was elected to the House of Assembly in 1912 by a plurality of 5,568 over Smathers, Democrat, and in 1914 he was chosen Congressman by a plurality of 7,096 over the then incumbent, J. Thompson Baker, Democrat.

1914—Bacharach, Rep., 21,448; Baker, Dem., 14,352; Bright, Prog.-Roos., 2,276; Chapman, Pro., 775; McKeen, Soc., 672.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Middlesex, Monmouth and Ocean Counties.

(Population, census of 1910, 230,478.)

THOMAS J. SCULLY.

(Dem., South Amboy.)

Mr. Scully was born in South Amboy, N. J., September 19th, 1868, and is in the towing and transportation business. He received his education in the schools of his native town and at Seton Hall College, from which he was graduated with honors. His father, John Scully, established the towing business in 1874, when the Congressman was only six years old. When he left college young Scully was taken into the business by his father, and from that time dates the remarkable growth of the Scully Towing and Transportation Company, which is far in excess of anything of its kind on this hemisphere. Fifty odd ocean-going tugs and barges, bearing the sign of this company, transport over a million tons of freight a year. They poke into all the quarters of the world.

Mr. Scully served three years in the South Amboy Board of Education and in 1908 he was appointed Mayor to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of

Dr. Ambrose Treganowan. In 1909 he was elected Mayor for a full term of office. He established a new sewerage system, improved the water accommodations and the public docks, and reorganized the fire and police departments.

Mr. Scully was a delegate to the Democratic National Conventions of 1908 and 1912, and Presidential Elector in the former year. In 1910 he defeated Benjamin F. Howell, Republican, for Congress, by a plurality of 4,497. He was re-elected to Congress in 1912 by a plurality of 6,233 over Benjamin F. S. Brown, Republican, and again in 1914 by a plurality of 2,035 over Havens, Republican.

1914—Scully, Dem., 21,338; Havens, Rep., 19,303; Easton, Pro., 948; Shupe, Soc., 536.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hunterdon, Somerset and Mercer Counties.

(Population, census of 1910, 198,046.)

ELIJAH C. HUTCHINSON.

(Rep., Trenton.)

Mr. Hutchinson was born at Windsor, Mercer county, N. J., August 7th, 1855, and is a merchant miller. He has been treasurer of the Trenton Bone and Fertilizer Company since its organization in July, 1889, and its manager since 1892. He does a large business with his flour mill and grain elevator, which are situated in Hamilton township, also President of the Trenton Flour Mills Co. in Trenton, and has large interests in two potteries, being Vice-President of N. J. China Pottery Co. and Treasurer of Cochran, Drugan & Co., and is a Director of Broad St. Bank and Mercer Trust Co. He was a director of the Inter-State Fair Association, and was its first treasurer, having served three years in that position. Mr. Hutchinson was elected to the House of Assembly in 1895 by a plurality of 3,273, and in 1896 by the increased plurality of 7,736. In 1898 he was chosen for the State Senate by a plurality of 1,461 over his Democratic opponent, Bayard Stockton, and in 1901 he was re-elected by the increased plurality of 1,904 over former Judge Robert S. Woodruff, Democrat.

During his career in the Legislature the Congressman always took an active interest in the affairs of that body and was ever alert for the promotion of the welfare of the State and particularly of his own constituency. In the session of 1903 he served as President of the Senate, when he discharged the duties of that office with marked ability and impartiality. He was complimented at the close of the session by his colleagues for his record as a presiding officer, the leader of the Democratic minority presenting a resolution expressing the fullest approbation of the Senate at the manner in which he had presided over the deliberations of that body and which was unanimously adopted.

On January 3d, 1905, Governor Stokes nominated Mr. Hutchinson to the office of State Road Commissioner and he was at once confirmed by the Senate for a term of three years. In a short time after his assumption of the duties of the position he reorganized the department not only in the method of road building, but also the work of the office, which assiduity proved beneficial to the State and all concerned.

In 1914 Mr. Hutchinson was elected to the National House of Representatives by a plurality of 3,312 over Allan B Walsh, Democrat, who had sought a reelection.

1914—Hutchinson, Rep., 17,078; Walsh, Dem., 13,766; Thorn, Prog.-Rep., 1,711; Alexander, Soc., 561; Barrett, Pro., 326; Phillips, Soc.-Lab., 112.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Union and Morris Counties.

(Population, census of 1910, 214,901.)

JOHN H. CAPSTICK.

(Rep., Montville.)

Mr. Capstick was born in the city of Lawrence, Mass., September 2d, 1856. He attended the public schools until he attained the age of twelve years; then became a resident of Providence, R. I., and there attended the college of Morey & Goff. He was a member of the First Light Infantry Cadets. He followed the business of his father, who was a practical

chemist and colorist of textile fabrics; establishing the firm of John Capstick & Sons, at Montville, Morris county, New Jersey, in 1883; having had a very successful business career. Mr. Capstick has been very prominently identified in public life and also financial institutions in New Jersey, having served the State of New Jersey as President of the Board of Health from 1908 to 1914. He was elected to Congress by a plurality of 1,233 over William E. Tuttle, Jr., the then Democratic incumbent.

1914—Capstick, Rep., 16,951; Tuttle, Jr., Dem., 15,718; Moy, Prog.-Roos., 2,218; Seeholzer, Soc., 1,854; Smith, Pro., 368.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Bergen, Sussex and Warren Counties and the Townships of Pompton and West Milford, in the County of Passaic.

(Population, census of 1910, 213,981.)

ARCHIBALD C. HART.

(Dem., Hackensack.)

Mr. Hart was born at Sherbrooke, Canada, February 27th, 1873, and is a lawyer, real estate developer and banker. He is president of the First National Bank of Lodi, N. J., and also several large realty companies. He served in the Spanish-American war, when he was secretary at General Fitzhugh Lee's headquarters.

Mr. Hart was a delegate to the National Democratic Convention of 1908. In 1907 he was a candidate for State Senator in Bergen county, and was defeated by 679 votes. He was a member of the Sixty-second Congress from the old Sixth district, succeeding^e William Hughes, who had resigned the office.

Congressman Lewis J. Martin, representative of the new district, died on May 5th, 1913. Mr. Hart was elected to the vacancy by a plurality of 5,730 over Stephen Wood McClave, the Republican candidate. He was elected for a full term of office in 1914 by a plurality of 406 over John Dynely Prince, Republican.

1914—Hart, Dem., 16,286; Prince, Rep., 15,880; Za-

briskie, Prog.-Roos., 1,549; Krafft, Soc., 921; McDermott, Ind.-Dem., 388; Reed, Pro., 632; Katz, Soc.-Lab., 233.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Passaic County, excepting the Townships of Pompton¹
and West Milford.

(Population, census of 1910, 209,891.)

DOW H. DRUKKER.

(Rep., Passaic.)

Mr. Drukker was born in Holland, February 7th, 1872; educated in the public schools of Grand Rapids; married Miss Helena M. Denhower August 31st, 1893, and has six children, and was elected to the Sixty-third Congress to fill a vacancy and re-elected to the Sixty-fourth Congress.

1914—Drukker, Rep., 12,664; Cabell, Dem., 6,944; Demarest, Soc., 3,370; Jager, Soc.-Lab., 191. Drukker's plurality, 5,720.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Eighth, Eleventh and Fifteenth wards of the city of Newark, the towns of Belleville, Bloomfield and Nutley, all in the county of Essex, and the towns of Harrison and Kearny, the borough of East Newark, the Seventh ward of the city of Jersey City and the city of Bayonne, all in the county of Hudson.

(Population, census of 1910, 207,642.)

EDWARD W. GRAY.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Gray was born in Jersey City, August 18th, 1870. He attended the public schools, and at the age of 16 took his first position as a clerk in New York City. A few years later he entered newspaper work as a reporter on the New York Herald. In 1898 he became connected with the Newark Daily Advertiser as city editor, and five years later was made president and general manager of the Advertising Publishing Company. Mr. Gray served eight years as a member of

the State Board of Tenement House Supervision; three years as Secretary to Governor Edward C. Stokes, and six years as Secretary of the Republican State Committee. After leaving the newspaper field, he organized the Commercial Casualty Insurance Company of Newark, N. J. In 1898 Mr. Gray married Miss Altha R. Hay of Summit, N. J. They have three daughters. In the primary election of 1914, Mr. Gray won the Republican nomination for Congress in the Eighth District against three opponents by a plurality of more than 1,600 over the nearest man. In the regular election his plurality over McDonald, Dem., was 1,760.

1914—Gray, Rep., 13,438; McDonald, Dem., 11,678; Archibald, Prog.-Roos., 2,232; Duffy, Dem., 1,397; Morton, Soc., 963; Simmons, Pro., 191.

NINTH DISTRICT.

The cities of East Orange and Orange and the First, Third, Sixth, Seventh, Thirteenth and Fourteenth wards of the city of Newark.

(Population, census of 1910, 213,027.)

RICHARD WAYNE PARKER.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Parker was born August 6th, 1848, in Morristown, N. J., and is a son of the late Cortlandt Parker of Newark. He has lived in Newark all his life and was graduated in 1864 at Phillips Academy, Andover; at Princeton College in 1867, Columbia College Law School in 1869, was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in June, 1870, and was made Counselor in June, 1873. He began his practice in Newark with the law firm of Parker & Keasby, and continued under the title of Cortlandt and Wayne Parker. He was a member of the New Jersey Legislature in 1885 and 1886; was defeated for Congress in 1892; was elected in 1894, and thereafter serving from 1895 to 1911; was defeated at the next two elections, and in 1914 was elected by a plurality of 1,413 over Gregory, Democrat. Mr. Parker has led a very active career both as a lawyer and a legislator. His ability and industry were marked not only in the New Jersey Legislature, but also in the National House of Representatives, where he has already served eight consecutive terms.

1914—Parker, Rep., 9,482; Gregory, Dem., 8,069; Seymour, Dem., 5,672; Bohn, Soc., 1,342; Roper, Prog.-Roos., 738; Roff, Pro., 118. At a special election held on December 1st, 1914, Mr. Parker was elected to the vacancy caused by the resignation of Walter I. McCoy.

TENTH DISTRICT.

The Second, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Twelfth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Newark, the towns of Irvington, Montclair and West Orange, the boroughs of Caldwell, Essex Fells, Glen Ridge, North Caldwell, Roseland, Verona, West Caldwell, and the townships of Caldwell, Cedar Grove, Livingston, Millburn, South Orange and the village of South Orange, all in the county of Essex.

(Population, census of 1910, 206,693.)

FREDERICK R. LEHLBACH.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Lehlbach was born in New York City, January 31st, 1876. Upon the death of his father in 1884 he moved to Newark where he has since resided. He attended the public schools of Newark and went from the High School to Yale University, graduating therefrom in the class of 1897. He then studied law in the New York Law School and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey in February, 1899, and has practiced his profession since that time. Mr. Lehlbach has been an active worker for the success of the Republican party since attaining his majority and he has served as a member of the Essex County Republican Committee. In 1899 he was elected a member of the Board of Education of Newark from the Third ward, and in 1902 he was elected to the House of Assembly and served three years, 1903, 1904, 1905, from Essex county. During his term he took an active part in legislation. Upon the organization of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes he was appointed clerk of that body for a term of five years, and served in that office from March, 1905, until April, 1908, when he resigned to accept the office of Second Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas of Essex County. Shortly

thereafter he was promoted to First Assistant Prosecutor, which office he resigned in April, 1913. Since then he has been practicing law in Newark, being the senior member of the firm of Lehlbach & Van Duyne. Mr. Lehlbach was elected to Congress by a plurality of 1,487 over Townsend, the Democratic incumbent.

1914—Lehlbach, Rep., 13,765; Townsend, Dem., 12,278; Ford, Prog.-Roos., 1,425; Goebel, Soc., 970; Doyle, Dem.-Jeff. Dem. 387; Weigand, Pro., 154.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

The townships of Weehawken and North Bergen, the towns of Guttenberg, West Hoboken, West New York and Union and the borough of Secaucus, the city of Hoboken and the Second ward in the city of Jersey City, all in the county of Hudson.

(Population, census of 1910, 199,612.)

JOHN J. EAGAN.

(Dem., Weehawken.)

Mr. Eagan was born in Hoboken, N. J., January 22, 1872, and is a school principal, and formerly was an expert law and general stenographer. In 1880 he removed to West Hoboken and the following year to Union Hill, where he resided for nearly twenty years, then to Hoboken, where he lived from 1899 to 1907. For the past five years he has resided in Weehawken. He was a teacher in the Hoboken High School for several years.

Mr. Eagan is founder and president of the Eagan Schools of Business, of Hoboken, Union Hill and Hackensack, in New Jersey, and of the Eagan Schools of Business of New York, one of which is located in the Evening Post building, 20 Vesey street, the other in the Bryant Park building, Forty-second street and Sixth avenue. He was Collector of Taxes, Town of Union, from 1896 to 1899. In 1912 he was elected to Congress by a plurality of 7,190 over Besson, Rep., and in 1914 was re-elected by a plurality of 9,151 over Straus, Republican.

1914—Eagan, Dem., 17,551; Straus, Rep., 8,400; Reilly, Soc., 1,091.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

The First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of Jersey City, all in the county of Hudson.

(Population, census of 1910, 223,138.)

JAMES A. HAMILL.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Hamill was born in the old Sixth Ward of Jersey City, March 31, 1877, and is a counselor-at-law. In the year 1890 he entered St. Peter's College, of Jersey City, and was graduated from that institution in 1897, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Returning the subsequent year, he completed the post graduate course in philosophy and received the degree of Master of Arts. He studied law in the office of the late Isaac Taylor, a one-time law partner of the late Chancellor Alexander T. McGill. While a student in the office of Mr. Taylor, Mr. Hamill attended the lectures of the New York Law School, and on completing the regular course of two years was awarded the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In the year 1900, at the June term of the Supreme Court, he was admitted to the bar, and since then has practiced his profession in Jersey City. Mr. Hamill served four years as a member of the House of Assembly from Hudson county and he was minority leader for two years. His personal popularity is widespread and he is noted for oratory and skill in debate. He served as a member of the Sixtieth, Sixty-first and Sixty-second Congresses, was elected to the Sixty-third, in a new district, by a plurality of 9,881 over Record, Rep.-Prog., and re-elected by a plurality of 8,881 over Higginbotham, Jr., Republican.

1914—Hamill, Dem., 16,260; Higginbotham, Jr., Rep., 7,379; Anderson, Prog.-Roos., 1,313; Pown, Soc., 831; Parker, Pro., 190.

EXTRA SESSIONS OF THE LEGISLATURE AND SPECIAL SESSIONS OF THE SENATE.

- 1861—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on April 30th, and adjourned on May 10th, 1861, called in obedience to Governor Olden's proclamation, to raise troops for the war. Laws enacted, 13; Joint Resolutions, 2.
- 1877—A special session of the Senate was convened in 1877, for the purpose of acting on the Governor's nominations of District Court Judges. It met on March 28th and adjourned on March 30th.
- 1884—A special session of the Senate was convened in 1884, to act on the Governor's nominations for members of the State Board of Assessors. It met on April 23d and lasted two hours.
- 1897—An extra session of the Legislature was called on May 25th, 1897, to correct an error in a law providing for the submission to the people of proposed amendments to the Constitution. The session met at noon and adjourned sine die the same day at 6:47 P. M.
- 1903—An extra session of the Legislature was convened April 21st, 1903, to correct an error in the "Passaic Valley Sewerage District act" of 1903. The session lasted about five hours and a final adjournment was effected on the same day.
- 1903—Another extra session of the Legislature was convened on October 15th, 1903, to pass an act to establish a system of public instruction to take the place of an act of March 26th, 1902, which had been declared unconstitutional by the Court of Errors and Appeals. The session covered four days, and a final adjournment was effected on October 19th. The action of the Legislature was confined to the subject for which it was convened in extraordinary session.
- 1904—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on April 12th to consider the report of the Morris Canal Commission and the bill to prevent the shooting of pigeons from traps. The session was adjourned on the night of the same day, after having passed four bills which became laws.
- 1908—A special session of the Senate was convened on Friday, May 8th, to act on nominations by the Governor. It lasted only a few hours, when there was a final adjournment.

- 1913—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on May 6th to consider a new jury system, proposed constitutional convention and small board government for counties. After several recesses a final adjournment occurred on May 26th. Laws enacted, 22.
- 1913—Another extra session of the Legislature convened on August 5th to consider questions relating to Jersey City commission government, and a final adjournment occurred on August 12th. Laws enacted, 2.
- 1914—A special session of the Senate was convened on April 24th to act on nominations by the Governor. It lasted only three quarters of an hour when there was a final adjournment.
- 1915—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on May 3d to correct errors in a law providing for a special election to consider proposed amendments to the State Constitution. The session lasted ten hours and was adjourned the same day. Laws enacted, 2.

STATE SENATORS.

Atlantic County.

(Population, 82,840.)

WALTER E. EDGE.

(Rep., Atlantic City.)

Senator Edge was born in Philadelphia, Pa., November 20th, 1873, and is in the general advertising business. He was a member of the personal staff of Governors Murphy and Stokes and at present is Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief of Ordnance Department on staff of Major-General C. Edward Murray, New Jersey National Guard. In 1897, '98, '99 the Colonel served as Journal Clerk of the New Jersey State Senate, and in 1901, '02, '03, '04 was Secretary of that body. He was a Presidential Elector the same year. He was elected to the Assembly in 1909 by the phenomenal plurality of 7,798 over Burgan, the Democratic candidate. This is the largest plurality ever given in Atlantic county. He served as Republican leader of the House of Assembly in 1910. He was elected to the State Senate in 1910 by a plurality of 5,496 over Langham, Democrat. In 1912 he was the majority leader on the floor of the Senate.

In 1913 the Colonel was re-elected to the Senate by a plurality of 3,990 over Shaner, Dem.

In 1915 he served as President of the Senate with much dignity, ability and impartiality.

1913—Edge, Rep., 7,198; Shaner, Dem., 3,208; Marvel, Prog., 1,046; Lerner, Soc., 209; Lynch, Pro., 179.

Bergen County.

(Population, 178,596.)

CHARLES O'CONNOR HENNESSY.

(Dem., Haworth.)

Mr. Hennessy was born in Waterford, Ireland, September 11th, 1860, and is manager of The Franklin So-

ciety for Home Building and Savings of New York. He was formerly a newspaper writer and editor. He was educated in the public schools of Brooklyn, and was active in social reform and political movements in that city for years before making his home in New Jersey, about eighteen years ago. He is known throughout the United States as an authority and as a writer and speaker upon co-operative financiering, and has been the president of the New York State League of Savings and Loan Associations, as well as president of the United States League of Local Building-Loan Associations, an organization that includes the representatives of twenty-two states. In 1911 by running ahead of his ticket, he was elected to the Assembly on the Democratic ticket by a plurality of 138 over Wells, Republican, and with two Republican associates. In 1912 he was re-elected, with two Democratic associates, running nearly 700 votes ahead of his nearest associate on the Assembly ticket. In 1913 he served as chairman of the Assembly Committee on Appropriations and as a member of the Committee on Railroads and Canals.

Mr. Hennessy was elected Senator from Bergen in 1913 by a plurality of 1837 over ex-Judge Milton Demarest, the Republican candidate. Again he showed his standing with his constituency by polling over 800 votes more than the vote cast for the Democratic Assembly candidates. He received the unusual honor of appointment in the 1914 Senate to three important Chairmanships—Appropriations, Elections and Taxation, and as chairman of the Joint Committee on Appropriations conducted the important investigation into the needs of state departments and institutions. He was the author of or sponsor for much important legislation.

In the session of 1915 the Senator was the leader of the Democratic minority and served on the Committees on Judiciary, Taxation, Finance, Public Printing and Sinking Fund.

1913—Hennessy, Dem., 10,628; Demarest, Rep., 8,791; Zabriskie, Prog., 2,141; Peter F. Hopper, Pro., 260; Craig, Soc., 876; May, Soc.-Lab., 180.

Burlington County.

(Population, 74,737.)

HAROLD B. WELLS.

(Rep., Bordentown.)

Senator Wells was born at Pemberton, February 23d, 1876. His father was Davis C. Wells, for many years a druggist at Pemberton, N. J., and his mother was the daughter of Dr. Aaron Reid, for many years a practicing physician in Burlington county. He married Grace A. Heisler, daughter of William H. Heisler, president of the Manufacturers' National Bank, of Philadelphia, and his family consists of three children. He attended Peddie Institute at Hightstown four years, from which he was graduated in 1894. In the fall of that year he entered Princeton University and was graduated in 1898. He studied law with McGee & Bedle, Jersey City, two years, and subsequently with Eckard P. Budd, Mount Holly. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar in the June term, 1902, and is at the present time an attorney and counsellor-at-law, a special master in Chancery, and has practiced his profession for over thirteen years in Burlington county. On October 22d, 1914, he was appointed by the United States District Court as receiver for the Florence Iron Works. He is trustee of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, at Bordentown; superintendent of the Sunday school; a member of the Burlington County Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association; member of the Masonic Lodge and Knights of Pythias, and a director in the Bordentown Building and Loan Association. He is city solicitor of the city of Bordentown and now represents or has represented as solicitor the following municipalities: The township of Mansfield, the township of Chesterfield, the Board of Education of Florence township, the borough of Fieldsboro and the borough of Pemberton.

The Senator was a member of the Board of Education, Bordentown, three years. He was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 3,459 over James Mercer Davis, Democrat.

1915—Wells, Rep., 8,502; Davis, Dem., 5,043; Ridgway, Pro., 236.

Camden County.

(Population, 163,221.)

WILLIAM THACKARA READ.

(Rep., Camden.)

Senator Read was born in Camden, N. J., November 22d, 1878, and is a counsellor-at-law of New Jersey. He was educated in the public schools of Camden and William Penn Charter School of Philadelphia and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1900 with degree of Bachelor of Science. He was registered as a law student in the office of J. Willard Morgan, former State Comptroller, and attended the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney at the November term, 1903, and as a counsellor three years later. Since his admission he has practised law at Camden. He is vice-president, also solicitor, of the First National Bank of Camden, and solicitor of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Camden; a director of the West Jersey Trust Company of Camden, and of the Colestown Cemetery Company; also a member of the Board of Managers of Camden County Bar Association, member of the New Jersey Society of Pennsylvania, of the New Jersey State Bar Association, and of the American Bar Association, and has been district examiner of the Board of Education of the city of Camden over eight years; has been Solicitor of the borough of Riverton from January 1st, 1910 to 1914, and of the township of Voorhees from January 1st, 1911 to 1914. In March, 1909, he was appointed second lieutenant of the Third Regiment, N. G. N. J., and assigned to the First Battalion as Quartermaster and Commissary. In 1909, '10, '11 he was an expert rifleman, a member of the Third Regiment rifle team 1910-11, and a member of New Jersey State Rifle Team, 1910. In the spring of 1913 he was appointed to serve on the staff of Adjutant-General Sadler with the rank of Major. He is a member of Camden Lodge, No. 15, F. and A. M., Siloam Chapter, Van Hook' Council, Excelsior Consistory 32d Degree, Tall Cedars of Lebanon and Crescent Temple. He is also a member of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and the Army

and Navy Club of New York. In 1911 he was elected to the Senate by a plurality of 1,255 over French, Democrat, and in 1914 his plurality over Bleakly, Democrat, was increased to 9,530.

He was also a member of the Jury Reform Commission. He was minority leader on the floor of the Senate in 1913 and 1914, and majority leader in 1915. He was elected President of the Senate in 1916. Last year the Senator served as chairman of the Committees on Judiciary, State Prison and Village for Epileptics and as a member of the Committees on Corporations, Finance, Elections, Militia and Riparian Rights.

1914—Read, Rep., 16,858; Bleakly, Dem., 7,328; Redfield, Prog.-Roos., 771; Sheldon, Pro., 597; Whitley, Soc., 1,496.

Cape May County.

(Population, 24,407.)

LEWIS T. STEVENS.

(Rep., Cape May.)

Senator Stevens was born in Lower township (now West Cape May), N. J., August 22d, 1868, and is a counsellor-at-law. He received his education in the public schools in the city of Cape May, and as a special student at Princeton College and in the Metropolis Law School, New York City. He learned the trade of a printer in the Cape May Wave office, and in working at the case and acting as correspondent for metropolitan newspapers he saved money with which to pay his way in Princeton and the law school. While attending law school at night in New York in 1893 and 1894, he was employed during the day as an associate editor of two magazines. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar as attorney in the June term, 1898, and as a counsellor at the February term, 1902. In January, 1899, he was appointed a referee in bankruptcy by the late Judge Andrew Kirkpatrick, of the U. S. District Court, and served for the districts of Cumberland and Cape May counties for fifteen years, resigning to take his seat as a member of the House of Assembly in January, 1914. In 1892 he was elected to the city council of Cape May,

and served for three years, and during the last year of the term was president of the body, being its youngest president. He was tax collector of Cape May in 1899, and served as a member and secretary of the Board of Health from 1894 to 1906. He was solicitor of Lower Township from 1905 to 1908. In 1889, upon reaching his majority, he was a delegate to the gubernatorial convention which nominated the late Gen. Edward Burd Grubb, and since then has been interested in good government. For ten years, from 1890, he was secretary of the Republican County Committee. He served as assistant secretary of the Senate in the sessions of 1905 and 1906. In addition to his other work, he edited the Cape May Wave in 1898 and 1899, and was publisher and editor of the Cape May Herald from 1903 to 1912. He is the author of "The History of Cape May County," a 480-page pure history, and in 1914 compiled "New Jersey Commission Government," the Walsh act, and has prepared for publication many other legal and literary pamphlets. He served in the Assembly in 1914 and 1915, and was elected to the Senate over his predecessor, Hon. Harry C. Wheaton, by a plurality of 91, in the most valiantly fought contest made in the State in 1915.

1915—Stevens, Rep., 2,091; Wheaton, Dem., 2,000; Reeves, Pro., 103.

Cumberland County.

(Population, 59,481.)

JOHN A. ACKLEY.

(Dem., Vineland.)

Senator Ackley was born at Absecon, N. J., July 14th, 1854, and is in the real estate, auctioneer and general merchandising business. He received his education in the Bridgeton and Vineland public schools, has worked in many different branches of industry and now carries on his business in Vineland and Wildwood. He is an expert in real estate appraisement. He has been actively engaged in business twenty-eight years, always interested in public affairs—in political and social reform, and is a member of many

social and fraternal organizations. Mr. Ackley was a justice of the peace from 1888 to 1903, a member of Council from 1897 to 1900, of the Board of Education from 1907 to 1910, a trustee of the Public Library, and is a member of the Boards of Trade in Vineland and Wildwood. Last year he served on the Committees on Clergy, Education and Unfinished Business.

Mr. Ackley was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 226 over Davis, Republican.

1913—Ackley, Dem., 3,426; Davis, Rep., 3,200; Fithian, Prog., 1,826; McKeen, Soc., 211.

Essex County.

(Population, 566,324.)

AUSTEN COLGATE.

(Rep., Orange.)

Senator Colgate was born at Orange, N. J., August 12th, 1863, is a manufacturer and a graduate of Yale University. He was a member of the Assembly in 1906, 1908 and 1909. He was appointed by Governor Fort as his personal Aide in the winter of 1908. He is Deputy Adjutant-General of the National Guard of New Jersey and a thirty-second degree Mason. He is president of the Jersey City Chamber of Commerce. The Colonel was elected to the State Senate in November, 1911, by a plurality of 4,862 over Harry V. Osborne, Democrat, his predecessor in office. In 1914 he was re-elected by a plurality of 15,375 over Stockton, Democrat. Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Militia, Public Health, Railroads and Canals, and Public Grounds and Buildings, and as a member of the Committees on Highways, Labor and Industries, State Prison, Stationery and Incidental Expenses and State Hospitals.

1914—Colgate, Rep., 35,722; Stockton, Dem., 20,347; Klein, Prog.-Roos, 4,118; McDermit, Ind.-Prog.-Dem., 5,064; Wittel, Soc., 2,771; Sloat, Pro., 331.

Gloucester County.

(Population, 43,587.)

GEORGE W. F. GAUNT.

(Rep., Mullica Hill.)

Senator Gaunt was born in Mantua township, Gloucester county, September 9th, 1865, on the "Homestead Farm," residing there until March 5th, 1901, when he purchased the farm he now owns and operates near Mullica Hill. Mr. Gaunt was educated in the public schools of the county, graduating from the Deptford school, Woodbury. He is regarded as an authority on all matters pertaining to agriculture, a successful farmer and a man of wonderful executive ability, which has been best shown by the rapid and substantial growth made by the New Jersey State Grange during his fourteen years as Master; an organization which has grown in membership from approximately 3,000 to 25,000 during his incumbency as Master.

He was not new to the legislative methods as his voice had been often heard prior to his election to the Senate before committees of that body in the interests of legislation concerning the agricultural and dairy interests of the State.

He served the National Grange as Lecturer for four years, and at its 1909 session, held in Des Moines, Iowa, was honored by election to High Priest, the highest official position within the gift of the Grange. In 1913 he was again elected Lecturer of the National Grange for a term of two years. In 1908 he was elected to the Senate by a plurality of 524 over Newton, Democrat.

His first year in the Senate was made especially eventful by his strong, earnest and successful fight for the passage of the "Trolley Freight Bill." Subsequently he took an active part in Public Utility, Cold Storage, Commission on Tuberculosis in Animals, Good Roads and Automobile legislation. He introduced and had passed the Fifty-year Franchise act. He was re-elected to the Senate in 1911 by a plurality of 518 over George B. Hurff, Democrat. He has served as chairman of the Committees on Agriculture, Appropriation, Public Health, New Jersey Reformatory,

and as a member of the Committees on Federal Relations, Sinking Fund and Treasurer's Accounts.

He was elected a director of the Philadelphia Federal Reserve Bank under the provisions of the Federal Reserve act by the 264 Banks in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware of group 3, class B and was re-elected in 1915 for a term of three years.

In 1914 the Senator was given a third term by the increased plurality of 1,115 over Allen, Democrat. He is the only Senator who was ever given such a long tenure of office in Gloucester county since the adoption of the Constitution in 1844.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Agriculture, Education, Highways, School for Deaf Mutes, New Jersey Reformatory and as a member of the Committees on Appropriations, Public Health, Home for Feeble Minded Children and Village for Epileptics.

1914—Gaunt, Rep., 4,070; Allen, Dem., 2,955; Roberson, Prog., 367; Repp, Pro., 930.

Hudson County.

(Population, 571,371.)

CHARLES M. EGAN.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Senator Egan was born in Jersey City, September 21st, 1877. He is a son of the late Michael and Maria Egan; the former was an officer in General Meagher's famous "Irish Brigade," which rendered such gallant service in the Civil War—being Captain of Company G, 88th New York Volunteers. Captain Egan won honor and distinction upon the field of battle; he was wounded nine times and his Company, which was organized with 118 men, lost, in killed and wounded, 112 men. The Senator is a lawyer by profession. He was educated in St. Michael's Parochial School, Public School No. 21 and St. Peter's College, all of Jersey City. He attended the New York Law School, served his clerkship in the office of John Griffin, now vice-chancellor, and was admitted to the bar November 13th, 1899. He was a member of the House of Assembly during the years 1911, 1912 and 1913. He

received the highest vote at the primaries held in September, 1911, and again at those held in September, 1912, and, also, at the general elections held in November, 1911, and in November, 1912. He served as majority leader in the House of Assembly in 1913. He was elected to the Senate in November, 1913, by the phenomenal plurality of 28,213 votes over Philip W. Grece, the Republican candidate; this plurality, for a county candidate, establishes a "high-water" mark—being the largest plurality ever given a candidate for public office in any county in the State of New Jersey. Last year he served on the Committees on Militia, Municipal Corporations, Revision of Laws and Passed Bills.

1913—Egan, Dem., 39,141; Grece, Rep. and Fusion, 10,898; Higgins, Prog., 6,635; Quinlan, Soc., 2,955; Parker, Pro., 545; Sweeney, Soc.-Lab., 359.

Hunterdon County.

(Population, 34,697.)

GEORGE F. MARTENS, JR.

(Dem., New Germantown.)

Senator Martens was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., February 21st, 1867. He served three years in the House of Assembly—1897, '98 and '99 and as State Senator—1904 to 1907, 1913 to 1915, and was re-elected in 1915 by a plurality of 673 over Eastwood, Republican. Last year he served on the Committees on Agriculture, Highways, Home for Feeble-Minded Children and Public Grounds and Buildings.

1915—Martens, Dem., 3,836; Eastwood, Rep., 3,163; Gordon, Pro., 279.

Mercer County.

(Population, 139,812.)

BARTON B. HUTCHINSON.

(Rep., Trenton.)

Senator Hutchinson was born at Allentown, Monmouth county, New Jersey, June 10th, 1860, and is a

lawyer by profession. He was a member of the House of Assembly from Mercer county in 1892 and 1893; was State Senator from Mercer county in 1905, 1906 and 1907, and in 1913 he was again elected to the State Senate. His term will expire in 1916.

1913—Hutchinson, Rep., 6,968; Montgomery, Dem., 6,315; Reeves, Prog., 3,978; Spair, Soc., 753.

Middlesex County.

(Population, 144,716.)

WILLIAM EDWIN FLORANCE.

(Dem., New Brunswick.)

Senator Florance was born in Toronto, Canada, April 16th, 1865. In May of that year his parents moved to New Brunswick, N. J., where he has spent his whole life. He is a graduate of the High School and of Rutgers College, Class of 1885. He studied law in the offices of former Judge J. Kearny Rice and of the late Justice of the Supreme Court, Willard P. Voorhees, and was admitted as an attorney at the November term, 1887, and as counselor at the November term, 1890. Mr. Florance has served as city collector, city treasurer and mayor of New Brunswick, and was also a member of the State Board of Education from 1905 to 1911. In September, 1914, he was appointed prosecutor of the pleas of Middlesex county, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge George S. Silzer, and on February 1st, 1915, was named by Governor Fielder and confirmed by the Senate for the full term of five years in the same office.

He is president of the New Brunswick Mutual Fire Insurance Company, vice-president of the National Bank of New Jersey, one of the managers of and counsel for the New Brunswick Savings Institution, a director and counsel for the Security Building and Loan Association, a trustee of Rutgers College, treasurer of the Committee of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America on the Seminary Grounds and Property at New Brunswick, and a trustee of the Free Public Library of New Brunswick, also a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society,

of the Chi Psi Fraternity, of Union Lodge, F. and A. M., and a Past Regent of Adelpic Council No. 1,015, Royal Arcanum.

He was elected Senator by a plurality of 231 over William A. Spencer, Republican.

1915—Florance, Dem., 8,753; Spencer, Rep., 8,522; Barbour, Nat. Pro., 714; Tyrell, Prog., 361.

Monmouth County.

(Population, 107,636.)

HENRY ELIJAH ACKERSON, JR.

(Dem., Keyport.)

Senator Ackerson was born in Holmdel township, near Hazlet, Monmouth county, New Jersey, October 15th, 1880. In 1890 his parents moved to Keyport, N. J. where he entered the local public school and was graduated from the Keyport High School in 1898 with high honors. He was then employed for a time as a clerk in the People's National Bank of Keyport, and then entered the Packard Commercial School, New York City, and after his graduation there, became secretary to the manager of a New York brokerage firm, and during this employment he continued his education with the Senftner Preparatory School in New York City, attending the night classes, with the view of preparing himself to take up the study of law. He passed the New York Regents' examinations in 1900 and was admitted to the New York Law School, from which he graduated in the year 1902 at the head of a large class of students, with an exceptionally high average in his examinations, and as a result of this record he was appointed Professor of Pleading and Practice at the Law School, which position he occupied for two years, being at the same time connected with a law firm in Jersey City. He was admitted to the New Jersey Bar as an attorney-at-law, March 7th, 1904, and was made a counsellor-at-law and Master in Chancery November 28th, 1909.

On May 1st, 1906, Mr. Ackerson left the law firm in Jersey City to engage in the practice of law by himself in his home town of Keyport, where he has

practiced continuously ever since. He has never before been a candidate for any elective office. He served as attorney of the Borough of Keyport from January 1st, 1909, to January 1st, 1914, and has been counsel for the township of Holmdel continuously since January 1st, 1909. On February 11th, 1914, he was appointed counsel to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Monmouth, which office he now holds.

He is a director of and attorney for the People's National Bank of Keyport, and is Vice-President of the Keyport Free Public Library Association. He is a member of the Royal Arcanum, being a Past Regent of that order and has also served as Supervising Deputy Grand Regent for that order in Monmouth county.

In 1914 he was elected to the Senate by a plurality of 807 over Appleby, Republican.

Last year he served on the Committees on Elections, Game and Fish, Home for Feeble Minded Women and State Home for Boys.

He was chosen minority leader for the session of 1916.

1914—Ackerson, Jr., Dem., 9,496; Appleby, Rep., 8,689; Coleman, Prog., 868; Scott, Pro., 211.

Morris County.

(Population, 81,514.)

CHARLES A. RATHBUN.

(Rep., Madison.)

Senator Rathbun was born in Madison, N. J., January 7th, 1867, and has always resided there. Mr. Rathbun attended the public school at Madison. In June, 1889, he was graduated with the degree of LL.B. from the Columbia College Law School and in the same month he was admitted by the Supreme Court of this State as an attorney-at-law, and three years later as a counselor-at-law. In 1899, the Supreme Court appointed him a Supreme Court Commissioner and also one of the bar examiners. In 1904, Chancellor Magie appointed him a Special Master in Chancery.

Mr. Rathbun was attorney of the borough of Madison from May, 1897, to November, 1901, when he resigned; and again from January 1st, 1906, to January 1st, 1916. He served as counsel of the Morris County Board of Freeholders for two years and as attorney of the borough of Florham Park for several years. His first appointments as attorney of Madison and Florham Park were made by democratic mayors. In 1903 he was appointed prosecutor of the pleas for Morris county by Governor Murphy and in 1908 he was re-appointed by Governor Fort for a further term of five years. He has been president of the Prosecutors' Association of New Jersey.

Mr. Rathbun is a director and the solicitor of the Madison Building and Loan Association. He is a past master of Madison Lodge No. 93, F. & A. M., and a charter member of Salaam Temple of the Mystic Shrine; also a past regent of North Jersey Council No. 1181 of the Royal Arcanum. He is a trustee of the Presbyterian Church of Madison. In politics he has always been a Republican. He was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 239 over Lyons, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Elections, Municipal Corporations and Federal Relations and as a member of the Committees on Judiciary, Taxation, Appropriations and Public Printing. He was chosen majority leader for the session of 1916.

1913—Rathbun, Rep., 5,379; Lyons, Dem., 5,140; Hopkins, Prog., 1,208; Timmons, Soc., 492; Crane, Pro., 245.

Ocean County.

(Population, 23,011.)

THOMAS ALFRED MATHIS.

(Rep., Toms River.)

Senator Mathis was born in New Gretna, N. J., June 7, 1869, and is a Yatching Master Mariner. He was Councilman of the borough of Tuckerton from 1902 to 1906, inclusive, and a member of the Board of Commissioners of Pilotage from 1906 to 1909. While a member of borough council of Tuckerton, he was the prime mover in the building of docks along Tuckerton

creek, personally supervising the work. He was an active member of the Tuckerton Creek Improvement Committee, and it was in a great measure due to his untiring efforts that the United States government recommended an expenditure of over \$60,000 for improving that waterway, a large part of which sum has already been spent. He was also a member of the Little Egg Harbor Inlet Improvement Association and was instrumental in securing improved lighthouse and buoy service at that inlet. Was Assistant Chief of Tuckerton Fire Department for over eight years, and during that time was also one of its directors; was also one of the directors and founders of the Tuckerton Y. M. C. A.; also one of the directors of the Tuckerton Building and Loan Association. In 1909 he was elected to the Senate over Hoyt, Democrat, by a majority of 1,262. Harrison's (Democrat) majority two years before being 1,389, showing a change of 2,651 votes. He was elected for one year to fill the unexpired term of the late William J. Harrison. In 1913 he was elected for a full term by a plurality of 47 over Austin, Dem. Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Game and Fish, Commerce and Navigation, Home for Feeble Minded Women and State Home for Boys and as a member of the Committees on Banks and Insurance, Riparian Rights, Miscellaneous Business and Passed Bills.

1913—Mathis, Rep., 1,735; Austin, Dem., 1,688; Nowlan, Prog., 857; Bunnell, Pro., 53.

Passaic County.

(Population, 236,364.)

THOMAS F. McCRAN.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Senator McCran was born in Newark, N. J., December 2d, 1875, and is a lawyer by profession. He is a son of Thomas McCran, who was an Assemblyman from Passaic in 1890. He was educated in the local schools of the city of Paterson and at Seton Hall College, and was graduated from the latter in June, 1896, with the degree of B.S. He entered the law office of Hon. William B. Gourley in September, 1896,

and was admitted to the bar at the November term, 1899, and as a counselor at the February term, 1911. He continued in Mr. Gourley's office until March, 1907, when he opened an office of his own. He was appointed City Attorney of the city of Paterson in November, 1907, resigning this office in 1912. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1910, 1911 and 1912. In 1911 he served as Minority Leader and in 1912 he was the Speaker of the House. In 1912 he was defeated for the Senate by Peter J. McGinnis by 167 votes. In 1915 he defeated Mr. McGinnis with a plurality of 8,162.

1915—McCran, Rep., 15,910; McGinnis, Dem., 7,748; Webster, Soc., 2,292; Patton, Pro., 2,997; Berdan, Soc.-Lab., 458.

Salem County.

(Population, 30,292.)

COLLINS B. ALLEN.

(Rep., Salem.)

Senator Allen, a prominent farmer in Mannington township, Salem county, N. J., was born on the old Homestead farm, August 9th, 1866. He entered the local public school, afterward attended a private school in Salem. He was elected a member of the Board of Education of Mannington township in 1896, appointed district clerk of that board in 1897 and now holds both positions. In 1897 he was elected township clerk and held that office until he was nominated for the Senate. Mr. Allen served as sheriff of Salem county for a term of three years, beginning in 1905.

He is a director of the Salem National Banking Company, also a director of the South Jersey Farmers' Exchange. He is a member of Salem Grange No. 172, and held the office of master for two years, and is also a member of Forest Lodge No. 7, K. of P.

He was elected to the Senate in 1914 by a plurality of 519 over Smick, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Home for Feeble-Minded Children, Sanatorium of Tuberculous Diseases, Printed Bills, and Unfinished Business; also member of the Committees on State

Home for Girls, Agriculture, Boroughs and Townships, and Game and Fisheries.

1914—Allen, Rep., 3,114; Smick, Dem., 2,595; Haines, Prog.-Roos., 99; Coleman, Pro., 88.

Somerset County.

(Population, 44,123.)

WILLIAM W. SMALLEY.

(Rep., Bound Brook.)

Senator Smalley was born in Middlesex county, near Bound Brook, December 17th, 1850. He was educated at the New York University Grammar School and Eastman's Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. He was a clerk in a New York City banking house for seven years, and for the past thirty-two years he has been engaged in the lumber business and manufacturing at Bound Brook. Twice he was elected Councilman in the borough of Bound Brook. He is president of the First National Bank of Bound Brook and former president of the Board of Trade. He served four years—1907, '08, '09, '10—as a member of the Assembly and made for himself a most creditable record during his term of service. Mr. Smalley was elected to the State Senate in November, 1911, by a plurality of 295 over George M. LaMonte, Democrat, and in 1914, in approbation of his faithful service, he was re-elected by a plurality of 903 over Speaker Azariah M. Beekman, Democrat. Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Appropriations, Finance, Social Welfare and as a member of the Committees on Education, Labor and Industries, New Jersey Reformatory, Soldiers' Home, Unfinished Business and Sinking Fund.

1914—Smalley, Rep., 3,744; Beekman, Dem., 2,841; Kenyon, Prog.-Roos., 471; Ackor, Pro., 56.

Sussex County.

(Population, 25,977.)

SAMUEL TILDEN MUNSON.

(Dem., Franklin Furnace.)

Senator Munson was born November 4th, 1876, at Franklin Furnace, in what is called the Munson homestead, and has lived there all his life. He went into mercantile business when twenty years of age and is still at the same old stand. He was graduated from the New York Military Academy, Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, in 1895. He was Collector of Taxes in Hardyston township for seven years, beginning when twenty-six years old, from 1902 to 1909. This township at that time was Republican by 150, and he was elected as a Democrat by 137 majority. He has been a member of the Democratic County Committee for ten years and never sought any other office in the township, county or State until 1912 when he was elected to the Senate by a plurality of 839 over Huston, Republican. In 1915, he was re-elected by a plurality of 179 over Thomas W. De Kay, Republican.

Last year he served on the Committees on Federal Relations, Printed Bills, Miscellaneous Business and State Prison.

He served in the House of Assembly as Assistant Journal Clerk in 1907.

1915—Munson, Dem., 2,495; De Kay, Rep., 2,316; Beemer, Pro., 135.

Union County.

(Population, 167,322.)

CARLTON B. PIERCE.

(Rep., Cranford.)

Senator Pierce was born in Trenton, June 22d, 1857, and is a lawyer by profession. He was educated in the public schools in New Brunswick, later graduating from Rutgers College and the Albany Law School. He served three terms in the Assembly, 1908-10.

He was elected to the Senate in 1911 by a plurality of 1,358 over McAdams, Democrat, and re-elected in

1914 by a plurality of 1,971 over Stewart, Democrat. Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Revision of Laws, Taxation, Clergy, State Library and Sinking Fund, and as a member of the Committees on Commerce and Navigation, Federal Relations, Public Printing and Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.

1914—Pierce, Rep., 11,796; Stewart, Dem., 9,825; Keyes, Soc., 1,719; Washabaugh, Pro., 277.

Warren County.

(Population, 44,314.)

THOMAS BARBER. (Dem., Phillipsburg.)

Senator Barber was born at Port Warren, Warren County, New Jersey, May 11th, 1868; and is a physician by profession. He is a lineal descendant of John Barber, Esq., who settled at what is now Lopatcong Township, prior to 1740. Dr. Barber's ancestors were actively engaged in the Revolution. His great grandfather, Barber, was for some time a revolutionary soldier. His great grandfather, Thomas Kennedy, a nephew of General William Maxwell, was a member of Kennedy's brigade of teams. His great grandfather, Henry Stroh, Sr., was wounded at the battle of Trenton. His great great grandfather, Mathias Shipman, was Lieutenant Colonel of Second Sussex Regiment. His great great grandfather, Jonas Hartzell, was a member of a committee of safety. His grandfather, Henry Stroh, Jr., was a sergeant in the war of 1812. Dr. Barber received his early education in the public schools, and prepared for college at the Phillipsburg and Easton High Schools. He entered Lafayette in 1891, graduated in the arts, 1895; and in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, 1898. He located in Phillipsburg and has since practiced in conjunction with his brother, Dr. Isaac Barber. In the 1911 election, in Phillipsburg alone, he received a majority of 1,568, the largest majority ever given a candidate for any office in the history of the municipality. The Doctor was elected to the Senate by a plurality of 2,152 over Marvin A. Pierson, Republican. He was re-elected in 1914 by the increased plurality

of 2,439 over Shoemaker, Rep. Last year he served as a member of the Committees on Public Health, Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases, School for Deaf Mutes, Riparian Rights and Village for Epileptics.

1914—Barber, Dem., 4,764; Shoemaker, Rep., 2,325; Fowler, Pro., 427.

Summary.

Senate—Republicans.....	13	Democrats.....	8=21
House—Republicans.....	40	Democrats.....	20=60
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	53		28=81

Republican majority on joint ballot, 25.

When Regular Senatorial Elections Occur.

In 1916—Atlantic, Mercer, Morris and Ocean, now represented by Republicans, and Bergen, Cumberland and Hudson, now represented by Democrats, 7.

In 1917—Camden, Essex, Gloucester, Somerset, Salem and Union now represented by Republicans, and Monmouth and Warren represented by Democrats, 8.

In 1918—Cape May, Burlington and Passaic, now represented by Republicans, and Hunterdon, Middlesex and Sussex represented by Democrats, 6.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Atlantic County.

CARLTON GODFREY.

(Rep., Atlantic City.)

Mr. Godfrey was born at Beesley's Point, Cape May county, N. J., January 13th, 1865, and spent his boyhood days on the farm. He was educated in the public schools and for two years prior to taking up the study of law, taught school. He read law with James B. Nixon, Esq., then practicing law at Atlantic City, but now of Camden, N. J., and was admitted to the bar in November, 1889, and has since practiced his profession. In 1894, he, together with Burrows C. Godfrey, Esq., now deceased, formed the law firm of Godfrey & Godfrey, which firm continued until 1914, when he associated himself with H. Starr Giddings, Esq., and Raymond P. Read, Esq., under the firm name of Godfrey, Giddings & Read.

Mr. Godfrey has taken a very active interest in the development of the public schools and was a member of the Board of Education of Atlantic City for twelve years. He was Tax Collector of Atlantic City from 1893 to 1897, and in March, 1898, he was elected City Solicitor, which position he held for five terms. During his occupancy of this office, he prepared much important legislation, including the act known as the new City Charter which was adopted by the voters of Atlantic City in 1902. He also prepared the necessary legislation and had special charge of the work of obtaining for Atlantic City title to almost all of the five miles of ocean front for park purposes.

Mr. Godfrey has been president of the Guarantee Trust Company of Atlantic City since its organization in 1900. He was president of the New Jersey Bankers' Association in 1906 and 1907. He has also been president of the West Jersey Title and Guaranty Company since 1900. He has for many years been very actively interested in building and loan association work and

he is one of the very few men in New Jersey who have served as secretary of a local building and loan association continuously for a period of more than twenty-five years.

Mr. Godfrey has been earnestly interested in every movement having for its object the up-building of Atlantic City. The splendid system of good roads which is now being completed in and near Atlantic City is a monument to his energy.

He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1912, 1914 and 1915, and in the latter year served the House as Speaker.

He was elected to another term of office in 1915 by a plurality of 5,625 over Greis the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

BERTRAM EDWARD WHITMAN.

(Rep., Pleasantville.)

Mr. Whitman was born at Easton, Maryland, February 8th, 1880, and is an editor and publisher. This is the first office for which he has been a candidate before the people, although he held several minor appointive offices in Maryland, chief of which was supervisor of elections in Talbot county, in 1909. He is editor and publisher of the Pleasantville Press and his business record for so young a man is very extensive. He became the editor of a paper when only sixteen years of age, while in his native town, Easton, Maryland, and was heralded through the country as the youngest editor in the United States. He is now a director of the Pleasantville Trust Company, also of the Workingmen's Building and Loan Association of Pleasantville, vice-president of the South Jersey Securities Corporation, and interested in several other financial organizations.

Fraternally, he is a Master Mason and a member of the Odd Fellows, Junior Order United American Mechanics and is supervising deputy of Councils of the Royal Arcanum in his section of the State.

Last year he served on the Committees on Game and Fish, Municipal Corporations, Railroads and Canals, and Public Printing. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 5,608 over Greis the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Godfrey, 7,606; Whitman, 7,589.

Democrats—Greis, 1,981; Kesler, 1,952.

Socialists—Donovan, 309; Irwin, 314.

Prohibition—Adams, 709; Comly, 680.

Bergen County.**JAMES TURNER ACKERMAN.**

(Rep., Ridgewood, R. F. D.)

Mr. Ackerman was born in West Tenth street, New York City, in 1864. When he was five years old, the family moved to the Hawthorne section of Passaic county. At the age of eighteen, Mr. Ackerman went to New York in the dry-goods business for about twenty years and during that time became a student at the Metropolis Law School, from which he graduated with Frank H. Sommer and Lawrence O. Murray, Ex-Comptroller of Currency, and others who subsequently became active in public life in New Jersey. Mr. Ackerman was admitted to the bar in New York in 1893, becoming an attorney in New Jersey in 1909, and a Master in Chancery in 1912. Upon the death of his uncle, former Assemblyman Peter Ackerman, who served in the Legislature of 1887, James T. Ackerman moved into the Peter Ackerman homestead on Paramus road, near Ridgewood, and he resides there now. He has offices in New York and Jersey City. Mr. Ackerman's Dutch ancestors emigrated from Holland in the seventeenth century and settled in New Jersey.

He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 1,674 over F. O. Mittag, Jr., the highest Democrat.

HERBERT MARSTON BAILEY.

(Rep., Hackensack.)

Mr. Bailey was born at Brooklyn, N. Y., June 17th, 1867, and is engaged in the trucking and forwarding business. He was appointed trustee of the State Home for Girls by Governor Wilson and served from March, 1912 to 1914. He was a delegate from the Sixth Congressional District of New Jersey to the Republican National Convention held in Chicago in June, 1912.

Mr. Bailey was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 1,146 over Frank O. Mittag, Jr., the highest Democrat.

WALTER G. WINNE.
(Rep., Hasbrouck Heights.)

Mr. Winne was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., February 18th, 1889, and is a counselor-at-law. He was graduated at Rutgers College in 1910, Litt.B., and the New York Law School in 1912, LL.B. He was elected to the House of Assembly in 1915 by a plurality of 1,128 over Frank O. Mittag, Jr., the highest Democrat.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Ackerman, 12,204; Winne, 11,658; Bailey, 11,676.

Democrats—Curtis, 10,308; Mittag, Jr., 10,530; Tierney, 9,951.

Progressives—Broome, 771; Wentworth, 781; Webster, 736.

Prohibitionists—Ackerman, 658; Ward, 543; Blauvelt, 582.

Socialists—De Yoe, 1,209; West, 1,071; Clatchie, 984.

Burlington County.

EMMOR ROBERTS.
(Rep., Moorestown, R. D.)

Mr. Roberts was born at Moorestown, Burlington county, N. J., March 13th, 1890, and is a farmer. He is a graduate of Swarthmore College, 1911, and took a Cornell Short Course in 1912. He owns a large fruit farm, successfully manages three other farms and is very scientific and progressive. He is a director of the County Board of Agriculture, a member of the National Committee of Seed Inspection and Certification, and spends winters in lecturing. Mr. Roberts is also a member of the Delaware Farmers' Institute lecturing staff—1913, of the New Jersey lecturing staff—1914-15, and lectures considerably in eastern Agricultural Colleges. He is very much interested in all lines of work that he believes promotes the welfare of the people. He was never active in

politics before his election to the Assembly. He is the second youngest member. He had a plurality of 2,960 over C. Craig Tallman, Democrat.

1915—Roberts, Rep., 8,054; Tallman, Dem., 5,094; Gibbs, Pro., 300.

Camden County.

JOHN B. KATES.

(Rep., Collingswood.)

Mr. Kates was born in Camden, New Jersey, November 16th, 1875, is a member of the bar, having been admitted to practice at the June Term, 1898, and is associated with Albert E. Burling, under the firm name of Kates & Burling, with offices in Camden.

He has had considerable legislative experience, having served as clerk to the Judiciary Committee of the House of Assembly, at the 1912 session, under the leadership of the Hon. George W. Whyte and was a member of the House at the 1913, 1914 and 1915 sessions. During the illness of the minority leader, Hon. Emerson L. Richards, in 1913, Mr. Kates occupied that position, covering a period of over five weeks.

He is solicitor and director of a number of the building and loan associations of his county and one of the organizers and directors of the Broadway Trust Company of Camden, and also a director of the Collingswood National Bank.

In addition to his law practice he is engaged in several building operations in Camden and Collingswood, trading under the corporate title of the John B. Kates Co.

In 1915 he was given a fourth term in the Assembly by a plurality of 9,653 over Taylor, the highest Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Miscellaneous Business and as a member of the Committees on Rules, Banks and Banking, Education, Bill Revision and Passed Bills.

Mr. Kates was chosen majority leader for the session of 1916.

GARFIELD PANCOAST.

(Rep., Audubon.)

Mr. Pancoast was born at Vineland, N. J., December 6th, 1880. He is engaged in the practice of law, being associated with the law firm of Wilson & Carr at Camden, N. J. He was graduated from the Vineland High School with the class of 1900, and was admitted to practice as an attorney in June, 1907, and as a counselor in June, 1910. Heretofore he has never held public office, but between 1902 and 1905 he served as clerk to the Committee on Printed Bills, for two sessions was Assistant Journal Clerk, and one session Assistant Supervisor of Bills of the House of Assembly. He is a member of Camden Lodge, No. 293, B. P. O. Elks, and Wyoming Tribe, No. 55, Improved Order of Red Men and the Haddon Country Club. He was re-elected to the Assembly in 1914 by a plurality of 8,713 over Wescott, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket, and in 1915 was given a third term by a plurality of 7,192 over Taylor, Democrat. Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Boroughs and Borough Commissions and Elections and as a member of the Committees on Militia, Revision of Laws, Home for Feeble-Minded Children and Public Grounds and Buildings.

CHARLES ANDERSON WOLVERTON.

(Rep., Camden.)

Mr. Wolverton was born in Camden, N. J., October 24th, 1880, and is a lawyer. He attended the public schools of Camden, graduating from Camden Manual Training and High School, June 24th 1897; studied law in the office of Thomas E. French, Esquire, Camden, and at the University of Pennsylvania Law School, graduating from the same June 13th, 1900, with degree of LL.B.; was admitted to the bar as attorney November Term, 1901, and as counsellor, February Term, 1907. He is associated in the practice of law with Joseph Kaighn of Moorestown, N. J., under the firm name of Kaighn & Wolverton, with offices at Camden. Mr. Wolverton in 1903 revised and compiled the ordinances of the city of Camden; 1904 to 1906 was assistant city solicitor of Camden; 1906 to 1913 was assistant prosecutor of Camden county

under Henry S. Scovel (Republican), and his successor, Hon. William T. Boyle (Democrat); and from 1913 to 1914 was special assistant prosecutor of Atlantic county, acting under former Attorney-General Edmund Wilson and Prosecutor Charles S. Moore, by assignment of Supreme Court Justice Samuel Kalisch, for the trial of certain Elisor Grand Jury indictments.

He is Past Master, Ionic Lodge, No. 94, F. & A. M.; also member of Excelsior Consistory, 32d Degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; Siloam Chapter, No. 19, R. A. M.; Cyrene Commandery, No. 7, Knights Templar; Van Hook Conncil, No. 8, R. & S. M.; Lu Lu Temple, Mystic Shrine, Phila., Pa.; Camden Forest, No. 5, Tall Cedars of Lebanon, and of the Board of Directors of Central Y. M. C. A., Camden.

Mr. Wolverton was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 9,430 over Taylor, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Insurance and as a member of the Committees on Railroads and Canals, Commerce and Navigation, Social Welfare, Treasurer's Accounts and Public Printing.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Kates, 17,235; Pancoast, 14,774; Wolverton, 17,012.

Democrats—McNutt, 4,687; Taylor, 7,582; Tischner, 5,100.

Socialists—Ashman, 1,574; Krusen, 1,455; Cook, 1,585.

Prohibitionists—Day, 815; Lane, 952; Haven, 669.

Cape May County.

MARK LAKE.

(Rep., Ocean City.)

Mr. Lake was born at Bargaintown, N. J., August 13th, 1863, and is an undertaker. He was formerly a house painter and contractor. He received a common school education. In April, 1880, he came to Peck's Beach, Cape May county, to lay out Ocean City, which at that time was a wilderness and ever since he has been a resident of that place. He served four years in city council, 1898 to 1902, was president of that

body one year and also acting mayor. He was elected coroner of Cape May county in 1908 and again in 1913.

Mr. Lake was elected to the House of Assembly in 1915 by a plurality of 1,270 over Taylor, Democrat.

1915—Lake, Rep., 2,531; Taylor, Dem., 1,261; Hand, Pro., 191.

Cumberland County.

RAYMOND SHEPPARD.

(Rep., Haleyville.)

Mr. Sheppard was born in Haleyville, Cumberland county, June 22d, 1875, and is a grandson of the late Captain Allen Sheppard. He received his education in the public schools of his native village. A short time after leaving school he started farming on the modern system, and at the present time is successful. He is a member of the Board of Education of Commercial township. He is an enthusiastic worker in a number of fraternal and social orders, having been a presiding officer for one or more terms of Neptune, No. 75, F. and A. M., Mauricetown; Richmond Chapter, No. 20, R. A. M., of Millville, and Olivet Commandery, No. 10, K. T., of Millville. He is a member of Crescent Temple, Mystic Shrine, O. A. O. N. M. S., of Trenton, N. J.; P. G. T. C., of Bridgeton Forest, No. 7, and of Supreme Tall Cedars of Lebanon. He is past grand of Aerial Lodge, No. 56, of Mauricetown I. O. O. F., having served two terms as district deputy of this order, with credit to himself and an advantage to the lodges. He was re-elected to the Assembly for a third term by a plurality of 1,558 over Jorden, Democrat. Last year Mr. Sheppard served as chairman of the Committee on Agriculture and as a member of the Committees on Game and Fish, Railroads and Canals, Claims and Pensions, Home for Girls and Home for Feeble-Minded Women.

1915—Sheppard, Rep., 4,137; Jorden, Dem., 2,579; Johnson, Pro., 607.

Essex County.**E. MORGAN BARRADALE.**

(Rep., South Orange.)

Mr. Barradale was born at Orange, N. J., June 27th, 1885, and is a lawyer, his offices being at 786 Broad street, Newark, and South Orange, N. J. He is a son of William D. and Alice F. (Shipman) Barradale. He attended the public schools of Orange and South Orange, was graduated at Yale College, B.A., 1907; attended New York and New Jersey Law Schools, and was graduated from the latter institution, L.B., 1910. He was instructor in the New Jersey Law School, 1911-12, and was admitted as an attorney June, 1910, and counselor three years later. He is a member of Century Lodge, No. 100, F. & A. M. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 10,953 over Foley, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket and in 1915 he was given a third term by a plurality of 13,411 over Fischer who led the Democratic poll.

Last year Mr. Barradale served as chairman of the Committees on Railroads and Canals, Sinking Fund and State Library, and as a member of the Committees on Revision of Laws, Public Health and Federal Relations.

W. CLIVE CROSBY.

(Rep., East Orange.)

Mr. Crosby was born at Darien, Ga., April 8th, 1871, and is engaged in general merchandise warehousing. He never before held public office. He has lived in New Jersey for the last eleven years, and previously was a resident of New York State twelve years. He has been engaged in the city of New York in the warehousing business for twenty-three years. He is a real estate owner in New Jersey. He is a thirty-third degree Mason and a member of Brooklyn Masonic bodies. Mr. Crosby is president of the Municipal Art League of East Orange, chairman of the Joint Legislative Committee of New Jersey Automobile Trade Dealers Association, New Jersey Automobile and Motor Club and Associated Automobile Clubs of New Jersey.

In 1914 he was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 10,907 over Foley, the highest candidate

on the Democratic ticket, and in 1915 was elected to a third term by a plurality of 13,576 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Education and Home for Boys and as a member of the Committees on Corporations, Municipal Corporations, Rules and Social Welfare.

WILLIAM P. BERRY.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Berry was born in Newark, N. J., August 10th, 1890, and is the youngest member of this Legislature, as he was of the 1915 session. He is secretary of the firm of John J. Berry & Bros., Inc., conducting a general real estate and insurance business. Mr. Berry was educated in St. James School, Newark, and Fordham University. He is a member of many social and fraternal organizations, and in 1914 was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 11,260 over Foley, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket. He was the second highest man on his Assembly ticket in 1914 and the highest in 1915. He was re-elected by a plurality of 14,560 over Fischer, the leading Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases and as a member of the Committees on Insurance, Unfinished Business, Ways and Means, Village for Epileptics and Federal Relations.

CHARLES CLARKE PILGRIM.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Pilgrim was born at Bridgeton, N. J., September 6th, 1874, and is a lawyer. He received his education in the public schools of Bridgeton, N. J., and Pennington Seminary. He studied law in the office of Joseph Coult and James E. Howell (now Vice-Chancellor), was admitted as attorney November term, 1898; as counselor November term, 1901, and January 2d, 1899, started practice of law in Newark, where he has continued it ever since.

He is a member of General Henry W. Lawton Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., No. 284; Kane Lodge, No. 55, F. & A. M.; Radiant Star Lodge, No. 190, I. O. O. F., and Woodside Council, No. 1358, Royal Arcanum.

He was a member of the Assembly of 1915 when he served as chairman of the Committee on Taxation and as a member of the Committee on Judiciary, also of the Special Committee on the operation of the Society for Cruelty to Animals. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,528 over Fischer, the highest Democrat.

Mr. Pilgrim was elected Speaker for the session of 1916.

EUGENE TUTTLE SCUDDER

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Scudder was born at East Orange, N. J., August 1st, 1889, and is in the automobile business in Broadway, New York City, being the junior member of the firm of Cook & Macconnell. His education was obtained under private tuition until he was prepared at Dwights' for Columbia College. He is a member of the Order of Free and Accepted Masons, and resides with his parents, Benjamin Norton and Belle Tuttle Scudder, at 27 East Park street, Newark, N. J.

He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,180 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Navigation and as member of the Committees on Elections and Home for Feeble-Minded Women.

HARRY D. JOHNSON.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Johnson was born in Newark, N. J., April 22d, 1866, and is a steamfitter by trade. He received his education in the public schools of Newark and had a course through business college. He is a member of Essex Council, No. 161, Jr. O. U. A. M., Newark Lodge of Elks, No. 21, and Newark Aerie, No. 44, F. O. of E. Mr. Johnson has always been a Republican and a worker for his party. Heretofore he has held no public office. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,638 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Printed Bills and as a member of the Committees on Towns and Townships, State Library and Bill Re-

vision, and chairman of the special Committee on the operation of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and as a member of the special Committee on the Fishing Industry.

GEORGE M. TITUS.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Titus was born at Hackettstown, N. J., and is a lawyer. He was educated in the public schools and C. C. I. at Hackettstown; studied law with A. Q. Keasby & Sons at Newark; admitted as an attorney in June, 1880; as counselor February, 1899, and always practiced in Newark. He was under sheriff of Essex county, 1890-'93; member of the common council of the city of Newark, 1898, '99, and leader of the majority in council in the latter year. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 12,896 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served on the Committees on Revision of Laws, Riparian Rights and School for Deaf Mutes.

EDWARD SCHOEN.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Schoen was born in New York City May 23d, 1881, and is a lawyer. He is the son of Leopold C. and Hanna Schoen, residents of Newark; is married and has one son, Ivan Lewis Schoen. He was graduated from the Newark Public Schools; holds degree of LL.B. from New York Law School, from which institution he was graduated in 1903; was admitted to the bar of New Jersey in November, 1902, the high man of those admitted at that term, and as a counselor in 1905; has practiced law in Newark since admission to the bar; practice largely trial work. Mr. Schoen was a member and vice-president of the Board of Education of the city of Newark two years. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,458 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Home for Girls and as a member of the Committees on Towns and Townships, Miscellaneous Business and State Prison; also as chairman of the Committee on the Fishing Industry.

SEYMOUR PARKER GILBERT.

(Rep., Bloomfield.)

Mr. Gilbert was born at Bloomfield, N. J., September 14th, 1864, and is in the real estate business. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and graduated from New York Law School in 1906. He was elected four times a member of the Town Committee of Bloomfield, 1890-'97, and was chairman, 1891-'92; was a member of the Board of Assessors four years, 1900-'04; elected a member of the small Board of Freeholders in 1911 for two years, and on the expiration of his term as Health Commissioner in January, 1915, had served twenty-five years on that Board, having been health officer about ten years; from April, 1897, to August, 1906. He is also a member of the Board of Trade and chairman of its Legislative Committee for some years; is president of the East Side Improvement Association of Bloomfield, the Essex H. and L. Company, No. 1, and for ten years of the Exempt Firemen's Association of Bloomfield. Mr. Gilbert was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,629 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings and as a member of the Committees on Highways, Bill Revision, Public Health and Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.

MARCUS W. DE CAMP.

(Rep., Roseland.)

Mr. De Camp was born in Roseland, Essex county, N. J., February 18th, 1870; is in the automobile and bus line business and salesman for the Garford Motor Company. He traces his ancestry back to the Revolutionary War, and is the son of Wilbur W. De Camp, First Sergeant of Company D, Twenty-Sixth Regiment, N. J., volunteers in the late Civil War. He was a member of the Board of Education from 1898 to 1912, president of that body from 1906 to 1908, and secretary 1908 to 1912; also a member of the Essex County Republican Committee 1908 to 1914, and of the Western Essex Republican Association, and ever since its inception; he is a member of Roseland Grange, No. 108, P. of H. since 1889, of which he

was master for five years; belongs to other social and fraternal organizations, and is a life long Republican and worker for his party. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,403 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Soldiers' Home and as a member of the Committees on Boroughs and Borough Commissions and Claims and Pensions.

HERBERT J. BUEHLER.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Buehler was born in Newark, N. J., November 18th, 1884, and has resided there all his life. He is in the manufacturing business, being a partner of the firm of Buehler Bros., manufacturers of chocolate pudding and jelly powder, which is located in Newark, N. J. He received his education in the public schools of Newark, and the New Jersey Business College. He is a member of Pythagoras Lodge No. 118, F. & A. M., and Henry Clay Council, Jr. O. U. A. M. No. 95. This is the first time he has held public office.

He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 13,703 over Fischer, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

PAUL R. SILBERMAN.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Silberman was born in Bucharest, Rumania, June 30th, 1882. He received his education in a university of his native land and came to this country at the age of eighteen years, establishing his residence in Newark. He is the organizer and president of the East Side Coal Co. of Newark, N. J. Mr. Silberman is a junior student at the New Jersey Law School and has always been actively interested in civic welfare. He is a recognized leader amongst his local Rumanian countrymen. In 1910 he was the regular Republican nominee for freeholder from the third ward, and notwithstanding the fact that that year was marked by a monumental Democratic landslide, he failed to be elected by only a small majority. Mr. Silberman has been elected for the tenth consecutive time to represent the eighth district of the third ward in the Essex County Republican Committee.

He is a member of the Indian Republican Club, U. S. Grant Club, Norther Lodge No. 25, F. & A. M.; Admiral Sampson Lodge No. 152, I. O. B. A.; Union Lodge, O. B. A.; Denholtz Lodge, Order of King Solomon, First Rumanian Sick Benefit Society, Rumanian Young Men's Association, Rumanian Congregation, a director of the Success Building and Loan Association and of the Third Ward Building and Loan Association, in addition to which he is also affiliated with numerous other social, civic and benevolent associations.

Mr. Silberman was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 11,983 over Fischer, the highest Democratic candidate.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Barradale, 35,661; Berry, 36,810; Buehler, 35,953; Crosby, 35,826; DeCamp, 35,653; Gilbert, 35,879; Johnson, 35,888; Pilgrim, 35,778; Schoen, 35,708; Scudder, 35,430; Silberman, 34,233; Titus, 35,146.

Democrats—Caffrey, 22,109; Caruso, 21,641; Conway, 22,002; Farley, 22,088; Fischer, 22,250; Forlenza, 21,621; Freund, 21,807; Kenny, 21,889; McDonough, 21,931; McFadden, 21,780; Walsh, 21,809; Welshman, 21,261.

Independent Citizens—Adams, 7,942; Condit, 6,893; Hedden, 6,843; Hoot, 6,335; Ingalls, 6,651; Ingersoll, 6,643; Littell, 6,554; Monro, 6,329; Robinson, 6,368; Shaw, 6,509; Vanderhoff, 6,436; Yarrow, 6,295.

Socialists—Ashton, 3,546; Burns, 3,533; Frackenpohl, 3,464; Granath, 3,380; Katz, 3,540; Klein, 3,587; Knep, 3,569; O'Leary, 3,456; Rosenkranz, 3,474; Sherwin, 3,426; Smith, 3,463; Strobell, 3,596.

Progressive-Roosevelt—Bostock, 1,129; Jerolaman, 1,191; Ketcham, 1,280; Lesnik, 1,067; Lozier, 1,127; Meier, Jr., 1,092; Roberts, 1,134; Stevens, 1,083; Taylor, 1,214; Wootton, 947.

Prohibitionists—Brant, 751; Elwood, 692; Jansky, 603; Kirkland, 664; Linney, 621; MacMillan, 676; Robinson, 658; Roff, 612; Ryerson, 621; Shaw, 656; Smith, 660; Tunison, 620.

Gloucester County.**OLIVER J. WEST.**

(Rep., Bridgeport.)

Mr. West is a native of Gloucester county and was born near Bridgeport, July 22d, 1881. He is the son of Hon. James West, a prominent farmer, and who was a member of the Assembly 1888-'90. His education was obtained in the schools of Logan township and in Philadelphia. He is an active Republican and an earnest advocate of the advancement of agriculture.

Fraternally, Mr. West is a Mason, Knight of Pythias, Elk, Moose, member of Tall Cedars of Lebanon and a Granger.

In 1914, Mr. West was re-elected by the largest majority ever given in Gloucester county, being 1,930 over Porch, Democrat. He was given a third term in 1915 by a plurality of 1,828 over the same Democratic opponent.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Unfinished Business, and as a member of the Committees on Agriculture, Highways, Taxation, Sinking Fund and Home for Feeble-Minded Women.

1915—West, Rep., 3,878; Porch, Dem., 2,050; Underwood, Pro., 1,479; Brown, Soc., 201.

Hudson County.**JAMES C. AGNEW.**

(Dem., West Hoboken.)

Mr. Agnew was born in New York City, September 10th, 1874, and is a lawyer by profession. He is an attorney and counsellor-at-law, both in New Jersey and New York, and was educated in the public schools of New York City and New York University. He is a member of many fraternal and social organizations.

Mr. Agnew served in the House of Assembly four years, 1910-1913, and was again elected in 1914 and 1915. During President Wilson's administration as governor of New Jersey, Mr. Agnew was one of his most faithful and loyal supporters. Mr. Agnew was

always a firm believer in the principle of electing United States Senators by the direct vote of the people, and at a joint session of the Legislature held on January 23d, 1911, he cast the first vote for the election of James E. Martine to the United States Senate, and for the first time in the history of New Jersey, a United States Senator was elected as a result of the direct vote of the people. Mr. Martine offered himself as an aspirant for the Democratic nomination for his office at a primary election held in November, 1910, and at this election, he received the highest number of votes. Mr. Agnew was chairman of the Committee on Municipal Corporations during the first year of Governor Wilson's administration, and it was largely due to his untiring zeal and energy that the Geran Election act, the Corrupt Practice act, the act creating a Board of Public Utility Commissioners, the Commission Government act, and the Employers' Liability act were adopted. Upon the appointment by Governor Fielder of Thomas F. Martin as Secretary of State to succeed the late David S. Crater, deceased, Mr. Agnew succeeded Mr. Martin as the leader of the minority during the legislative session of 1915. Mr. Agnew, at both general elections held in 1914 and 1915, was the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket. In the latter year he received a plurality of 20,302 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican candidate.

TIMOTHY FRANCIS AARON.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Aaron was born in London, England, in 1855, and follows the business of a letterer and designer. He came to New York from England when eighteen months old and in 1890 settled in Jersey City and still resides in the Greenville section. He was graduated from a public school in New York City, also from the Christian Brothers Transfiguration R. C. School. He is Past Chief Ranger, Court Sherwood No. 151, F. of A. He worked in different law offices as a boy for three years, but being somewhat of a genius for lettering, it appealed to him more than the law business, so he adopted it as a profession. He worked for C. R. R. of N. J. sixteen years as a letterer, and still continues the sign business.

He was elected three times as a justice of the peace, each term being five years. Mr. Aaron was elected to the Assembly in 1915 by a plurality of 18,156 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican candidate.

GEORGE JAMES BRACKNER.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Brackner was born at Los Angeles, Cal., November 18th, 1863, and is a professional embalmer. He was formerly employed at the United States Navy Pacific Station. When he was only fourteen months old his parents moved to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he attended Public School No. 22. He worked as a private messenger boy during the latter part of 1876 and the early part of 1877, for Samuel J. Tilden in New York City. He ran away from home in August, 1877, and joined the United States Navy at Callas, Peru, served time, was honorably discharged and returned home to New Jersey. He was elected coroner of Hudson county, N. J., in 1887, was defeated for the same office in 1894, and was again elected in 1902. Mr. Brackner was elected a member of the Street and Water Board of Jersey City in 1908 for a term of three years, but was defeated for re-nomination in 1911. He was a member of the Assembly in 1914, and was elected in 1915 by a plurality of 19,503 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

JOSEPH CARROLL.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Carroll was born at Hyde, Cheshire, England, May 1st, 1871, and is an insurance broker. He was educated in St. Paul's Parochial School and Flowery Field Public School, Hyde. He took a course in Smart's Business College, London, England. At the age of twelve he became a collector for the Royal Liver Friendly Society, Liverpool, under the supervision of his father, who was the first life insurance agent at Hyde. He was advanced to the position of agent, but resigned in January, 1893. Mr. Carroll emigrated to Boston, Mass., in February, 1893. He went to Woonsocket, R. I., and accepted a position as agent for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Com-

pany, New York, and gradually became superintendent and organized branches from Rhode Island to Texas. After a service of twenty years he resigned and embarked in the insurance business on his own account in Jersey City and has met with great success. Mr. Carroll was a member of the Assembly in 1914 when he served on the following important committees: Banks and Insurance, Home for Feeble-Minded Children, State Prison and Passed Bills.

At the primary election of 1915 he was third highest candidate on his ticket for the Assembly nomination, and at the regular election he was re-elected by a plurality of 18,002 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican candidate.

CHARLES F. DOLAN.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Dolan was born in Ireland, September 22d, 1879, and is in the insurance business. His parents emigrated to this country when he was one year old and settled in Jersey City, where he has since resided. He was educated in St. Bridget's Parochial School and in the night schools and correspondence schools, Jersey City. At the present time he is employed by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. of New York. He is Deputy Grand Knight of Hope Council No. 483, K. of C.; Past President of Division No. 6, A. O. H., and a member of the Wolfe Tone and Clanna-Gael clubs, Jersey City. He has been prominent in amateur theatricals and singing societies in Hudson county.

Mr. Dolan was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 18,704 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

JOHN J. DUGAN.

(Dem., Bayonne.)

Mr. Dugan was born in Bayonne, March 25th, 1887, and is in the real estate business. He was elected to the House of Assembly in 1915 by a plurality of 18,821 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican candidate.

DENNIS DUNN, JR.

(Dem., Kearny.)

Mr. Dunn was born in Harrison, N. J., November 7th, 1867, and is in the coal and contracting business. He was educated in St. Pius' School, now the Holy Cross Christian Brothers, and at St. Benedict's College, Newark, N. J. He was School Commissioner of the town of Harrison for two terms, 1887-'88, Street Commissioner of the town of Kearny one term, 1901, a member of the Hudson County Democratic Committee for a number of years and is a member of Kearny Council, Knights of Columbus. He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 18,617 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

CHARLES H. FELTEN.

(Dem., West Hoboken.)

Mr. Felten was born in New York, December 28th, 1879, and is a Web pressman. He is standard bearer of Charles H. Felten Association, president of the Hudson Country Central Labor Union, an organizer of the American Federation of Labor, a member of Hoboken Lodge, B. P. O. E., No. 74; of Hoboken Lodge, F. O. E., No. 603, and of the Web Pressmen's Union No. 34. Mr. Felten was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 18,558 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican. He never before held public office.

THOMAS GREGORY GANNON.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Gannon was born at Jersey City, N. J., in 1879. He is an associate of James H. McBride Company, publishers and dealers in law books, New York City. He received a grammar school education at St. Bridget's, Jersey City; later was three years at High School at New York Preparatory, New York City; two years as a law student, and was for six years clerk and manager for Robinson & Co. He was a member of the Assembly in 1914, and in 1915 was elected by a plurality of 18,495 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

- HARRY KUHLLKE.
(Dem., West New York.)

Mr. Kuhlke was born in New York City, January 3d, 1866, and is in the real estate business as auctioneer. He entered the college of the city of New York, but shortly afterwards resigned to take employment with the banking house of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of New York and Boston, where he remained for over twelve years, and left to take up the position of traveling salesman, which he was compelled to relinquish when he was elected in 1912 to the Assembly. He is a member of Ancient Lodge No. 724, F. & A. M., of New York City. He was a member of the Assembly in 1913-'14, and was again elected in 1915 by a plurality of 17,592 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

ALLAN WILLIAM MOORE.
(Dem., Hoboken.)

Mr. Moore was born in Chicago, Ill., August 24th, 1888, and is a lawyer. In 1900 he was graduated from No. 2 School in Hoboken; went to the Hoboken High School for three years, 1900-1903, and then attended St. Francis Xaviers College in New York. Upon completing the preparatory school course there he engaged in the real estate business with Charles R. Faruolo, at No. 45 E. Houston street, New York, in 1905. He remained there about four years and during the last two years studied law at Fordham Law School, finishing in 1909. He took a post-graduate course at the New Jersey Law School, finishing and graduating in 1910. He studied law with Ex-Senator Wm. D. Edwards in Jersey City, and was admitted to the bar as an attorney in 1911, and as a counselor-at-law in June, 1914, when he was appointed a Master in Chancery. He has law offices at No. 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City. He was counsel to the Hoboken Board of Health from June, 1912, to June, 1914; president of the Hoboken Democratic Club for three years from 1908 to 1911. He never ran for office before. Has lived in the fifth ward, Hoboken, twenty-five years.

Mr. Moore was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 18,681 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

ALEXANDER SIMPSON.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. Simpson was born in Jersey City, June 12th, 1869, and is a lawyer. He was formerly a newspaper man. He was a member of the Assembly in 1898 from Hudson county. In 1915 he was again elected by a plurality of 18,490 over George W. Ritter, the highest Republican.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Democrats—Aaron, 37,749; Agnew, 39,895; Brackner, 39,096; Carroll, 37,595; Dolan, 38,297; Dugan, 38,414; Dunn, Jr., 38,210; Felten, 38,151; Gannon, 38,088; Kuhlke, 37,185; Moore, 38,274; Simpson, 38,083.

Republicans—Anderson, 15,896; Bauridel, 19,139; Brennan, 19,154; Clerihen, 16,522; Feehan, 16,109; Febling, 16,156; Murphy, 16,537; Prior, 16,421; Ritter, 19,593; Smith, Jr., 16,533; Teeling, 16,869; Williams, 18,409.

Prohibitionists—Adams, 1,249; Byl, 3,033; Dilts, 957; Emery, 3,030; Jones, 1,060; Knox, 1,055; Lincks, 3,078; Meade, 3,143; Merikle, 778; Smith, 885; R. Smith, 793; Taylor, 958.

Socialists—Bauer, 3,457; Greiner, 3,106; Hinsch, 3,084; Kiehn, 3,113; McKenney, 2,991; Mizrakjian, 2,859; Niebuler, 3,056; Petzolt, 2,938; Pitcher, 2,901; Ring, 3,025; Schmidt, 3,114; Weiershauser, 2,855.

Progressives—Bland, 1,967; Bogart, 2,113; Freienschner, 1,885; Houston, 1,985; Jones, 2,162; Klusmann, 4,514; Lindaberry, 2,041; Palmer, 2,119; Riall, 3,893; Ruby, 4,377; Stengel, 1,811; Vosburgh, 1,894.

Hunterdon County.

REV. HARRY J. IOBST.

(Dem., Cokesbury.)

Mr. Iobst was born at Emaus, Pa., August 11th, 1877, and is a minister of the Gospel, Methodist Episcopal. He spent twelve years on the Reading Railway as messenger boy, telegraph operator, ticket agent and train dispatcher. While engaged in railroad work he was staff correspondent on Reading, Penna., "Daily Eagle" for nine years. During this period he

also studied law and theology. Later he graduated from the Drew Theological Seminary, after studying with Taylor University. From his youth he has taken part in public affairs. He has always interested himself in the spiritual, mental, physical and civic welfare of his country. Although having a large parish in the Methodist Episcopal Church, belonging to the Newark Conference, he takes time to interest himself in the affairs of his country. He is well known and has hosts of friends who admire him for his religious as well as political convictions. He is a son of a veteran. His father, John Z. Iobst, was leader of the 104th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers in the Civil War. His brother served five years in the Philippine Islands. Mrs. Iobst is a daughter of Rev. H. U. Sebring of Philadelphia Conference. He has one daughter, Josephine.

In 1914, Mr. Iobst received a majority of 1,555 as Assemblyman from Hunterdon on the Democratic ticket, and in 1915 he was re-elected by a plurality of 1,671 over Dilley, Republican. Last year he served on the Committees on Agriculture, Social Welfare, State Library and Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.

1915—Iobst, Dem., 4,328; Dilley, Rep., 2,657; McEwen, Pro., 150.

Mercer County.

JAMES HAMMOND.
(Rep., Trenton.)

Mr. Hammond was born at Trenton, N. J., August 21st, 1882, and is a lawyer. He attended the Trenton High School, New York Law School, and was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in 1909. He is a member of the Sons of St. George, Knights of Pythias, Royal Arcanum, Modern Woodmen, American Mechanics and Patriotic Order Sons of America. This is his third term as a member of the Assembly. In 1915 he received a plurality of 721 over Rudolph L. Marshall, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Corporations and as a member of the Committees on Incidental Expenses, Judiciary, Stationery and Sinking Fund.

A. DAYTON OLIPHANT.
(Rep., Trenton.)

Mr. Oliphant was born in Trenton, October 28th, 1887, and is a lawyer. He is a son of Henry D. Oliphant, for many years clerk of the United States Circuit Court, and a grandnephew of William L. Dayton, the first Republican candidate for vice-president of the United States. He studied law with Samuel D. Oliphant, and after attending Princeton University and the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania was admitted to the bar in November, 1911. Mr. Oliphant is a member of Phi Delta Theta Fraternity, and for three years has been treasurer of the Mercer County Bar Association. From 1913 to '16 he served as secretary of the Mercer County Republican and Executive Committees. He is solicitor of Pennington borough, and a member of the Masonic Fraternity and Patriotic Order Sons of America. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 1,782 over Rudolph L. Marshall, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Militia and as a member of the Committees on Appropriations, Commerce and Navigation, Clergy, Public Grounds and Buildings and Village for Epileptics; also on the special Committee on Civil Service Investigation.

JOSIAH T. ALLINSON.
(Rep., Yardville.)

Mr. Allinson was born at Yardville, N. J., April 19th, 1858, and is a farmer and lives on a two-hundred acre farm in Hamilton township, Mercer county. He was educated at a private school at Crosswicks, a Friends' Boarding School at Westtown, Pa., and the State Model School, Trenton. He also attended the Bryant & Stratton's Business College in Philadelphia. He took a course in sanitary engineering and mechanical drawing at Franklin Institute.

After serving as Commissioner of Appeals, Mr. Allinson was elected assessor of Hamilton township. Not only did he make many friends while in the latter office, but raised the ratables over \$1,000,000. For more than fifteen years Mr. Allinson has been interested in grange work and served as secretary six

years and master one year of Hamilton grange. For six years he was secretary of Mercer County Pomona Grange.

He was president of the Mercer County Board of Agriculture seven years and was the moving spirit in the establishment of the Mercer County Farm Bureau and was its first president. He is serving his third year on the board of managers of the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station at New Brunswick and is a member of a committee of five to purchase land in South Jersey for the establishment of a sub-experiment farm for which the State has appropriated \$25,000. In 1909 he was appointed by the governor on a committee to report to the Legislature on the Fish and Game laws. He served three years on the Finance Committee of the New Jersey State Grange.

Mr. Allinson was an active member of the Young Republican Campaigning Club and is a member of the present Republican Club, also a member of Fraternal Lodge No. 139, F. & A. M.; Trenton Forest, Tall Cedars of Lebanon, and a charter member of Rutland, Vt., Lodge No. 345, B. P. O. E.

He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 1,787 over Rudolph L. Marshall, Democrat.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Allinson, 11,149; Oliphant, 11,144; Hammond, 10,083.

Democrats—Marshall, 9,362; Ward, Jr., 6,281; Vanderbilt, 5,208.

Socialists—Buck, 681; Spair, 1,209; Kuhn, 649.

Middlesex County.

ELDON LEON LOBLEIN.

(Dem., New Brunswick.)

Doctor Loblein was born in New Brunswick, N. J., January 13th, 1888, and is a doctor of veterinary medicine and surgery. He has lectured on veterinary science at Rutgers College and Short Course Agricultural College for the past four years; is secretary of the Veterinary Medical Association of New Jersey,

which position he has held since 1912, and received the degree of V.M.D. at the University of Pennsylvania after attending Rutgers College for two years.

He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 426 over George S. Applegate, the highest Republican.

Last year he served on the Committees on Riparian Rights, New Jersey Reformatory and Village for Epileptics.

CHARLES ANDERSON.

(Dem., South River.)

Mr. Anderson was born at Hightstown, N. J., October 6th, 1869, and is in the real estate and insurance business. In 1875 his father removed to Spotswood and four years later to South River. While the son was attending public schools he engaged in business with his father which was continued for some time. When only twenty-one, young Mr. Anderson became a commissioner, also treasurer of the town of Washington, by which name South River was then known. In 1898 the borough of South River was incorporated when he was elected borough clerk; a position he has held ever since under several administrations. He was a leader in the movement that gave the new borough municipal lighting, water and sewerage. He has been a member of the Board of Education and clerk of that body since 1896. Mr. Anderson was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 506 over George S. Applegate, the highest Republican.

Last year he served on the Committees on Claims and Pensions, Insurance and Treasurer's Accounts.

RICHARD J. GALVIN.

(Dem., Perth Amboy.)

Mr. Galvin was born at Elizabethport, N. J., May 4th, 1874, and is a plumbing and heating contractor. He was elected an Exise Commissioner in 1900 and served until 1903, and to the Board of Aldermen of the city of Perth Amboy and served two terms—four years. He was elected to the House of Assembly by a plurality of 93 over George S. Applegate, the highest Republican.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Democrats—Anderson, 9,054; Galvin, 8,641; Loblein, 8,974.

Republicans—Applegate, 8,548; Goldberger, 7,393; Schneider, 8,291.

Progressives—Blow, 372; Wright, 443; Reid, 415.

Prohibitionists—Robinson, 464; Deacon, 470; Perry, 494.

Monmouth County.**HARRY G. VAN NOTE.**

(Dem., Oakhurst.)

Mr. Van Note was born at Oakhurst, N. J., March 19th, 1872, and is in the contracting, painting and decorating business, and also a fire insurance agent. He was formerly a freight and baggage agent at Elberon for the N. Y. & L. B. Railroad Company. He was educated in the Oakhurst Grammar and Long Branch High Schools; was assessor of taxes in Ocean township from January 1st, 1905, to January 1st, 1913; was appointed July 1st, 1914, district clerk Board of Education, Ocean township; was secretary to the Ocean township Board of Health seven years, from July 1st, 1907, and at present is secretary of the Monmouth County Mosquito Extermination Commission, having been appointed August 1st, 1911. He served as clerk to the Committee on Municipal Corporations of the House of Assembly in 1913, and was bill clerk in 1914.

He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 1,764 over Thomson, Republican.

Last year he served on the Committees on Federal Relations, Ways and Means, School for Deaf Mutes and Sinking Fund.

ELMER HENDRICKSON GERAN.

(Dem., Matawan.)

Mr. Geran was born at Matawan, N. J., October 24th, 1875, and is a lawyer. He was graduated from Glenwood Military Institute at Matawan in 1892, and attended Peddie Institute at Hightstown from 1893 until 1895, where he was also graduated. In the fall of 1895 he entered Princeton College, and was graduated from Princeton University in the class of

1899. He attended the New York Law School from 1899 to 1901, and was a student in the law office of Collins & Corbin, Jersey City, during that time, and was admitted to the bar in the latter year. He remained in that office until 1904 and then opened law offices for himself in Jersey City and at Matawan, and has been practicing at those places ever since. He was attorney for the borough of Matawan, 1908, 1909, was a member of the Assembly in 1911, 1912, and was sponsor for the Geran Election law. He was appointed a member of the State Water-Supply Commission by Governor Wilson in 1912 for a term of five years, and resigned that office in 1915. He is Assistant Prosecutor of Monmouth county. He was elected to the Assembly in 1915 by a plurality of 1,869 over Thomson, Republican. He was chosen minority leader for the session of 1916.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Democrats—Geran, 9,596; Van Note, 9,491.
Republicans—Thomson, 7,727; Reid, 7,495.
Progressives—Knox, 402; Haveron, 229.
Prohibitionist—Taylor, 276.

Morris County.

GEORGE W. DOWNS.
(Rep., Madison.)

Mr. Downs was born at Hackettstown, N. J., October 14th, 1855, and is engaged in the paper board business. He received his education in the public schools of Hackettstown. He served as Councilman for the borough of Madison from September, 1904, to May, 1910, when he was elected Mayor to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mayor Anderson. He was again elected in 1911 for a two-year term, covering the years 1912-13. His services as Councilman and Mayor together cover a period of nearly ten years. It was largely through his efforts that the Board of Public Improvement was organized in Madison in February, 1912, and the Mayors Society of Morris County in February, 1913. He was elected president of that society. He is a member of Madison Lodge, No. 93, F. & A. M., the Madison Golf Club and Board of Public Improvement.

In 1915 he was elected to the Assembly for a third term by a plurality of 3,274 over Theodore S. Hill, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Towns and Townships and School for Deaf Mutes and as a member of the Committees on Elections and Federal Relations.

HARRY W. MUTCHLER.

(Rep., Rockaway.)

Mr. Mutchler was born at Asbury, N. J., October 8th, 1862, and is a traveling salesman. He has resided in Morris county practically all his life. When a young man he attended the Phillipsburg High School. His first employment was as clerk in a general store at New Foundland, N. J., where he stayed seven years, and next he became acting manager for Lawrence & King, at Stanhope, N. J., and subsequently was employed by the Richards Beach Company, at Hibernia, for seven years as bookkeeper, and for the past twenty years has been a traveling salesman for Edward D. Depew & Co., wholesale grocers, of New York City.

Mr. Mutchler is a member of Acacia Lodge, No. 20, F. & A. M.; Citizens Lodge, No. 144, I. O. O. F.; Bethlehem Encampment, No. 50, I. O. O. F.; No. 195, Jr. O. U. A. M., and Rockaway Council, No. 1349, Royal Arcanum; and he is also a member of the Rockaway Fire Department and Board of Trade, and a director of the Rockaway First National Bank, and Rockaway Building and Loan Association. He was a member of the Borough Council of Rockaway and served as mayor two terms, 1908 to 1912.

He was elected to the Assembly for a third term by a plurality of 3,335 over Theodore S. Hill, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Public Health and as a member of the Committees on Banks and Banking, Game and Fish, and Village for Epileptics.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Downs, 7,043; Mutchler, 7,104.

Democrats—Hill, 3,769; McCormack, 3,662.

Socialists—Haglund, 379; Lindemann, 405.

Prohibitionists—King, 626; Loree, 527.

Progressives—Megie, 670; Moore, 697.

Ocean County.**DAVID GROVE CONRAD.**

(Rep., Barnegat.)

Mr. Conrad was born in Philadelphia, Pa., March 16th, 1867, came to Barnegat in 1874, and has been in the lumber and mill business all his life. He was appointed for one year a member of the Board of Freeholders, 1905, and was elected as such in 1906-'09-'12, without any opposition. He is one of the directors of the Tuckerton bank and a stockholder in the Barnegat Water Company. Mr. Conrad is a member of Barnegat Lodge, No. 71, K. of P.; State Council, No. 202, Jr. O. U. A. M., and of Cedar Run Lodge, I. O. O. F. He was a candidate for the Assembly in 1911 and was defeated by Harry E. Newman by a plurality of 459. In 1912 he was elected to that office by a plurality of 424 over Haag, Democrat; in 1913 he was re-elected by a plurality of 357 over Moore, Democrat; in 1914 he was given a third term by the increased plurality of 819 over Conly, Democrat, and in 1915 he was the recipient of a fourth term by a plurality of 380 over Clayton, Democrat.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Game and Fish, and Stationery, and as a member of the Committees on Highways, Incidental Expenses, Treasurer's Accounts and State Prison.

1915—Conrad, Rep., 2,240; Clayton, Dem., 1,860; Bunnell, Pro., 124.

Passaic County.**GEORGE H. DALRYMPLE.**

(Rep., Passaic.)

Mr. Dalrymple was born at Marshall's Corner, now Glenmore, Mercer county, New Jersey, August 6th, 1861. In the year 1876 he moved to Trenton with his parents, where he continued to reside until 1892, when he left that city to take a position with the Okonite Insolated and Wire Company, of Passaic, N. J. Here he took up the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in 1897.

Mr. Dalrymple has served Passaic City in various capacities. He was School Commissioner for four years, 1899-1903; represented his county in the Assembly for three years, 1903-'05, and was appointed police judge January 17th, 1905. This office he held until January 17th, 1910.

Mr. Dalrymple has been most active in the charitable work of this city. He successfully organized Passaic's first playground, worked diligently until the movement was assured, and was a valued member and chairman of Passaic's Playground Commission, 1910-1913.

He was induced to run independently in 1913, and won his Assembly nomination by an overwhelming majority, heading his ticket. His triumph was repeated at the poles on election day, when he was given a plurality of 2,415 over Joelson, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket. In 1914 he was re-elected by the increased plurality of 4,424 over Hinchliffe, the highest candidate on the Democratic-Progressive-Roosevelt ticket and again in 1915 by the further increased plurality of 6,607 over John R. Fitzgerald, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket. This is his sixth year of service as a member of the Assembly and is marked by a fine record for ability, industry and alertness.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Bill Revision and Riparian Rights and as a member of the Committees on Taxation and Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.

JOHN HUNTER.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Mr. Hunter was born at Glasgow, Scotland, in July, 1869, and is a proprietor of baths. He is well known as a labor leader and organizer, serving as treasurer of the United Broad Silk Weavers of America for a term of six years. He served three years as doorkeeper of the General Assembly, was appointed Factory Inspector in 1898, for a term of three years by Governor Voorhees, and was keeper of the Passaic County Jail for four and one-half years under Sheriffs Sturr and Bergen. He is a life-long Republican, and among his friends are leading members of his party in Passaic county and throughout the State. He was elected to the Assembly for a third term by an increased plu-

rality of 7,289 over John R. Fitzgerald, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, and a member of the Committees on Militia, Miscellaneous Business and Home for Boys.

EDMUND B. RANDALL.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Mr. Randall was born in the city of Paterson, N. J., February 12th, 1883, and has always resided there. He is the only son of Thomas W. Randall, a well-known lawyer of that city. He attended school in Paterson until fourteen years of age, when he entered Mohegan Lake School, a preparatory school at Peekskill-on-the-Hudson, where he remained for three years and then entered Princeton University, graduating in 1904. Immediately thereafter he entered the law offices of the firm of Crouse & Perkins, at Jersey City. While connected with that firm he attended the New York Law School, from which he graduated in 1907. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar in the June term of that year, and immediately began the practice of his profession at Paterson. In 1910 he entered into a law partnership with Mr. Gustav A. Hunziker, the firm being known as Hunziker & Randall. Mr. Randall was a member of the Fifth Regiment N. G. of N. J. for a period of five years, serving as second lieutenant of Company C, and retired from service in 1911. Mr. Randall's political faith has always been Republican. Three years subsequent to his admission to the State bar he became a counselor-at-law. He is a Supreme Court Commissioner of N. J., and president of the Board of Health of the city of Paterson. He was president of the Princeton Alumni Association of Passaic county and is a member of the Board of Directors of the Charity Organization. He was elected to the Assembly for a third term by an increased plurality of 6,616 over John R. Fitzgerald, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

JOHN H. ADAMSON.

(Rep., Clifton.)

Mr. Adamson was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, December 20th, 1851, and is a carpenter, builder and

general contractor. He came to this country over forty years ago and settled in Clifton where he has since resided. He was president of Fire Company No. 1, of Clifton, having served six years in that office, and was also president of the Fire Department of Acquackanonk township with a record of two years. For three years he has been president of the Exempt Firemen's Association of the same township. He is a member of the Legislative Committee of the State Firemen's Association, and also of the Commission of Old Age Pensions and Industrial Insurance. He is a member of the Trade Board of the New York Master Carpenters' Association to adjust labor difficulties in the building industry of New York City, and also of the Building Trades Employers' Association.

Mr. Adamson has always taken a great interest in civic affairs and has largely contributed by his efforts in the reduction of fire insurance rates in Acquackanonk, which were brought down from seventy-five cents to fifty cents per hundred dollars, and was also actively associated in compelling the water company to install meters and greatly reduce the rates to consumers, and looks upon legislative problems from the business man's viewpoint.

He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 4,446 over John R. Fitzgerald, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

JOSIAH DADLEY.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Mr. Dadley was born in Coventry, England, and came to this country with his parents at the age of five; he received his education in the public schools of Paterson; at the age of thirteen he went to work in the silk mills and became a silk ribbon weaver. He studied law in the evening class, New York Law School, was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney at the June term, 1907, and as a counselor at the same term, 1910. He has practiced in Paterson since his admission. He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 4,339 over John R. Fitzgerald, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Randall, 16,497; Hunter, 17,170; Dalrymple, 16,488; Adamson, 14,327; Dadley, 14,220.

Democrats—Fitzgerald, 9,881; Schoen, 9,722; McDermott, 7,173; Hilfman, 6,989; Croal, 6,915.

Socialists—Connolly, 2,515; Conover, 2,550; Bender, 2,511; Derrick, 2,401; Klaving, 2,207.

Prohibitionists—Ackerman, 2,212; Coombs, 1,814; Peters, 1,673; Wood, 1,460; Troost, 1,388.

Social Labor—Butterworth, 333; Ernst, 307; Rauer, 243; Rosenbluth, 317; Yannarelli, 259.

Salem County.**LEMUEL HAMPDEN GREENWOOD.****(Rep., Elmer.)**

Mr. Greenwood was born at Fairton, Cumberland county, N. J., August 18th, 1872, and is the son of Robert K. and Tempa Greenwood. He removed to Elmer with his parents in 1881 where he attended the public schools, gaining the highest honors to be obtained in that town, when he was sixteen years of age. He then entered the employ of the Elmer Times as an apprentice printer and pressman and remained with that paper until about 1891 when his father purchased the Lower Mill property near Elmer, and erected a factory there for the manufacture of cotton and wool spindles. He entered the employ of his father and has been connected with him ever since. He was united in marriage in 1900 to Mary M., only daughter of Emma V. and the late Oliver P. Hitchner, of Elmer. Mr. Greenwood has been C. of R. of Itah Tribe of Red Men for nearly eleven years, is a Past President of Camp No. 76, P. O. S. of A.; a member of Elmer Lodge No. 160, F. & A. M.; a member of the Salem County Republican Executive Committee for the past fourteen years, has been vice-president and is now president of Volunteer Fire Company No. 1; secretary of the Elmer Gunning Club; member of the Official Board of the Elmer M. E. Church and is vice-president of the local Board of Education.

He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 579 over Wheatley, Democrat.

Last year Mr. Greenwood served on the Committees on Agriculture, Banks and Banking, Taxation, Soldiers' Home and Home for Boys.

1915—Greenwood, Rep., 2,375; Wheatley, Dem., 1,796; Woolman, Pro., 107.

Somerset County.

OGDEN HAGGERTY HAMMOND.

(Rep., Bernardsville.)

Mr. Hammond was born at Louisville, Kentucky, October 13th, 1869, and is an insurance broker. He was graduated at Phillips Exeter Academy in 1889 and at Yale University 1893. He entered business at Superior, Wisconsin, 1893, and was alderman of the sixth ward of that city for two years, 1896-'98, serving as chairman of the Finance Committee. He was married in 1907 and moved to Bernardsville and has lived there ever since. He is chairman of the Township Committee of Bernards township, having been elected a member of the committee in 1913. He was First Lieutenant of Company I, Third Regiment, Wisconsin National Guard, three years, 1894-'96. He was defeated for the Assembly in 1913 by Azariah M. Beekman by 466, and was elected in 1914 by a plurality of 868 over Bodin, Democrat. He was re-elected to the Assembly in 1915 by a plurality of 1,303 over Swackhamer, Democrat, which is the record vote in the county for Asesmblyman.

Last year he served on the Committees on Appropriations, Corporations, Militia and State Library and as chairman of the Civil Service Investigating Committee.

1915—Hammond, Rep., 3,802; Swackhamer, Dem., 2,499; Prog., Wheeler, 118; Murphy, Pro., 84.

Sussex County.

EDWARD ACKERSON.

(Dem., Lafayette.)

Mr. Ackerson was born in Sparta township, Sussex county, N. J., November 14th, 1869, and is a farmer.

He has been a member of the Township Committee from 1911 to the present time, and also of the Board of Health, 1914, 1915. He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 162 over Philip S. Wilson, Republican.

1915—Ackerson, Dem., 2,398; Wilson, Rep., 2,236; Roe, Pro., 154.

Union County.

CHARLES LINS COTT MORGAN.

(Rep., Elizabeth.)

Mr. Morgan was born in Elizabeth, N. J., July 11th, 1879, and is a counselor-at-law. He attended the public schools of his native city and was graduated from the Battin High School. Afterwards he read law with ex-Governor Foster M. Voorhees and attended the New York Law School. Was admitted to practice as an attorney in June, 1905, and as a counselor in June, 1909. Has practiced law in Elizabeth since his admission to the bar and was for some time associated with former Judge C. A. Swift, under the firm name of Swift & Morgan. Mr. Morgan is an expert in real estate law, which requires a wide knowledge of business affairs. He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 3,767 over William A. Leonard, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Village for Epileptics and New Jersey Reformatory and member of the Committees on Municipal Corporations, Miscellaneous Business and Riparian Rights.

ARTHUR N. PIERSON.

(Rep., Westfield.)

Mr. Pierson was born at Westfield, N. J., June 23d, 1867, and is in the wholesale sewer pipe and clay products business, with offices in New York City. He was educated in the public school, Pingry Academy, and John Leal's Academy. He is president of the Westfield Board of Trade and of the Westfield Town Plan and Art Commission. Mr. Pierson has always voted the Republican ticket.

In 1914 he was elected to the Assembly by a plu-

rality of 2,696 over Dobbins, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket. In 1915 he was re-elected by a plurality of 4,019 over William A. Leonard, the highest candidate on the Democratic ticket.

In the Assembly last year, Mr. Pierson served on the Appropriation, the Insurance, the Towns and Townships Committees, and was chairman of the Social Welfare Committee. He was appointed chairman of the Commission for the Survey of Municipal Financing.

WILLIAM NELSON RUNYON.

(Rep., Plainfield.)

Mr. Runyon was born at Plainfield, N. J., March 5th, 1871, and is a lawyer. He was prepared for college at the Plainfield High School; was graduated from Yale in 1892, and while there was a member of D. K. E., and "Scroll and Key" senior society; graduated from the New York Law School in 1894; admitted to the New York bar the same year; to the New Jersey bar as attorney 1898 and counselor 1901.

He was a member of the Plainfield Common Council for two years and city judge for twelve years; is a member of the Masonic fraternity, of the Elks and the Knights of Pythias; also a member of the Yale Club of New York and the Graduate Club of New Haven. He was leader of the majority in the Assembly at the 1915 session and discharged the duties of the position with marked ability and uniform courtesy. He served as chairman of the Committees on Judiciary and Rules. Judge Runyon was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 4,561 over Leonard, the highest Democrat, running 542 ahead of his ticket.

THE TOTAL VOTE.

Republicans—Morgan, 11,607; Pierson, 11,859; Runyon, 12,401.

Democrats—Leonard, 7,840; Meek, 7,154; Reville, 6,659.

Socialists—Bentell, 1,649; Lloyd, 1,555; Keyes, 1,605.

Progressives—Furber, 863; Van Dyke, 678; Knapp, 902.

Prohibitionists—Chandler, 237; Van Cise, 231; Moore, 272.

Warren County.**ALONZO DIVERS HERRICK.**

(Dem., Hackettstown.)

Mr. Herrick was born at Washington, New Jersey, on June 8th, 1873. His family, which traces back to Erick, the Forester of Denmark, located in Washington in 1867. After his graduation from the public school he became a clerk in the Washington post office, entered the railway mail service and for several years was a mail officer in the ocean mail service. He retired from this service to become associated with his father-in-law, R. S. McCracken, in the management of the American Hotel at Hackettstown, one of the oldest hostelries in the State and is now engaged in the florist and landscape gardening business, being a member of the firm of Herrick and Roos, Hackettstown. He has been active in Democratic politics and his election to the Legislature was his first candidacy for public office. Mr. Herrick belongs to the Masonic order, the Elks, P. O. S. of A., Knights of Pythias, and is an officer of St. James Episcopal Church.

He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 878 over Pierson, Republican.

Last year he served on the Committees on Game and Fish, Ways and Means, Public Printing and Home for Girls, and was appointed a member of the Commission for the Survey of Municipal Financing.

1915—Herrick, Dem., 4,074; Pierson, Rep., 3,196; Conkling, Prog., 100; Fowler, Pro., 250; Stubblebine, Soc., 107.

Summary.

House—Republicans.....	40	Democrats.....	20
Senate—Republicans.....	13	Democrats.....	8
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	53		28

Republican majority on joint ballot, 25.

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

JOHN RELLSTAB, Trenton.

Judge Rellstab, who was born in Trenton, N. J., September 19, 1858, is a son of John and Theresa (Schaidnagel) Rellstab, the former a native of Switzerland and the latter of Bavaria. He obtained his education in the parish school of the Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church and the public schools of the city of Trenton. Before he was fourteen years of age he began to learn the pottery trade. During the latter part of his apprenticeship he began the study of law at night, having entered his name with the late Levi T. Hannum. In order to complete his law studies he left the trade of potter after becoming a journeyman and took a clerical position in the office of the New Jersey Pottery Company, later taking charge of the company's salesrooms in New York City and subsequently becoming salesman on the western and southern routes for the same firm. At a later period he served in the capacity of commercial traveler for the East Trenton pottery. Having chosen law as his profession, he kept steadily on with that one end in view and was finally admitted to the bar at the November term, 1882, and as a counselor at the November term, 1889. At one time he was a partner of the late Judge James Buchanan. He served in the capacity of solicitor for the borough of Chambersburg from 1884 to 1888, and for the city of Trenton from 1889 to 1892, and from 1894 to 1896. In the last-named year he was made Judge of the District Court for the city of Trenton, serving until 1900, when he was made Judge of Mercer county. He was reappointed to the latter office in 1905. In politics Judge Rellstab is a staunch supporter of Republican principles. In religious faith he adheres to that of the Presbyterian Church, in which he is a ruling elder and teacher of the men's Bible class. He is one of the directors of the Young Men's Christian Association, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Work of the same so-

ciety, the chairman of the Advisory Board of the Florence Crittendon Mission, and a member of the Board of Managers of the New Jersey Children's Home Society. He was appointed United States District Judge on May 6, 1909, and was confirmed on May 18. He was succeeded by Frederick W. Gnichtel as Judge of the Mercer County Court.

His salary is \$6,000 a year and his office is a life tenure.

THOMAS G. HAIGHT, Jersey City.

Judge Haight was born at Colts Neck, near Freehold, New Jersey, August 4th, 1879, and is a son of John T. and Mary (Drummond) Haight.

He obtained his education at the Freehold Military Institute and Princeton University. He attended the New York Law School, from which he was graduated in 1900, with a degree of LL.B., and also served a clerkship in the office of Edmund Wilson, formerly attorney-general of New Jersey. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar as an attorney in November, 1900, and as counselor in February, 1904. He began the practice of law in Jersey City as managing clerk for Queen & Tennant, with which firm he continued until its dissolution in January, 1905, when he formed a partnership with the junior member, George G. Tennant. This partnership continued until Mr. Tennant was appointed judge of the Hudson County Common Pleas Court by Governor Wilson, in 1913. In 1911 he was appointed assistant city attorney of Jersey City by Mayor Wittpenn, and continued as such until he resigned in March, 1913, to become county counsel of Hudson county, which latter position he held until his appointment to the Federal bench. In February, 1914, he was appointed United States District Judge for the District of New Jersey by President Wilson.

In politics, Judge Haight has always been a Democrat, and until his appointment to the bench was active in the independent branch of that party in Hudson county. He was a delegate to the Baltimore convention, from the twelfth New Jersey Congressional District, and worked diligently for the nomination of Governor Wilson for the Presidency.

In 1905, Judge Haight married Annie M. Crater, daughter of the late David S. Crater, who was sec-

retary of State of New Jersey. He is a nephew of the late General Charles Haight, for many years prosecutor of Monmouth county.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

Chancellor.

EDWIN ROBERT WALKER, Trenton.

(Term seven years, salary \$13,000 per annum.)

Chancellor Walker was born in Rochester, New York, September 13th, 1862, where his father, Dr. Walter Walker, practiced medicine and surgery, but since 1869 he has lived in Trenton, the home of his maternal ancestors, two of whom were officers in the American army during the Revolutionary war, and one of whom was State Treasurer of New Jersey.

Mr. Walker went to the Model School until 1878, when he left to become clerk in the office of the late Hon. Henry S. Little, then Clerk in Chancery. While serving a clerkship in the Chancery office he studied law with the late Col. S. Meredith Dickinson and afterwards with Judge Garret D. W. Vroom. He was admitted to the bar at the June term of the Supreme Court, 1886, and at once thereafter commenced the practice of his profession, in which he was actively engaged until appointed to the bench. In 1891-92 Mr. Walker was counsel for the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Mercer, and in 1892-93 was city counsel for the corporation of Trenton. Mr. Walker was Judge-Advocate of the Second Regiment, N. G. N. J., with the rank of Captain in 1906, and in 1907 was made Judge-Advocate of the Second Brigade with the rank of Major. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie on October 29, 1907, for a full term of seven years, to succeed Vice-Chancellor Bergen, who resigned to become a Justice of the Supreme Court. On March 18th, 1912, Governor Wilson nominated Mr. Walker for the office of Chancellor to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Chancellor Mahlon Pitney, and he was promptly confirmed by the Senate.

The Chancellor is a Democrat in politics.

Vice-Chancellors.

(Term seven years, salary \$12,000 a year.)

JOHN R. EMERY, Morristown.

Vice-Chancellor Emery was born in Flemington, Hunterdon county, N. J., July 6th, 1842. He was graduated from Princeton College in 1861, and studied law under Bennet Van Syckel, since a Justice of the Supreme Court, and also under the late Vice-Chancellor Van Fleet. He was a commissioned officer in the Fifteenth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteer Infantry, in the Civil War, but, contracting fever while in the service, was mustered out for physical disability. In 1865 he was admitted to the bar, when he formed a partnership with Mr. Van Fleet, which continued for one year. Then he went to Trenton, where he formed a partnership with the late Augustus G. Richey, which was continued until 1874. The next year he moved to Newark, where he opened a law office and soon built up an extensive practice. He has never held any political office. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor McGill on January 29th, 1895, for a full term of seven years, to succeed the late Vice-Chancellor Van Fleet. He was re-appointed by Chancellor Magie in 1902, and by Chancellor Pitney in 1909. In politics he is a Republican. His term will expire in January, 1916.

FREDERIC W. STEVENS, Newark.

Vice-Chancellor Stevens was born in Hoboken, N. J., June 9th, 1846. He was graduated from Columbia Law College in 1865; was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney in November, 1868, and as a counselor three years later. He first came into public life in 1873, when he was appointed Judge of the Second District Court of Newark. He remained in that position for two years. In 1889 the Judge was appointed County Counsel of Essex county, and filled that office for some years. Although he has not held any other public offices, Mr. Stevens has always been a prominent figure in some of the biggest legal fights ever made in the State and County Courts. One of those was the settlement of the back taxes of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company. In that case he and Judge Dillon acted as arbitrators. He is a member of the Ecclesiastical Law Committee of the Protestant

Episcopal Diocese of Newark, and, with the late Cortlandt Parker, revised all of the canons governing that body. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor in 1896, as a successor to John T. Bird. In 1903 he was appointed for another term, and again in 1910. In politics he is a Democrat. His term will expire in 1917.

EUGENE STEVENSON, Paterson.

Vice-Chancellor Stevenson was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 28, 1849. He moved to Paterson with his parents in 1866, and has since resided there. He was graduated from the New York University as a Bachelor of Arts in the class of 1870, and was also graduated from the Law Department of the same institution. Subsequently he entered the law office of Socrates Tuttle, father-in-law of the late Vice-President Hobart, where he continued his studies. In June, 1874, Mr. Stevenson was admitted to the bar as an attorney-at-law, and three years later was made a counsellor. In 1881 he was appointed a Prosecutor of the Pleas for Passaic county by Governor Ludlow. He served a full term of five years in that office. He did not seek a reappointment. Since that time he has never held a public office, although he has often been sought as a candidate for such. Prior to his elevation to the bench he enjoyed a very large practice in the higher courts of the State. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor on April 16, 1901, for a full term of seven years. He was reappointed in 1908 and again in 1915. In politics he is a Democrat. His term will expire in 1922.

EDMUND B. LEAMING, Camden.

Vice-Chancellor Leaming, who was born at Seaville, Cape May county, N. J., fifty-eight years ago, is the son of ex-Senator and Dr. Jonathan F. Leaming and a brother of Dr. Walter S. Leaming, now deceased, who also served as Senator from Cape May. The Vice-Chancellor was, with his brother, educated under a private tutor, and subsequently as a post graduate in the University of Pennsylvania, and thereafter studied law with the late Judge and former Congressman James Buchanan in Trenton. United States Judge William M. Lanning, Congressman Ira Wood, Prosecutor of the Pleas Eugene Emley, Alfred L. Black, Samuel W. Beldon and Samuel Walker, Jr.,

were law students in Trenton at the same time and prepared for the bar with Vice-Chancellor Leaning. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in February, 1881, and as a counselor in February, 1884. From Trenton he went to Seattle, and then to San Francisco, where he practiced his profession for a brief period. Upon his return to New Jersey he formed a co-partnership with Samuel W. Beldon. Upon its dissolution by the appointment of Mr. Beldon as general counsel of the Fidelity Trust Company, at Newark, N. J., he practiced by himself in Camden and until he was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie on September 21, 1906, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Martin P. Grey. In 1913 he was appointed for another term by Chancellor Walker. In politics he is a Republican. His term will expire in 1920.

JAMES E. HOWELL, Newark.

Vice-Chancellor Howell was born in Wantage township, Sussex county, N. J., June 25, 1848. He attended the common schools in that locality, and finishing in them was sent to Mt. Retirement Seminary, near Deckertown, now Sussex. This was a well-known academy in those days and was sometimes called Stiles' School. Taking up the law as his profession, Mr. Howell studied at the University of Michigan, from which he was graduated. He also read law in the office of Coult & VanBlarcom at Newton. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney in February, 1872, and as a counselor in June, 1880.

In 1874 Mr. Howell came to Newark and has lived there ever since and practised his profession until he became a Vice-Chancellor. On January 1, 1876, he formed a co-partnership with Joseph Coult, which lasted under the well-known firm of Coult & Howell until he accepted his present office. Being much interested in literature, he owns a valuable private library and is a trustee of the Newark Free Public Library. He served as a commissioner for the erection of the new City Hall in Newark, under appointment of the late Mayor Seymour, and paid especial attention to the details of the construction of the building. He served on the Essex County Sinking Fund Commission for several years, belongs to the Board of Trade, the Road Horse Drivers' Association, the State Bar Association, and is a member of

several clubs. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie to succeed Henry C. Pitney, who had resigned, and received his commission April 9, 1907, for a term of seven years. He was re-appointed by Chancellor Walker in 1914 for another term, which will expire in 1921. In politics he is a Republican.

VIVIAN M. LEWIS, Paterson.

Vice-Chancellor Lewis was born at Paterson, N. J., June 8th, 1869. Prior to his admission to the bar he was engaged as correspondent of several New York newspapers. He was appointed judge-advocate of the old Second Regiment, National Guard, in July, 1896, and served until the reorganization in 1899, when he was placed on the retired list with the rank of captain. He was elected to the Assembly in 1898, 1899 and 1900, and was leader of the Republican majority on the floor of the House during his last term. He was for many years one of the counsel of the State Board of Health. He was elected City Counsel of Paterson in 1904 for a full term of office, but resigned upon his appointment by Governor Murphy as Clerk in Chancery, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Edward C. Stokes, who was elected Governor. He was nominated for a full term of office in 1905, by Governor Stokes, and was confirmed by the Senate. He served in that office until April, 1909, when he was appointed Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, which office he held until April 3d, 1912, when he was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker. He was the Republican candidate for Governor in 1910. His term will expire in 1919.

JOHN H. BACKES, Trenton.

Vice-Chancellor Backes was born in Trenton, N. J., August 18th, 1863. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney at the November term, 1884, and in February, 1888, he was licensed as a counsellor. He has always practiced his profession in Trenton. In politics he is a Democrat.

Mr. Backes was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker on February 22d, 1913, for a term of seven years, at a salary of \$12,000 per annum.

JOHN GRIFFIN, Jersey City.

Vice-Chancellor Griffin was born in Jersey City, June 26th, 1858. He was educated in the public schools and at an early age entered the law offices of Bedle, Muirheid & McGee as a student. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in June, 1881, and as a counsellor three years later. At one time he was a partner of James A. Romeyn, and subsequently became a junior partner in the old firm headed by the late Governor Bedle. He specialized in admiralty law, of which he became a recognized authority. He has had an extensive practice in all the higher courts of the State and in the Supreme Court of the United States. Much of the municipal laws of the State have been framed by him, and for seventeen years he has been counsel to the Board of Freeholders of Hudson county.

Mr. Griffin was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker, March 20th, 1913, for a term of seven years. His salary is \$12,000 per annum. In politics he is a Democrat.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

(Term of office, seven years. The salary of the Chief Justice is \$13,000 a year, and that of each Associate Justice, \$12,000.)

Chief Justice.**WILLIAM S. GUMMERE, Newark.**

Chief Justice Gummere was born in Trenton, June 24th 1852, and is a son of the late Barker Gummere, who for many years was one of the acknowledged leaders of the bar of New Jersey. The Justice was educated at the old Trenton Academy and the Lawrenceville School, and was graduated from Princeton College in 1870. He studied law with his father, and upon being admitted to the bar he practiced for a time in the office of G. D. W. Vroom, when that gentleman was Prosecutor of the Pleas for Mercer county. Subsequently Mr. Gummere formed a co-partnership with his uncle, the late ex-Governor Parker, in Newark, and after that had been dissolved he was associated with Oscar Keen, of the same city. This continued until the late Edward T. Green was made Judge of the United States District Court, when Mr. Gummere succeeded him

as counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, with offices in Trenton. On February 18th, 1895, he was appointed by Governor Werts as a Justice of the Supreme Court, to succeed the late Justice Abbett for a term of seven years, and he was unanimously confirmed by the Senate on the day following. On January 28, 1901, he was nominated by Governor Voorhees for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, to take effect on November 16, 1901. and he was confirmed on February 4th following. The nomination was made to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Chief Justice David A. Depue, who, after serving a period of thirty-five years on the bench, vacated the office on November 16th, 1901. Chief Justice Gummere took the oath of office on November 19, 1901. He was reappointed by Governor Fort on January 22d, 1908, and was at once confirmed by the Senate. In 1915 he was nominated for another term by Governor Fielder and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. In politics he is a Republican. His term will expire in 1922. His circuit comprises Essex county. Population, 566,324.

CHARLES GRANT GARRISON, Merchantville.

Justice Garrison was born in Swedesboro, Gloucester county, N. J., August 3d, 1849. He is a son of Rev. Joseph Fithian Garrison, D. D., a well known divine of the Protestant Episcopal Church, who was a professor in a Philadelphia college for a number of years, and died in 1893. The Judge was educated at Edgehill School, Princeton, at the Episcopal Academy, Philadelphia, and in the University of Pennsylvania, from which he graduated as a physician in 1872. He practiced that profession until 1876, at Swedesboro, and then entered the law office of Samuel H. Grey, of Camden, where he remained until he was admitted to the bar in 1878. He was made Judge-Advocate General of New Jersey in 1884, and in 1882 he was made Chancellor of the Southern Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church of New Jersey. He was appointed to the Supreme Court bench in January, 1888, in the place of the late ex-Governor Joel Parker, for a full term of seven years. He was re-appointed in 1895 by Governor Werts and again by Governor Murphy in 1902 and by Governor Fort in 1909. In politics he is a Democrat. His term expires in 1916.

His circuit consists of the counties of Camden and Gloucester. Total population, 209,808.

FRANCIS J. SWAYZE, Newark.

Justice Swayze was born in Newton, Sussex county, May 15th, 1861, and is a son of Jacob L. Swayzé. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1879, and afterward studied law in the office of Martin Rosenkrans, in Newton. He also took a course at Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey in June, 1882, and was made a counselor-at-law three years later.

The Judge served as Chairman of the Sussex Republican County Committee from 1886 to 1889. He was a member of the Republican State Committee from 1889 to 1892, and was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1892. In that year he removed to Newark and thereafter confined himself to the practice of his profession. He became a member of the law firm of Colie & Swayze, later Colie, Swayze & Titsworth. On February 13th, 1900, he was nominated by Governor Voorhees as a Circuit Court Judge to succeed Francis Child and he was unanimously confirmed by the Senate for a term of seven years. On January 13, 1903, he was nominated by Governor Murphy as a Justice of the Supreme Court to succeed Justice Collins, who had resigned, and the nomination was confirmed by the Senate on January 20, for a full term of seven years. He was renominated in 1910 and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire in January, 1917. His circuit comprises the county of Hudson. Population, 571,371.

THOMAS WHITAKER TRENCHARD, Trenton.

Justice Trenchard was born in Centreton, Salem county, N. J., December 13th, 1863. His father was William B. Trenchard, for many years Clerk of the County of Cumberland. The Judge was educated in the public schools of Bridgeton and in the South Jersey Institute, from which he was graduated in the class of 1882. He read law in the office of Porter and Nixon, and was admitted to the bar as an attorney at the November term of court in 1886, and as a counselor in February, 1893. He practiced law in Bridgeton, and in 1899 he was appointed Law Judge of Cumberland county by Governor Voorhees. In 1904 he was reappointed by Governor Murphy. He served as City Solicitor of Bridgeton from 1892 to 1899, and was a member of the House of Assembly in 1889. During many years he was Solicitor for the Board of Health of Bridgeton. He was one of the organizers of the Cumberland County Bar

Association and has served as its president. In 1896 he was chosen a Presidential Elector, when he cast his ballot for McKinley and Hobart. The Judge is a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution. On June 8th, 1906, Governor Stokes appointed him a Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Justice Dixon. He was nominated and confirmed for a full term in 1907. In 1914 he was re-appointed for another term by Governor Fielder and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Mercer, Hunterdon and Warren. Population, 218,823. His term will expire in 1921.

CHARLES W. PARKER, Jersey City.

Justice Parker was born at Newark, N. J., October 22, 1862, and is a son of the late Cortlandt and Elizabeth W. (Stites) Parker. He received his preliminary education at Pingvy School, Elizabeth, N. J., and Phillips Exeter Academy, Exeter, N. H. He was graduated from Princeton College with honors in 1882; read law under the direction of his father and at Columbia Law School from 1882 to 1885; was admitted to the New Jersey bar as an attorney in June, 1885, and as a counselor at the February term, 1890. He practiced his profession in Newark till 1890, and thereafter in Bayonne City, and since 1891 in Jersey City. In 1898 he was appointed a District Court Judge for Jersey City, and in 1903 he was reappointed. He resigned that office in 1903 and accepted an appointment by Governor Murphy as a Judge of the Circuit Court. The appointment was unanimously confirmed by the Senate and he took his seat on March 2, 1903. This office he held until October, 1907, when he resigned to become a Justice of the Supreme Court, to which office he was nominated by Governor Stokes and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate on September 25 for a full term of seven years. He succeeds John Franklin Fort, who had resigned upon his nomination as the Republican candidate for Governor. He served as Assistant Adjutant General of the State from 1902 to 1907, after twelve years enlisted and commissioned service in the Essex Troop and Fourth Regiment, and was aide de camp on the staff of Governor Franklin Murphy, during the latter's term of office. In politics the Justice is a Republican. His

term will expire in 1921. He was re-appointed by Governor Fielder in 1914 and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Morris, Bergen and Somerset. Population, 304,233.

JAMES J. BERGEN. Somerville.

Justice Bergen is a lineal descendant of Han Hanson Bergen, who came from Holland to New York city and was the progenitor of nearly all those bearing the name in America. He married Sarah Rappelyea, who, it is said, was the first white child born in the New Netherlands. Mr. Bergen's New Jersey ancestor was a grand'son of the original emigrant, and owned considerable tracts of land in the counties of Somerset and Hunterdon. The family is among the oldest of the Holland-Dutch settlers in this country, and its members have always been conspicuous in business, professional and public affairs.

The Justice is a son of John J. and Mary A. (Park) Bergen, and was born October 1, 1847, in Somerville, N. J., where he has always resided. He attended the old brick academy in his native town, and was graduated from Calvin Butler Seminary of the same place in 1863. At the age of seventeen he entered upon the study of law with the late Hugh M. Gaston, of Somerville, with whom he remained until he was admitted as an attorney at the November term in 1868. During the following year he practised his profession in Plainfield, N. J. On January 1, 1870, he returned to Somerville and formed a law partnership with his preceptor, Mr. Gaston, which was continued under the firm name of Gaston & Bergen for twenty years, when Mr. Gaston withdrew. He was made a counselor in November, 1871.

He was elected to the Legislature in 1875, 1876, 1890 and 1891, serving as Speaker of the Assembly during the sessions of 1891 and 1892, and in 1896 was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention. In 1877 he was appointed by Governor Bedle as Prosecutor of the Pleas of Somerset county, which office he held for six years. He was president of the Board of Commissioners of Somerville and of the savings bank for a long time, and has been a director of the First National Bank of that place. He was especially active in organizing police and fire departments, and is cred-

ited with creating the public sentiment which made possible the introduction of a sewage system and other public improvements in Somerville.

In March, 1904, he was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie for a full term of seven years, and on October 11, 1907, Governor Stokes sent his nomination as a Justice of the Supreme Court to the Senate, which was confirmed without reference. He took the oath of office on October 16, 1907. His term will expire October 11th, 1921. He was re-appointed by Governor Fielder in 1914 and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Union and Middlesex. Population, 312,038. In politics he is a Democrat.

JAMES F. MINTURN, Hoboken.

Justice Minturn was born at Hoboken, N. J., July 16th, 1860. He was educated in the Hoboken public schools and the Martha Institute. Afterward he entered college, but was forced to retire owing to ill health, and he completed his studies under the tutelage of Prof. Louis Barton, a graduate of Rutgers College. He was graduated from the Columbia College Law School, New York, with the degree of LL.B. He then entered the office of Ogden & Niven in Hoboken and there completed his study of New Jersey law. He was admitted to the bar of New York as an attorney and counselor. In 1884 he was appointed Corporation Attorney of Hoboken and was retained in that office until he became a Circuit Judge, twenty-one years altogether, despite political changes in administration.

He represented Hoboken in many notable law suits, carrying them through the highest courts of the State and the United States Courts. In 1889 he represented that city in the dispute over the ownership of the river front, in which the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company were parties in litigation. The case went through the State Courts and was taken to the United States Supreme Court.

The Justice was counsel for the late Henry George in the celebrated case of the John Hutchins will, of Camden, in which considerable money was bequeathed for the circulation of George's works. After going

through the Court of Chancery, it was taken on appeal to the Court of Errors and Appeals, where the claim of Mr. George was sustained. Mr. Minturn at one time declined the appointment of District Court Judge of Hoboken. He was one of the organizers of the Hudson County and State Bar associations. In 1903 he wrote an article, which appeared in the New Jersey Law Journal, discussing the proposed constitutional amendments, taking the ground, while not opposing them, that they were insufficient for the relief of the courts. He also contributed to Belford's Magazine an article, entitled "The Iniquities of the Tariff." A Latin scholar and linguist, he is also an orator and a lecturer of high rank.

In 1884 Mr. Minturn was appointed Judge-Advocate of the old Second Regiment, National Guard, and served seven years and until the regiment was amalgamated with the Fourth. He is an honorary member of the DeLong Guards of Hoboken. He has always taken an active interest in military affairs and has won several medals at the Sea Girt ranges and qualified as an expert marksman.

The Justice was one of the organizers of the Free Public Library of Hoboken and of the State Charities Aid Association. He also helped organize the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and was its counsel for several years. He has been president of the First National Bank of Guttenburg and vice-president of the Ocean County Trust Company.

He was elected Senator in Hudson county in 1904 and served in that office until he took his seat as Circuit Judge. He was nominated for the Judgeship by Governor Stokes on June 21, 1907, was unanimously confirmed by the Senate and was sworn into office on July 31. On January 22, 1908, he was nominated by Governor Fort as Justice of the Supreme Court, and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. The degree of LL.D. was conferred on the Justice at Seton Hall College in June, 1908.

He was nominated for another term in 1915 by Governor Fielder and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate.

In politics he is a Democrat, and his term will expire in 1922. His circuit comprises the counties of Passaic and Sussex. Population, 262,341.

SAMUEL KALISCH, Newark.

Justice Kalisch was born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 18, 1851. He is a son of Isidor Kalisch, D.D., a noted Jewish divine, who was a pioneer in the establishment of Reformed Judaism in this country and died in Newark in 1886. Mr. Kalisch was educated in the public schools of Lawrence, Mass., and Detroit, Mich., and was also under the private tutelage of his father. He was graduated from the Columbia College Law School, New York, with the degree of LL. B. in 1870, and was in the office of the late William B. Guild, Jr., until he was admitted to the bar. He was city attorney of the city of Newark in 1875. He devoted himself to a general practice of the law and built up an extensive and lucrative practice. He was one of the most prominent trial lawyers in the state and was counsel in many notable cases, both civil and criminal. In politics he is a Democrat. His term will expire in 1918. His circuit comprises the counties of Monmouth, Burlington and Ocean. Population, 205,024.

CHARLES C. BLACK, Jersey City.

Justice Black was born on a farm in Burlington county, near Mount Holly, N. J., on July 29th, 1858. He was prepared for college at the Mount Holly Academy, and entered Princeton College in 1874, being graduated with the class of '78. He studied law at Mount Holly, N. J., and at the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney in June, 1881, and as a counselor in June, 1884. After being admitted to the bar he located at Jersey City, and has practiced law there until his appointment to the bench under the firm name of Black & Dayton.

He served for five years as a member of the Hudson County Board of Registration under the Ballot Reform Law. He was appointed as a member of the State Board of Taxation on March 21st, 1891, for a term of five years, was re-appointed for another term in 1896, and again in 1901. He was again appointed in 1904 for a term of five years. Mr. Black has made valuable additions to the literature of the law in his "Proof and Pleadings in Accident Cases," "New Jersey Law of Taxation" and "Law and Practice in Accident Cases." Mr. Black was the

Democratic candidate for Governor in 1904. He was appointed a member of "The Equal Tax Commission" by Governor Murphy. Governor Stokes nominated him on March 30, 1905, as a member of the new Board of Equalization of Taxes, and he was at once confirmed by the Senate. He served on that board until he was appointed a Circuit Judge by Governor Fort, on January 22d, 1908, to succeed Judge Minturn, who was appointed to the bench of the Supreme Court. The justice was appointed on June 13th, 1914, by Governor Fielder to a vacancy in the Supreme Court caused by the death of Justice Voorhees, which occurred on June 1st. He was nominated for a full term in 1915 and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland and Salem. Population, 197,020. His term will expire in 1922.

Circuit Court Judges.

(Term of office, seven years. Salary, \$9,000.)

FREDERIC ADAMS, Orange.

Judge Adams was born on October 9th, 1840, at Amherst, N. H. He was graduated from Phillips Academy at Andover in 1858, and from Yale College in 1862. He read law at the Harvard Law School in 1863 and '64, and was admitted to the bar of New York city in 1864. He was admitted to practice in New Jersey as an attorney in February, 1868, and as a counselor in November, 1873. Nearly his entire practice has been in the city of Newark, where he has been much occupied by his duties as Special and Advisory Master in Chancery. The only political offices he ever held were as Clerk of East Orange township, Essex county, and as counsel for the same township. On March 23d, 1897, he was nominated as Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals by Governor Griggs to succeed Judge Barcalow, who had been appointed as Judge of the Passaic County Courts. He was unanimously confirmed by the Senate on March 25, 1897. On January 13, 1903, he was nominated by Governor Murphy as a Judge of the Circuit Court for a full term of seven years, and on the 20th of that month he was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. He was renominated and confirmed for another term in 1910.

In politics the Judge is a Republican. His term will expire in January, 1917. His circuit comprises the county of Essex.

FRANK T. LLOYD, Camden.

Judge Lloyd was born at Middletown, Delaware, October 29th, 1859. He was graduated from the Middletown Academy, and after removing to Camden, in 1875, learned the trade of a compositor. During his apprenticeship he studied law with the Hon. James Otterson, of Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania in 1882. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar as an attorney in February, 1897, and as a counselor in February, 1900. In 1899, upon the death of the incumbent, he was designated by the Court to prosecute the pleas in Camden county, and was thereafter successively appointed to the position of Prosecutor by Governor Voorhees in 1900 and Governor Stokes in 1905. This position he held at the time of his appointment in 1906 by Governor Stokes to the bench of the Circuit Court. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1896 and 1897, the later year being chairman of the Judiciary Committee of that body, and is the author of the present marriage law of the State. He was a member of the Franchise Commission whose recommendations were in 1906 enacted into law by the Legislature. Judge Lloyd's circuit comprises the counties of Camden, Ocean, Mercer and Middlesex. In 1914 he was re-appointed by Governor Fielder and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire in 1921. In politics he is a Republican.

WILLIAM H. SPEER, Jersey City.

Judge Speer was born in Jersey City, N. J., October 21st, 1868. He was educated in Hasbrouck Institute in Jersey City and at Columbia University in New York city. He studied law at Columbia University Law School and in the office of John Linn in Jersey City. At the November term, 1891, he was admitted to the bar of New Jersey, and was made a counselor-at-law in June, 1895.

After being admitted to the bar, Judge Speer became a member of the firm of Linn & Speer, his partner being Clarence Linn, a son of John Linn. This partnership continued for a number of years. Mr. Speer was twice vice-president of the Hudson County Bar Asso-

clation, and became its president in 1903. On February 8th, 1903, Mr. Speer, having been appointed by Governor Franklin Murphy and confirmed by the Senate to the office of Prosecutor of the Pleas for Hudson county, qualified as such and held the office until December 30th, 1907, when he was appointed by Governor Edward C. Stokes as a Circuit Court Judge to succeed Charles W. Parker. On January 22d, 1908, he was appointed for a full term by Governor Fort, and in 1915 he was re-appointed by Governor Fielder.

Judge Speer has been active in politics, and is a member of the Republican party. At the time of his appointment as Judge he was a member of the firm of Speer & Kellogg, his partner being Frederick S. Kellogg. His circuit comprises the counties of Hudson and Morris. His term will expire in 1922.

NELSON Y. DUNGAN, Somerville.

Judge Dungan was born May 3, 1867, at Lambertville, Hunterdon county, N. J. He moved to Somerset county with his parents in 1873 and has lived there ever since, residing at the present time at Somerville. From 1883 to 1889 he was a teacher in the public schools of the county, teaching the last four years in Somerville.

He was admitted to the bar as an attorney-at-law at the November term, 1890, and as a counselor, November term, 1893, and as an attorney and counselor of the United States Supreme Court, November, 1896. He is also an attorney and counselor of the State of New York and of the District of Columbia. He is a special master in Chancery and a Supreme Court Commissioner. From 1895 to 1900 he was Prosecutor of the Pleas of Somerset county, and served as a member of the Board of Managers of the New Jersey State Village for Epileptics from 1903 to 1907. He was associated with John F. Reger under the firm name of Dungan & Reger, from April 1st, 1898, to March 24, 1911.

As a member of the National Guard of New Jersey he gained considerable prominence. He enlisted in the Guard as a private in Company H, Third Regiment, July 26, 1888, and served through the various grades until March 25, 1907, when he was elected Colonel of the Second Regiment, Infantry, which office he held

at the time of his appointment to the Circuit Court, and was subsequently, February 21st, 1912, appointed Brigadier-General by brevet. He was retired from the office of Colonel of the Second Regiment the day after he received his commission as Judge, which was March 24th, 1911.

The Judge has been assigned to Essex, Monmouth and Hunterdon counties. His term will expire on March 24th, 1918. In politics he is a Democrat.

HOWARD CARROW, Camden.

Judge Carrow was born in Camden, Del., in 1861. He went to Bridgeton, N. J., to reside in 1867, where he remained until 1873, when he removed to Camden county, where he has resided ever since.

Mr. Carrow was made an attorney in June, 1882, and a counsellor in June, 1885. He was made Judge of Camden District Court in 1891, and served one term of five years. In 1895 he was permanent Chairman of the Democratic State Convention that nominated Chancellor McGill for Governor. In 1894 he served on a commission appointed by Governor Werts to suggest constitutional amendments for changes in our judicial system, and was temporary Chairman of this distinguished body. He was twice a Delegate-at-Large to National Democratic conventions, and was a member of the National Democratic Committee and a Presidential elector, also a member of Democratic Committee of the State. He was appointed Judge of Court of Common Pleas of Camden County by Governor Wilson, April, 1912, and served until March, 1913, when he resigned to go on the Circuit bench. His term expires in 1920. His circuit comprises Burlington, Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland, Cape May and Atlantic counties.

LUTHER A. CAMPBELL, Hackensack.

Judge Campbell was born in Bergen county, N. J., November 28th, 1872. He read law with his father, the late Abraham D. Campbell, and was admitted to the bar in February, 1894. He formed a partnership under the name of A. D. & L. A. Campbell, which lasted until his father's death in October, 1896. Besides representing a large number of other municipalities in Bergen county, he served as counsel to

Hackensack for twelve years successively and as counsel to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Bergen county for six years successively.

Acting Governor Taylor appointed Mr. Campbell a Circuit Judge on January 6th, 1914. This was an ad interim appointment, and on January 20th, Governor Fielder sent his name to the Senate for a full term of office and he was promptly confirmed. His term will not expire until 1921. His circuit comprises the counties of Hudson and Bergen.

GEORGE S. SILZER, Metuchen.

Judge Silzer was born at New Brunswick, April 14th, 1870. He was educated in the public schools, and was graduated from the High School in 1888, being the valedictorian of his class; was admitted to the bar as an attorney in November, 1892, and as counselor in November, 1899. He practiced his profession in New Brunswick until his appointment as Circuit Court Judge in 1914.

He has served in the New Brunswick Board of Aldermen, and as chairman of the Democratic County Committee. In 1906 he received a unanimous nomination for State Senator in Middlesex county and conducted a successful campaign on the principle of anti-bribery. In 1909 he was renominated and re-elected by an increased plurality of 1,879 over Judge Hicks, Republican. During his six years service as senator he took a very prominent part in legislation and was one of the leaders of his party. In 1912 he was appointed prosecutor of the pleas of Middlesex county by Governor Wilson and served in that office until August 25th, 1914, when he was made a circuit judge by Governor Fielder. He was appointed for a full term of office in 1915. His term will expire in 1922. His circuit comprises the counties of Passaic, Union, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

Lay Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

(Term of office, six years. Compensation, \$20 a day for actual service. No mileage.)

WILLIAM H. VREDENBURGH, Freehold.

Judge Vredenburg comes from a very old New Jersey family, being the second son of the late Judge Peter Vredenburg. The first generation of the family on this side of the Atlantic, as appears from ancient records, sprang from William I. Vredenburg, who came to New Netherlands from The Hague in May, 1658, in the ship *Gilded Beaver*.

Peter Vredenburg, father of the present Judge, was a prominent jurist in both State and nation. He served two terms as an Associate Justice of the New Jersey Supreme Court, being first appointed by Governor Price, in 1855, and again by Governor Olden in 1862. Many of his decisions are regarded as being among the ablest reported.

Judge Vredenburg was born August 19th, 1840; was graduated at Rutgers College in 1859; studied law in the office of the late Governor Joseph D. Bedle; was admitted to practice as an attorney in June, 1862, and as a counselor in June, 1865. He is one of three sons, all of whom were lawyers.

After his admission, young Vredenburg began the practice of his profession at Freehold, his native town, and has continued to carry on the law business there ever since, with the exception of about a year, 1864, when he was located at Eatontown, to continue the business of his brother, Major Peter Vredenburg, Jr., who was absent in the military service, and who was killed September 19th, 1864, at the battle of Winchester, Va., at the head of his regiment.

In 1865 Mr. Vredenburg formed a law partnership with Phillip J. Ryall, which continued for about five years, until Mr. Ryall's falling health compelled his retirement from practice. In the exciting general election of 1884, Mr. Vredenburg was nominated by the Republicans of Monmouth county for State Senator, and was only defeated by the retirement of the regular Democratic candidate a few days before the election and the fusion of the Democrats and Prohibitionists, and by a very narrow majority.

In 1897 he was one of the special Commissioners to consider the question of railroad taxation, whose report became enacted into the body of the tax laws.

In November, 1897, he was appointed a Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals by Governor Griggs, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Judge Dayton. On January 12th, 1898, he was nominated for a full term of six years by Governor Griggs, and he was confirmed by the Senate on the 18th of the same month. On January 18th, 1904, he was appointed by Governor Murphy for another term of office, and on the 25th was confirmed by the Senate, and in 1910 he was renominated and confirmed for another term. In politics the Judge is a Republican. His term will expire in 1916.

JOHN JOSIAH WHITE, Atlantic City.

Judge White was born on his father's farm near Mount Holly, Burlington county, N. J., August 16, 1863. He is the eldest son of Josiah White and Mary Kirby (Allen) White, the ancestors of both of whom have been earnest members of and often prominent ministers in the Society of Friends in New Jersey and Pennsylvania since the first of them came to America, attracted by William Penn's "Invitation to Friends" emigrated thither in search of religious liberty during the latter part of the seventeenth century. Among these direct ancestors of Judge White who thus emigrated to America were Christopher White, who came in 1677 and settled at Alloways creek, Salem county, N. J.; William Haines, who settled at Burlington in 1682; also Samuel Smith, in 1694, who was a member of Assembly until his death in 1718; Joseph Kirkbride, who came to Philadelphia in 1682, and Mahlon Stacy, who settled in what is now South Trenton, in 1678, all from England, and besides these other distinguished ancestors from the same country. Another ancestor was Isaac Shoemaker, from Cresheim (now Kriegsheim) on the Rhine, who was one of a party of eighty German Quakers who founded Germantown.

Judge White attended Swarthmore College two years, leaving at the end of his sophomore year to enter as a student of law in the office of Nathan H. Sharpless, one of the leaders of the Philadelphia bar. He also attended the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his B. L. degree in 1884. He was admitted the same year to the bars of Philadel-

phia and Delaware counties, and three years later to the bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. He continued in active practice in Philadelphia until 1901, when he removed to Atlantic City and with his father and two brothers built the Marlborough-Blenheim hotel, of which they have since continued to be the sole owners and managers.

On June 14, 1911, he was appointed by Governor Wilson a lay judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Judge George R. Gray. In politics the Judge is a Republican. On January 29th, 1912, the Judge was nominated for a full term of office and was duly confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire in 1918.

HENRY S. TERHUNE, Long Branch.

Judge Terhune was born at Matawan, N. J., June 9th, 1860. He is a son of the late William L. Terhune, and nephew of the late Henry Stafford Little. He is a graduate of Princeton University and Columbia Law School. He studied law with Hon. John S. Applegate, of Red Bank. Was admitted as an attorney in 1885, and as a counselor in 1890. He has practiced law at Long Branch since his admission. For many years Mr. Terhune was Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of his county, and in 1892 was elected to the State Senate. Mr. Terhune was appointed a Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals by Governor Wilson on February 3d, 1913, for a term of six years. His term will expire in 1919.

ERNEST J. HEPPENHEIMER, Jersey City.

Judge Heppenheimer was born in Jersey City, N. J., February 24th, 1869, and is in the life insurance business. He attended Public School No. 8 in Jersey City until ten years of age, then spent three years at school in Germany. Upon returning to America he went to Peekskill Military Academy for three years, and finished at Phillips Academy, Anover, Mass. He was a member of the firm of F. Heppenheimer's Sons, lithographers, in New York, until its formation into the American Lithographic Company, when he retired to engage in cattle raising in Texas. He conducted an extensive cattle ranch until 1897, when he returned to

his native city. Together with prominent business men of the State he founded the Colonial Life Insurance Company of America, with its head office in Jersey City; became Secretary in 1897, Second Vice-President in 1902, and succeeded the late E. F. C. Young as President in 1906. He was President of the Board of Aldermen, Jersey City, January, 1910, to June, 1913, when the commission form of government came into existence. He served as Commissioner of Finance, Jersey City, 1910 to 1913; was a Presidential elector in 1912; President New Jersey Harbor Commission, 1912 to 1913, and resigned the latter position in March, 1913, after appointment by Governor Wilson as Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals. His term will expire in 1919.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, Paterson.

Judge Williams was born in Paterson, N. J., March 16th, 1860, and is a lawyer by profession. He was graduated from Princeton College in 1881, and from Columbia College Law School in 1884. He studied law with his father, the late Senator Henry A. Williams, in Paterson. In 1884 he was admitted to the bar as an attorney, and in 1887 as a counselor. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1890 and 1891, and in the latter year received the minority nomination for Speaker. In 1894 he was elected to the State Senate from Passaic county and served a full term of three years. He served on various important committees and in 1896 he was chosen to fill a vacancy in the presidency of the Senate upon the resignation of Lewis A. Thompson, of Somerset. In 1897 Mr. Williams was elected president for a full term. He has represented Passaic county as a member of the Republican State Committee. Upon the resignation of General Joseph W. Congdon, as a member of the Board of Railroad Commissioners, March 17th, 1909, Mr. Williams was appointed to the vacancy, resigning from the Board of Riparian Commissioners, of which he had been a member since 1904, being chairman at the time of his resignation. His term expired on May 1st, 1913. The death of Judge Conger of the Court of Errors and Appeals occurred on May 1st, 1914, and Governor Fielder appointed Mr. Williams to the vacancy. He was appointed for a full term in 1915 and his term expires in 1921.

FRANK M. TAYLOR, Hackensack.

Judge Taylor was born in Fairview, Bergen county, July 23d, 1873. He moved to Hackensack, N. J., in 1880, where he has since resided. He has been a member of the firm of Lasher & Taylor, general agents of Hartford Fire Insurance Company, for past twenty years, having charge of the company's affairs for the States of New York and New Jersey. He served as president and member of the governing body of Hackensack for a period of six years.

In 1913, was appointed by Governor Fielder to serve as his personal military aide with rank of Colonel; was re-appointed to that position by Acting Governor Taylor and re-appointed in 1914 by Governor Fielder, which position he still holds. He was appointed by Governor Fielder, Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals in 1915. His term expires April, 1921. In politics he is a Democrat.

U. S. OFFICERS FOR NEW JERSEY.**District Attorney.****J. WARREN DAVIS, Salem.**

Mr. Davis was born in Elizabeth City, N. C., March 4th, 1867, and spent his boyhood days at that place and at Norfolk, Va., where his father, John Smithson Davis, moved when the District Attorney was a boy. He received his early education at Elizabeth City and Norfolk in the public schools. He prepared for college at Chester Academy, Chester, Pa., and graduated valedictorian of his class in 1892. He graduated from Bucknell University in 1896, from Crozer Theological Seminary in 1899, at both of which places he was one of the commencement speakers. Upon his graduation at Crozer he was elected instructor in Hebrew and Greek. He pursued past graduate studies in history and philosophy at the University of Chicago in 1901, and at the University of Leipsic, Germany, in 1902 and 1903, during which time he took lectures at the Universities of Berlin and Halle. He returned to America and entered the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1904, and graduated in 1906, since which time he has practiced law with his brother, James

Mercer Davis, of Mount Holly, N. J., under the firm name of Davis & Davis, with their principal office in the Security Trust Building, Camden, N. J. He is a member of the bar of New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and of the State bar associations of both States.

He has the degrees of A.B., A.M., B.D. and B.L.

He was one of the charter members of the Kappa Sigma fraternity in college, and was a member of the Supreme Executive Committee, the executive of the fraternity-at-large for two years, being Worthy Grand Master of Ceremonies, having charge of the secret work of the fraternity. He was District Grand Master of the Second District, extending from Connecticut to Virginia, for two years. He is a member of the following fraternal organizations: Masons, Odd Fellows, Red Men, Mechanics, P. O. S. of A., Grange, Knights of Pythias, Loyal Order of Moose, Tall Cedars and Eagles.

In 1911 he was elected to the Senate of New Jersey from Salem county by a plurality of 732 over William Plummer, Jr., his predecessor in office. Mr. Davis served as Senator until June 4th, 1913, when he was appointed to his present position. His term is three years.

Clerk U. S. District Court.

GEORGE T. CRANMER, Trenton.

Mr. Cranmer was born at Barnegat, N. J., December 6th, 1848. He was formerly engaged in the banking and brokerage, real estate and insurance business. He has been an active member of the State National Guard for a number of years, and from 1875 to 1899 was Quartermaster of the Seventh Regiment. In 1878 he was the Republican candidate for member of Assembly, but was defeated by Hon. Rufus Blodgett, since a United States Senator. In September, 1879, without his solicitation, he was appointed by President Hayes Collector of Customs for the District of Little Egg Harbor, N. J., which office he resigned July 1st, 1880. In 1882 he was again nominated for member of Assembly and elected over William J. Harrison by a majority of 477. In 1883 he was unanimously nominated for Senator, and elected over ex-Senator Ephraim P. Emson by a plurality of 36. In 1886 he was renominated for Senator, and elected over Judge Richard H. Conover by a plurality of 743. In 1889 he was again unanimously renominated for Sen-

ator, and elected over ex-Senator Ephraim P. Emson by a plurality of 272. He always took an active part in the proceedings of the Senate, and for many years was Chairman of the Senate Republican caucus, and also of the joint Republican caucus. In 1889 he was unanimously nominated by the Republican caucus for President of the Senate. He was an alternate Delegate-at-Large to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1888, and also to the Minneapolis Convention in 1892. In October, 1891, at a convention of the State League of Republican Clubs, he was elected an alternate Delegate-at-Large to the National Convention of Republican Clubs. He was appointed to his present office by the late Judge Green, in January, 1893, to succeed Linsly Rowe, who had resigned. No fixed salary, but instead, fees.

United States Marshal.

ALBERT BOLLSCHWEILER, Perth Amboy.

Mr. Bollschweiler was born in Schopfheim, Baden, Germany, April 26th, 1860. He was educated in ward schools, and after graduation he entered upon his life's work in clay products as an apprentice in Wiesbaden, Germany. Later he went to Switzerland and spent two years, returned to Germany, and from there came to the United States in 1882. He began operating in the terra cotta business in Boston, and came from that city to Perth Amboy, went to Chicago, and on February 23d, 1888, he settled permanently in Perth Amboy. He engaged in the terra cotta business for himself in 1890, and became one of the founders of the Standard Terra Cotta Works, now a branch of the Atlantic Terra Cotta Company. He served as its president and general manager. He specialized in the manufacture of ceramic products, and became president of the Perth Amboy Ceramic Company. Mr. Bollschweiler is a member of Raritan Lodge, No. 661, F. and A. M.; Perth Amboy Lodge, No. 784, B. P. O. E.; Middlesex Council, Royal Arcanum; Perth Amboy Camp, W. O. W., and of Local No. 273, American Federation of Musicians. He was elected for three consecutive terms to serve as Mayor of Perth Amboy, beginning in 1907, serving about five years, until he became Sheriff of Middlesex county in 1911, which position he resigned to accept the appointment of United States Marshal in December, 1913. His term is four years, and salary \$3,000 per annum.

STATE OFFICERS.

Secretary of State.

THOMAS F. MARTIN.

Mr. Martin was born in Hartford, Conn., January 30th, 1868. He is a newspaper editor and publisher by profession and for the past fifteen years he has been the owner and editor of the Hudson Dispatch, published at Union Hill, Hudson county. This paper has grown from a local daily to one which now has an extensive circulation throughout the county of Hudson and a State-wide influence.

Mr. Martin is a member of Palisade Council No. 483, Knights of Columbus, the Cartaret Club of Jersey City, and a charter member of the North Hudson Board of Trade. His legislative career began in 1911. He served in the House of Assembly that year, in 1912, and again in 1913. He was again elected to the House of 1915, when he was chosen as the leader of the Democratic members on the floor.

Mr. Martin takes more gratification out of the result of his efforts in connection with the attempt to enact Morris Canal legislation than any other bill in the passage or defeat of which he played any part. As the Democratic leader Mr. Martin vigorously opposed legislation that he thought would prove detrimental to the best interests of the State, and time has justified the position taken by him.

When Governor Fielder was called upon to name a new Secretary of State because of the death of David S. Crater, the then secretary, Mr. Martin was accorded a tribute such as has never before been extended to any man in this State. Every member of the House of Assembly, of which he was a member, waited upon the Governor, and regardless of their politics, they asked for the naming of Mr. Martin to the place. Governor Fielder named Mr. Martin as Secretary of State, April 5th, 1915, for a term of five years. The salary is \$6,000 per year.

Assistant Secretary of State.**WILLIAM L. DILL, Paterson.**

Mr. Dill was born in Freeburgh, Pa., March 15th, 1874. His father was Major William H. Dill, commander of the famous 118th Regiment N. Y. Vol. Inf., and one of the foremost educators in the State of Pennsylvania at the time of his death.

Mr. Dill came to New Jersey in 1888 and at once engaged in the fire and life insurance business; he was named by the late John Hinchliffe as private secretary to the mayor in 1902, and served in that capacity during the fire, floods and labor troubles which trinity of disasters made Paterson famous the world over. After his retirement from the mayor's office on December 31st, 1903, he was named secretary of the Passaic River Flood District Commission and upon the completion of this work was appointed secretary of the Taxpayers' Association of Paterson, a civic organization banded together to do the work which a Board of Trade would have done, had such a body existed in the silk city. He resigned this position to become clerk to the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners in 1908 and remained with such board until December 31st, 1913, when he resigned.

Mr. Dill was for many years secretary to the Democratic Senate Minority and when his party assumed control of the Senate, he was unanimously chosen by his party as Senate Secretary for the years 1913 and 1914. He was a member of the Passaic County Board of Taxation for four years, serving as president during the last three years of his term. Mr. Dill resigned from the tax board to assume the duties of Assistant Secretary of State, to which office he was appointed on April 5th, 1915. His term will expire in 1920.

In politics Mr. Dill has always been an ardent Democrat and is regarded as one of the best organizers within the ranks of his party. His acquaintance is State wide. He is at present secretary of the Democratic State Committee.

State Treasurer.

EDWARD E. GROSSCUP, Wenonah.

Mr. Grosscup was born in Bridgeton, Cumberland county, August 2, 1860, and is a son of the late Charles C. and Anna D. Grosscup. The father, Charles C. Grosscup, was a member of the Legislature in 1870 and 1871.

Mr. Grosscup, the subject of this sketch, has been prominent in Democratic politics in New Jersey for years. In 1896 he was the candidate of his party in Cumberland county for sheriff and in 1898 was the Democratic nominee in the same county for State Senator against Governor Edward C. Stokes.

In 1899 Mr. Grosscup changed his residence from Cumberland to Gloucester county and in the latter county in 1906 was the opponent of ex-Senator J. Boyd Avis for the Assembly. In 1908 Mr. Grosscup was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the first district against Congressman Henry C. Loudenslager. For years Mr. Grosscup served as a member of the State Board of Education. He is at present a member of the Democratic State Committee, representing Gloucester county, and while a resident of Cumberland county served in a similar capacity as representative of that county.

Mr. Grosscup is extensively engaged in real estate operations. Governor Wilson nominated him as a member of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes on April 20, 1911, for a term of five years and he was immediately confirmed by the Senate.

He resigned that office to assume the duties of State Treasurer, for which he was chosen by a joint meeting of the Legislature held on January 28th, 1913. On August 24th, 1911, he was elected Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, and he was re-elected in September, 1913. He rendered very effective service to his party during the Presidential campaign of 1912, and in the Gubernatorial campaign of 1913. His term as State Treasurer is three years, and expires on March 1st, 1916. His salary is \$6,000 per annum.

State Comptroller.**EDWARD I. EDWARDS, Jersey City.**

Mr. Edwards was born in that part of Jersey City then known as the Town of Bergen, on December 1, 1863. His father and brothers have been prominent in the business and political life of Hudson county for the past fifty years. He was educated at Public School No. 13 and the High school of Jersey City. He entered the class of 1884 at the University of the City of New York, but left college at the end of his Junior year. After spending some time in the law office of his brother, he accepted a position in the First National Bank of Jersey City, where he remained for seven years. Finding that his health was impaired by the confining nature of his work at the bank, he left and was, for some years, engaged in the general contracting business of Edwards Brothers.

In 1898, he entered the service of Jersey City in its tax department and was clerk to the Martin Act Commission, during the busy years of that Board. In 1903, at the suggestion of Edward F. C. Young, the president, he again entered the bank as an assistant to the president; shortly afterwards he became cashier and a director of this important financial institution, positions which he still holds. Mr. Edwards has always been a close student of financial and tax questions and for years his advice has been in constant demand on such matters. He is also connected with a number of other banking and business houses. He is a tireless worker in his chosen line of work and, while a man of determination and conviction, is blessed with the faculty of making and keeping friends.

In politics, a Democrat of the regular stripe, he has been, for many years, a member of the Hudson County Democratic Committee and active in organization work. On February 7, 1911, he was elected by the Legislature in joint session as State Comptroller, for the term of three years, over Henry J. West, Republican. He brought to that office a fine reputation as financier and statistician. He was re-elected in 1914. His term will expire in 1917. His salary is \$6,000 per year.

Attorney-General.**JOHN WESLEY WESCOTT, Camden.**

Mr. Wescott was born at Waterford, N. J., February 20th, 1849. He received a common school education under Charles T. Reed, whom he afterward succeeded as judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Camden county. He served in that office from 1884 until 1887. At the age of sixteen Mr. Wescott entered Wilbraham Academy, Massachusetts, and was graduated three years later. Then he entered Yale College and spent four years in the classical department and three years in the law department. In 1872 he was graduated from the former and in 1876 from the latter.

In 1876 Mr. Wescott was admitted to the Connecticut bar; in 1878 was admitted as an attorney, and in 1881 as a counselor of the New Jersey bar. He began his practice in Camden in 1879 and subsequently was appointed a special master in Chancery. He was a Presidential elector on the Cleveland ticket in 1892. Mr. Wescott nominated Frank S. Katzenbach as a candidate for Governor in opposition to Woodrow Wilson at the Democratic convention in 1910, and in 1912 as chairman of the New Jersey delegation at the Baltimore National Convention nominated Woodrow Wilson as a candidate for President of the United States. He is a life-long Democrat and a member of the Masonic fraternity.

On January 20th, 1914, Governor Fielder nominated Mr. Wescott to the office of attorney-general and he was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His term is five years and salary \$7,000 a year.

Assistant Attorney-General.**HERBERT BOGGS, Newark.**

Mr. Boggs was born at Swedesboro, New Jersey. He graduated from Rutgers College, and studied law with the firm of Parker & Keasbey of Newark; was admitted as attorney-at-law in November, 1876, and as counselor in November, 1879. Since his admission to the bar, he has practiced his profession and re-

sided in Newark. He was appointed assistant attorney-general in March, 1914, to succeed Nelson B. Gaskill. He was city attorney of Newark from April, 1900, to January, 1903, and again from 1911 until his appointment as assistant attorney-general.

Second Assistant Attorney-General.

THEODORE BACKES, Trenton.

Mr. Backes was born in Trenton, N. J., March 10th, 1873. He studied law with the late Attorney-General Stockton, having entered his employ in the attorney-general's department in the year 1890. He took charge of the attorney-general's department in the year 1894, when the late William Y. Johnson was compelled to leave the same by reason of illness, which resulted in his death the following year. He was admitted as an attorney-at-law of the Supreme Court in 1898, having previously practiced the art of stenography, and was admitted as a counselor-at-law in 1903, and has been continuously in the attorney-general's department from the time of his first employment in the early part of 1890. He was appointed second assistant attorney-general in 1913 by the Hon. Edmund Wilson, after the passage of an act of the Legislature for that purpose. Under the terms of the act under which he was appointed, he has no fixed term of office, but is in the exempt class of the Civil Service Law. His salary is \$4,800 per year. Mr. Backes is the youngest of five brothers who are members of the bar of this State.

Adjutant-General.

WILBUR FISK SADLER, JR., Trenton.

General Sadler was born in Carlisle, Pa., on November 4, 1871. He was educated in the private and public schools of Carlisle and at Dickinson College. He is president of the Broad Street National Bank, Trenton, N. J. He was commissioned Major and Paymaster and assigned to the Second Brigade, National Guard of New Jersey, July 9, 1908, and was appointed Adjutant-General of New Jersey April 15, 1909.

Quartermaster-General.**C. EDWARD MURRAY, Trenton.**

General Murray was born in Lambertville, N. J., July 17th, 1863. He is the only son of J. Howard Murray and Wilhelmina Sollday Murray, and came to Trenton with his parents in 1865. He received his education at the State Model School and the Stewart Business College. In 1883 he became associated with his father in the mechanical rubber manufacturing business. In 1892 he became sole proprietor of the business, and to-day has other large manufacturing interests. From boyhood he has taken a great deal of interest in affairs of the city of Trenton, as well as the Republican party, and in 1894 he was elected City Clerk, which office he kept until he declined re-election in 1904. In 1900 he represented the Second Congressional District as alternate to the National Republican Convention and in 1904 was elected a delegate to represent the Fourth Congressional District at the National Republican Convention.

His military career began with his enlistment in Company A, Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. J., December 12, 1885. On June 30, 1890, the late Brigadier-General William H. Skirm, then Colonel of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. J., appointed him Paymaster of the Regiment with the rank of first lieutenant. On June 30, 1895, he was commissioned Captain and Paymaster. On May 2, 1899, he was retired under the act reorganizing the National Guard. March 8, 1905, Governor Edward C. Stokes appointed him Quartermaster-General, to succeed the late Brevet Major-General Richard A. Donnelly, and was commissioned Brigadier-General April 5, 1905.

General Murray is one of the best known and most popular among the public men of Trenton. He has distinguished himself as a leader of his party and many of its victories in Trenton and Mercer county are mostly to his credit. He has a host of friends among people of all shades of political opinion, and as an employer of labor he stands high in the estimation of wage workers.

Clerk of the Supreme Court.**WILLIAM C. GEBHARDT, Clinton.**

Mr. Gebhardt was born at Croton, Hunterdon county, N. J., March 28, 1859, and is a lawyer. He was gradu-

ated at the Clinton Institute, and was admitted to the bar at the June term, 1884, as an attorney, and at the June term, 1887, as a counselor. He began the practice of his profession at Clinton, N. J., and still retains an office there, having one also at 259 Washington street, Jersey City. He served as Corporation Counsel of the town of Clinton for ten years, and as President of the Board of Education three years. He has also filled the position of School Principal. In 1900 he was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 1,281, in 1906 was again elected by a plurality of 961, and in 1909 was re-elected for a third term by a majority of 2,237. This was the largest majority ever given a Senator in Hunterdon county, and Mr. Gebhardt was the only Senator who was ever elected for more than one term in Hunterdon since the adoption of the new State Constitution. During his legislative career he served on important committees, took an active part in the business of the Senate, and made a most creditable record. Governor Wilson appointed him to the office of Clerk of the Supreme Court, February 19th, 1913, to succeed Joseph P. Tumulty, who had resigned to become Secretary to the President of the United States, and Mr. Gebhardt was at once confirmed by the Senate. His term is five years, and salary \$6,000 per annum.

Clerk in Chancery.

ROBERT H. McADAMS, Elizabeth.

Mr. McAdams was born at Millstone, Middlesex county, New Jersey, July 18th, 1874, and is an attorney and counselor-at-law; he studied law with Honorable Frederick C. Marsh at Elizabeth, and is a graduate of the New York Law School; was admitted to the bar as an attorney November, 1900, and as a counselor June, 1909, and began and is still actively engaged in the practice of his profession at Elizabeth, with offices in the Kean building. He has always been actively and prominently identified with the Democratic party. He was a candidate for state senator from Union county in 1911, and was defeated by Senator Carlton B. Pierce. On March 13th, 1913, he was appointed by Governor Wilson as Judge of the Elizabeth District Court, serving until

April, 1914, when appointed by Governor James F. Fielder as clerk in Chancery, succeeding Senator Samuel K. Robbins. Judge McAdams' term as clerk in Chancery will expire on April 15th, 1919. The salary is \$6,000.

Keeper of the State Prison.

THOMAS B. MADDEN, Trenton.

Mr. Madden was born at Tuckahoe, Atlantic county, N. J., April 18th, 1849, and is a son of Hosea F. and Catherine (Burch) Madden. The Madden ancestry originally came from Ireland, and through ancestral marriages the present subject is of Irish, German, Holland and Swedish extraction.

Mr. Madden is the father of Dr. Walter Madden, former sheriff of Mercer county. His father, Hosea F. Madden, was elected sheriff of Atlantic county three successive terms and was State Senator from that county in 1875-'76-'77.

Mr. Madden attended the village school at Tuckahoe until he was old enough to assist his father in a general merchandise store, where he continued for several years and finally became associated in the business. At the age of twenty-seven he retired from his mercantile pursuits to accept a position as deputy keeper in the New Jersey State Prison. Mr. Madden has since been a resident of the city of Trenton, where he is a member of the Second Presbyterian Church, in which he has served as elder and trustee for many years. He is also an active member of the Masonic fraternity.

Mr. Madden has been associated continuously with the New Jersey State Prison for the past forty years, and during that long term of service has occupied therein every position of importance. Upon the death of Parole Agent Henry K. Straley, in February, 1910, Mr. Madden was appointed to succeed him, and was officially commissioned in May, 1910. During his occupancy of that office, and on March 15th, 1912, Governor Wilson appointed him Principal Keeper of the Prison. His appointment was at once confirmed by the Senate and he took possession of the office three days later. The term of office is five years and salary \$3,500.

State Librarian.

JOHN P. DULLARD, Trenton.

Mr. Dullard was born at Hightstown, Mercer county, N. J., December 9th, 1861. Early in life he took up newspaper work in his native town. In 1885, during the first Cleveland administration, he was appointed to the Railway Mail Service, which was then not under civil service regulations, and was subsequently promoted to be assistant chief clerk in charge of the sub-division of the service of which Philadelphia was the central point. Retiring from the Railway Mail Service in 1889, Mr. Dullard again took up newspaper work in Trenton. For the past twenty-two years he has been the Trenton representative of the Associated Press and also has been connected with several Trenton and metropolitan newspapers, largely as a political writer.

In 1899 Mr. Dullard was appointed by Mayor Welling G. Sickel a member of the Trenton Board of Assessors and served in that office continuously for fifteen years, being reappointed by Mayors Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., and Walter Madden and by the new City Commission. During most of that time he was president of the board and came to be regarded as unusually well versed in matters of taxation. He resigned from the Trenton Board of Assessors upon his appointment as State Librarian, February 1st, 1914.

In politics Mr. Dullard is a Democrat and has been prominently identified with the affairs of his party. He was always a champion of clean politics, and in 1906 when chairman of the Executive Committee of the Mercer County Democratic Committee, he published after the election a sworn statement of the expenses incurred by the committee during the campaign. This was five years in advance of the passage of any law requiring this to be done.

Mr. Dullard belongs to a number of fraternal organizations. He is Past Grand Knight of Trenton Council, Knights of Columbus, and Past State President of the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

The term of State Librarian is five years and the salary is \$3,000 a year.

Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.**GEORGE M. LAMONTE, Bound Brook.**

Mr. LaMonte was born at Danville, Va., in 1863, and is a paper manufacturer and farmer. He is a graduate of Wesleyan University. He has lived in Bound Brook over forty years, owns farms in Bridgewater and Warren townships, is president of the corporation of George LaMonte & Son, safety paper manufacturers, with mills at Nutley, Essex county, N. J., and was formerly a director in the First National Bank of Bound Brook. He is President of the Board of Education of Bound Brook and a Trustee of the State Home for Boys, at Jamesburg, and was also appointed by the Legislature in 1912 as a member of the Prison Labor Commission. He served as a member of the House of Assembly from Somerset county in 1911. Mr. LaMonte was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention held at Baltimore in 1912, and was a strong advocate of the nomination of Governor Wilson for the Presidency of the United States. He was chosen a Democratic Elector on November 5, 1912. He was appointed to his present office by Governor Wilson and assumed its duties on November 1, 1912.

Mr. LaMonte was nominated for a full term of office February 17th, 1913, by Governor Wilson, and was confirmed by the Senate. His term expires in 1916, and salary \$6,000 per annum.

Commissioner of Public Roads.**EDWIN AUGUST STEVENS, Hoboken.**

Colonel Stevens was born in Philadelphia, Pa., March 14, 1858. He is a son of Edwin Augustus Stevens, the founder of Stevens Institute of Technology, and Martha Bayard Dod, and a great grandson of John Stevens, a member of the first Federal Congress. He graduated from Princeton in class of 1879 and holds an engineering degree from Stevens Institute.

Colonel Stevens is noteworthy among the representative men of New Jersey as a mechanical engineer of wide repute and high standing, as well as for his prominence in the local affairs of Hudson county. He

has served as Park Commissioner of that county, Tax Commissioner of the city of Hoboken, president of the Hoboken Ferry Company and of the New Jersey Ice Company, director of the First National Bank of Hoboken, and of the Hudson Trust Company, and trustee of the Stevens Institute. He is president of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company, which, under his energetic and progressive management has accomplished a great deal in the building up and material development of the community. He was a member of the commission to define the boundaries between New York and New Jersey, as his great grandfather had been a century before. The Colonel designed the first screw ferry boat, "The Bergen," now plying between New York and Hoboken. He is an associate member of the Society of Mechanical Engineers and a life member of the association of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers. He is a member of the Interstate Palisades Park Commission. He was in the National Guard for twelve years, for six of which he was in command of the Second Regiment. He has been president of the Democratic Society of New Jersey and served as a member of the Democratic State Committee and as presidential elector. He was appointed Commissioner of Public Roads by Governor Wilson on February 20, 1911, for a term of three years. He was reappointed by Governor Fielder for another term, which will expire in 1917. His salary is \$5,000 per annum.

Commissioner Department of Labor.

(The Bureau of Industrial Statistics is merged with this Department.)

LEWIS T. BRYANT, Atlantic City.

Colonel Bryant was born in July, 1874, in Atlantic county, N. J. He was graduated from the Pennsylvania Military College at Chester, Pa., with the degree of civil engineer; was admitted to the New Jersey bar in 1898; mustered into the United States Volunteer Army as Captain of Company F, Fourth New Jersey Volunteer Infantry July 14th; promoted to Major in the same regiment in the spring of 1899, and was made Assistant In-

spector General of the National Guard of New Jersey, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, in the spring of 1899, which position he stills holds. On January 8th, 1904, the Colonel was appointed Inspector of Factories and Work shops, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of John C. Ward. The title of the office was changed to that of Commissioner of Department of Labor by an act of the Legislature, and on March 24th, 1904, the Colonel was appointed as such by Governor Murphy, and was confirmed by the Senate on the next day for a term of three years, at \$2,500 a year. In 1907 he was given another term by Governor Stokes at a salary of \$3,500, and he was reappointed by Governor Fort in 1910. On February 18th, 1913, Governor Wilson appointed the Colonel for another term of office. The Colonel served as secretary of the New Jersey Commission, Louisiana Purchase Exposition, from December 9, 1903, until the end. He is identified with the hotel interests in Atlantic City. His term is three years, and his salary is \$6,000 per annum. He served as secretary of the Jamestown Exposition Commission. His term will expire September 16th, 1916.

Assistant Commissioner Department of Labor.

JOHN I. HOLT, Trenton.

Mr. Holt was born at Hawthorn, a suburb of Paterson, December 4, 1851, and is a watchmaker by trade. For nearly twenty-five years he carried on the business as a dealer in clocks, watches, &c., in the city of Paterson. He served as a member of the Board of Education for six years and was president of that body during the last two years of his term. In 1885 he was elected Alderman from the First ward and was re-elected in 1887. In 1888 he was president of the Board. Mr. Holt was an Assemblyman from Passaic county in 1889 and 1893 and '94. He served as Speaker in the latter year, and at the close of the session he resigned so as to qualify himself for Riparian Commissioner, in which office he served for five years. He was appointed Assistant Commissioner of the Labor Department in 1905 and re-appointed several times. His salary is \$3,000 a year.

Department of Charities and Corrections.**RICHARD STOCKTON, Trenton.**

Mr. Stockton was born in Princeton, N. J., in 1858; the son of John P. Stockton, at one time United States Senator, minister to Italy and Attorney-General for twenty years. Mr. Stockton attended the famous Young School in Washington, and afterward Columbia University in the same city. He was secretary to his father during the latter part of his term as United States Senator. In 1875 he entered the Navy department in the office of Secretary Robeson, where he remained until he resigned and went into business in New York City.

Mr. Stockton remained in New York until President Cleveland appointed him Consul to Rotterdam, which post he filled for two years and from which he was promoted to the diplomatic service in charge of the legation at The Hague. He returned to the United States in 1888 and married Clemence Finch, daughter of George R. Finch of St. Paul, Minn. After his wedding he returned to Holland with his wife to complete his official duties there.

When he resigned from the United States diplomatic service, Mr. Stockton again entered the field of commerce, and took up a temporary residence in Chicago, where he remained until his return to Trenton in 1898, becoming treasurer of the Mexican Land Company. He was associated at this time with his father in the office of the Attorney-General, continuing in that position under Attorney-General Grey until he resigned for the purpose of developing a new gas company in Trenton, which was the nucleus of the present Public Service Corporation. He was the introducer of dollar gas in New Jersey.

Mr. Stockton was named receiver of the Princeton Light and Power Company, and later on, receiver of the Freehold Light and Power Company, and American Lamp and Gas Company of Trenton. After settling the business of these concerns, he associated himself with a brokerage firm, since which time he has become a partner under the name of Taylor, Smith & Hard.

Mr. Stockton has done some literary work under the nom de plume of James Ashley. His story, en-

titled "From the Grasp of a Title," was a prize winner in a contest in which the most celebrated authors of the day competed.

He is a member of the American Cross of Honor, membership in which organization can only be obtained by those who have been recognized by the United States Government for heroic service.

His term of office is three years, and will expire March 29th, 1918. His salary is \$4,000 per annum.

State Board of Taxes and Assessment.

(This Board consolidates the State Board of Assessors and the State Board of Equalization of Taxes.)

LUCIUS T. RUSSELL, President, Elizabeth.

Mr. Russell was born in Mississippi, November 25th, 1870, but migrated to Texas immediately upon leaving Oxford University, where he finished with a special course preparatory for the law. He continued teaching in the public schools (a means whereby he had been enabled to complete his education) for three years more, and by mere accident became interested in newspaper work. He at once dropped teaching and gave up all thought of further pursuing law. He subsequently owned daily papers in four States and Territories.

Mr. Russell is the owner and editor of the Elizabeth Evening Times. While always immensely interested in public affairs and politics, having aided in developing the public utilities commissions and the commission form of government for cities in both Texas and Oklahoma, Mr. Russell never held or sought public office before, with the exception of serving as Secretary to the President of the Oklahoma Constitutional Convention. He was a Wilson-Marshall Presidential elector in 1912, and was appointed a member of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes by Governor Wilson, February 19th, 1913, for a term of five years. He was nominated by Governor Fielder as president of the new Board of Taxes and Assessments and confirmed by the Senate for a term of three years. It expires July 1st, 1918. His salary is \$4,000 per annum.

ISAAC BARBER, Phillipsburg.

Dr. Barber was born at Forty Fort, Luzerne county, Pa., September 4, 1854, and is a physician by profession. His father, a native of Warren county, removed to his native state in 1858. The doctor received his early education in the public schools, entered Blair Presbyterian Academy to prepare for college in 1869, Lafayette in 1872, and graduated in 1876. He studied medicine under the preceptorship of Professor Traill Green, of Easton, Pa., and graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1879. He served as Medical Referee of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in New York city for one year, located in Phillipsburg in July, 1880, and has since continued in the active practice of his profession. He has served as City Physician and was a member of the Board of Health for two years. He was appointed Pension Examining Surgeon under the Cleveland administration July 1, 1893. He was elected to the State Senate in 1896 by a plurality of 1,130 over Cramer, Republican, and served a full term of three years, and in 1902 he was elected for another term by a plurality of 749 over William R. Laire, the Republican candidate. In 1912 he was nominated by Governor Wilson as a member of the State Board of Assessors for a term of four years, and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. Upon the creation of the new Board of Taxes and Assessment he was nominated as a member for a three-year term by Governor Fielder and was confirmed by the Senate. His term of office expires July 1st, 1918, and his salary is \$3,000 per annum.

FRANK B. JESS, President, Haddon Heights.

Mr. Jess was born in Philadelphia, Pa., November 3d, 1870, and is a lawyer by profession. He began newspaper work as a reporter in 1887, subsequently went to Philadelphia as news editor of "The Call," since suspended, then became successively news editor, Washington correspondent and financial editor of "The Bulletin." He was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in 1897, having studied law under the supervision of his brother, the late William H. Jess. He was a member of Council of the borough of Haddon Heights from its incorporation, in 1904, to January 1st, 1906,

and of the Board of Education of Haddon township from 1902 till the organization of the Board of Education of Haddon Heights in 1904, and is still a member of the latter board. At present he is Solicitor of the borough of Haddon Heights. Mr. Jess served two terms, 1907-1908, as an Assemblyman from Camden county, and in the latter year he was speaker, when he won high commendation as a presiding officer. He was appointed Chief Examiner of the Civil Service Board on May 8, 1908, and served in that capacity until April 16, 1909, when he was nominated and confirmed as a member of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes. He was appointed president of the board in 1910, to succeed Carl Lentz, for a term of five years. In 1915 he was re-appointed, and upon the creation of the new Board of Taxes and Assessment Mr. Jess was appointed a member and confirmed by the Senate for a term of two years at a salary of \$3,000 per annum. His term expires July 1st, 1917.

FREDERIC A. GENTIEU, Pennsgrove.

Frederic A. Gentieu was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., February 10th, 1872. At the age of six he moved with his father to Wilmington, Del. He was educated in the public schools of said city, after which he took up the study of carpentry and architecture, finishing his course with Joseph Seeds & Son, of Wilmington, Del.

In 1891 he accepted the position of Supervising Foreman of the erection of the first smokeless powder plant built in the United States by the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Company, at Carney's Point, N. J. He continued in this position until 1899, when he accepted a position in the chemical laboratory at this plant, to study chemistry and the manufacture of gun-cotton and smokeless powder under the personal instruction of the Messrs. du Pont. He continued in this department until 1905, when he accepted a position as Assistant Superintendent of the above works, which position he still continues to hold.

In politics he has always been a Republican, and cast his first vote in Penns Grove for the incorporation of the borough in 1894. He has always taken an active interest in borough affairs, and was largely instrumental for the introduction of the high school department in the borough.

He was elected to the Board of Education, and served two terms from March 17th, 1903, to March 17th, 1908, and was President of the board for three years, from March 27th, 1905.

He ran for Mayor of the borough on the Republican ticket in 1907, and was elected. In 1909 he ran to succeed himself, and was again elected by an increased majority.

He is a Past State Commander of the Sons of Veterans of New Jersey; Past Camp Commander of Camp 33, Sons of Veterans; Past District President of the Patriotic Order Sons of America; Past President of Camp No. 47, P. O. S. of A.; Past Master of Penns Grove Lodge, No. 162, Free and Accepted Masons; a member of the Knights of the Golden Eagle and other organizations. He is also President of the Penns Grove Progressive Club.

In 1908 he was an Alternate Delegate representing the First Congressional district at the Republican Convention at Chicago. He had always been a Republican until 1912, when he joined the ranks of the Progressive (Roosevelt) party. At the primaries of 1913 he was elected State Committeeman representing Salem county in the Progressive (Roosevelt) party.

He served as a member of the old Board of Assessors, having been appointed in 1913, until July 1st, 1915, when he became a member of the new Board of Taxes and Assessment. Governor Fielder appointed him to the latter board for a term of two years. His salary is \$3,000 per annum. His term expires in 1917.

GEO. T. BOUTON, Jersey City.

Mr. Bouton is the surviving son of John J. and Jean Fraser Bouton. He was born in the Bergen section of Jersey City, November 24th, 1854, and has since resided continuously in that city. He received his education at home, in the public schools and at Hasbrouck Institute, graduating in 1869, in which year he was apprenticed to learn the trade of engraving on wood, and served the term of his apprenticeship. Mr. Bouton first entered municipal life in the year 1878, when he was appointed to the tax department of his city, and later to the then Board of Public Works. In 1885 he resigned to accept a position with the State Board of Assessors,

who were at that time engaged in preparing the first plan for railroad assessments. On the completion of this work Mr. Bouton entered the office of the Surrogate of Hudson county, remaining until the year 1889, when he became Chief Clerk of the Board of Street and Water Commissioners of Jersey City. In this latter position Mr. Bouton served uninterruptedly through different political administrations until July 1, 1911, when he voluntarily retired. Most of the principal improvement laws under which Jersey City is now working were framed by him, while his knowledge of matters of water supply and distribution, of municipal laws and customs, and of municipal problems generally is such that he is often consulted by those in authority.

Mr. Bouton was, in April, 1876, and at the age of twenty-one years, wedded to Miss Mary P. Van Horn, of Jersey City, which union has been blessed by the birth of two sons. In politics Mr. Bouton is a Democrat. He was appointed to the Board of Equalization of Taxes by Acting Governor Fielder in the year 1913, for a term of five years. Governor Fielder appointed Mr. Bouton a member of the New Board of Taxes and Assessment for a term of one year beginning July 1st, 1915, and he was confirmed by the Senate. His salary is \$3,000 per annum. His term expires in 1916.

FRANK D. SCHROTH, Secretary, Trenton.

Mr. Schroth was born in Trenton, October 18th, 1884, and has always resided there. He is a son of the late Assemblyman, John Schroth, and like his father, has always been actively interested in public affairs. Mr. Schroth is a newspaper man by profession, having been connected with the Trenton True American while a morning paper, correspondent for several out of town papers, and general legislative reporter for the Trenton Evening Times up to the time of his appointment as Secretary of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment. Mr. Schroth was secretary to Prosecutor A. M. Beekman of Somerset county when the latter was Speaker of the House of Assembly, during the session of 1914. Later he was appointed State Supervisor of Census by the late David S. Crater, Secretary of State, and was retained

in that position by Secretary of State Thomas F. Martin, until the work was recently completed. Mr. Schroth was appointed secretary on December 14th, 1915, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Irvine E. Maguire.

FRANK A. O'CONNOR, Clerk and Field Secretary,
West Orange.

Mr. O'Connor was born in the city of New York, August 25th, 1867, and is a master plumber. He was graduated at St. John's School, Orange, N. J. He was Town Assessor, 1894 to 1904; Collector, 1904 to 1912 inclusive, and was again re-elected in 1912. He was the first Assessor to tax gas, water, telephone, trolley and other public service corporations and advocate right of way and franchise taxes, and first Assessor to make inspection of New York city tax rolls and discover hundreds of thousands of dollars being sworn off in that city by men giving New Jersey as their legal residence, where they had only summer homes, and paid, in many cases, not even a poll tax, with the result of adding such sums to New Jersey ratables.

Mr. O'Connor has been a life long Democrat, and for many years served on the State Committee list of speakers. He was an Alternate Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Denver in 1908, from the Ninth Congressional district. He was appointed clerk of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes in April, 1913, and served in that office until July 1st, 1915, when he became Field Secretary of the New Board of Taxes and Assessment.

Board of Public Utility Commissioners.

(This Board succeeds the Board of Railroad Commissioners according to an act of the Legislature approved March 24, 1910.)

RALPH W. E. DONGES, President, Camden.

Captain Donges, born at Donaldson, Pa., May 5th, 1875, is a son of Dr. John W. Donges and Rose M. Donges, and a lawyer by profession. He was educated in a private school and Rugby Academy, from which

he was graduated in 1892. He read law with Hon. John W. Wescott, was admitted as an attorney at the February term, 1897, and as a counselor at the February term, 1900. Since his admission he has practiced law in Camden, N. J. He was elected Second Lieutenant of Company C, Third Regiment N. J. N. G., in 1900; First Lieutenant in 1902, First Lieutenant and Battalion Adjutant in 1903, and was Captain and Quartermaster of the Third Regiment from 1905 to 1913.

The Captain was appointed a member of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners by Governor Wilson on February 19th, 1913, for a term of six years. He took his seat on the board on May 1st, and was then elected President. His term will expire in 1919, and his salary is \$7,500 per annum.

JOHN J. TREACY, Jersey City.

Judge Treacy was born in Jersey City, N. J., forty-two years ago. He was graduated from St. Peter's College, that city, in 1891, attended the New York Law School the following year, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1894. The ensuing November he was admitted to the New York Bar, became associated with the law firm of Reed, Simpson, Thacher & Barnum, of which the late Speaker Thomas B. Reed was the head, and remained with that firm for several years. He was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in 1901, and has practiced his profession ever since in Jersey City. The Judge was a member of the House of Assembly in 1902-'03, and in the latter year he was the leader of the Democratic minority. He was appointed Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals by Governor Wilson on December 8th, 1911, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Mark A. Sullivan. On January 29th, 1912, the Judge was nominated for a full term of office and was duly confirmed by the Senate. He resigned the Judgeship in February, 1913. He was nominated by Governor Fielder as a member of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners on April 6th, 1914, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Winthrop More Daniels, and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire May 1st, 1917. His salary is \$7,500 a year.

JOHN WEBLEY SLOCUM, Long Branch.

Judge Slocum was born April 23d, 1867, at Long Branch, N. J., and he has always made that city his home. The name of his ancestor, John Slocum, appears in the old records May, 1668, as one of the associate patentees of Monmouth county. He was admitted to practice as an attorney-at-law of this State in June, 1888, and as counselor four years later. Mr. Slocum served as city solicitor of Long Branch for eight years and was elected Senator from Monmouth county in November, 1911. He was chosen president of the Senate for the session of 1914, and sworn in as acting governor of the State during Governor Fielder's western trip in June of that year.

He is a member of the American Bar Association, the New Jersey Bar Association, Trustee of the Monmouth County Bar Association and a member of the Monmouth County Historical Association. He is also a large stockholder in the Long Branch Daily Record and the president of that corporation.

At the expiration of his term as Senator, Governor James F. Fielder appointed him Judge of the Monmouth Common Pleas Court. He resigned this position May 1st, 1915, to accept the appointment on the Board of Public Utility Commissioners. In politics he is a Democrat and his term will expire May 1st, 1921. His salary is \$7,500 a year.

ALFRED N. BARBER, Secretary, Trenton.

Mr. Barber was born in Lambertville, N. J., May 19th, 1867. In 1884 he entered the employ of the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company, working for that company until it became absorbed by the American Bridge Company, when he resigned as contracting agent to accept a position in the sales department of John A. Roebling's Sons Company. He worked in the office of the City Clerk of Trenton from April, 1880, to July, 1884, and served as an Assemblyman from Mercer county for three years—1905, '06 and '07—and during the latter year was Republican leader. Mr. Barber was appointed secretary of the Board of Railroad Commissioners soon after the creation of that board, in 1907. His salary is \$4,000.

State Civil Service Commission.

COL. ALEXANDER ROBERT FORDYCE, JR.,
President, West Orange.

Colonel Fordyce was born in New York city, February 13, 1875. He was educated at Stevens High School and Rutgers Grammar School, graduated from Princeton University, 1896, from New York Law School, 1898, and was admitted to the New York bar as counsellor-at-law the latter year. He was elected a member (Republican) of the New Jersey House of Assembly for two terms, 1904 and 1905, and was a candidate for the nomination for Senator in 1906. He is a former member and non-commissioned officer of the Essex Troop, Cavalry.

The Colonel was appointed by Governor Stokes on April 14, 1905, Deputy Quartermaster-General of New Jersey, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and by Governor Wilson on June 5, 1911, Assistant Commissary-General, with the rank of colonel. On March 20, 1912, he was appointed by Governor Wilson a member of the Civil Service Commission for a term of four years, and he was duly confirmed by the Senate. His salary is \$2,500 per annum.

JOSEPH S. HOFF, Princeton.

Mr. Hoff was born in Princeton, Mercer county, December 8, 1867. He graduated from St. Paul's parochial school in 1881 and from the Princeton high school in 1883. Afterward he took a two-year course in a business college at Trenton. Following this Mr. Hoff entered the employ of A. S. Leigh, one of Princeton's leading business men, who conducted a wholesale and retail market, where Mr. Hoff served first as clerk, then as manager, until five years ago, when he purchased the business, which he still owns.

Mr. Hoff served Princeton borough as collector and treasurer for nine years, serving so satisfactorily to the people during his first term that he was twice re-elected without opposition. Twice, in 1902 and 1905, Mr. Hoff was the candidate of his party for sheriff of Mercer county, and although the county is strongly Republican, he was defeated in each instance by only a small plurality. Mr. Hoff, who is a Democrat, has

always been active in politics and since 1906 has been chairman of the Mercer County Democratic Committee. He was elected a member of the Democratic State Committee in 1913.

Mr. Hoff is prominently identified with the affairs of Princeton. He is a member of the Princeton Board of Health, Mercer Engine Company, of Princeton's volunteer fire department, a director of First National Bank of Princeton and of the Princeton Savings Bank, and is a director and treasurer of the Princeton Ice Company. He is a member of St. Paul's Church of Princeton.

Mr. Hoff was appointed Civil Service Commissioner by Governor Woodrow Wilson on May 8th, 1911, for a full term of four years, and in 1915 he was given another term by Governor Fielder. His salary is \$2,000 a year.

EDWARD HENRY WRIGHT, Newark.

Mr. Wright was born in Newark, N. J., February 13th, 1873, and is a lawyer by profession. He was educated at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., from 1885 to 1890, and entered the Princeton class of 1894. He studied law in the office of McCarter, Williamson & McCarter, Newark, and the New York Law School, and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey, June 21st, 1897. He is the grandson of the late United States Senator William Wright, of New Jersey, and Steven Thomas Mason, first Governor of Michigan, and is the son of the late Colonel Edward H. Wright, aid on the staff of the late Generals Winfield Scott and George B. McClellan. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1907, and made a good record as a legislator. Governor Wilson appointed Mr. Wright a Civil Service Commissioner on February 17th, 1913, for a term of four years. He succeeded Colonel James Rankin Mullikin, of Newark, on May 8th. His salary is \$2,000 per annum.

GEORGE H. BURKE, Paterson.

Mr. Burke was born in Paterson, N. J., February 29th, 1868. He received his education in the Public and St. John's Parochial Schools. At an early age he entered the law office of Louis V. Harold, as clerk, and later began a newspaper career at the office of

the Paterson Daily Guardian. Following that he became city editor of the Paterson Evening News and then came a nine years service on the Paterson Press while former Secretary of State George Wurts was editor-in-chief and one of the publishers. It was while on the latter publication that he was appointed, on July 8th, 1901, to the position of Division Deputy Internal Revenue Collector for the 6th District of New Jersey, comprising the counties of Passaic, Bergen and Sussex, with headquarters at Paterson. Mr. Burke is one of the founders of the Pica Club, the newspaper writers' organization of Northern New Jersey and has been treasurer of that organization since its inception. He is a member of the Hamilton Club, Paterson Lodge of Elks and numerous other local organizations and has always taken an active interest in the political and social life of the city. He was the Republican nominee for Congress in the old 6th District of New Jersey in 1906. He was appointed a member of the Civil Service Commission by Governor James F. Fielder on May 9th, 1914. His salary is \$2,000 a year and his term will expire in 1918.

**GARDNER COLBY, Secretary and Chief Examiner,
East Orange.**

Mr. Colby was born at East Orange, N. J., September 12, 1864. His father was Gardner R. Colby, who was a candidate for the nomination of the Republican party for Governor in 1886, but was defeated by Benjamin F. Howey. He was graduated from Brown University, in the class of 1887, with the degree of A.B., and later received the degree of A.M. While in college he was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society and the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity.

After graduation he went into the dry goods commission business with his father, and upon his father's death became associated with his uncle, the late Charles L. Colby, in extensive railroad, manufacturing and real estate enterprises, in the West. Since his connection with the Civil Service work he has severed his business connections. He is a trustee of Brown University and Colgate University. His salary is \$4,000 per annum.

State Board of Education.

JOSEPH S. FRELINGHUYSEN, President, Raritan.

President Frelinghuysen was born March 12th, 1869, at Raritan, N. J., and has always made that town his home. His ancestor, Rev. Theodorus Jacobus Frelinghuysen, came from Holland in 1720 and was the pioneer in establishing the Reformed Dutch Church in New Jersey. Major-General Frederick Frelinghuysen, who served with great distinction in the Revolutionary war, and who was a member of the Continental Congress, was his great grandfather. General John Frelinghuysen, an officer in the war of 1812, was his grandfather. Theodore Frelinghuysen, United States Senator, Chancellor of the University of New York, and candidate for Vice-President with Henry Clay on the Whig ticket, was a great uncle. His father, Frederick John Frelinghuysen, was a prominent lawyer and closely identified with the political and religious life of Somerset county.

President Frelinghuysen's inclination for and activity in public affairs is a natural heritage. Forced by stress of circumstances to surrender his natural inclination for a college education, he, after preparing for college at the Somerville Grammar school, obtained employment as clerk in a fire insurance office, and has since that time built up a business in New York City which is recognized as one of the foremost general agencies in the country, representing nearly a score of large and profitably conducted fire insurance companies.

President Frelinghuysen served eight years in Troop 3, Squadron A Cavalry, New York, and rose to the position of Second Lieutenant. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war he went to the front, as Second Lieutenant of the troop formed from that organization. For special services rendered in that campaign he was recommended to the President by Brigadier-General Guy V. Henry, his commanding officer, for promotion to Brevet First Lieutenant for zealous and efficient services in Porto Rico.

He served several years as chairman of the Somerset County Republican Executive Committee. In 1902, he made his first campaign for political honors as a candidate for State Senator and under the most ad-

verse conditions was defeated by Samuel S. Childs, Democrat, by a small plurality. In 1905, he was again nominated for the same position against the same opponent, and was elected by a plurality of 1,056, and in 1908, he was re-elected to the Senate, over Colonel Nelson Y. Dungan, Democrat. During his career as Senator he has always taken a prominent part in legislation. He was the father of the famous Frelinghuysen Automobile law, generally recognized as one of the most efficient enactments on the subject yet passed in this country. He has also secured the enactment of many acts of especial benefit to the agricultural industry of the State. He was instrumental in having the live stock commission created and while serving on a special commission to investigate the school system secured knowledge which he later utilized in framing various bills for the thorough re-organization of the school system. He was one of the special committee who drafted the present Civil Service law, and in 1909, he served as chairman of the Special Committee on Finance, also other important committees and in other years he held influential assignments in the preparation of legislation.

He was party leader on the floor of the Senate in 1909, and upon the resignation of President Robbins he was unanimously elected as his successor in the chair. He was re-elected President of the Senate in 1910. During the absence of Governor Fort from the State in those years, President Frelinghuysen, by virtue of his position, served as Acting Governor.

He was chosen President of the State Board of Agriculture in 1912, and still holds that position. Upon the creation of the New State Board of Education in 1911, Governor Wilson appointed Mr. Frelinghuysen a member of that body for a term of two years, and in 1913 he was given a full term of eight years. He became President of the board in 1915.

President Frelinghuysen is active in social and philanthropic enterprises; is a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce; N. J. State Chamber of Commerce; Down Town Association; Raritan Valley Grange No. 153; the Union League Club, of New York; of the Somerville Board of Trade; Solomon's Lodge No. 46, F. and A. M.; Somerville Lodge No. 885, B. P. O. E., Plainfield, and is trustee of the Somerset hospital.

COL. D. STEWART CRAVEN, Salem.

Col. Craven was born on a farm near St. Georges, Delaware, February 20th, 1873. The family is of Scotch Presbyterian ancestry. He was educated in the public schools of Salem (to which city his parents moved in 1880), at the Lawrenceville Academy, Lawrenceville, N. J., and at the Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va.

The Salem Glass Works were founded by a relative of Col. Craven's, in partnership with two other business men of the city, in 1863, and Col. Craven begun his business career with this industry in 1892. He is now the vice-president, having managed, in turn, every department of the extensive business.

The plant of the Salem Glass Company is counted among the most important in the glass industry, having over 700 employes and has been noted by the absence of friction between the employer and employes. Always retaining his love for farming, he purchased his first farm in 1907 and is now president of the Oakdale Farms Company, operating five large farms in Salem county along the most up-to-date lines of management and cultivation. He is a member of the Patrons of Husbandry, being connected with Salem Grange, P. of H.

In 1899, General W. J. Sewell, Division Commander of the National Guard of N. J., appointed Mr. Craven a member of his staff with the rank of major. In 1905, he was appointed assistant quartermaster-general with the rank of colonel, which position he still holds and in which he has rendered the State most efficient service.

In 1911, Governor Woodrow Wilson appointed him a member of the new State Board of Education for five years, this board being charged with the important duty of inaugurating the new system of public instruction and public school management.

Col. Craven was an ardent supporter of, and active worker for, Governor Wilson as a candidate for the presidency at the Baltimore convention. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education in 1911 by Governor Wilson and his term expires July 1st, 1916.

JOHN P. MURRAY, Jersey City.

Mr. Murray was born in Jersey City, in 1872. In 1891 he was graduated from St. Peter's College, Jersey City, in which city he resides. In 1893 he was graduated from the New York Law School and admitted to the New York bar. Since then he has practiced law in New York City. He was counsel to the Senate School Investigation Committee and drafted the laws for the re-organization of the State School system. He was also counsel for the Economy and Efficiency Commission and drafted the laws for the consolidation and re-organization of the various State departments. He is a Democrat in politics.

He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education in 1911, and in 1912 was re-appointed for a term of eight years. His term expires in 1920.

EDMUND BURKE OSBORNE, Montclair.

Mr. Osborne was born in Manchester, Iowa, in 1865, and was educated in public schools and in Simpson College, Iowa. He engaged in newspaper work in Red Oak, Iowa, for several years after leaving college, and founded there, in 1889, the Osborne Company, with which ten years later he moved to Newark.

Mr. Osborne is president of the Osborne Company, manufacturers of art calendars, with works in Newark, and of the American Colortype Company, art color printers, of New York and Chicago.

He was married in 1887 to Miss Jessie Graham. They reside in Montclair with their two sons, Andrew G. and Edmund Burke, Jr.

He has been active in politics for a number of years. He was associated with the "New Idea" movement in the Republican party, and in 1910 was elected president of the Progressive Republican League of New Jersey. In 1912 he was a delegate to the Republican National Convention. He left the Republican party, with other Roosevelt supporters, and was a delegate to the National Progressive Convention in August. In 1915 he announced his return to the Republican party.

Mr. Osborne was appointed a member of the State Board of Education by President Wilson in 1911. His term expires in 1917.

MELVIN A. RICE, Leonardo, Monmouth Co.

Mr. Rice was born in New York State, August 13th, 1871. He was graduated from the State Normal School at Cortland in June, 1890. He is president of Donald W. MacLeod & Company, importers of flax and jute, 690 Broadway, New York City. Mr. Rice was appointed in 1911 by Governor Wilson, a member of the State Board of Education, and his term will expire in 1919.

JOHN CHARLES VAN DYKE, New Brunswick.

Dr. Van Dyke, university professor, was born in New Brunswick, N. J., April 21st, 1856; son of Judge John and Mary Dix (Strong) Van Dyke; studied at Columbia; studied art in Europe many years, and L. H. D., Rutgers, 1889; unmarried. He was admitted to the bar in 1877, but never practiced; Librarian, Sage Library, New Brunswick, since 1878, and Professor of History of Art, Rutgers, since 1889. Is lecturer at Columbia, Harvard and Princeton; a member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters. Author of "Books and How to Use Them," "Principles of Art," "How to Be Judge of a Picture," "Art For Art's Sake," "History of Painting," "Old Dutch and Flemish Masters," "Modern French Masters," "Nature For It's Own Sake," "The Desert," "Old English Masters, With Coles' Engravings," "The Meaning of Pictures," "The Opal Sea," "Studies in Pictures," "The Money God," "The New New York," "What Is Art?," "New Guides to Old Masters;" Editor of "College Histories of Art," "History of American Art," "The Studio," 1883-1884, "American Art Review," "International Quarterly," etc.

He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education in 1911 and his term expires in 1918.

THOMAS WHITNEY SYNNOTT, Wenonah.

Mr. Synnott was born at Glassboro, N. J., in 1845. He is a son of Myles Synnott, M.D., and Harriet Heston Whitney Synnott, and was educated in the public schools and West Jersey Academy. Engaged in glass manufacturing at Glassboro in 1865, in connection with the Whitney Glass Works, and became the first president of the company when it was later

incorporated. He retained this position until 1892 when he retired from active business to devote his energies to benevolent work. He is still one of the largest stockholders in the company. (The glass works at Glassboro were acquired by Colonel Thomas Heston, the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, at the close of the Revolutionary War, and long known as Heston's Glassworks. Later the name was changed to Whitney Glass Works.)

Mr. Synnott is a trustee of Lincoln University, of Keswick Colony, School for Christian Workers, president of Board of Trustees of Princeton Theological Seminary, member of Board of Aid for Colleges of the Presbyterian Church, and of the Board of Publication and Sabbath School Work of the Presbyterian Church, and Executive Committee of the World's S. S. Work; of the National Institute of Social Sciences and of the National Economic League and of the Union League of Philadelphia. He is treasurer of the Inter-Church Federation of New Jersey; vice-president of the New Jersey State S. S. Asso. and of the Lord's Day Alliance of the United States and president of the Lord's Day Alliance of New Jersey; president of the First National Bank of Glassboro, N. J., and director in numerous corporations.

In politics, a Republican. Has never held political office. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education by Governor Fielder and his term expires July 1st, 1923.

EDGAR HOWARD STURTEVANT, Edgewater.

Mr. Sturtevant was born in Jacksonville, Ill., March 7th, 1875. He was educated in the public schools of the same town and later in Whipple Academy and Illinois College. He received the degree of A.B. from Indiana University in 1898, and the degree of Ph.D. from the University of Chicago in 1901. He has taught in Maryville College, the University of Missouri, and Indiana University, and since 1907 in Columbia University, where he is now assistant professor of Classical Philology. He has lived in Edgewater, Bergen county, since June, 1908.

Governor Fielder appointed Mr. Sturtevant as a Democratic member of the State Board of Education in 1914. His term will end in 1922.

Commissioner of Education.

CALVIN N. KENDALL, Trenton.

Mr. Kendall was born in Augusta, N. Y., February 8th, 1858. He was graduated from Hamilton College with the degree of A.B. in 1882. He has received the following honorary degrees: A.M. from Yale in 1900, and from the University of Michigan in 1909; Litt.D. from Hamilton College in 1911, and from Rutgers College in 1912; and LL.D. from New York University in 1913.

As an educator, Mr. Kendall has had a long and successful career. He was a teacher in the rural schools of New York State for two years; principal of the Jackson High School, Jackson, Mich., 1885 to 1886; superintendent of schools in Jackson, 1886 to 1890; superintendent of schools, Saginaw, Mich., 1890 to 1892; superintendent of schools, New Haven, Conn., 1895 to 1900; superintendent of schools, Indianapolis, and a member of the State Board of Education, Indiana, 1900 to July, 1911.

In addition to the positions already mentioned, Mr. Kendall has been a lecturer at the summer schools of the following universities: Chicago, Indiana, Wisconsin, Columbia, Iowa, Illinois and California. He has been president of the Connecticut Council of Education; president of the Connecticut State Teachers' Association; president of the Southern Indiana Teachers' Association, and president of Indiana State Teachers' Association. He was also a member of the commission of three appointed by the United States Commissioner of Education to investigate and report upon the Baltimore schools during the spring of 1911.

Mr. Kendall has been offered the superintendency of the schools of Washington, Louisville, Rochester and Springfield (Mass.), and since coming to New Jersey he has twice been offered the superintendency of the schools of Detroit.

He was appointed to his present office by Governor Wilson, on July 14th, 1911. The term of office is five years and the salary \$10,000 a year.

State Department of Health.

WILLIAM H. CHEW, President, Salem.

Mr. Chew was born in Camden, September 18th, 1871, and is the eldest son of the late Sinnickson Chew. He received his education in the private schools in Camden and at Rugby Academy, Philadelphia. In 1890 he engaged in business with his father in the publication of the West Jersey Press at Camden and the Standard at Salem. He has continued in the printing and publishing business ever since, being president of the Sinnickson Chew & Sons Company, of Camden, and the Standard and Jerseyman Company, of Salem.

Mr. Chew has been connected with the New Jersey National Guard since 1908, serving first as captain and paymaster of the Third Infantry, then assistant paymaster-general, and at present under the re-organization of the guard as major and disbursing officer, Quartermaster Corps.

Mr. Chew was chosen the first secretary of the New Jersey Forest Park Reservation Commission. In 1907 he was appointed by Governor Stokes a member of the State Sewerage Commission and when that Commission was merged with the State Board of Health in 1908, he was appointed by Governor Fort to that board, and served until July 1st, 1915, being vice-president of the board for the last two years of his term. Mr. Chew has for many years taken an active interest in public health work and is a member of a number of societies. When the present Department of Health was created Mr. Chew was appointed to it by Governor Fielder and when the board organized he was elected president of the department. His term will expire July 1st, 1916.

**MOSES NELSON BAKER, Ph.D., C.E., Vice-President,
Upper Montclair.**

Mr. Baker was born at Enosburg, Vt., January 26th, 1864. He was educated in Enosburg district school, Craftsbury Academy, North Craftsbury, Vt., and University of Vermont, Burlington, Vt., Class of '86. Was a member of Township Committee, Montclair, 1893, 1894; member, 1894-1915, and president, 1904-

1915, Montclair Board of Health, associate editor, 1887-1908, and has been editor since 1908 of "Engineering News," New York City; is editor "The Manual of American Water-Works," 1888-1897; "The Municipal Year Book," 1902; author of numerous books on water-supply and sewage treatment, and of municipal engineering topics in "International Encyclopedia," "Nelson's Encyclopedia," "International Year Book." Was special agent U. S. census for number of years and is chairman Executive Committee, National Municipal League. He was appointed to State Department of Health by Governor Fielder in 1915 and elected vice-president. His term expires July 1st, 1916.

DR. HENRY SPENCE, Jersey City.

Dr. Spence was born at Starkey, N. Y., December 30th, 1865, where his father, Dr. Byron Spence, began the practice of medicine in 1850. Dr. Spence prepared for the study of medicine at the Penn Yan Academy, Penn Yan, N. Y., where he was graduated in 1886. He took further preparation for medicine at Cornell University during the years 1888 and 1889, going from there to the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York from which he graduated in 1892. Following a year of internship at Christ Hospital in Jersey City, 1892, 1893, he took up the practice of medicine in Jersey City where he has continued in the profession up to the present time. From 1893 until 1901 he was assistant visiting surgeon to Christ Hospital, following which he was elected to the post of surgeon. At present he is visiting surgeon (female division) to St. Francis Hospital, lecturer to the Christ Hospital Training School for Nurses, and for the Training School for Nurses at the City Hospital, Jersey City. Dr. Spence has been president of the Hudson County District Medical Society, the Practitioners' Club of Jersey City, and the Alumni Association of Christ Hospital Internes and is now treasurer of the Society of Surgeons of New Jersey, and a director of the Chamber of Commerce and chairman of the Public Health Committee of Jersey City. He is a member of the New Jersey State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the New Jersey State Sani-

tary Association, and of the Citizens' Federation of Hudson County and various other organizations. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Fielder and his term expires July 1st, 1919.

DR. J. OLIVER McDONALD, Trenton.

Dr. McDonald was born in Englishtown, New Jersey, in 1884, and is a son of Charles F. McDonald. He graduated from Princeton University and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia University, New York City. He is a member of the Society of the Alumni of the Presbyterian Hospital and of the Sloane Hospital for Women in New York City. He is engaged in the practice of medicine at Trenton, N. J. He was appointed a member of the Department of Health in 1915 by Governor Fielder and his term expires in 1919.

OLIVER KELLY, Oak Tree, Middlesex County.

Mr. Kelly was born near Metuchen, Middlesex county, N. J., in 1847. He received a common school education, and afterward entered the real estate business, which he conducted successfully for a number of years both in New Jersey and New York. He served as Collector of the Port of Perth Amboy until the first Cleveland administration, and in April, 1891, was appointed a member of the State Board of Assessors for a term of four years, and served in that office five years altogether. For over twenty-seven years he was an active member of the Democratic State Committee, and is now a member of the Middlesex County Democratic Committee. He was Chairman of the Middlesex County Board of Elections for several terms. He is also a member of the Raritan Township Board of Education. Mr. Kelly was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Wilson in 1913 for a term of six years, and in 1915 he was appointed a member of the new Department of Health by Governor Fielder. His term expires July 1st, 1918.

JOHN M EVERITT, V.S., Hackettstown.

Mr. Everitt was born in Hackettstown, Warren county, N. J., December 6th, 1843. He received a

common school education, afterward learned the harness business and in 1868, opened a harness store and horse furnishing goods, making a specialty of road and track harness for a number of years. He was appointed Health Inspector of the town of Hackettstown in 1897, serving a term of years and during the small-pox epidemic of 1901; began veterinary practice in 1882, joining the New Jersey Veterinary Medical Association in 1885. He was elected a member of common council in the town of Hackettstown in 1910, re-elected every year afterward to 1915, being made president of the board during the year of 1912. He was appointed a member of the Department of Health ad in. by Governor Fielder in June, 1915, for a term of three years.

CLYDE POTTS, C.E., Morristown.

Mr. Potts was born in Jefferson county, Iowa, November 1st, 1876, and was graduated from the Des Moines (Iowa) High School and later entered Cornell University. He graduated from Cornell with the Class of 1901. Mr. Potts is a civil engineer by profession, specializing in sanitary work. Among the large number of commissions involving special difficulties carried out by him are the sewerage works of Morristown, N. J.; West Haven, Conn., and Patchogue, N. Y. He has been employed as a sanitary expert in a number of important litigations and at the present time is so employed by the federal government.

Mr. Potts is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers; the American Public Health Association; the American Water Works Association; the New England Water Works Association, and other State and National scientific societies. He is also a past president of the New Jersey Sanitary Association. He is president of the Cornell Society of Civil Engineers and a member of the Sigma XI. He was appointed by Governor Fielder a member of the Department of Health in 1915. His term will expire July 1st, 1917.

DR. EDWARD A. AYERS, Branchville.

Dr. Ayers, A.M., M.D., was born at Jacksonville, Illinois, in 1855, and was graduated from Illinois Col-

lege in 1877, and in Medicine from the New York University in 1880. He spent the following year and a half in special studies under specialists, and became connected with the New York Polyclinic as professor of obstetrics in 1884.

He founded The Mothers' and Babies' Hospital of New York, and was for many years active in medical service and obstetrical teaching in connection with this institution and the Polyclinic. Dr. Ayers has been a prolific writer on medical topics, both for the medical and "popular" magazines, and was one of the first to undertake the education of the people on mosquito extermination, his lecture on this subject receiving the Carpenter Prize of the New York Academy of Medicine. He is a member of many medical societies and an active participant in their scientific work.

Dr. Ayers married Miss Joy Lindsley, of Washington, D. C., by which marriage two children—a son and daughter—were born and are now approaching their majority. He was appointed a member of the Department of Health in 1915 and his term will expire in 1917.

Director of Health.

JACOB COLE PRICE, M.D., Branchville.

Dr. Price was born at Branchville, Sussex county, N. J., January 9, 1850. By profession he is a physician. His father was a cousin of Governor Rodman M. Price, and was an Assemblyman from Sussex county in 1861. Dr. Price is a graduate of the Michigan University and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York city. He was County Physician for Sussex for fifteen years, and has served as Mayor, and also Postmaster, at Branchville. He was appointed as a member of the Board of Examining Surgeons for his Congressional District under the McKinley administration. In 1903 Dr. Price was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 758 over Woodward, Republican, was re-elected in 1906 by a plurality of 730 over Howell, Republican, and again in 1909 by a plurality of 1,057 over Hunt, Republican. He was the only Senator who was ever given a third

term in Sussex county. He served on the most important committees of the Senate and his record is without blemish. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Wilson in 1912 and served one year, when he resigned, and Governor Wilson then appointed him Secretary of the board for a full term of six years. Upon the creation of the new Department of Health the doctor was elected director for a term of four years. His term expires in 1919.

Board of Commerce and Navigation.

(This board consolidates the Board of Riparian Commissioners, the Department of Inland Waterways, Inspectors of Power Vessels and New Jersey Harbor Commission.)

J. SPENCER SMITH, President, Tenaflly.

Mr. Smith was born in Sherbrooke, Canada, on July 7th, 1880. He was brought up in the suburbs of Brooklyn, his parents moving to Tenaflly in 1899. He was elected to the Municipal Council in 1902 and served one term. He was elected member of the Board of Education March 17th, 1908, and has served continuously ever since and is now vice-president of the board.

He was appointed by Governor Wilson, April 7th, 1911, as member of the Commission to Investigate Port Conditions of New York. On April 15th, 1914, he was appointed by Governor Fielder as member of the New Jersey Harbor Commission. On July 1st, 1915, he was appointed by Governor Fielder as member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation. His term will expire July 1st, 1917.

RICHARD C. JENKINSON, Vice-President, Newark.

Mr. Jenkinson was born in Newark, N. J., in 1853, and is at the head of R. C. Jenkinson & Co., manufacturers of metal goods. He was educated in the public schools and private schools of Newark. In 1869, he went to work in New York; after a year of study abroad in 1875-1876, he started the business in which he is now engaged.

He never held an elective office. He ran for mayor of Newark in 1900 as the Republican candidate. He was defeated by the then mayor, the Honorable Jas. M. Seymour, who was seeking re-election.

He was elected president of the Newark Board of Trade in 1898, and was re-elected later. In 1901, he was one of the vice-presidents of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

He is a trustee of the New Jersey Home for Feeble-Minded at Vineland and vice-president of the Board of Commerce and Navigation. He is also a trustee of the Free Public Library in Newark; a director in the Ironbound Trust Company of Newark, and in several corporations in New Jersey and New York, and he is also a director in a large electric manufacturing company in Canada.

Governor Fielder appointed Mr. Jenkinson a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation and his term will expire July 1st, 1918.

Mr. Jenkinson is married and lives in Newark in the same ward in which he was born.

W. PARKER RUNYON, Perth Amboy.

Mr. Runyon was born in New Brunswick, N. J., December 3d, 1861. He belongs to the French Huguenot family, whose progenitor, Vincent Runyon (Rognion), was among the earliest settlers of East Jersey. He obtained his education in the public schools and Rutgers Preparatory School of the city of his birth. Putting aside an ambition to become a physician on account of imperfect eyes, he took a commercial course at the New Jersey Business College, Newark, N. J., and in 1881 entered that greatest of all schools—the business world—where his vital personality and pleasing and genial manner have stood him in good stead.

After two or three positions filled successfully, he became identified with boat craft, waterfront and navigation activities. His father and grandfather, each of whom in his turn, owned and operated the shipyard which met the needs of the Delaware and Raritan Canal at New Brunswick.

He has been president for more than twenty years of the Perth Amboy Dry Dock Company. He, to-

gether with Mr. Charles D. Snedeker, re-organized the concern into a close corporation, and during his incumbency the plant has grown from a capacity of two marine railways, to one having four dry docks, a machine shop and boiler works, ample wharves and piers, and has acquired the six hundred feet of water front and two city blocks which it occupies.

In 1904, he was elected an alternate delegate to the Democratic National Convention held at St. Louis, and was a delegate to the one held at Denver in 1908. He is an active member of the Perth Amboy Board of Trade, and a member of the City Water Commission. The State Chamber of Commerce also enlists his heartist interest and co-operation. He is one of the trustees of the State Chamber of Commerce, and director of the Harbor and Navigation Department, and beside he was a delegate to represent it, as well as the local Board of Trade, in the Seventh Annual Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention, held in New York City, in September, 1914, and was appointed by the governor as one of the representatives of the State of New Jersey at the Eighth Annual Convention of that body held at Savannah in November, 1915.

Mr. Runyon was appointed by Governor Fielder on the State Harbor Commission of New Jersey, and upon the recent re-organization of State Boards, was named as one of the long term men on the Board of Commerce and Navigation. His term expires July 1st, 1919.

JOHN M. B. WARD, Paterson.

Mr. Ward was born in Paterson, December 6th, 1880, and received his preliminary education in the local schools. Later he attended the Roger McGee Preparatory School in Paterson and the Inter-collegiate School of New York City. This was followed by a course in Columbia University which Mr. Ward entered in 1898, and the New York University Law School. In 1901, he was admitted to the bar and he also has been admitted to practice in the United States courts.

After being admitted to the bar, Mr. Ward became associated with his father, Z. M. Ward, one of the most distinguished lawyers Paterson has ever produced. The firm, which was known as Z. M. Ward

& Son, continued until the death of Mr. Ward, Sr., 1904. The subject of this sketch then formed a partnership with Peter J. McGinnis, and the firm has continued ever since under the name of Ward & McGinnis. In politics Mr. Ward is a Republican. He was appointed a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation by Governor Fielder and his term expires July 1st, 1919.

WILLIAM LAWRENCE SAUNDERS, Plainfield.

Mr. Saunders was born November 1st, 1856, in Columbus, Ga.; son of William Trebell Saunders, D.D., and Eliza Morton Saunders, Va.; grandnephew of Robert Saunders, fourteenth president William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va. His earliest ancestors landed with the Jamestown expedition, Jamestown, Va., and is descendant of Sir Edward Saunders, one of the Knights of the Horseshoe who discovered the Alleghanies. He has degrees: Bachelor of Science, University of Pennsylvania, 1876; Doctor of Science, 1911.

Before graduation was editor-in-chief "University Magazine" and class poet. 1876, engaged in newspaper work, Philadelphia; special correspondent for southern newspapers Centennial Exposition; made two balloon ascensions, reaching height of three and a half miles, remaining up all night.

From 1878 to 1881, he was engineer in charge of building docks, warehouses and ship channel, New York Harbor, at Black Tom Island. He designed and patented apparatus for subaqueous drilling, using tube and water jet, system now in general use.

In 1881, he was engineer for Ingersoll Rock Drill Company. He invented and patented rock drilling and quarrying devices, track channelers and gadders and bar channelers; invented and patented system of pumping liquids by compressed air, now generally used in Baku oil fields, Russia; also, radialaxe system of coal mining.

Mr. Saunders is prominently identified with various industries both in New York and New Jersey, and is editor and author of numerous magazines, pamphlets, &c., relating to inventions, commerce, economics and politics. He was a member of the New Jersey Harbor

Commission, formerly a member of the New Jersey State Democratic Committee, and was twice elected mayor of North Plainfield.

He was appointed a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation by Governor Fielder and his term expires July 1st, 1918.

J. WARD RICHARDSON, Bridgeton.

Mr. Richardson was born in Bridgeton, N. J., on August 18th, 1854, and has spent the major portion of his life in that place. His early years were, however, passed in Philadelphia, to which place his parents removed when he was quite young, and there he studied in the public schools, and was graduated from the High School division of the Northeast Grammar School. Coming to Bridgeton as a young man, he soon became actively engaged in newspaper work and was connected with several publications, eventually founding the Bridgeton Evening News and the Dollar Weekly News, both of which are still being published by a company of which Mr. Richardson is at the head and both of which have enjoyed exceptional success. Mr. Richardson was appointed by Governor Stokes to the old State Board of Arbitration, being elected as its president. This board took an active part in the effort to settle various industrial troubles throughout the State. In 1908, he was appointed by Governor Fort to the State Riparian Commission, and upon the expiration of his term was re-appointed by Governor Fielder, serving six years in all, and declining an effort of his colleagues to make him vice-president and the virtual head of the board during his final period of service. He has long been an active member of the New Jersey Press Association and in 1913-1914, served as its president. In 1915, he was appointed by Governor Fielder a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation and his term expires July 1st, 1917.

WILLIAM T. KIRK, Beverly.

Mr. Kirk was born in Philadelphia, Pa., July 1st, 1860, and was educated at Friends Select School, Philadelphia, and has resided at Beverly, N. J., for the last twenty-three years. He served two terms in

the city council, having overcome a normal Republican majority at the election both times, has been a delegate to two Gubernatorial Conventions and served as a member of the Burlington County Democratic Committee, and a member of the Executive Committee of the Burlington County Democratic Club.

He is a director of the First National Bank of Beverly; has served as director of the Building and Loan Association; is a vestryman in the Episcopal Church, and a vice-president of the Philadelphia-Delaware-Trenton Deeper Waterways Association.

He is a wholesale grocer in Philadelphia, being a member of the firm of Kirk, Foster & Co.; also a director in the Grocers' and Importers' Exchange of Philadelphia, having served twice as its president. He is a member of the Joint Committee of the trade bodies of Philadelphia, on the Improvement of the Schuylkill and Delaware rivers. Mr. Kirk was appointed by Governor Fielder as a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation in 1915, and his term expires July 1st, 1916.

ALLEN KIRBY WHITE, Atlantic City.

Mr. White was born at Denton, Md., December 14th, 1872, and is second son of Josiah and Mary Kirby (Allen) White. He attended Friends Central School, Philadelphia and Swarthmore College, Pa., graduating in the engineering department in 1894, as president of the class. He entered the hotel business with his father, at Hotel Luray, Atlantic City, and formed the partnership of Josiah White & Son, and later with his father and two brothers formed Josiah White & Sons Company, owners and proprietors of the Marlborough-Blenheim Hotel, Atlantic City, which is his present business. Upon the organization of the Equitable Trust Co. of Atlantic City, he became vice-president, which office he still fills. He was one of the incorporators of the Equitable Building and Loan Association of Atlantic City and accepted the trusteeship thereof, and has been commodore of the Atlantic City Yacht Club since 1911. In 1915, was appointed by Governor Fielder a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation, and his term expires July 1st, 1916.

B. F. CRESSON, JR., Chief Engineer and Secretary,
Jersey City.

Mr. Cresson was born in Philadelphia in 1873, and was educated at the Episcopal Academy of Philadelphia, Lehigh University and University of Pennsylvania; B.S. degree from the latter.

From 1894 to 1897 he was employed on the Lehigh Valley Railroad as chainman, rodman, transitman and draughtsman on construction and general railroad work. From 1897 to 1899 he was transitman on Reading subway work in Philadelphia, a portion of the time being in charge of the section between 13th street and 16th street. From 1899 to 1900 he was assistant engineer, West Virginia Short Line Railroad in charge of surveys for coal terminals on the Ohio Railroad at New Martinsville, W. Va., and terminals at Clarkesburg, W. Va., and was locating engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad in charge of preliminary and location surveys between Punxsutawney and DuBois, Pa.

From 1900-1901, he worked in the office of Jacobs and Davies, Consulting Engineers, New York City, on subaqueous tunnel plans and surveys North river and East river—assistant engineer in charge of the Atlantic avenue improvements in Brooklyn for the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

In 1901, he was assistant engineer on re-survey plans, etc., for the completion of the Hudson tunnels under the North river (McAdoo Tunnels), and 1901-1910 assistant engineer, alignment engineer and resident engineer in charge of precise triangulations on the North river.

In 1910-1913, he was first deputy commissioner, Department of Docks and Ferries, New York City, in charge of engineering activities and acting dock commissioner for several months of this time in the absence of the commissioner.

He served as chief engineer, New Jersey Harbor Commission, 1913-1915. He is a member of American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Mining Engineers, Institution of Civil Engineers of Great Britain, Director American Association of Port Authorities, Municipal Engineers of New York, International Congress of Navigation and Engineers' Club of New York.

Department of Conservation and Development.

(This department consolidates the State Water-Supply Commission, Forest Park Reservation Commission, Geological Survey, Washington Park Crossing Commission, State Museum and Fort Nonsense Park Commission.)

EDWARD SHAFFER SAVAGE President, Rahway.

Mr. Savage was born in the city of Rahway (where he still resides), the first day of July, 1854.

He read law in the office of Cortlandt Parker; graduated from Columbia Law College in 1876, and was admitted to the bar in New Jersey in 1877.

He served two terms in the Legislature—1884 and 1885; and practiced law in the city of Newark for a few years after his admission to the bar, then moved his office to New York City and was associated with George W. Miller for twenty years in the practice of the law in New York. In 1912 he retired from active practice.

He was appointed by Governor Fielder in 1915 a member of the Department of Conservation and Development and his term expires July 1st, 1918.

WALTER J. BUZBY, Atlantic City.

Mr. Buzby was born at Masonville, Burlington county, N. J., October 12th, 1865. He spent his boyhood days on his father's farm in Burlington county until 1885, when he entered the employ of Mitchell, Fletcher & Company, Fancy Grocers, of Philadelphia, and remained with them for fifteen years, during which time he passed from the lowest salaried boy in the store to one of the junior members of the firm.

In 1900, Mr. Buzby bought from Joseph H. Borton the Hotel Dennis, Atlantic City, having a well-known Philadelphia architect as his associate, and has continued to conduct the hotel as an all year proposition ever since. He was twice elected a member of city council, is a director in two banks and is identified with many of Atlantic City's affairs.

He was appointed a member of the Board of Conservation and Development by Governor Fielder in 1915 for a term of two years, which expires July 1st, 1917.

NELSON B. GASKILL, Trenton.

Mr. Gaskill was born at Mount Holly, N. J., September 12th, 1875. He prepared for college at the Peddie Institute, Hightstown, N. J., and entered Princeton with the class of 1896. Upon graduation he spent two years at the Harvard Law School and studied one year in the office of his father, Judge Joseph H. Gaskill. He was admitted to the bar as attorney in 1899 and passed the counselors' examination three years later. Since admission he has practiced law in Camden, N. J., with his father as a member of the firm of Gaskill & Gaskill. He enlisted in the National Guard in 1896, and was made captain of his company two years later; he was later appointed battalion adjutant with the Third Regiment, which commission he now holds. He was appointed assistant attorney-general in November, 1906, and served in that office until March, 1914. Governor Fielder appointed Mr. Gaskill in 1915 a member of the Board of Conservation and Development, and his term expires July 1st, 1919.

SIMON PHILLIPS NORTHRUP, Newark.

Mr. Northrup was born near Branchville, Sussex county, New Jersey, August 23d, 1876, and is son of Oscar and Mary J. (Phillips) Northrup. Both sides of family can trace descent to English Colonial ancestry. The name Northrup is of English origin and is a compound of the words North and the Saxon thorp (Middle English throepe) meaning town or village. The earliest mention of the name found in England is of the marriage of Maude, daughter of Simon Northrope, in county York, in the reign of Henry VII. (1485-1509). Joseph Northrup, founder of the family in America, came from Yorkshire, England, with Sir Richard Saltonstall, in Eaton and Davenport's Company, in the ship "Hector and Martha," landing at Boston on July 26th, 1637. With others he formed the settlement of Milford, Connecticut, in 1639, and his name appears as one of the forty-four "Free Planters" on the document which laid the foundation for their government on the "Plantation." He was graduated from Dickinson College with the Class of 1897, and from the Law School of Yale Uni-

versity in 1899, receiving degree of bachelor of laws, and Kent prize for superiority in debate. In February, 1899, he was admitted to practice before the New Jersey bar, and for a time was in several law offices, forming in 1905, a partnership with Francis Lafferty. In 1907, he became connected with Fidelity Trust Company and later was elected its assistant title officer.

He was appointed by Governor Fielder, in 1915, a member of the Department of Conservation and Development and his term expires July 1st, 1917.

CHARLES LATHROP PACK, Lakewood.

Mr. Pack was born in Lexington, Michigan, May 7th, 1857, and was educated in this country and in Germany. He studied forestry in the black forests of Germany and spent much time exploring the forests of Canada, the northwest and Louisiana. The Packs in colonial times lived at Rahway and Elizabeth, New Jersey, but all left the State of New Jersey previous to one hundred years ago. Charles Lathrop Pack returned to New Jersey in 1899 and took up his residence at Lakewood. He is perhaps best known as the president of the National Conservation Congress. He is a member and director of the American Forestry Association; served for several years as a member of the former New Jersey Forest Park Commission. Upon the invitation of President Roosevelt, Mr. Pack attended as an expert the conference of governors at the White House in May, 1907, and he was appointed by President Roosevelt a member of the National Conservation Commission. Has attended most of the important conferences on forestry and conservation in this country since 1900. Mr. Pack is a Republican; was a member of the Indianapolis Sound Money Convention, and a member of the Monetary Commission. He served for seven years as a member of the first city Troop A, Ohio National Guard, Cleveland. He is an ex-president of the Cleveland, Ohio, Chamber of Commerce, and is a trustee of Western Reserve University. He is a member of the New Jersey Chapter of the Society of Colonial Wars; a member of the Union League Club of New York and president of the Country Club of Lakewood,

New Jersey. Mr. Pack is widely known because of his knowledge of timber and timber interests both in this country and in Canada. He was appointed by Governor Fielder, in 1915, a member of the Board of Conservation and Development and his term expires July 1st, 1918.

STEPHEN PFEIL, Camden.

Mr. Pfeil was born in New York City, December 26th, 1854, and was educated in public and private schools of that city. He graduated from the law department of the University of New York and received the degree of L.B. in 1873; was admitted to the New York bar in 1875 and followed the profession in that State for more than ten years. Since 1888, he has resided in Camden, and has been engaged in literary work, contributing articles on international law and social-political topics to various periodicals and the daily press; was co-author in 1892 of "Walsh's Handybook of Literary Curiosities." In 1893, he became an editorial writer on the staff of the Philadelphia Record, and has continued in that occupation ever since. He was appointed by Governor Wilson in 1911, a member of the Board of Managers of the Geological Survey and on the consolidation of the Survey and various other State Commissions in the Department of Conservation and Development, he was appointed to the governing board of this department by Governor Fielder. Mr. Pfeil has been a lifelong Democrat. His first vote was cast for Samuel J. Tilden, for president. He has been active in furthering Democratic policies, and was a delegate to Convention of 1910, which nominated Woodrow Wilson for governor, of whom he was an early and sincere advocate. In 1914, he submitted a plan for the reconstruction of the Legislative power which aroused widespread comment. He was appointed to the present board by Governor Fielder in 1915, and his term expires July 1st, 1916.

GEORGE A. STEELE, Eatontown.

Mr. Steele was born in Fair Haven, Monmouth county, New Jersey, on June 24th, 1872. His father, John N. Steele, came from old New England stock,

his ancestors having settled in the early part of the 18th century on the Massachusetts coast a few miles above Boston. Mr. Steele was educated in the public schools of Monmouth county, and in 1896, he helped to found the Shrewsbury Nurseries, of which he is now the sole proprietor.

On April 21st, 1914, he was appointed by Governor Fielder a member of the Board of Forest Park Reservation Commissioners and when that board was absorbed by the Board of Conservation and Development on July 1st, 1915, the governor appointed him a member of the latter board for the full term of four years. His term expires June 1st, 1919.

HENRY CROFUT WHITE, North Plainfield.

Mr. White was born at Danbury, Conn., January 29th, 1869, and is a lawyer, and a member of the New York bar, 1893; of the Supreme Court bar, 1896; practices in New York City, being a member of the firm of White & Wait, 49 Wall street. Degrees were conferred on him by the following: A.B., Yale University, 1891; A.M., Columbia University, 1892; LL.B., University of the State of New York, 1893. He is the author of the White Federal Income Tax law and other legal treatises. He was appointed a member of this new department in 1915 by Governor Fielder and his term expires July 1st, 1916.

ALFRED GASKILL, Director and State Forester, Lawrenceville.

Mr. Gaskill was born in Philadelphia, November 6th, 1861, both his parents being members of old New Jersey Quaker families. He was educated in the public schools and at the Friends Central School, Philadelphia.

In 1881, he went to Cumberland county, N. J., where for ten years, and for seven years more in Philadelphia, he was engaged in the glass manufacturing business. During that time his attention was attracted to forestry, largely through the forest fires which were so manifestly destroying both the timber supply and the land values of south Jersey.

In 1898, he determined to become a forester, gave up business and for three years, studied forestry in North

Carolina, at Harvard University, at the University of Munich and in the organized forests of Europe. In 1901, he entered the United States Forest Service, where for upwards of five years he devoted his time chiefly to forest fires and to silvicultural problems. On February 1st, 1907, he was engaged as forester by the Forest Park Reservation Commission of New Jersey and through that position became State Forester. He is a director of the American Forestry Association, Secretary of the Association of Eastern Foresters and a member of other forestry and allied organizations.

On July 1st, 1915, he was appointed Director of Conservation and Development for a term of four years at \$4,200 a year, which position he holds coincidentally with that of State Forester.

State Geologist.

HENRY B. KÜMMEL, Trenton.

Mr. Kümmel was born in Milwaukee, Wis., May 25th, 1867. He graduated from Beloit College, Wis., in 1889, and after teaching two years, spent one year in post-graduate work in geology at Harvard University and three years at the University of Chicago. He received the degree of M.A. from Harvard University, and from Beloit College in 1892, and that of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) from the University of Chicago in 1895. In 1891, he was employed as field assistant in geology on the United States Geological Survey, in Connecticut. In the summer of 1892 he joined the Geological Survey of New Jersey, and for several field seasons was engaged in surveys in Warren, Sussex and Hunterdon counties. During a portion of 1898 he was employed on the Geological Survey of New York, and also spent a short time in studying the geology of Scotland. Returning to New Jersey, he was appointed Assistant State Geologist in 1899, and on the resignation of Dr. John C. Smock, on July 1st, 1901, Mr. Kümmel was put in charge of the survey. On January 10th, 1902, he was made State Geologist, which position he still holds. Upon the establishment of the Forest Park Reservation

Commission in 1905, he became ex-officio its executive officer. With the organization of the Department of Conservation and Development, Mr. Kümmel, as State Geologist, became the chief of the Division of Geology and acting director of the department during the absence of the director.

The high standing of the geological survey of New Jersey was recognized by the election of Mr. Kümmel as first president of the American Association of State Geologists, a position which he held for several terms. In 1907, he was a member of the International Geological Congress held in the city of Mexico, and he was again a delegate to the same congress when it met in Toronto, Canada, in 1913, he accompanied Governor Fort as one of the three New Jersey delegates to the first Conference of Governors held at the White House in 1908, and was a member of several subsequent conservation congresses. He is a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and of the Geological Society of America, and a member of the National Institute of Social Sciences. He is the author of numerous papers relating chiefly to the geology and natural resources of New Jersey.

Board of Shell Fisheries.

GEORGE A. MOTT, Director, Tuckerton.

Mr. Mott was born at Tuckerton, N. J., July 2d, 1864, and attended the public schools until he was eighteen years of age, when he went to Atlantic City, where he worked as clerk in a grocery store for two years, after which he conducted a grocery business at Beach Haven, N. J., for eight years during which time he engaged in the planting and shipping of oysters. He was named as a member of the first oyster commission for the State of New Jersey by an act of the Legislature of 1893, and although a Democrat, he was renamed by an act of the Legislature of 1896, and was appointed by Governor Voorhees in 1899, and by Governor Murphy in 1902, and served as a member and secretary of the commission during the twelve years of its existence. It was largely due to his efforts that the scientific study

of oyster propagation was taken up by Professor Julius Nelson in 1900, and as there was no appropriation made by the Legislature for that purpose, he furnished and maintained a suitable station for experimental purposes, also oysters, boats, floats, etc., for the use of the biologist and assisted him personally in his experimental work. In 1912, he was appointed oyster superintendent for the district of Ocean county by Governor Wilson and re-appointed by Governor Fielder in 1915. His selection as director of shell fisheries was made unanimous by the Board of Shell Fisheries July 1st, 1915.

Custodian of the Capitol.

JOHN A. SMITH, Haddon Heights.

Mr. Smith has been a life-long resident of Camden county, where he was born in the city of Camden, October 3d, 1861, and lived until 1907 when he moved from the South Jersey Metropolis to Haddon Heights, one of its suburbs. He was educated in the public schools of his home city and after a business college education, he began life as a clerk and salesman and later established a wholesale and retail merchandise business, which he conducted in Camden for several years.

Later he dealt in real estate and conducted a general brokerage line until May, 1913, when he was appointed by Comptroller Edwards to the position of assistant auditor, which position he held until July 15th, 1914, when he was appointed custodian of the State House, to take effect on August 15th, 1914. During the interval between his appointment and assumption of the duties of the office, the new custodian fully familiarized himself with all the duties appertaining to the position, which his wide and varied experience in a business and professional way makes him peculiarly adapted to fill.

The new custodian has always been active in Democratic affairs, and served as a member of the Democratic State Committee from his home county for three years. His salary is \$3,500 a year.

Secretary to the Governor.

L. EDWARD HERRMANN, Jersey City.

Mr. Herrmann is a lawyer, and was born in Jersey City, N. J., July 6th, 1876. His father was Louis E. Herrmann, and his mother Mary A. Craven. His father was a native of Hoboken, N. J., and his mother was born in Jersey City. His father was widely known throughout the State of New Jersey as an expert title searcher. The son was educated in the public schools of Jersey City, being graduated from the High School in 1895. Afterwards he studied in New York University, being graduated in 1898, with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy, and he also studied law at the New York Law School. While a law student he taught in the night schools of Jersey City. Later he was engaged in newspaper work on the reportorial staff of the Jersey City News and the Jersey Journal. He studied law in the offices of John L. Keller, John W. Weck and Augustus Zabriskie. He was admitted to the bar in June 1901, and formed a partnership with Andrew J. Steelman, Jr. In his political affiliations he is a Democrat, but the only office which he has held was that of member of the Board of Education of Jersey City for two terms, under Mayor Fagan. He is a member of the University Club of Hudson county, the Jersey City Club and the Down Town Club.

Executive Clerk.

JOHN J. FARRELL, Trenton.

Mr. Farrell was born in New York city, August 31st, 1864, and has been a resident of the State of New Jersey since he was three years of age. He is a newspaper man by profession, and was State Riparian Commissioner from 1899 to 1904. During that period the courts set aside as void the attempt of the Legislature to divert State lands, which now form the nucleus of the School Fund, to other purposes. For many years prior to that and since he has been a legislative correspondent, the line in which he was engaged when appointed Executive Clerk to fill a vacancy, the second which occurred in that office in forty-seven years, on February 20th, 1913.

Chief Auditor.

JOHN J. NEVIN, Jersey City.

Mr. Nevin, who has been chief auditor of the State, attached to the Comptroller's Department, since May 1st, 1913, was born in Summit, New Jersey, August 31st, 1871. He finished his preliminary education at St. Peter's College, Jersey City, and after a post-graduate course, became chief clerk and later private secretary in the office of the Mayor of Jersey City, where he remained from 1889 to 1897, having the peculiar distinction of serving in that capacity for five years under a Republican mayor, while always actively identified with the Democratic party of Hudson county.

In 1897 he was appointed police justice of Jersey City, a position he held until May 1st, 1900. Later Mr. Nevin became connected with the American Bonding and Trust Company, of which he was the general agent for a number of years in partnership with Joseph F. Farmer. He was secretary of the Hudson County Consolidation Commission during its existence. After retiring from the police justiceship he was engaged in corporation work in New York and New Jersey for the Lehigh Valley and New Jersey Central Railroad Company and was the general agent of the Bloomingdale Soft Rubber Company. He was appointed assistant to the State Comptroller on May 1st, 1913, since which time he has been in charge of the general auditing of the Comptroller's Department.

During his incumbency, among other things, were established the requisition system and a departure from the old plan of auditing bills after they were paid and establishing in its place the new one, which requires a thorough audit of all accounts before their liquidation.

State Superintendent of Weights and Measures.

WILLIAM L. WALDRON, Trenton.

Mr. Waldron was born in Trenton on December 7th, 1868. He received his early education in St. Mary's Parochial School, the same city. He was obliged to become a bread-winner when but thirteen years old,

because of the circumstances of his widowed mother and her other six younger children. Later he attended night school, becoming enrolled as a student in the commercial department of the Stewart Business College. He passed with high honors.

Mr. Waldron's first position was as errand boy for the Trenton Co-Operative Society, which managed a large grocery and meat market. He was promoted a year later to a clerkship and, finally, when the company decided to establish a branch store, Mr. Waldron was the choice for manager. He made such a success of the venture that, a couple of years later the society concluded to open a second branch store. Mr. Waldron was again the unanimous choice of the directors for the management of the newer place.

Twelve years ago, Mr. Waldron decided to go into business for himself. He developed a business corner that had for years been regarded as a hoodoo into one of the most prosperous in Trenton. He sold out this business when Governor Wilson unexpectedly named him to the superintendency of weights and measures August 23, 1911. Governor Wilson's attention is said to have been attracted to Mr. Waldron because of his splendid run for city commissioner in that year. He not only figured among the ten highest men at the primary but also came within a couple of hundred votes of being elected a commissioner. This was regarded as a remarkable tribute to the personal popularity of a man who had never before figured in public life, who had done little or no campaigning, and who was the only one of the ten candidates on election day that had never been previously able to attract public attention through the occupancy of a public office. His term of office is five years and salary \$2,500. His term will expire in 1916.

Commissioner of Public Reports.

BENJAMIN BOISSEAU BOBBITT, Long Branch.

Mr. Bobbitt was born at Hickory, North Carolina, on January 22d, 1883, the son of Dr. Emmet H. Bobbitt and Mary Elizabeth Boisseau. His ancestry was French, Spanish, Scotch, Irish and English, and his progenitors on both sides were prominent in the

Colonial history of Virginia and the Carolinas. His first ancestor on his mother's side was one of the founders of William and Mary College, near Jamestown, Virginia, the second college established in the United States, in 1693. He was a student at private schools and the University of North Carolina, where he made a special study of history, language and political science. He also studied law and medicine. In 1902 he married Miss Edna Virginia Boisseau, daughter of Hon. P. H. Boisseau, of Danville, Virginia.

At the early age of seventeen, while still in college, he began writing political articles and reviews for the Morning and Sunday Post, of Raleigh, N. C., and a series of historical and industrial sketches for the Sunny South magazine, of Atlanta. He also did some work of the same character and fiction for the Richmond Dispatch and Philadelphia and New York newspapers and magazines. While in a law office in Danville he became editor of the Evening Free Press there, and later went on the staff of the Norfolk Virginian Pilot, after which he was editorial writer for a time for the Lebanon (Penn.) Evening Report.

Since 1904 he has been editor of the Long Branch Daily Record. He started booming Woodrow Wilson for the Presidency on January 20th, 1908, and his editorials on the subject were copied all over the country. From 1907 to 1912 he was publicity director of Long Branch, organizing the Publicity Bureau there. He was twice elected by the city council, and appointed by both Republican and Democratic mayors. In 1908 he was appointed by Governor Fort on the State Commission to investigate dependency and criminality, and was conspicuous in the work of that body, many of whose recommendations have subsequently been enacted into law. He was first assistant Supervisor of Bills in the New Jersey Senate in 1913, and supervisor in 1914. He became editor of the Trend Magazine, of New York, in 1913, which place he resigned after his appointment by Governor Fielder as Commissioner of Reports, and his unanimous confirmation by the Senate in February of 1914, declining an election as president of the Trend Publishing Company.

Mr. Bobbitt is a trustee of the Long Branch Chamber of Commerce, director of the Garfield Monument

Association and a member of the Elks. He is also a member of the Mosquito Extermination Commission of Monmouth county. His term is for five years, and his salary \$2,000 per annum.

State Water-Supply Commission.

MAHLON L. HOAGLAND, Rockaway.

Mr. Hoagland was born in Rockaway, Morris county, N. J., on March 25, 1871. He received his early education in a private school, and later graduated from Trinity Military Institute. He entered the employ of M. Hoagland's Sons Co., a corporation of New Jersey, in September, 1889, and was elected secretary and general manager of the company in 1902. He is a Democrat politically, and has twice been elected president of the Council of the Borough of Rockaway. He has served two terms as Worshipful Master of Acacia Lodge, No. 20, F. & A. M., and belongs to several other fraternal organizations, and is a member of the Holland Society of New York and the Washington Association of New Jersey.

He was appointed a member of the State Water-Supply Commission by Governor Wilson and confirmed by the Senate in January, 1911. His term will expire June 28th, 1916.

CHARLES ANTHONY MEYER, Andover.

Mr. Meyer was born in Hoboken, December 31st, 1864, and is a civil engineer. He served in the Spanish-American war and was mustered out as a captain, November 17th, 1898. He is a member of Harmony Lodge, No. 8, F. and A. M.; Baldwin Chapter, De Molay Commandery and Salaam Temple, and also of the Army and Navy Club. He was Secretary of the Hudson County Democratic Committee, 1894-97. For three years he was president of the Borough Council of Andover. He served four years as a member of the House of Assembly from Sussex county, and was Chairman and a member of important committees. He was appointed to his present office in 1913 by Governor Wilson to succeed J. Henry Bacheller, whose term expired on June 29th.

LAURENT J. TONNELÉ, Bayonne.

Mr. Tonnelé was born in New York on May 2d, 1879, and is a dealer in oils. In 1886 he removed with his parents to Middlesex county, this State, where he later became active in politics. He was educated at Seton Hall College, South Orange, N. J. For more than a century Mr. Tonnelé's forefathers were Jersey-men and took active part in the affairs of the State. During the campaign of 1913 he was secretary of the James F. Fielder primary campaign for the Democratic gubernatorial nomination. He is also assistant secretary of the Democratic State Committee.

He was appointed to the State Water-Supply Commission by Governor Fielder in 1914, for a term of five years.

WILLIAM E. RAMSAY, Perth Amboy.

Dr. Ramsay was born at Prince Edward Island, November 11th, 1866, and is a physician. His parents early removed to Perth Amboy where his father was engaged in business up to the time of his death in 1900. After serving three years in charge of the Baltimore City Insane Asylum he engaged in practice in Perth Amboy. He is visiting surgeon to the Perth Amboy City Hospital; is a member of the Middlesex County District Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He was health officer of the Port of Perth Amboy from 1894 to the present time. He is a member of Raritan Lodge No. 61, F. and A. M., and Perth Amboy Lodge No. 73, B. P. O. E. He served as a member of the Assembly in 1908, '10 and '11, and as State Senator one term, 1913-'15, and was appointed a member of the State Water-Supply Commission the latter year.

HENRY S. SCOVEL, Camden.

Mr. Scovel was born in Camden, February 25th, 1858, and is a lawyer. He served as solicitor for the Camden Board of Freeholders from 1895 to 1897; was a member of the Assembly in 1896, '97, 1903 and '14, and Prosecutor of the Pleas of Camden county five years, 1907-'12. He always took a prominent part in legislation. He was appointed a member of the State Water-Supply Commission in 1915.

MORRIS R. SHERRERD, Consulting Engineer,
Newark.

Mr. Sherrerd was born in Scranton, Pa., December 16th, 1865, and comes of a long line of distinguished Jerseymen. He was graduated from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, New York, in the Class of 1886. He has held various important positions in the line of his profession, and has been Consulting Engineer of the New Jersey Water-Supply Commission for several years.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

1916

(With the advice and the consent of the Senate.)

Court of Errors and Appeals—William H. Vredenburg.

Supreme Court—Justice Charles G. Garrison.

District Courts—Judges Frank Smathers, Atlantic City; Peter Stillwell, Bayonne; Freeman Woodbridge, New Brunswick; Daniel A. Dugan, Orange; W. Carrington Cabell, Passaic.

County Courts—Essex, William P. Martin; Cape May, Henry H. Eldridge; Middlesex, Peter Francis Daly; Salem, Edward C. Waddington; Sussex, Allan R. Shay.

Prosecutors of the Pleas—Passaic, Michael Dunn; Warren, William A. Stryker; Cape May, James Russell Carrow, ad in.; Gloucester, Grover C. Richman, ad in.

State Board of Education—D. Stewart Craven.

Commissioner of Education—Calvin N. Kendall.

Public Library Commissioner—Moses Taylor Pyne.

Banking and Insurance Commissioner—George M. La Monte.

Civil Service Board—Andrew R. Fordyce, Jr.

County Boards of Taxation—Atlantic, Thomas B. Williams; Bergen, Edwin F. Carpenter; Burlington, Walter L. Stewart; Camden, Francis D. Weaver; Cape May, James T. Hoffman; Cumberland, Edward H. Corson; Essex, Jerome T. Congleton; Gloucester, William H. Wolff; Hudson, Charles E. Annett; Hunterdon, Chester Tomson; Mercer, Edward B. Morris; Middlesex, George J. Haney; Monmouth, Albert I. Ivins; Morris, Thomas Baker; Ocean, Arthur B. Chute; Passaic, Frederick Wolfhegel; Salem, Frank J. Gaventa; Somerset, James E. Bathgate, Jr.; Sussex, Martin W. Bowman; Union, Lloyd Thompson; Warren, A. G. Taylor.

Fish and Game Commissioner—William A. Logue.

Labor Department Commissioner—Lewis T. Bryant.

State Board of Medical Examiners—William P. Watson, Charles A. Groves, D. Webb Granberry, James J. McGuire.

Conservation and Development Department—Stephen P'fel', Henry C. White.

Commerce and Navigation Department—Allen K. White, William T. Kirk.

Taxes and Assessment Department—George T. Bouton.

Health Department—Moses A. Baker, William H. Chew.

Shell Fisheries Department—Charles R. Covert, Alfred B. Smith.

Nurse Examiners' Board—Mary E. Rockhill, Frances A. Dennis.

Palisades Interstate Park—George Waldrige Perkins, Richard V. Lindabury.

Pilotage Commission—John R. Dewar, Benjamin Van Note, John J. Scully, William Maher, John Predmore.

Inspectors State Prison—John F. Clark, Charles S. Stevens, ad in.

Prison Labor Commission—Cook Conkling.

State Reformatory Board—Rev. John Handley, David T. Kenny.

Tenement House Supervision—Miles W. Beemer.

Water Supply Commission—Mahlon Hoagland, Harry S. Scovel.

Women's Reformatory—Mrs. H. Otto Wittpenn, Mrs. T. H. Taylor, Thomas H. Flynn, James E. Brodhead, ad in.

State Home for Boys—Joseph P. Mitchell, Frank M. Donohoe.

State Home for Girls—Jeannette C. Middleton.

State Village for Epileptics—Richard H. Moldenke, William A. Clark.

Home for Feeble-minded Women—Harry H. Pond, Ida B. Phillips.

Soldiers' Home (Vineland)—J. Howard Willets.

Soldiers' Home (Kearny)—R. Wayne Parker, Henry Allers, Edwin H. Hine, Joseph H. Brensinger, John Grimes, ad in.

Sanitorium for Tuberculous Diseases—Theodore W. Corwin, Walter Kidde.

Old Age Pension—Rev. Otis A. Glazebrook.

Port Warden, Hudson county—Anthony Capelli.

(Without the consent of the Senate.)

State Board of Architects—Charles P. Baldwin, William A. Klemann, Louis H. Broome.

Public Accountants—Edwin G. Woodling.

State Board of Pharmacy—Henry A. Jorden.

State Board of Dentistry—William E. Truex.

Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners—James T. Glennon, J. W. Haffer.

Teachers' Retirement Fund—Addison P. Poland, William R. Codington.

Technical and Industrial Schools—Newark, Halsey M. Larter, Frederick L. Eberhardt; Hoboken, Richard Stevens, Richard Beyer; Trenton, John A. Campbell, Harry C. Taylor.

Undertakers and Embalmers—Louis Pierce.

Optometry Board—Lindell C. Ashburn, Freeman C. Leaming.

Eight members Firemen's Home.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

President—Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey.
Vice-President—Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana.
Secretary of State—Robert Lansing, of New York.
Secretary of the Treasury—William Gibbs McAdoo, of New York.
Secretary of War—Lindley M. Garrison, of New Jersey.
Attorney-General—Thomas Watt Gregory, of Texas.
Postmaster-General—Albert Sidney Burleson, of Texas.
Secretary of the Navy—Josephus McDaniels, of North Carolina.
Secretary of the Interior—Franklin Knight Lane, of California.
Secretary of Agriculture—David Franklin Houston, of Missouri.
Secretary of Commerce—William C. Redfield, of New York.
Secretary of Labor—William Bauchop Wilson, of Pennsylvania.
Chief Justice of Supreme Court—Edward Douglas White, of Louisiana.
Associate Justices—Joseph McKenna, of California; Oliver Wendell Holmes, of Massachusetts; William R. Day, of Ohio; Charles E. Hughes, of New York; Willis Van Devanter, of Wyoming; Joseph Rucker Lamar, of Georgia; Mahlon Pitney, of New Jersey; James Clark McReynolds, of Tennessee.

SALARIES OF UNITED STATES OFFICIALS.

President of the United States, \$75,000 and an allowance of \$25,000 for traveling expenses.
Vice-President of the United States, \$12,000.
Members of the Cabinet, \$12,000 each.
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, \$15,000.
Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, \$14,500 each.
Circuit Judges, \$7,000 each.
District Judges, \$6,000 each.
Senators and Representatives in Congress, \$7,500 each, together with an allowance of twenty cents per mile for traveling from their homes to Washington for each regular session of Congress and \$125 per annum for stationery. Representatives in Congress are also entitled to \$1,500 per annum for clerk hire necessarily employed by them in the discharge of their official and representative duties.
The Speaker of the House, \$12,000 per annum.

SALARIES OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.

The pay of officers in active service in the army is:

Lieutenant-General, \$11,000 a year; Major-General, \$8,000; Brigadier-General, \$6,000; Colonel, \$4,000; Lieutenant-Colonel, \$3,500; Major, \$3,000; Captain, \$2,400; First Lieutenant, \$2,000, and Second Lieutenant, \$1,700. From Colonel down the payment is increased every five years.

In the navy the pay is:

Admiral, \$13,500; Rear Admiral, first nine, \$8,000; second nine, \$6,000; Captain, \$4,000; Commanders, \$3,500; Lieutenant-Commanders \$3,000; Lieutenants, \$2,400; Ensigns, \$1,700; Midshipmen, \$600. Officers buy their own clothing and equipment.

OFFICERS OF THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Commander-in-Chief—Woodrow Wilson.

Secretary of War—Lindley M. Garrison.

Assistant Secretary of War—Henry S. Breckinridge.

DEPARTMENT OF WAR.

Major-Generals—Leonard Wood, J. Franklin Bell, Thomas H. Barry, William H. Carter, Arthur Murray, Frederick Funston, Hugh L. Scott, Geo. W. Goethals.

Brigadier-Generals—Tasker H. Bliss, Albert L. Mills, John J. Pershing, Montgomery M. Macomb, Robert K. Evans, Clarence R. Edwards, James Parker, Hunter Liggett, John P. Wisser, Thomas F. Davis, Charles J. Bailey, George Bell, Jr., Henry A. Greene, William A. Mann, Frederick S. Strong, Harry F. Hodges, William L. Sibert.

GENERAL STAFF OF THE ARMY.

Major-General Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff; Brigadier-Generals Albert L. Mills, Chief, Division Militia Affairs; Erasmus M. Weaver, Chief, Coast Artillery.

DEPARTMENTAL STAFF.

Brigadier-Generals Henry P. McCain, The Adjutant-General; Ernest A. Garlington, Inspector-General; Enoch H. Crowder, Judge-Advocate-General; Major-General James B. Aleshire, Quartermaster-General; William C. Gorgas, Surgeon-General; Brigadier-Generals Dan C. Kingman, Chief of Engineers; William Crozier, Chief of Ordnance; George P. Scriven, Chief Signal Officer; Frank McIntyre, Chief, Bureau Insular Affairs.

OFFICERS OF THE NAVY OF THE UNITED STATES.

Secretary—Josephus Daniels.

Assistant Secretary—Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Admiral—George Dewey.

Rear Admirals—Thomas B. Howard, Walter C. Cowles, Austin M. Knight, Charles J. Badger, Reginald F. Nicholson, Charles B. T. Moore, Alfred Reynolds, Bradley A. Fiske, John R. Edwards, James M. Helm, Cameron McR. Winslow, Nathaniel R. Usher, Frank F. Fletcher, Frank E. Beatty, Robert M. Doyle, Wythe M. Parks, William B. Caperton, George S. Willits, Walter F. Worthington, William N. Little, Clifford J. Boush, Henry T. Mayo, Benjamin Tappan, Charles F. Pond, Walter McLean, Charles A. Gove.

OFFICERS OF THE MARINE CORPS OF THE
UNITED STATES.

Major-General George Barnett, Commandant.

Colonels—Charles H. Lauchheimer, Charles L. McCawley, Littleton W. T. Waller, Randolph Dickens, Lincoln Karmany, Charles A. Doyen, James E. Mahoney, Joseph H. Pendleton, John A. Lejeune, Eli K. Cole.

U. S. COURT OFFICIALS.

(1789 to date.)

FOR NEW JERSEY.

The United States District Court was organized at New Brunswick, on Tuesday, December 22d, 1789.

DISTRICT JUDGES.

David Brearley.....	1789	John T. Nixon.....	1870
Robert Morris.....	1790	Edward T. Green.....	1889
William S. Pennington,	1817	Andrew Kirkpatrick...	1896
William Rossell.....	1826	William M. Lanning...	1904
Mahlon Dickerson....	1840	Joseph Cross.....	1905
Philemon Dickerson....	1841	John Rellstab.....	1909
Richard S. Field.....	1863	Thomas G. Haight.....	1914

CLERKS.

Jonathan Dayton.....	1789	Andrew Dutcher.....	1862
Andrew Kirkpatrick...	1790	Ralph H. Shreve.....	1863
Robert Boggs.....	1791	E. Mercer Shreve.....	1868
William Pennington...	1817	Robert C. Bellville....	1871
Joseph C. Potts.....	1840	William S. Bellville....	1875
Edward N. Dickerson..	1844	Linsly Rowe.....	1882
Philemon Dickerson, Jr.	1853	George T. Cranmer....	1893

MARSHALS.

Thomas Lowry.....	1789	Samuel Plummer.....	1869
John Heard.....	1802	Robert L. Hutchinson..	1877
Oliver Barnett.....	1802	W. Budd Deacon.....	1882
Oliver W. Ogden.....	1808	A. E. Gordon.....	1886
Robert S. Kennedy....	1849	W. Budd Deacon.....	1889
George H. Nelden....	1853	George Pfeiffer.....	1893
Benajah Deacon.....	1866	Thomas J. Alcott.....	1897
W. Budd Deacon.....	1868	Albert Bollschweiler...	1914

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Richard Stockton.....	1789	Anthony Q. Keasbey...	1861
Abraham Ogden.....	1782	Job H. Lippincott.....	1886
Lucius H. Stockton...	1798	Samuel F. Bigelow....	1887
George C. Maxwell....	1802	George S. Duryea.....	1888
Joseph McIlvaine.....	1804	Henry S. White.....	1890
Lucius Q. C. Elmer....	1824	John W. Beekman.....	1894
Garret D. Wall.....	1828	J. Kearny Rice.....	1896
James S. Green.....	1837	David O. Watkins.....	1900
William Halsted.....	1849	John B. Vreeland.....	1903
Garrit S. Cannon.....	1853	J. Warren Davis.....	1913

PRESENT OFFICIALS.

Circuit Justice.....	Mahlon Pitney.
Circuit Judges	{ Joseph Buffington. John B. McPherson. Victor B. Woolley.
District Judge.....	John Rellstab.
District Judge.....	Thomas G. Haight.
District Attorney.....	J. Warren Davis.
Assistant District Attorneys.....	{ Charles F. Lynch. Joseph L. Bodine.
Marshal.....	Albert Bollschweiler.
	{ John Prout. Linford A. Denny.
Deputy Marshals.....	{ Woodbury B. Snowden. Christopher V. Gormley. Harry S. Provost. Ferdinand W. Stahlin. Albert Ettelson.
Clerk of District Court.....	George T. Cranmer.
Deputy Clerks of District Court....	{ Benjamin F. Havens. Charles S. Chevrier. Robert S. Chevrier. William B. Reilly.
Internal Revenue Collectors....	{ Samuel Iredell, Camden. Charles V. Duffy, Newark.

SIXTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(1915-'17.)

New Jersey Members.

Senators—James E. Martine, D., 1917; William Hughes, D., 1919. Salary, \$7,500.

Representatives—First district, William J. Browning, R.; Second district, Isaac Bacharach, R.; Third district, Thomas J. Scully, D.; Fourth district, Elijah C. Hutchinson, R.; Fifth district, John H. Capstick, R.; Sixth district, Archibald C. Hart, D.; Seventh district, Dow H. Drukker, R.; Eighth district, Edward W. Gray, R.; Ninth district, Richard Wayne Parker, R.; Tenth district, Frederick R. Lehlbach, R.; Eleventh district, John J. Eagan, D.; Twelfth district, James A. Hamill, D. Salary, \$7,500.

STATE OFFICERS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Governor—James F. Fielder, 1917.
Secretary to the Governor—L. Edward Herrmann.
Executive Clerk—John J. Farrell.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of State—Thomas F. Martin, 1920.
Assistant Secretary—William L. Dill, 1920.
Chief Clerk—Frank Transue.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

State Treasurer—Edward E. Grosscup, 1916.
Deputy Treasurer—John S. Ware.
State Comptroller—Edward I. Edwards, 1917.
Deputy Comptroller—Isaac Doughton.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Attorney-General—John W. Wescott, 1919.
Assistant Attorney-General—Herbert Boggs, 1919.
Second Assistant—Theodore Backes.
Assistants to the Attorney-General—Francis H. McGee,
Josiah Stryker.

ERRORS AND APPEALS.

Court of Errors and Appeals—The Chancellor, the Chief Justice and Justices of the Supreme Court; Judges William H. Vredenburg, 1916; John J. White, 1918; Henry S. Terhune, 1919; Ernest J. Heppenheimer, 1919; Robert Williams, 1921; Frank M. Taylor, 1921. Clerk, Secretary of State.

CHANCERY.

Court of Chancery—Chancellor, Edwin Robert Walker, 1919; Vice-Chancellors, John R. Emery, 1916; Frederic W. Stevens, 1917; Eugene Stevenson, 1922; Edmund B. Leaming, 1920; James E. Howell, 1921; Vivian M. Lewis, 1919; John Griffin, 1920; John H. Backes, 1920.
Ordinary and Surrogate-General—Edwin Robert Walker.
Clerk in Chancery—Robert H. McAdams, 1919.
Deputy Clerk—Edward M. Appelgate.
Chancery Reporter—James Buchanan, 1917.

SUPREME COURT.

Supreme Court—Chief Justice, William S. Gummere, 1922; Associate Justices, Charles G. Garrison, 1916; Francis J. Swayze, 1917; Thomas W. Trenchard, 1921; Charles W. Parker, 1921; James J. Bergen, 1921; James F. Min-turn, 1922; Samuel Kalisch, 1918; Charles C. Black, 1922.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—William C. Gebhardt, 1918
Law Reporter—Charles E. Gummere, 1919.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit Court Judges—Frederic Adams, 1917; Frank T. Lloyd, 1921; William H. Speer, 1922; Nelson Y. Dungan, 1918; Howard B. Carrow, 1920; Luther A. Campbell, 1921; George S. Silzer, 1922.

PARDONS.

Court of Pardons—Governor, Chancellor and Lay Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals. Clerk, Secretary of State. Pardon Clerk, John J. Farrell.

DISTRICT COURTS.

District Court Judges—Atlantic City, Frank Smathers, 1916; Bayonne, Peter Stilwell, 1916; Bergen county, First district, Bergenfield, E. Howard Foster, 1920; Second district, East Rutherford, Guy Leverne Fake, 1919; Third district, Hackensack and Ridgewood, Peter W. Stagg, 1919; Camden, William C. French, 1917; East Orange, Charles B. Clancy, 1920; Elizabeth, Abe J. David, 1919; Essex, First district, Montclair, James P. Mylod, 1917; Hoboken, J. W. Rufus Besson, 1918; Hudson county, First district, Town of Union, Francis H. McCauley, 1920; Morris county, Morristown, Joseph Hinchman, 1920; Jersey City, John A. Blair, 1918; Charles L. Carrick, 1919; Newark, Cecil H. McMahon, 1918; Frederick L. Johnson, 1920; New Brunswick, Freeman Woodbridge, 1916; Orange, Daniel A. Dugan, 1916; Passaic, W. Carrington Cabell, 1916; Paterson, Joseph A. Delaney, 1918; Plainfield, Walter L. Hetfield, Sr., 1917; Perth Amboy, Charles C. Hommann, 1920; Somerset county, Somerville, William F. Vosseller, 1920; Trenton, John A. Montgomery, 1920; Monmouth county, First district, Walter Taylor, Ashbury Park, 1918; Second district, Jacob Steinbach, Jr., Long Branch, 1918.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Commander-in-Chief—The Governor.

Adjutant-General—Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr.

Quartermaster-General—Charles Edward Murray.

Inspector-General of Rifle Practice—Bird W. Spencer.
 Inspector-General—Major Frederick W. Garvin.
 First Brigade—Brigadier-General Edwin W. Hine.
 Chief Clerk, Adjutant-General—Lieutenant-Colonel John M. Rogers, retired.
 Chief Clerk, Quartermaster-General—Major Samuel S. Armstrong, retired.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

State Board of Education—Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, President, Raritan, 1921; Melvin A. Rice, Vice-President, Red Bank, 1919; D. Stewart Craven, Salem, 1916; John P. Murray, Jersey City, 1920; Edmund B. Osborne, South Orange, 1917; John C. Van Dyke, New Brunswick, 1918; Edgar H. Sturtevant, Edgewater, 1922; Thomas W. Synnott, Wenonah, 1923; Calvin N. Kendall, Secretary. Meetings, first Saturday of each month at 10:30 A. M., at State House, Trenton.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Commissioner of Education, Calvin N. Kendall, Trenton, 1916.

Assistant Commissioners—John Enright, Freehold; Albert B. Meredith, Newark; Lewis H. Carris, Newark; Zenos E. Scott, Asbury Park.

Bureau of Credentials—Chief, Thomas D. Sensor.

Educational Institutions—Normal School at Trenton, James M. Green, Principal; Normal School at Montclair, Chas. S. Chapin, Principal; Normal School at Newark, W. Spader Willis, Principal; Deaf Mute School at Trenton, John P. Walker, Principal; Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth, William R. Valentine, Principal.

State Board of Examiners—Calvin N. Kendall, Chairman; James M. Green, Charles S. Chapin, W. Spader Willis, Henry Snyder, Henry C. Krebs, Thomas D. Sensor, Secretary.

Business Division—Herbert N. Morse, in charge; Inspector of Accounts, W. C. Hopkins; Inspector of Buildings, Charles McDermott.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS.

Atlantic, Henry M. Cressman, Egg Harbor City; Bergen, B. C. Wooster, Hackensack; Burlington, Herman A. Stees, Mount Holly; Camden, Charles S. Albertson, Magnolia; Cape May, Aaron W. Hand, Cape May; Cumberland, J. J. Unger, Bridgeton; Essex, O. J. Morelock, Newark; Gloucester, Daniel T. Steelman, Glassboro; Hudson, Charles C. Stimets, Jersey City; Hunterdon, Jason S. Hoffman, Flemington; Mercer, Joseph M. Arnold, Princeton; Middlesex, H.

Brewster Willis, New Brunswick; Monmouth, Charles J. Strahan, Freehold; Morris, J. Howard Hulsart, Morristown; Ocean, Charles A. Morris, Toms River; Passaic, Edward W. Garrison, Paterson; Salem, H. C. Dixon, Salem; Somerset, H. C. Krebs, Somerville; Sussex, Ralph Decker, Sussex; Union, A. L. Johnson, Elizabeth; Warren, Charles A. Philhower, Phillipsburg.

City Superintendents—Asbury Park, Amos E. Kraybill; Atlantic City, C. B. Boyer, Supervising Principal; Bayonne, _____; Bloomfield, George Morris; Bordentown, H. V. Holloway; Bridgeton, D. C. Porter; Burlington, Wilbur Watts; Camden, James E. Bryan; East Orange, E. C. Broome; Elizabeth, Richard E. Clement; Englewood, Elmer C. Sherman; Gloucester, W. F. Burns; Hoboken, A. J. Demarest; Irvington, Frank H. Morrell; Jersey City, Henry Snyder; Kearny, Herman Dressel; Long Branch, Christopher Gregory; Millville, Warren N. Drum; Montclair, Don C. Bliss; Morristown, Ira W. Travell; Newark, Dr. A. B. Poland; New Brunswick, George H. Eckels; North Bergen, M. F. Husted; Ocean City, James M. Stevens; Orange, W. E. Patrick; Passaic, F. S. Shepperd; Paterson, J. R. Wilson; Perth Amboy, S. E. Shull; Phillipsburg, H. J. Neal; Plainfield, Henry M. Maxson; Rahway, W. J. Bickett; Salem, W. B. Davis; Summit, Clinton S. Marsh; Trenton, Ebenezer Mackey; Town of Union, N. C. Billings; West Hoboken, M. H. Kinsley.

SCHOOL FUND TRUSTEES.

Trustees of the School Fund—Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, State Comptroller, State Treasurer and Commissioner of Education.

STATE LIBRARY.

Commissioners—Governor, Chancellor, Chief Justice, Attorney-General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller
State Librarian—John P. Dullard, 1919.

PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSIONERS.

Moses Taylor Pyne, Chairman, Princeton, 1916; John P. Dullard, 1920; Everitt T. Tomlinson, Elizabeth, 1919; John Cotton Dana, Newark, 1917; Rev. Edmund J. Cleveland, West Hoboken, 1918; Calvin N. Kendall, Commissioner of Education, ex-officio; Henry C. Buchanan, Secretary; Sarah B. Askew and Edna B. Pratt, Organizers, Trenton.

BOARDS, BUREAUS AND DEPARTMENTS.

AUDITING DEPARTMENT.

(Office of the State Comptroller.)

Chief Auditor and Assistant to the Comptroller, John J. Nevin, Jersey City; Assistants, Arthur F. McGrath, Jersey City; William E. Maguire, Newark; Joseph M. Coyle, Requisition Clerk, Hoboken; John J. Heavey, Jersey City.

ACCOUNTANTS, PUBLIC.

Edwin G. Woodling, Cranford, 1916; William T. Sawyer, Elizabeth, 1918; John B. Niven, Upper Montclair, 1917.

AGRICULTURAL.

State Board of Agriculture—President, Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerville; Treasurer, J. Harvey Darnell, Masonville; Secretary, Franklin Dye, Trenton; State Plant Pathologist, Dr. Mel T. Cook, New Brunswick; State Entomologist, Dr. Thomas J. Headlee, New Brunswick.

Commissioners of Agriculture College Fund—Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney-General and Comptroller.

STATE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

(New Brunswick.)

Board of Visitors—First district, Wilbert Beckett, Swedesboro; Ephraim T. Gill, Haddonfield. Second district, Rhosha Thompson, Wrightstown; Charles F. Seabrooke, Bridgeton. Third district, James C. Richdale, Phalanx; James Neilson, New Brunswick. Fourth district, Josiah T. Allinson, Yardville; John Davis, Jr., Lebanon. Fifth district, Daniel B. Wade, Union; Theodore F. King, Ledge-wood. Sixth district, Nicodemus Warne, Broadway; Frederick H. Curtis, Harrington Park. Seventh district, John Hollbach, Paterson; Henry Marelli, Paterson. Eighth district, Edwin J. Ball, Newark; James McCarthy, Jersey City. Ninth district, George Smith, East Orange; William Reid, Orange. Tenth district, George E. De Camp, Roseland; Harry Bacchus, Caldwell. Eleventh district, Henry Lohman, Hoboken; Richard B. Meaney, Weehawken. Twelfth district, Addison T. Hastings, Jersey City; John R. Hartung, Jersey City. All in 1917.

Experiment Station No. 1—Board of Managers: James Neilson, Esq., President; Irving E. Quackenboss, Secretary and Treasurer; Jacob G. Lipman, Ph.D., Director.

Experiment Station No. 2—Trustees, the Board of Trustees of Rutgers College; W. H. S. Demarest, LL.D., President; J. Preston Searle, D.D., Secretary; Henry P. Schnee-weiss, Treasurer; William H. Leupp, Esq., Chairman of Agricultural Committee; Jacob G. Lipman, Ph.D., Director.

ARCHITECTS, STATE BOARD.

State Board of Architects—Charles P. Baldwin, President, Newark, 1916; William A. Klemann, Secretary, Trenton, 1916; Louis H. Broome, Jersey City, 1916; Frederick W. Wentworth, Paterson, 1917; Arnold H. Moses, Camden, 1917.

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

Commissioner—George M. LaMonte, 1916.

Deputy Commissioner—Thomas K. Johnston.

Assistant Deputy—Christopher A. Goff.

Chief Clerk—Charles M. Bilderback.

Chief, Building and Loan Division—Robert J. Thompson.

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

Commissioner—Richard Stockton, Trenton, 1918.

Assistant and State Architect—George S. Drew, Trenton.

Consulting Engineer—Edward L. Pryor.

Chief Clerk—Bessie E. Sutphin, Trenton.

CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS.

Board—Joseph W. McCrystal, Paterson, 1921; Caroline B. Alexander, President, Hoboken, 1919; Mary C. Jacobson, Newark, 1917; Benjamin F. Edsall, Secretary, Newark, 1917; Robert L. Flemming, Jersey City, 1921; Charles J. Fisk, Plainfield, 1921; James Andrew Burns, Newark, 1919. Frances Day, Agent.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Commissioners—Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr., President, West Orange, 1916; Joseph S. Hoff, Princeton, 1919; Edward H. Wright, Newark, 1917; George H. Burke, Paterson, 1918. Chief Examiner and Secretary, Gardner Colby, Newark.

COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION, BOARD OF.

(This department consolidates the Board of Riparian Commissioners, the Department of Inland Waterways, Inspectors of Power Vessels and New Jersey Harbor Commission.)

J. Spencer Smith, President, Tenafly, 1917; Richard C. Jenkinson, Vice President, Newark, 1918; Allen K. White, Atlantic City, 1916; William T. Kirk, Beverly, 1916; J. Ward Richardson, Bridgeton, 1917; William L. Saunders, North Plainfield, 1918; John M. Ward, Paterson, 1919; W. Parker Runyon, Perth Amboy, 1919. Chief Engineer and Secretary, Benjamin F. Cresson, Jr., Montclair; Assistant Chief Engineer, John C. Payne, Jersey City.

CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT,
DEPARTMENT OF.

(This department consolidates the Forest Park Reservation Commission, Geological Survey, Washington Crossing Park Commission, State Museum Commission, Fort Nonsense Park Commission and the State Water-Supply Commission; latter after June 30th, 1916.)

Edward S. Savage, President, Rahway, 1918; Stephen Pfeil, Camden, 1916; Henry Crofut White, North Plainfield, 1916; Simon P. Northrup, Newark, 1917; Walter J. Buzby, Atlantic City, 1917; Charles Lathrop Pack, Lakewood, 1918; George A. Steele, Eatontown, 1919; Nelson B. Gaskill, Trenton, 1919. Director and State Forester, Alfred Gaskill; State Geologist, Henry B. Kümmel; State Firewarden, Charles P. Wilber.

ENTOMOLOGIST, STATE.

Dr. John T. Headley, New Brunswick.

FISH AND GAME DEPARTMENT.

Commissioners—Ernest P. Napier, President, East Orange, 1917; Bernard M. Shanley, Jr., Newark, 1918; William A. Logue, Treasurer, Bridgeton, 1916; William A. Faunce, Atlantic City, 1919. Secretary, Walter H. Fell, Trenton. Protector, James M. Stratton, Long Branch; Assistant Protector, Howard Mathis, New Gretna. Wardens, William B. Lodor, Egg Harbor City; W. Henry Small, Englewood; Charles C. Morton, Mount Holly; Charles W. Folker, Camden; William Steel, Cape May Court House; Fred S. Conner, Bridgeton; George W. Phifer, Ormond; Fred J. Hall, Bloomfield; John H. Avis, Woodbury; John J. Park, White House Station; Harry M. Loveless, Trenton; Charles Steuerwald, South Amboy; Anson J. Rider, Tuckerton; E. R. Davis, Salem; J. B. Hendershott, Newton; William Hoblitzell, Rahway; H. E. Cudney, Washington; E. C.

Burtis, Asbury Park; W. E. Young, Chester; H. W. D. White, Pennsville; C. E. Welsh, East Millstone; Phineas K. Hilliard, Manahawkin; James H. Everinham, Bayville; Otis C. Small, Hammonton; Jacob D. Roe, Allamuchy.

HEALTH, DEPARTMENT OF.

William H. Chew, President, Salem, 1916; Moses N. Baker, C.E., Montclair, 1916; Edward A. Ayers, M.D., Branchville, 1917; Clyde Potts, C.E., Morristown, 1917; Oliver Kelly, Oak Tree, 1918; John M. Everitt, U.S., Hackettstown, 1918; J. Oliver McDonald, M.D., Trenton, 1919; Harry Spence, M.D., Jersey City, 1919. Director, Dr. Jacob Cole Price; Assistant Director and Chief of Laboratory of Hygiene, Dr. R. B. FitzRandolph; Assistant Director, William C. Tice.

Department Chiefs—Bureau of Medical Supervision, Dr. A. Clark Hunt; Bureau of Local Health Administration, David C. Bowen; Bureau of Vital Statistics, David S. South; Bureau of Engineering, Chester G. Wigley; Bureau of Education and Publicity, Dr. Millard Knowlton; Bureau of Food and Drugs, Wm. G. Tice, Acting Chief; Division of Milk Control, George W. McGuire; Division of General Administration, Charles J. Merrell.

HOSPITALS, STATE.

Board of Managers at Morris Plains—John C. Elsieie. Newark, 1919; Albert Richard, Dover, 1917; Dr. John Nevin, Jersey City, 1919; Patrick J. Ryan, President, Elizabeth, 1919; John T. Gillson, Paterson, 1917; Charles Hetzel, Newark, 1919; W. L. R. Lynd, Dover, 1917; Daniel S. Voorhees, Morristown, 1919.

Board of Managers at Trenton—Joseph H. Moore, Hopewell, 1918; Luther M. Halsey, President, Williamstown, 1917; Arthur D. Forst, Trenton, 1919; Alfred L. Ellis, Metuchen, 1917; William L. Black, Hammonton, 1919; Stewart Paton, Princeton, 1917; Dr. George T. Tracy, Beverly, 1917; Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, Princeton, 1917.

Officers at Morris Plains—Medical Director, Britton D. Evans, M.D.; Treasurer, Harrison P. Lindabury; Warden, Orlando M. Bowen; Secretary, Henry W. Buxton.

Officers at Trenton—Medical Director, Dr. Harry A. Cotton, M.D.; Treasurer, Harvey H. Johnson; Warden, Samuel T. Atchley; Secretary, Scott Scammell.

INHERITANCE TAX SUPERVISORS.

(Office of State Comptroller.)

State Supervisor—William D. Kelly, State House, Trenton.

District Supervisors—Louis A. Repetto, Atlantic City; James D. Moore, Hackensack; Charles Stokes, Beverly;

John C. Doughten, Camden; Joseph T. Sickler, Clarksboro; Laurence T. Fell, Newark; J. Ogden Burt, Bridgeton; David F. Edwards, Jersey City; Adam O. Robbins, Flemington; Charles H. McDermott, Trenton; Schuyler C. Van Cleef, New Brunswick; Wm. F. Lefferson, Manasquan; C. Franklin Wilson, Morristown; Geo. H. McCloskey, Point Pleasant; Robert J. McDermott, Paterson; James E. Hulsizer, Bernardsville; Harold T. Simpson, Sussex; Albert Steiner, Salem; John P. Owens, Plainfield; Edward L. Smith, Phillipsburg; Jonathan Hand, Wildwood.

LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner of Labor—Lewis T. Bryant, Atlantic City. Assistant Commissioner of Labor—John I. Holt, Trenton. Structural Iron Expert—Charles H. Weeks, South Orange. Electrical Inspector—Rowland H. Leveridge, Plainfield. Mechanical Engineer—Leonard W. Gavett, Plainfield. Metallurgical Expert—Lillian Erskine, Montclair. Employers' Liability Clerk—William E. Stubbs, Trenton. Inspectors—William Baird, Vineland; William Crowley, Jersey City; Harry J. Goas, West Orange; August Graf, Hoboken; Crowell M. Haslett, Jersey City; Patrick J. Hayes, Jersey City; Edward M. Hotchkiss, Newark; George J. Jaeger, Newark; Henry Klussman, West Hoboken; Henry Kuehnle, Egg Harbor City; Laura W. Moore, Camden; Walter H. Orr, Trenton; John Roach, Irvington; Lydia E. Sayer, Newark; William Schlachter, Orange; W. J. E. Seder, Newark; Nellie H. Slayback, Montclair; George J. Speidel, Elizabeth; Joseph Spitz, Newark; James Stanton, Sussex; James H. Tallon, Trenton. Special Inspector, Edna M. Allen, Atlantic City. Mine Inspector, Augustus Munson, Dover. Examiners of Engineers and Firemen—Arthur L. Case, Plainfield; Martin J. Hickey, Jersey City; Joseph Scott, Whippany.

MEDICAL, DENTISTRY, PHARMACY AND VETERINARIAN.

State Board Medical Examiners—Edward Hill Baldwin, Newark, President, 1918; William P. Watson, Jersey City, 1916; Davis P. Borden, Paterson, 1917; Alexander Marcy, Jr., Riverton, 1918; John J. Mooney, Jersey City, 1918; F. W. Cornwell, Plainfield, 1917; Alexander McAllister, Camden, 1917; Charles A. Groves, East Orange, 1916; D. Webb Granberry, East Orange, 1916; James J. McGuire, ad in. State Board of Dentistry—W. E. Truax, President, Freehold, 1916; Charles P. Tuttle, Camden, 1918; H. S. Sutphin, Newark, 1920; Joseph Kussey, Newark, 1919; Vernon D. Rood, Morristown, 1917.

State Board of Pharmacy—Henry A. Jorden, Bridgeton, 1916; Lewis W. Brown, Englewood, 1917; David Strauss, Elizabeth, 1919; George M. Berringer, Jr., Camden, 1920; Frederick A. Bongartz, Jersey City, 1918.

State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners—James L. Lindsay, Jersey City, 1918; Lester H. Stryker, Red Bank, 1917; William A. Fitzpatrick, Burlington, 1917; James T. Glennon, Newark, 1916; J. W. Haffer, Paterson, 1916.

MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner—William L. Dill.

Chief Clerk—E. Raymond Glover.

Auditor—Nelson P. Howell.

Inspectors (paid)—Chief, Edward Johnson, Jersey City.

George Thompson, Somerville; Anderson Shinn, Burlington; Alexander Ackermann, West New York; John W. Baldwin, Jersey City; Charles D. Pedigree, Camden; Dane B. Sawyer, Westwood; E. Frank Boutillier, East Orange; William Havens, Trenton; Harry M. Shedd, Elizabeth; Harry G. Burton, New Brunswick; John A. G. Grant, Lakewood; William K. Lovett, Wildwood; William G. Vey, Hackettstown; LeRoy Wyckoff, Manasquan; Edward A. Martens, Newark; Maurice R. Mines, Camden; William K. Teel, Washington; Howard S. Fulper, Hampton; Lester W. Gilbert, Jersey City.

NURSES.

Board of Examiners—President, Marietta B. Squire, Newark, 1917; Frances A. Dennis, Newark, 1916; Mary E. Rockhill, Camden, 1916; Secretary-treasurer, Jennie M. Shaw, Newark, 1918; Arabella R. Creech, 1918.

OPTOMETRY STATE BOARD.

Louis A. Rochat, Upper Montclair, 1917; Lindell C. Ashburn, Cape May City, 1916; Freeman C. Leaming, Trenton, 1916; Harry E. Pine, Bridgeton, 1918; Benjamin Block, Elizabeth, 1918.

PALISADES INTERSTATE PARK.

Commissioners—George Walldridge Perkins, New York City, 1916; Edward L. Partridge, New York City, 1920; J. DuPratt White, Nyack, N. Y., 1919; William H. Porter, New York City, 1918; Frederick Sutro, Basking Ridge, 1918; Charles W. Baker, Montclair, 1917; Richard V. Lindabury, Newark, 1916; Mornay Williams, Englewood, 1919; W. Averell Harriman, Arden, N. Y., 1917; John J. Voorhees, Jersey City, 1920.

PILOTAGE COMMISSION.

Commissioners (office, 17 State street, New York City)—John R. Dewar, Jersey City, 1916; Benjamin Van Note, Lakewood, 1916; John W. Borden, Little Silver, 1917; John J. Scully, South Amboy, 1916; William Maher, Hoboken, 1916; John Predmore, Barnegat, 1916.

POLICE JUSTICES.

Orange—Edward W. Woodman, 1919.
South Orange—Edward McDonough, 1917.

PRISON, STATE—TRENTON.

Head Keeper—Thomas B. Madden, 1917.
Fiscal Agent—Joseph P. McCormack.
Inspectors—Jacob Shurts, Somerville, President, 1919; John F. Clark, Newark, 1916; Walter M. Dear, Jersey City, 1917; Wilson T. Jones, Franklinville, 1918; Alvah L. Alpaugh, New Germantown, 1921; Charles S. Stevens, Cedarville, ad in.

PRISON LABOR COMMISSION.

Henry Isleib, Paterson, 1918; Cook Conkling, President, Rutherford, 1916; Richard H. More, Bridgeton, 1917; Commissioner of Charities and Corrections, Richard Stockton; Prison Inspector, Walter M. Dear; State Reformatory Commissioner, Freeman T. Woodbridge.

PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSIONERS.

Ralph W. E. Donges, Camden, President, 1919; John J. Treacy, Jersey City, 1917; John W. Slocum, Long Branch, 1921. Counsel, Frank H. Sommer, Newark; Secretary, Alfred N. Barber, Trenton. Inspectors—Philander Betts, Montclair (Chief Utilities Division); James Maybury, Jr., Clifton; Charles A. Mead, Upper Montclair; Winslow B. Ingham, Salem; Henry S. Lyon, Newark; Peter J. Kerwin, Paterson; G. Ae Irving, Jr., Newark; Ed. B. Annette, Bayonne.

REFORMATORY, STATE—RAHWAY.

George W. Fortmeyer, East Orange, 1918; Freeman T. Woodbridge, New Brunswick, 1917; Decatur M. Sawyer, Montclair, 1919; Foster M. Voorhees, Elizabeth, 1919; Edward D. Duffield, South Orange, 1917; Rev. John Handley, Ocean Grove, 1916; Frank M. Stillman, Rahway, 1918; David T. Kenney, Plainfield, 1916. The Governor is an ex-officio member. Superintendent, Frank Moore; Deputy Superintendent, Richard F. Cross; Chief Parole Officer, Charles S. Moore; Field Parole Officer, Benjamin H. Crosby.

RAILROADS, JOINT COMPANIES.

State Director—Robert D. Foote, Morristown, 1916.

REPORTS, PUBLIC, DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner—Benjamin B. Bobbitt, 1919.

ROADS, PUBLIC, DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner—Edwin August Stevens, Hoboken, 1917.
State Highway Engineer—Robert A. Meeker, Plainfield.

SHELL FISHERIES DEPARTMENT.

(This board supersedes all former Oyster Commissions, &c., and Board of Shell Fisheries.)

Joseph P. Fowler, Port Norris, 1917; Charles R. Covert, Leesburg, 1916; Alfred B. Smith, East Atlantic City, 1916; Edward K. Allen, Jr., New Gretna, 1917; John W. Mason, Keyport, 1918; Augustus J. Meerwald, Dennisville, 1918; Peter C. Cozier, Newport, 1919; Cornelius D. Kelly, West Creek, 1919. Director—George A. Mott, Tuckerton. Chief of Atlantic County Branch—Edmund B. Smith. Chief of Ocean, Monmouth and Burlington Branch—J. Harvey Kelly.

SEWERAGE, PASSAIC VALLEY COMMISSION.

Bernard W. Terlinde, Newark, 1920; Peter Hauck, Harrison, 1920; Frank J. Van Noort, Paterson, 1918; John F. Sinnott, Newark, 1917; James G. Blauvelt, Paterson, 1919. Secretary-Treasurer—Joseph H. Quigg, Paterson.

STATE ENGINEERING CONFERENCE.

Organized pursuant to chapter 190, laws of 1915, and composed of officials and representatives of state departments as follows: Department of Public Roads; Public Utility Commission; Commissioner of Motor Vehicles; Director of Conservation and Development; Chief Engineer of Commerce and Navigation; State Board of Taxes and Assessment; State Architect; State Board of Agriculture; Department of Health; Department of Labor; Civil Service Commission; Water Supply Commission. Alfred Gaskill, Secretary.

STATE HOUSE COMMISSION.

The Governor, State Treasurer and State Comptroller.
Custodian of the State House and Public Grounds—John A. Smith. Assistant—Charles E. Satterthwait.

TAXES AND ASSESSMENT, STATE BOARD OF.

(This board supersedes the former Board of Equalization of Taxes and the State Board of Assessors.)

Lucius T. Russell, President, Elizabeth, 1918; George T. Bouton, Jersey City, 1916; Frank B. Jess, Haddon Heights, 1917; Fred. A. Gentieu, Pennsgrove, 1917; Isaac Barber, Phillipsburg, 1918. Secretary—Frank D. Schroth. Field Secretary and Clerk—Frank A. O'Connor. Engineer—Louis Focht.

COUNTY BOARDS OF TAXATION.

Atlantic County—Thomas B. Williams, Atlantic City, 1916; John T. French, Atlantic City, 1918; H. Starr Giddings, Atlantic City, 1917. Secretary, Franz T. Voelker, Atlantic City.

Bergen County—Edwin F. Carpenter, Ramsey, 1916; William Conklin, Englewood, 1918; Frank McLees, Rutherford, 1917. Secretary, Van Voorst Wells, Hackensack.

Burlington County—Walter T. Stewart, Mount Holly, 1916; Richard P. Hughes, Florence, 1918; William F. Morgan, Palmyra, 1917. Secretary, William H. Absalom, Mount Holly.

Camden County—Francis D. Weaver, Camden, 1916; William Schmid, East Camden, 1918; Charles A. McElhone, Gloucester City, 1917. Secretary, Herbert H. Pfeil, Camden.

Cape May County—James T. Hoffman, Lower Township, 1916; Oliver I. Blackwell, Wildwood, 1918; William J. Tyler, 1917. Secretary, Harry C. Stites, Cape May Court House.

Cumberland County—Edward H. Corson, Millville, 1916; George Hampton, Bridgeton, 1918; William Myers, Vineland, 1917. Secretary, Linwood W. Errickson, Bridgeton.

Essex County—Jerome T. Congleton, Newark, 1916; William P. Macksey, East Orange, 1918; John B. Oelkers, Newark, 1917. Secretary, James A. Mungle.

Gloucester County—William H. Wolff, Swedesboro, 1916; William C. Allen, Westville, 1918; Thomas C. Dilkes, Woodbury, 1917. Secretary, Thomas W. Hurff, Woodbury.

Hudson County—Charles E. Annett, Jersey City, 1916; Philip McGovern, Jersey City, 1918; Thomas B. Usher, Jersey City, 1917. Secretary, Joseph P. McLean, Jersey City.

Hunterdon County—Chester Tomson, Flemington, 1916; James H. Trewin, Flemington, 1918; Samuel D. Skillman, Whitehouse, 1917. Secretary, William D. Bloom, Flemington.

Mercer County—Alfred K. Leuckel, Trenton, 1918; Frank R. Adams, Dutch Neck, 1917; Edward B. Morris, Trenton, 1916. Secretary, Harry C. Hartpence, Trenton.

Middlesex County—George J. Haney, Perth Amboy, 1916; William C. Jacques, New Brunswick, 1918; William D. Voorhees, Perth Amboy, 1917. Secretary, J. Edward Harned, Woodbridge.

Monmouth County—Albert L. Ivins, Red Bank, 1916; Richard W. Herbert, Wickatunk, 1918; William K. Deveaux, Asbury Park, 1917. Secretary, Charles L. Stout, Freehold.

Morris County—Thomas Baker, Dover, 1916; George W. Weber, Madison, 1918; Edward A. Quayle, Morristown, 1917. Secretary, Fred B. Bardon, Madison.

Ocean County—Arthur B. Clute, Lakewood, 1916; Nicholas McDonald, 1918; George C. Van Hise, Toms River, 1917. Secretary, George H. Irons, Toms River.

Passaic County—Frederick Wolfhegel, Paterson, 1916; William G. Bateman, Passaic, 1918; Frank Van Cleve, 1917. Secretary, Bernard L. Stafford, Paterson.

Salem County—Frank J. Gaventa, Pedricktown, 1916; Clayton L. Batten, Pennsville, 1918; Clark Pettit, Salem, 1917. Secretary, M. H. Stratton, Jr., Salem.

Somerset County—James E. Bathgate, Jr., Basking Ridge, 1916; Andrew R. Kenney, North Plainfield, 1918; William J. De Mond, Somerville, 1917. Secretary, Carlton P. Hoagland, Somerville.

Sussex County—Martin W. Bowman, Sussex, 1916; Robert T. Johnson, Newton, 1918; B. Frank Quince, Sussex, 1917. Secretary, Obadiah E. Armstrong, Newton.

Union County—Lloyd Thompson, Westfield, 1916; John J. Collins, Elizabeth, 1918; William A. Coddington, Plainfield, 1917. Secretary, John R. Connolly, Elizabeth.

Warren County—Arthur G. Taylor, Phillipsburg, 1916; Michael Connlain, Phillipsburg, 1918; William J. Barker, Hackettstown, 1917. Secretary, Claude E. Cook, Phillipsburg.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

Trustees—Calvin N. Kendall, Trenton, President; Edward E. Grosscup, Trenton, Treasurer; Addison B. Poland, Newark, 1916; William R. Codington, Plainfield, 1916; James E. Bryan, Camden, 1917; Elizabeth A. Allen, Hoboken, Secretary, 1918; S. Emily Potter, Newark, 1918; Miss Sophie M. Braun, Elizabeth, 1919. James Fitzpatrick, Paterson, 1919; William G. Bumstead, Jersey City, 1917.

TECHNICAL AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

Trustees Newark Technical School—John B. Stobaueus, 1918; Herbert P. Gleason, 1918; Samuel E. Robertson, 1919; John A. Furman, 1919; Halsey M. Larter, 1916; Frederick L. Eberhardt, 1916; Peter Campbell, 1917; Abraham Rothschild, 1917.

Trustees Industrial Education, Hoboken—John Henry Cuntz, 1918; William L. E. Keuffel, 1918; Helene Wilenborg, 1919; Richard Stevens, 1916; Mrs. C. B. Alexander, 1917; James Smith, 1917; J. W. Rufus Besson, 1919; Richard Beyer, 1916.

Board of Trustees of Industrial Education, Trenton—Frederick H. Clark, 1917; Edward C. Stover, 1917; Herman C. Mueller, 1918; Harry C. Taylor, 1916; Clifton Reeves, 1918; Charles Howell Cook, 1919; John S. Broughton, 1919; John A. Campbell, 1916. All December 30th. Robert C. Belville, Secretary.

TENEMENT HOUSE SUPERVISION, BOARD.

John A. Campbell, President, Trenton, 1920; James M. Stewart, Paterson, 1917; Clinton Mackenzie, Elizabeth, 1919; Miles W. Beemer, Jersey City, 1916; William Locke Rockwell, Montclair, 1918. Secretary, Captain Charles J. Allen, Newark.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS, BOARD.

John F. Martin, Elizabeth, Secretary, 1918; John A. Maxwell, Somerville, 1918; Louis Pierce, Bridgeton, 1916; William Stafford, Paterson, 1918; William H. Hannold, Jr., Swedesboro, 1918.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSIONERS.

(Board expires July 1st, 1916.)

Mahlon Hoagland, President, Rockaway, 1916; Charles A. Meyer, Andover, 1918; Laurent J. Tonnele, Jersey City, 1919; William E. Ramsay, Perth Amboy, 1916; Harry S. Scovel, Camden, 1916. Secretary—Nathan Prendergast, Jersey City. Engineer—Morris R. Sherrerd.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

State Superintendent—William L. Waldron, Trenton, 1917. Assistants—Robert Lang, Jr., Jersey City; Charles E. Brown, East Orange; J. Frank Fowler, Trenton.

HOMES, SANATORIUMS, ETC.

BOYS, STATE HOME FOR.

Jamesburg.

Trustees—Arthur D. Chandler, Orange, 1918; Martin C. Ribsam, Trenton, 1918; Joseph Mitchell, Jersey City, 1916; George M. Lamont, Bound Brook, 1917; Frank M. Donohue, President, New Brunswick, 1916; Augustus S. Crane, Elizabeth, 1917. Superintendent—Richard J. Drever.

GIRLS, STATE HOME FOR.

Trenton.

Trustees—J. Mitchell Reese, Phillipsburg, President, 1920; Jeannette Coyne Middleton, Trenton, 1916; Alice Cantwell, Trenton, Secretary, 1917; Paula Laddy, Newark, 1918; James H. Cubberly, Jersey City, Treasurer, 1919. Superintendent, Mrs. Elizabeth V. H. Mansell. Parole Officers, Miss Nellie F. Dullard, Trenton; Mrs. Bertha Clark, Newark.

EPILEPTICS, VILLAGE FOR.

(Henry M. Weeks Hospital.)

Skillman Station (Somerset county).

Herman F. Moosbrugger, President, Somerville, 1918; Jonas A. Fuld, Secretary, Trenton, 1919; Dr. Richard Moldenke, Watchung, 1916; Georgiana Doane Collard, Treasurer, Jersey City, 1917; Dr. William A. Clark, Trenton, 1916; Dr. J. M. Carnochan, Princeton, 1919; John Edward Clark, New Brunswick, 1918; Mrs. Frank Hyde, Plainfield, 1917. Superintendent, Dr. David F. Weeks. Steward, William H. Schultz.

FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Vineland.

New Jersey Training School for Feeble-Minded Girls and Boys, Vineland. Directors—Governor, ex-officio; D. Wilson Moore, Colorado Springs, 1919; Bleecker Van Wagenen, New York, 1919; Thomas J. Smith, M.D., Bridgeton, 1919; Rev. H. H. Beadle, Bridgeton, 1916; E. E. Read, Jr., Camden, 1916; Milton J. Greenman, Philadelphia, 1917; W. Graham Tyler, Philadelphia, 1917; Charles Keighley, Vine-

land, 1917; P. P. Baker, Wildwood Crest, 1918; Howard L. Branson, Vineland, 1916; E. C. Stokes, Millville, 1918; Samuel Fels, Philadelphia, 1917; Maurice B. Ayars, Salem, 1919; D. Harry Chandler, Vineland, 1918; R. Bayard Cutting, New York, 1918. Officers of the Board—Philip P. Baker, President; W. Graham Tyler, Vice-President; Edward R. Johnstone, Secretary and Superintendent.

FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.

Vineland.

Board of Managers—Mrs. Annie E. Gile, Bloomfield, 1921; George B. Thorn, Treasurer, Crosswicks, 1918; Harry H. Pond, President, Vineland, 1916; Richard C. Jenkinson, Newark, 1921; William J. Dawson, Wenonah, 1918; Mrs. Bloomfield H. Minch, Bridgeton, 1918; Ida B. Phillips, Secretary, Trenton, 1916; Dr. Madeleine A. Hollowell, Supervisor and Medical Director.

FIREMEN'S HOME.

Boonton.

Managers—James K. Manning, Chairman, Elizabeth, 1916; Egbert Seymour, Bayonne, 1916; Bird W. Spencer, Passaic; Jacob L. Bunnell, Newton, 1916; George E. Mead, Perth Amboy, 1916; John Kennell, Passaic, 1916; Edward O'Donnell, Jersey City, 1916; John Senft, Merchantville, 1918; William B. Vandegrift, Burlington, 1918; Patrick Farrell, Montclair, 1918; Michael A. Dunn, Hoboken, 1918; Elias K. Leslie, Trenton, Secretary, 1916; William H. Matthews, Orange, 1916. The State Comptroller and Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and President of the State Firemen's Association are members ex-officio.

SOLDIERS, HOME FOR DISABLED.

Kearny, Hudson county, N. J.

Managers—Captain R. Wayne Parker, Newark, 1916; Colonel Henry Allers, M.D., Treasurer, Harrison, 1916; General Edwin W. Hine, President, Newark, 1916; General Joseph H. Brensinger, Jersey City, 1916; John Grimes, Jersey City, ad in.; William C. Smith, North Plainfield, 1918. The Commander of the G. A. R.

Officers—Superintendent, James F. Connelly; Adjutant, Alonzo P. Lenox; Quartermaster, George C. Chandler; Surgeon, Eugene H. Golberg, M.D.; Chaplain, Rev. John D. Ferguson.

SOLDIERS, DISABLED, SAILORS, MARINES AND THEIR WIVES.

Vineland.

Managers—J. Howard Willets, Port Elizabeth, 1916; Joseph R. Durell, Trenton, 1919; George Barrett, Camden, 1919; Cyrus F. Osgood, Hammonton, 1919; John W. Bodine, Camden, 1920. The Commander of the G. A. R.; Commandant, John Shields; Adjutant, Ed. P. Southwick; Surgeon, John S. Halsey; Matron, Emma J. Southwick.

TUBERCULOUS DISEASES, SANATORIUM FOR.

Glen Gardner (Hunterdon county).

Board of Managers—William H. Kensinger, Camden, 1919; Frederick J. Hughes, North Plainfield, 1918; Elmer Howard Loomis, Princeton, 1919; Edwin J. Burke, Secretary and Treasurer, Trenton, 1917; Theodore W. Corwin, President, Newark, 1916; Lucy J. W. Taylor, High Bridge, 1918; Walter Kidde, Montclair, 1916; Dr. Frederick C. Low, High Bridge, 1917. Medical Director, Dr. Samuel B. English; Assistant, Dr. Henry B. Dunham.

WOMEN'S REFORMATORY COMMISSION.

Board of Managers—President, Mrs. H. Otto Wittpenn, Jersey City, 1916; Secretary, Anna I. LaMonte, Bound Brook, 1918; Treasurer, Alfred G. Evans, Madison, 1917; Mrs. Thomas B. Taylor, Montclair, 1916; Dr. Thomas H. Flynn, Somerville, 1916; James H. Brodhead, Flemington, 1918; Mabel C. Fielder, Jersey City, 1917; Mrs. Rudolph V. Kuser, Trenton, 1918; Superintendent, Miss May Caughey.

COMMISSIONS.

BLIND, TO AMELIORATE CONDITION OF.

William Fellowes Morgan, Short Hills, 1918; C. Rudolph Diefenbach, Jersey City, 1917; Mrs. Albert T. Beckett, Salem, 1918; Mrs. Emilie Benson Welsh, Montclair, 1918; Mrs. Harriet Fisher Andrews, Trenton, 1918.

DELAWARE RIVER TOLL BRIDGES.

John A. Campbell, President, Trenton; Reginald W. Darnell, Phillipsburg; Phineas K. Hazen, Lambertville. Secretary, Frank Barkley, Lambertville.

EAST JERSEY PROPRIETORSHIP.

John D. Prince, Ringwood; Frankland Briggs, Newark; Heulings Lippincott, Camden

ECONOMY AND EFFICIENCY.

Walter E. Edge, Atlantic City; James F. O'Melia, Secretary, Jersey City; Peter J. McGinnis, Paterson; Samuel Ludlow, Jr., Jersey City; William Kraft, Camden; Arthur M. Agnew, Grantwood; Arthur N. Pierson, Westfield. Clerk, James C. Kelly, Jersey City. Counsel, Nelson B. Gaskill, Mount Holly.

EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION.

Robert A. Messler, Thomas D. Sensor and Rev. William L. Roundtree, Trenton; George Hampton, Bridgeton; William Riddle, Atlantic City; Rev. A. Mark Harris, Jersey City; Dr. Clement T. Branch, Camden. Chief Organizer, Rev. Solomon P. Hood, Trenton.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY.

William Dickson, Montclair; Walter E. Edge, Atlantic City; J. William Clark, Newark; Samuel Botterill, East Orange; John C. Cosgrove, Elizabeth; Edward K. Mills, Morristown. All 1917.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION.

Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House and Public Road Commissioner.

IMMIGRATION.

Robert A. Franks, Orange; William Fellowes Morgan, Short Hills; Robert Fleming, Jersey City. Secretary, Alexander Cleland.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

George R. Howe, President, Newark; George G. Tennant, Jersey City; William A. Bainbridge, Roselle Park; John W. Ferguson, Paterson; Ferdinand W. Roebling, Jr., Trenton. Secretary, Albert A. Snowden, Newark.

LAND MARKS PRESERVATION.

Ernest R. Ackerman, Plainfield; William C. Gebhardt, Clinton; George M. La Monte, Bound Brook; Henry E. Newman, Lakewood; Thomas R. Layden, Paterson; vacancy.

LIVE STOCK.

Dr. Jacob G. Lipman, New Brunswick; Samuel S. Conover, Harrisonville; Fred C. Minkler, Secretary, New Brunswick; Ephraim T. Gill, Haddonfield; Dr. James T. Glennon, Newark.

MENTAL DEFECTIVES COMMISSION.

Richard Stockton, Trenton; Dr. Stewart Paton, Princeton; Dr. John L. Nevin, Jersey City; Edmund E. Read, Jr., Camden; Edward D. Page, Oakland.

MECHANICS' LIEN LAW REVISION.

Frank H. Genung, Newark; Arthur Quinn, Perth Amboy; James G. Blauvelt, Paterson; William E. Tuttle, Westfield.

MONMOUTH BATTLE MONUMENT.

Members—Comptroller of the Treasury, Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, President of Senate, Speaker of House of Assembly, Theodore W. Morris, President; James T. Burtis, Treasurer; John B. Conover; Joseph A. Yard, Secretary, Freehold.

MORRIS CANAL ABANDONMENT.

John W. Wescott, Camden; Charles H. Ingersoll, East Orange; Foster F. Birch, Dover; John I. Blair Reiley, Phillipsburg; C. Howard Slater, Jersey City; Henry M. Doremus, Newark; Carlton Godfrey, Atlantic City; Mangold H. Ellenbogan, Paterson; Fred G. Stickel, Jr., Newark; Albert F. Ganz, Hoboken; William Libbey, Princeton; Jan D. Ely, Marlboro.

OLD AGE PENSION.

Thomas R. Laydon, Paterson, 1917; Everett Colby, West Orange, 1919; Charles McLaughlin, Paterson, 1918; Rev. Dr. Otis A. Glazebrook, Elizabeth, 1916; John H. Adamson, Clifton, 1920.

PANAMA EXPOSITION COMMISSION.

Robert S. Hudspeth, Jersey City, Chairman; John Franklin Fort, East Orange; Johnston Cornish, Washington; Edward E. Grosscup, Wenonah; Joseph K. Waddington, Salem; A. C. Baker, Atlantic; Walter P. Gardner, Jersey City; C. W. Breckenbridge, Hackensack; Curtis R. Burnett, Newark; Dennis F. Collins, Elizabeth; Frederick W. Donnelly, Trenton. Secretary, Charles F. Pancoast, Salem.

PASSAIC RIVER NAVIGATION.

J. Willard De Yoe, David Boyle and William A. Hopson, Paterson; Anton L. Pettersen and John Schmidt, Passaic.

TUBERCULOSIS IN ANIMALS.

President, Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerville; Secretary, Franklin Dye, Trenton; A. A. Cortelyou, Somerville; William Richman, Treasurer, Sharptown; Benjamin F. Buzby, Swedesboro; John C. Sharp, Blalirstown; George M. La Monte, Bound Brook.

UNIFORM LEGISLATION IN UNITED STATES.

Frank Bergen, Elizabeth; John R. Hardin, Newark; Mark A. Sullivan, Jersey City. All in 1920.

VALLEY FORGE MONUMENT.

John H. Fort, President, Camden; A. J. Demarest, Treasurer, Hoboken; James L. Pennypacker, Secretary, Haddonfield; David P. Mulford, Bridgeton. All in 1917.

WASHINGTON ASSOCIATION OF NEW JERSEY.

Morristown.

President, Alfred Elmer Mills; First Vice-President, Willard W. Cutler; Second Vice-President, Henry A. Henriques; Secretary, Henry C. Pitney, Jr.; Treasurer, John H. Bonsall; Curator, Miss Altha E. Hatch; Trustees, 1915, Alfred Elmer Mills, Henry C. Pitney, Jr., Henry A. Henriques, Willard W. Cutler, George R. Howe, John H. Bonsall, Charles M. Lum, Francis J. Swayze, Philander B. Pierson; Executive Committee, 1915, Alfred Elmer Mills, Willard W. Cutler, Henry A. Henriques, Henry C. Pitney, Jr., John H. Bonsall, Miss Altha E. Hatch, Wynant D. Vanderpool.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

New Year's Day—January 1st.
Lincoln's Birthday—February 12th.
Washington's Birthday—February 22d.
Good Friday—April 21st.
Memorial Day—May 30th.
Independence Day—July 4th.
Labor Day—First Monday in September.
Columbus Day—October 12th.
Thanksgiving Day—Last Thursday in November.
General Election Day—First Tuesday after first Monday
in November.
Christmas Day—December 25th.

SALARIES AND TERMS OF OFFICE.

OF STATE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

EXECUTIVE, STATE, TREASURY AND LAW DEPART- MENTS.

Governor, three years, \$10,000. Secretary to the Governor, three years, \$4,000. Executive Clerk, \$2,100.

Secretary of State, five years, \$6,000. Assistant, five years, \$3,000.

State Treasurer, three years, \$6,000.

Deputy State Treasurer, \$4,500.

State Comptroller, three years, \$6,000.

Deputy Comptroller, three years, \$3,600.

Attorney-General, five years, \$7,000.

Assistant Attorney-General, \$5,000; Second Assistant, \$4,800.

THE COURTS.

Chancellor, seven years, \$13,000.

Vice-Chancellors, seven years, \$12,000.

Clerk in Chancery, five years, \$6,000; Deputy, \$3,000.

Chief Justice Supreme Court, seven years, \$13,000.

Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, seven years, \$12,000.

Clerk of the Supreme Court, five years, \$6,000.

Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals, six years, \$20 a day for attendance at Court and \$20 a day, not exceeding thirty days each term, when engaged in examination of cases or writing of opinions.

Circuit Court Judges, seven years, \$9,000.

Chancery and Law Reporters, each \$500.

Sergeants-at-Arms, Chancery Chambers, \$1,500.

Judges of County Courts (Common Pleas, &c.), five years. Essex and Hudson, \$7,500; Passaic, Bergen, Camden and Union, \$6,500; Mercer, Middlesex and Monmouth, \$6,000; Atlantic, Burlington and Morris, \$4,500; Cumberland, Gloucester, Hunterdon, Salem, Somerset and Warren, \$3,000; Sussex, \$2,700; Cape May and Ocean, \$1,800.

Juvenile Courts, Essex and Hudson counties, five years, \$5,000. Attendants, each \$1,200.

District Court Judges, five years. Newark and Jersey City (two each), \$4,000; Clerks, \$2,000; Deputy Clerks, \$1,500; Assistant Clerks, \$1,200. Paterson, Trenton, Camden, \$3,500; Clerks, \$1,750. Atlantic City, Bayonne, Hoboken, Passaic, Elizabeth, \$3,000; Clerks, \$1,500. East Orange, Orange, New Brunswick and Perth Amboy, \$2,500; Clerks, \$1,250. Plainfield, \$2,000; Clerk, \$900.

Judicial Districts, Essex, First district, \$2,000; Hudson, First district, \$2,000; Bergen (three), Morris, Somerset, \$2,000; Monmouth (two), \$1,800; Clerks, \$1,200; \$900 to \$600, according to population. Assistant Clerks, \$800, \$500, \$350.

Prosecutors of the Pleas, five years. Essex and Hudson, \$8,000; two assistants in Essex and Hudson, \$6,000 and \$4,000. Bergen, Camden, Passaic and Union, \$7,500. Mercer and Middlesex, \$6,000. Monmouth, \$4,500. Atlantic, Morris, \$4,000. Burlington, \$3,000. Cumberland, Warren, Somerset, Gloucester, Hunterdon, Salem, Sussex, Cape May, Ocean, \$2,000.

Assistant Prosecutors. Passaic, \$5,000. Atlantic, Monmouth, Camden, Bergen and Union, \$3,000. Mercer and Middlesex, \$2,500. Morris and Somerset, \$1,500.

Sheriffs, three years. Essex and Hudson, \$10,000.

County Clerks, Surrogates and Registers of Deeds, five years. Essex and Hudson, \$7,500.

In all other counties the term of office for the officials above named is the same and the salaries are as follows: Passaic, Bergen, Camden, Mercer, Middlesex, Union, \$6,500; Monmouth, \$5,500; Atlantic, Burlington, Morris, \$4,500; Cumberland, \$3,500; Gloucester, Hunterdon, Salem, Somerset, Sussex, Warren, \$2,500; Cape May, Ocean, \$2,000.

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

Commissioner, three years, \$6,000; Deputy, \$3,500.

MILITARY.

Adjutant-General, \$2,500; Chief Clerk, \$2,500.

Quartermaster-General, \$2,500; Chief Clerk, \$2,500.

Military Storekeeper, \$1,200.

EDUCATIONAL—STATE LIBRARY, ETC.

State Board of Education, eight years, no salary.

State Commissioner of Education, five years, \$10,000.

Four Assistant Commissioners, each \$4,500; Inspector of Buildings, \$2,000; Inspector of Accounts, \$2,000.

Principal of Trenton Normal School, \$5,500; Steward, \$1,700. Principal Montclair Normal School, \$6,000. Principal Newark Normal School, \$5,000.

County Superintendents of Public Schools, three years, \$3,000; Clerks, \$600.

State Librarian, five years, \$3,000; Assistants, \$3,280.

Public Library Commissioners, five years, no salary.

COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Members, eight, four years, no salary.

Chief Engineer, four years, \$5,000; Assistant Chief, \$4,500; Inspector, \$1,200.

CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

Members, eight, four years, no salary.

Director, four years, \$4,200; State Geologist, \$4,000; Assistant, \$2,600; Chemist, \$2,400.

STATE PRISON AND REFORMATORIES, ETC.

Keeper of the State Prison, five years, \$3,500.

Inspectors of the State Prison, six years, \$500.

Fiscal Agent of the State Prison, \$2,000.

Moral Instructors of the State Prison, \$1,200; Resident Physician, \$1,900; Visiting Physician, \$1,800.

Commissioners of the New Jersey Reformatory, four years, no salary.

Superintendent of the New Jersey Reformatory, five years, \$4,000; Deputy Superintendent and Chief Parole Officer, \$1,500.

State Reformatory for Women, six Commissioners, three years, no salary; Superintendent, \$1,200.

STATE HOSPITALS.

Board of Managers, five years, no salary.

Morris Plains—Medical Director, \$6,000; two Senior Physicians, \$2,000 each; two Junior Physicians, \$1,700 each; one Junior, \$1,500; two Juniors, \$1,400 each; one Junior, \$1,300; Warden, \$3,000; Treasurer, \$500; Secretary, \$1,000.

Trenton—Medical Director, \$4,500; First Assistant, \$2,000; Second Assistant, \$1,500; Third Assistant, \$1,200; Fourth Assistant, \$1,500; Fifth Assistant, \$1,000; Warden, \$3,500; Treasurer, \$500; Secretary, \$1,000.

TAXES AND ASSESSMENT.

Members of Board, three years, President, \$4,000; other members, \$3,000; Secretary, \$2,500; Field Secretary, \$2,500.

County Boards—Essex and Hudson, \$3,500; Passaic, \$2,200; Bergen, Camden and Union, \$2,000; Mercer and Middlesex, \$1,800; Monmouth, \$1,600; Atlantic and Morris, \$1,400; Burlington and Cumberland, \$1,200; Cape May, Hunterdon, Ocean, Gloucester, Salem, Somerset, Sussex and Warren, \$1,000.

PUBLIC UTILITY AND WATER-SUPPLY COMMISSIONS.

Public Utility Commission, six years, \$7,500; Counsel, \$7,500; Assistant Counsel, \$2,500; Secretary, \$4,000; Chief Inspector, \$5,000; Inspectors, \$1,500, \$1,800, \$2,500, \$3,000, \$3,600.

Water-Supply Commission, \$2,500; Secretary, \$2,500; Engineer, \$3,000.

SHELL FISHERIES DEPARTMENT.

Eight members, four years, no salary. Director, three years, \$2,000; Chiefs of Divisions, \$1,200 each.

LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner Department of Labor, three years, \$6,000; Assistant Commissioner, three years, \$3,000; Inspectors, \$1,500.

Employers' Liability Clerk, Expert, \$2,000; Assistants, \$2,000 and \$1,800.

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

Commissioner, three years, \$4,000; Assistant, three years, \$3,600; draughtsman, \$7,000; clerical services, \$6,150.

STATE HOUSE CUSTODIAN.

Custodian of the State House, at pleasure of the Governor, State Treasurer and State Comptroller, \$3,500; Assistant, \$1,500.

CIVIL SERVICE BOARD, REPORTS COMMISSIONER AND AUDITORS.

Auditors of Accounts in Comptroller's Department, Chief, \$3,000; Assistants, \$2,000 each; Stenographer, \$600.

Commissioner of Public Reports, five years, \$2,000; Clerk, \$600.

Expert Printer, \$900; appointed by the Comptroller.

Civil Service Commissioners, four years, \$2,000. President, \$2,500; Chief Examiner and Secretary, \$4,000; Assistant Secretary, \$2,250; Assistant Examiner, \$2,000.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Members, eight, four years, no salary. Director, four years, \$4,000; Assistant Director and Chief of Laboratory of Hygiene, \$3,600; Assistant, \$2,000.

Health Officer, Perth Amboy, \$1,000; Assistants, \$250.

BOARD OF TENEMENT HOUSE SUPERVISION.

Members of Board, five years, no salary. Secretary and Executive Officer, \$3,600; Chief Inspector, \$1,400; Inspectors, \$1,200 each; Architect, \$1,800; Assistant Architect, \$1,350; Record Clerks, \$1,500 each; Chief Clerk, \$1,500; Law Clerk, \$1,500.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

State Superintendent, five years, \$2,500; three Assistants, \$1,200.

PUBLIC ROAD AND MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENTS

State Commissioner of Public Roads, three years, \$5,000, State Highway Engineer, \$4,000; two Division Engineers, each \$2,000; two Division Engineers, \$1,650; one Division Engineer, \$1,500.

Motor Vehicle Department—Commissioner, \$1,500; Chief Inspector, \$1,800; Deputy Chief Inspector, \$1,500; Inspector, \$1,350. Appointed by Secretary of State.

SEWERAGE COMMISSION.

Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission, five years; salary, \$2,500; Secretary-Treasurer, \$2,000, paid by the Commission, not by the State.

HOMES, SANATORIUMS, ETC.

Board of Managers of the Home for Feeble-Minded Women, six years, no salary; Superintendent, \$3,000.

Board of Managers Home for Feeble-Minded Children, four years, no salary.

State Home for Disabled Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Their Wives, five years, no salary; Commandant, \$1,500; Adjutant, \$1,000.

Soldiers' Home, Kearny, three years, no salary; Superintendent, \$1,500; Surgeon, \$1,500; Chaplain, \$1,000; Adjutant, \$1,000; Quartermaster, \$1,200; Matron, \$500.

Board of Managers of the New Jersey Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases, four years, no salary; Medical Director, \$3,600; Physician, \$2,000; Secretary and Treasurer, \$600.

Board of Managers Village for Epileptics, three years, no salary; Superintendent, \$2,500; Steward, \$2,000; First Assistant Physician, \$1,500; Second, \$1,200.

State Firemen's Home, no salary, four years.

State Board of Children's Guardians, six years, no salary; General Agent, \$2,200; Assistant, \$1,500.

Trustees Home for Boys, three years, no salary; Superintendent, \$2,500.

Trustees State Home for Girls, five years, no salary; Matron, \$1,500; Treasurer, \$500; Secretary, \$200; two Parole Officers, \$1,400, and expenses, \$600.

Commission for the Blind, three years, no salary.

School for the Deaf, Principal, \$2,500; Steward, \$1,620; Treasurer, \$500.

Manual Training School, Bordentown; Principal, \$2,000.

AGRICULTURE, FISH AND GAME, ETC.

Board of Visitors to State Agricultural College, two years, no salary.

Secretary State Board of Agriculture, \$1,200; Secretary Tuberculous in Animals, \$1,200; Commissioner and Chief Inspector, \$2,400.

Director Agricultural Experiment Station, \$4,000.

Fish and Game Commissioners, four years, no salary; Secretary, \$1,800; Protector, \$1,800; Assistant Protector, \$1,200; Fish Wardens, each \$900.

Commissioners of Palisades Interstate Park, five years, no salary.

Live Stock Commission, three years, \$15 per diem actual service; Secretary and Executive Officer, \$2,000.

MEDICAL, DENTISTRY, ETC.

Board of Medical Examiners, three years, no salary.

Board of Pharmacy, five years, \$5 a day and expenses.

Board of Dentistry, five years, no salary.

Optometry Board, no salary, three years.

Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, three years, no salary.

Board of Undertakers and Embalmers, three years, no salary.

State Board of Examiners of Nurses, three years, \$5 a day and expenses.

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS.

Teachers' Retirement Fund members, four years. Secretary, \$1,500.

Commission to Promote Uniformity in Legislation in United States, three years, no salary.

Curator State Museum, \$1,500.

Commissioners of Pilotage, three years, fees.

State Board of Architects, two years, no salary; Secretary, \$1,500.

Old Age Insurance-Pension Commission, five years, no salary. Secretary, \$850.

Economy and Efficiency, Clerk, \$1,800.

Inheritance Tax Supervisors, appointed by State Comptroller. State Supervisor, \$3,500; District Supervisors, Essex and Hudson, \$3,000 each; Bergen, \$1,200; Camden and Union, \$1,200 each; Passaic, Mercer, Union, Middlesex and Monmouth, \$1,000 each; other districts, \$300 to \$600.

Board of Public Accountants, three years, \$5 a day for actual service.

Valley Forge Commissioners, five years.

Commission for the Blind, three years, no salary.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

State Senators, three years, and Members of the Assembly, one year, \$500.

Senate Officers—President, \$666.66; President's Private Secretary, \$600; Secretary, \$1,500; Assistant Secretary, \$1,200; Supervisor of Bills, \$1,200; Assistant Supervisor

of Bills, \$600; Second Assistant Supervisor of Bills, \$500; Journal Clerk, \$1,000; Assistant Journal Clerk, \$500; Second Assistant Journal Clerk, \$400; Calendar Clerk, \$500; Bill Clerk and Assistant, each \$500; Sergeant-at-Arms, \$700; Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, \$500; Clerk to Committee on Printed Bills, \$500; Clerk to Committee on Appropriations, \$500; four Clerks to Committees, each \$350; four Stenographers, each \$500; five doorkeepers, each \$350; three Gallery Keepers, each \$350; four File Clerks, each \$350; six Pages, each \$200.

House of Assembly Officers—Speaker, \$666.66; Speaker's Private Secretary, \$600; Assistant Secretary, \$500; Clerk, \$1,500; Assistant Clerk, \$1,200; Assistant to Clerk, \$350; Supervisor of Bills, \$1,300; three Assistants, \$600 each; Journal Clerk, \$1,000; Assistant Journal Clerk and one Assistant, \$500; Sergeant-at-Arms, \$700; two Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, each \$500; twelve Doorkeepers, each \$350; ten Pages, each \$200; Clerk to Committee on Printed Bills, \$500; Bill Clerk and Assistant, \$500 each; eight Clerks to Committees, each \$350; three Stenographers, each \$500; one Stenographer for Minority, \$500; fifteen File Clerks, each \$300.

Legislative Reference Bureau, Appropriation, \$1,000.

MILITARY.

Roster of Officers of the National Guard.

Commander-in-Chief, James F. Fielder; Aides-de-Camp, Colonel Frank M. Taylor (personal aide), Lieutenant-Colonel William Libbey, Lieutenant-Colonel William G. Schaufler, Captain George F. Perkins, Jr. (retired), Captain Sackett M. Dickinson; Adjutant-General's Department, Brigadier-General Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr., The Adjutant-General; Adjutants General Lieutenant-Colonel John M. Rogers (retired), Lieutenant-Colonel Austen Colgate, Major Alexander P. Gray, Jr., Major Nelson B. Gaskill; Inspector-General's Department, Major Frederick W. Garvin, Inspector-General; Judge-Advocate General's Department, Lieutenant-Colonel Scott Scammell, Judge-Advocate; Major George F. Brensinger; Quartermaster Corps, Brigadier-General C. Edward Murray, Quartermaster-General; Lieutenant-Colonel David S. Hill; Majors John D. Kilpatrick, William H. Chew, Harry L. Harris; Captains Frank A. Reinhard, Walter Firth, Charles W. Stark, Edward I. Edwards, Jr., Richard J. Drever, James M. Sheen.

Medical Corps, Lieutenant-Colonel William G. Schaufler, Surgeon-General; Majors Joseph M. Rector, J. Talmage Wyckoff, Joseph V. Bergin, Harold D. Corbusier, Jean F. Wolfs, Albert B. Davis, Elston H. Bergen; Captains W. Kempton Browning, Joel W. Fithian, Frank Y. Neer, Valentine Ruch, Jr., William O'G. Quinby, Peter P. Rafferty, David A. Kraker, Henry B. Orton, Robert E. Sievers; First Lieutenants Samuel A. Cosgrove, George H. Mueller, Oscar C. Frundt, Anthony W. Lamy, William V. Gale, Claudio E. McNeeney, William C. Fischer, Watson Rodemann, Elias M. Duffield, William C. Craig, James J. Rowland, Walter R. Tymeson, Thomas K. Lewis, Raymond S. Seibert.

Ordinance Department, Major Jacob S. Buist.

Department of Rifle Practice, Brigadier-General Bird W. Spencer, Inspector-General of Rifle Practice; Assistant Inspectors-General of Rifle Practice, Colonel Charles A. Reid, Lieutenant-Colonel William Libbey, David M. Flynn.

Unassigned, Dennis F. Collins, Major-General, Division; Lewis T. Bryant, Brigadier-General, Inspector-General; John A. Mather, Brigadier-General, 2d Brigade; James V. Oliphant, Colonel, Quartermaster Corps; D. Stewart Craven, Colonel, Quartermaster Corps; Frederick Gilkyson, Colonel, Asst. Adjutant-General; Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr., Colonel, Quartermaster Corps; Harry P. Moorhead, Colonel of Infantry; James W. Howard, Lieut.-Colonel, Quartermaster Corps; Mahlon R. Margerum, Lieut.-Colonel, Quartermaster

Corps; Walter F. Whittemore, Lieut.-Colonel, Corps of Engineers; Walter E. Edge, Lieut.-Colonel, Ordnance Dept.; Arthur Rowland, Lieut.-Colonel, I. S. A. P.; Oscar H. Condit, Lieut.-Colonel, Asst. Inspector-General; Robert L. Patterson, Lieut.-Colonel, Asst. Inspector-General; Henry Allers, Lieut.-Colonel, Medical Corps; Harry B. Salter, Lieut.-Colonel, Quartermaster Corps; Leon W. Manton, Lieut.-Colonel, Quartermaster Corps; S. Wood McClave, Major, Corps of Engineers; Harry Neafie, Major, Medical Corps; John L. Griggs, Major, Judge-Advocate; James H. Hayes, Jr., Major, Inspector-General; Howard T. Alexander, Major, Quartermaster Corps; Malcolm G. Buchanan, Major, Judge-Advocate; Edward T. Moore, Major, Judge-Advocate; Peter H. James, Major, Quartermaster Corps; Henry C. Knox, Major, Quartermaster Corps; Harry C. Kramer, Major, Adjutant-General; William T. Read, Major, Adjutant-General; Calvin D. McMurtry, Captain, Quartermaster Corps; Henry G. Stephens, Captain, Corps of Engineers; Robert R. Howard, Captain, Corps of Engineers; Peter Vredenburgh, Captain, Ordnance Department; John Bentley, Captain, Ordnance Department; William Engelhard, Captain, Ordnance Department; Wayne Dumont, Captain, Quartermaster Corps; George W. Coyne, 1st Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers.

First Squadron, Cavalry, Newark—Major, William A. Bryant, commanding.

Battery A, Field Artillery, East Orange—Captain, Claude E. Lanterman, commanding.

Battery B, Field Artillery, Camden—Captain, Samuel G. Barnard, commanding.

Signal Corps Company, Jersey City—Captain, William Y. Dear, commanding.

First Field Hospital, Elizabeth—Major, Harold D. Corbusier, commanding.

Ambulance Company, Red Bank—Captain, Peter P. Rafferty, commanding.

First Brigade Headquarters, Newark—Brigadier-General, Edwin W. Hine; Staff, Brigade-Adjutant, Major, Alexander P. Gray, Jr.; Major, J. Talmage Wyckoff, Medical Corps; Inspector Small-Arms Practice, Major, Charles H. Grant; Aides-de-Camp, First Lieutenants, John V. Hinchliffe, Harry V. D. Moore, 5th Infantry.

First Infantry Headquarters, Newark—Colonel, John D. Fraser; Captain and Adjutant, I. Newton Davies.

Fourth Infantry Headquarters, Jersey City—Colonel, Arthur L. Steele; Captain and Adjutant, Lewis E. Jackson.

Fifth Infantry Headquarters, Paterson—Colonel, Albert A. Van Walraven; Captain and Adjutant, William M. Mead.

Second Infantry Headquarters, Trenton—Colonel, Horace M. Reading; Captain and Adjutant, William E. Pedrick.

Third Infantry Headquarters, Camden—Colonel Thomas D. Landon; Captain and Adjutant, J. Walter Scott.

Roster of Officers of the Naval Reserve.

First Battalion, Armory, U. S. S. Adams, Hoboken—
Commander, Edward McClure Peters.

Second Battalion, Armory, U. S. S. Vixen, Camden—
Commander, Albert DeUnger.

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

**County Officers, With the Date of the Expiration of
Their Term of Office, Time of Holding Courts, &c.**

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

County Seat—Mays Landing. Population, 1,359.

Sheriff—Joseph R. Bartlett, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Richard Bew, Charles Cunningham, 1917;
Henry C. Monroe, 1918.

County Clerk—Edwin A. Parker, 1918.

Surrogate—Emanuel C. Shaner, 1917.

County Collector—E. L. Johnson, Atlantic City.

Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.

County Judge—Clifton C. Shinn, 1918.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Charles S. Moore, 1918.

Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—William Elmer Brown,
Jr.

County Lunatic Asylum—T. L. McConnell, Supt.

Jury Commissioner—Wilson Senseman.

County Board of Elections—Charles Slack (1917), Frank
Melville (1916), Dems.; William H. Howenstein (1916),
Harry Jenkins (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in January, May and
October.

BERGEN COUNTY.

County Seat—Hackensack. Population, 15,856.

Sheriff—Robert Nelson Heath, Dem., 1916.

Coroners—Edson S. Shorter, 1917; William J. Collins,
1916; James F. McNally, 1916.

County Clerk—George Van Buskirk, 1920.

Surrogate—Robert A. Sibbald, 1918.

County Collector—William A. Linn, Hackensack.

Circuit Justice—Charles W. Parker, 1921.

County Judge—William M. Seufert, 1918.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Thomas J. Huckin, 1920.

Assistant Prosecutor—Arthur M. Agnew.

Jury Commissioner—Alfred Gramlich.

County Board of Elections—Ackerman Hawley (1917),
William Umbach, Jr. (1916), Dems.; Alfred H. Hale (1916),
George Van Gelder (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—April, first Tuesday; September, second
Tuesday; and December, second Tuesday.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

County Seat—Mount Holly. Population, 5,657.

Sheriff—William T. Stecher, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—John C. Belton, Samuel K. Gaskill, 1918;
Barclay Seeds, 1917.

County Clerk—Harry L. Knight, 1919.

Surrogate—Joseph Huff, 1916.

Auditor—Stuart M. MacFarland, 1916.

County Collector—Warren C. Pine, Riverside.

Circuit Justice—Samuel Kalisch, 1918.

County Judge—William D. Lippincott, 1919.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Jonathan H. Kelsey, 1920.

County Lunatic Asylum—C. C. Deacon, Supt.

Jury Commissioner—Andrew J. Jordan.

County Board of Elections—Henry H. Savage (1917),
John J. McDonald (1916), Dems.; Newton Morton (1916),
William H. Reeves (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Fourth Tuesday in April, second Tuesday
in October, fourth Tuesday in December.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

County Seat—Camden. Population, 102,215.

Sheriff—Joshua C. Haines, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Harry Bushey, 1916; Robert G. Schroeder,
1916; Frank B. Cook, 1917.

County Clerk—Frank F. Patterson, Jr., 1921.

Register of Deeds—Edward W. Delacroix, 1920.

Surrogate—Harry Reeves, 1917.

County Collector—John W. Sell, Camden.

Circuit Justice—Charles G. Garrison, 1916.

County Judge—William T. Boyle, 1917.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—William J. Kraft, 1918; As-
sistant, Wellington B. Butler.

County Lunatic Asylum—James A. Starkey, Supt.

Jury Commissioner—James F. Lennon.

County Board of Elections—Walter J. Farrell (1916),
George Kleinheinz (1917), Dems.; John S. Broome (1917),
William H. Harrison (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday, April; second Tuesday
September and December.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

County Seat—Cape May Court House. Population, 1,200.

Sheriff—Colman F. Corson, Dem., 1916.

Coroners—Mark Lake, 1916; Benjamin C. Ingersoll,
1917; Wilson A. Lake, 1918.

County Clerk—A. Carlton Hildreth, 1920.

Surrogate—Edward L. Rice, 1917.

County Collector—Joseph I. Scull, Ocean City.

Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.

County Judge—Henry H. Eldridge, 1916.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—James R. Carrow, ad in.

Jury Commissioner—Anthony B. Smith.

County Board of Elections—Carl M. Westcott (1916), Alfred Hand (1917), Dems.; Harry F. Dougherty (1916), Walter J. Rutherford (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in April, September and December.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

County Seat—Bridgeton. Population, 13,611.

Sheriff—Charles V. Marshall, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—John S. Hann, 1916; Kenneth B. Carll, 1917; J. Allinson Kreese, 1918.

County Clerk—Leonidas H. Hogate, 1919.

Surrogate—Frank F. Wallace, 1918.

County Collector—E. P. Bacon, Bridgeton.

Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.

County Judge—Leroy N. Loder, 1919.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Edwin F. Miller, 1919.

County Lunatic Asylum—David Elwell, Supt.

Jury Commissioner—Samuel B. Dunham.

County Board of Elections—John Ogden (1917), Eugene Kyte (1916), Dems.; Ferdinand R. Jones (1917), Frank S. McKee, Jr. (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—Fourth Tuesday in April, September and December.

ESSEX COUNTY.

County Seat—Newark. Population, 366,721.

Sheriff—Ralph B. Schmidt, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Hugo Barth, Arthur F. Gallagher, Alfred A. Loeb, all 1917.

County Clerk—Joseph McDonough, 1917.

Surrogate—Frederick G. Stickel, Jr., 1919.

County Collector—Richard W. Booth, Newark.

County Supervisor—Lewis G. Bowden.

Register of Deeds—Walter A. Evans, 1920.

Circuit Justice—Chief Justice William S. Gummere, 1922.

County Judges—William P. Martin, 1916; Harry V. Osborne, 1918.

Juvenile Court Judge—Patrick J. Dolan, 1918.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Frederick F. Guild, 1920.

First Assistant Prosecutor—Wilbur A. Mott.

Second Assistant Prosecutor—Andrew Van Blarcom.

County Lunatic Asylum—Warden, Benjamin R. Bailey.
Jury Commissioner—Edward Shickhaus.

County Board of Elections—William C. McTague (1916),
Frank Dunnion (1917), Dems.; Andrew C. Snyder (1917),
John H. Scott (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday in April, third Tuesday
in September and second Tuesday in December.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

County Seat—Woodbury. Population, 5,288.

Sheriff—Robert Mead, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Marshall F. Lummis, 1916; Ralph K. Hol-
linshed, 1917; B. Frank Ogden, 1918.

County Clerk—James Lafferty, 1917.

Surrogate—Harry Crist, 1919.

County Collector—George E. Pierson, Woodbury.

Circuit Justice—Charles G. Garrison, 1916.

County Judge—Austin H. Swackhamer, 1917.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Grover C. Richman, ad in.

Assistant Prosecutor—Daniel Webster Beckley.

County Lunatic Asylum—Joseph Ridgeway, Steward.

Jury Commissioner—Harry W. Cohill.

County Board of Elections—John Hobday (1917), Samuel
E. Tomlinson (1916), Dems.; I. Hampton Williams (1916),
William H. Hoffman (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday in February and third
Tuesday in May and October.

HUDSON COUNTY.

County Seat—Jersey City. Population, 270,903.

Sheriff—Eugene F. Kinkead, Dem., 1917.

Coroners—John J. O'Neill, 1917; John V. Bandel, Charles
Hoffman, 1918.

County Clerk—John J. McGovern, 1920.

Surrogate—John P. Egan, 1916.

County Collector—Frederick Rider, Jersey City.

County Supervisor—John J. Magner.

Register of Deeds—John J. McMahon, 1920.

Circuit Justice—Francis J. Swayze, 1917.

County Judges—Mark A. Sullivan, 1918; George G. Ten-
nant, 1918.

Juvenile Court Judge—Henry W. Lange, 1918.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Robert S. Hudspeth, 1918.

First Assistant Prosecutor—George T. Vickers.

Second Assistant Prosecutor—James W. McCarthy.

Port Warden—Antony Capelli, 1916.

Harbor Master—Martin Mulry.

County Lunatic Asylum—H. V. A. Smith, Supt.

Jury Commissioner—Andrew J. Knox.

County Board of Elections—Percy J. Hopkins (1916), James M. Houghton (1917), Dems.; James Taylor (1917), Samuel W. Smith (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday in April and third Tuesday in September and Second Tuesday in December.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

County Seat—Flemington. Population, 2,635.

Sheriff—John W. Sharp, Dem., 1917.

Coroners—George M. Pidcock, 1917; James D. Bumster, 1916; Ralph W. Carlisle, 1918.

County Clerk—Judiah Higgins, 1920.

Surrogate—Oscar Rittenhouse, 1919.

County Collector—Joseph L. Chamberlin, Flemington.

Circuit Justice—Thomas W. Trenchard, 1921.

County Judge—Paul A. Queen, 1917.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Richard S. Kuhl, 1917.

Assistant Prosecutor—Frank L. Cleary.

Jury Commissioner—William F. Carling.

County Board of Elections—George N. Robinson (1917), John H. Reed (1916), Dems.; Victor C. Pendreigh (1916), Joseph H. Stull (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Second Tuesdays in April, September and December.

MERCER COUNTY.

County Seat—Trenton. Population, 103,190.

Sheriff—J. Warren Fleming, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Abraham W. Bothers, Silas R. Bray, Frank K. Grove, all 1917.

County Clerk—George R. Robbins, 1918.

Surrogate—Samuel H. Bullock, 1919.

County Collector—Joseph H. Black, Trenton.

Circuit Justice—Thomas W. Trenchard, 1921.

County Judge—Erwin E. Marshall, 1920.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Martin P. Devlin, 1918.

Assistant Prosecutor—Charles H. English.

Jury Commissioner—Daniel J. Bechtel.

County Board of Elections—Joseph H. Moore (1916), Anthony S. Brennan (1917), Dems.; Holmes E. La Rue (1916), Hiram A. Cook (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in January, second Tuesday in May, and second Tuesday in October.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

County Seat—New Brunswick. Population, 30,019.

Sheriff—Edward F. Houghton, Dem., 1917.

Coroners—Robert A. Hirner, 1917; Eugene J. Mullen, 1917; John V. Hubbard, 1918.

County Clerk—Bernard M. Gannon, 1919.
Surrogate—Daniel W. Clayton, 1916.
County Collector—Edward Burt, New Brunswick.
Circuit Justice—James J. Bergen, 1921.
County Judge—Peter Francis Daly, 1916.
Prosecutor of the Pleas, see addenda.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—John Coan.
Jury Commissioner—Fred. J. Cox.
Health Officer, Port of Perth Amboy—John V. Shull, 1920.
County Board of Elections—Howard H. Brown (1916), George C. Nelson (1917), Dems.; John Hanson (1917), John L. Suydam (1916), Reps.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday in April, third Tuesday in September, and second Tuesday in December.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

County Seat—Freehold. Population, 3,622.

Sheriff—Cornelius B. Barkalow, Dem., 1917.
Coroners—George Woods, Jr., Melvin P. Yard, John G. Sexton, all 1917.
County Clerk—Joseph McDermott, 1919.
Surrogate—Joseph L. Donahy, 1918.
County Collector—Charles F. McDonald, Freehold.
Circuit Justice—Samuel Kalisch, 1918.
County Judge—Ruliff V. Lawrence, 1920.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Charles F. Sexton, 1920.
Assistant Prosecutor—Elmer H. Geran.
Jury Commissioner—George W. Poole.
County Board of Elections—Leonard J. Arrowsmith (1916), Charles E. Conover (1917), Dems.; John C. Patterson (1916), S. Heilner Calvert (1917), Reps.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday after the first day of January, first Tuesday in May and October.

MORRIS COUNTY.

County Seat—Morristown. Population, 13,006.

Sheriff—William H. Thompson, Rep., 1917.
Coroners—Albert E. Estler, Edward F. Totten, 1917; Adolph Baxtrom, 1918.
County Clerk—Elias Bertram Mott, 1918.
Surrogate—Augustus H. Bartley, 1918.
County Collector—Joseph F. McLean, Butler.
Circuit Justice—Charles W. Parker, 1921.
County Judge—Joshua R. Salmon, 1918.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Charlton A. Reed, 1918.

Jury Commissioner—J. Willard Farrow.

County Board of Elections—Henry F. Dempsey (1917), William C. Hummel (1916), Dems.; Edward W. Roegner (1917), Charles F. Hopkins (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in January, first Tuesday in May, and second Tuesday in October.

OCEAN COUNTY.

County Seat—Toms River. Population, about 2,500.

Sheriff—Alfred W. Brown, Jr., Rep., 1917.

Coroners—L. H. Sparks, 1916; Frank Brouwer, Owen B. Shuts, 1917.

County Clerk—John A. Ernst, 1918.

Surrogate—Otto C. Thompson, 1917.

County Collector—J. Goodrich Holman, Whitesville

Circuit Justice—Samuel Kalisch, 1918.

County Judge—Isaac W. Carmichael, 1917.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Harry E. Newman, 1917.

Jury Commissioner—Frank Ellis.

Assistant Prosecutor—George B. Woodruff.

County Board of Elections—E. C. Dishbrow (1917), Frank Tilton (1916), Dems.; U. S. Grant (1916), John K. Green (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in April, second Tuesday in September and second Tuesday in December.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

County Seat—Paterson. Population, 124,815.

Sheriff—William B. Burpo, Rep., 1918.

Coroners—Edward Munson, 1916; George McClory, Ralph D. Vreeland, 1917.

County Clerk—John J. Slater, 1916.

Surrogate—Frederic Beggs, 1920.

Register of Deeds—John R. Morris, 1916.

County Collector—John L. Conklin, Paterson.

Circuit Justice—James F. Minturn, 1922.

County Judge—Abram Klenert, 1917.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Michael Dunn, 1916.

Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Munson Force.

Jury Commissioner—Thomas F. Morgan.

County Lunatic Asylum—John G. Donnelly, Supt.

County Board of Elections—Lewis A. Ryan (1916), Raymond J. Newman (1917), Dems.; Stephen Dawson (1916), Clarence W. Finkle (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday after the first day of January, fourth Tuesday in April and September.

SALEM COUNTY.

County Seat—Salem. Population, 6,953.

Sheriff—A. Lincoln Fox, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Charles W. Denn, Daniel L. Stites, 1917; Hollis F. Ashcroft, 1918.

County Clerk—Benjamin E. Harris, 1919.

Surrogate—Loren P. Plummer, 1917.

County Collector—A. Smith Reeves, Salem.

Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.

County Judge—Edward C. Waddington, 1916.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Daniel V. Summerill, Jr., 1920.

Jury Commissioner—Isaac S. Smick.

County Lunatic Asylum—James M. Newell, Steward.

County Board of Elections—Frederick A. Oehrie (1916), Charles McKarson (1917), Dems.; Isaac J. Prickett (1916), Furman H. Lloyd (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in April, September and December.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

County Seat—Somerville. Population, 6,038.

Sheriff—Charles P. Sebring, Rep., 1916.

Coroners—Howard L. Kaucher, 1916; George R. Layton, 1916; Robert W. Rogers, 1918.

County Clerk—Alexander G. Anderson, 1918.

Surrogate—Calvin D. McMurtry, 1918.

County Collector—Edward B. Allen, Somerville.

Circuit Justice—Charles W. Parker, 1921.

County Judge—Daniel H. Beekman, 1920.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Azariah M. Beekman, 1920.

Assistant Prosecutor—

Jury Commissioner—Eugene V. Cruser.

County Board of Elections—Timothy W. O'Brien (1917), David Bodine (1916), Dems.; Theodore J. Hoffman (1916), Joseph M. Lambruskin (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in April, third Tuesday in September and December.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

County Seat—Newton. Population, 4,433.

Sheriff—William D. Wilson, Dem., 1917.

Coroners—Charles Kimble, William H. Williams, 1918; Albert N. Jacob, 1917.

County Clerk—Harvey S. Hopkins, 1917.

Surrogate—Emmet H. Bell, 1918.

County Collector—Lewis S. Iliff, Newton.

Circuit Judge—James F. Minturn, 1922.

County Judge—Allan R. Shay, 1916.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—William A. Dolan, 1917.

Jury Commissioner—William F. Howell.

County Board of Elections—Robert T. Smith (1917), Samuel E. Ingersoll (1916), Thomas R. Lantz (1917), Marshall Hunt (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in April, September and December.

UNION COUNTY.

County Seat—Elizabeth. Population, 82,036.

Sheriff—George C. Otto, Rep., 1917.

Coroners—Harry B. Reibel, 1916; Henry P. Dengler, 1917; Howard W. Potter, 1918.

County Clerk—Abram P. Morris, ad in.

Surrogate—George T. Parrot, 1917.

Register of Deeds—Frank H. Smith, 1919.

County Collector—Nathan R. Leavitt, Elizabeth.

Circuit Justice—James J. Bergen, 1921.

County Judge—James C. Connolly, 1918.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Alfred Stejn, 1918.

Assistant Prosecutor—Martin P. O'Connor.

Jury Commissioner—Charles P. Russ.

Harbor Master, Elizabeth and Elizabeth Creek—John J. Cottrell, Elizabeth, 1919.

County Board of Elections—Frank J. Pfaff (1917), Frederick Zior (1916), Dems.; George J. Stewart (1917), Andrew McCardell (1916), Reps.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday in January, May and October.

WARREN COUNTY.

County Seat—Belvidere. Population, 1,823.

Sheriff—Edward J. Vosler, Dem., 1917.

Coroners—Charles M. Cochran, 1918; Peter F. Hagerty, Charles N. Shrope, 1917.

County Clerk—G. Howell Mutchler, 1920.

Surrogate—Charles G. Smith, 1919.

County Collector—Henry O. Carhart.

Circuit Justice—Thomas W. Trenchard, 1921.

County Judge—Joseph M. Roseberry, 1918.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—William A. Stryker, 1916.

Jury Commissioner—Edward F. Cline.

County Board of Elections—James P. Shurts (1916), Thomas A. Shields (1917), Dems.; George W. Widenor, Jr. (1916), Fred. P. Snyder, (1917), Reps.

Terms of Court—Fourth Tuesday in April, fourth Tuesday in September and the first Tuesday after the fourth Tuesday in December.

Time of Holding Courts.

The Court of Chancery—No stated terms.

The Supreme Court meets on the third Tuesday in February, the first Tuesday in June and the first Tuesday in November.

The Court of Errors and Appeals meets on the first Tuesday in March, the third Tuesday in June and the third Tuesday in November.

The Court of Pardons meets on the first Tuesday in March, the third Tuesday in June and the third Tuesday in November.

The United States District Court meets at Newark on the first Tuesdays in April and November, and at Trenton on the third Tuesday in January and second Tuesday in September each year.

United States Court of Appeals meets first Tuesday in March and the third Tuesday in September.

CIRCUITS OF NEW JERSEY.

The Supreme Court Circuits of New Jersey are divided as follows :

1st District—Cape May, Cumberland, Salem and Atlantic. Justice Black.

2d District—Gloucester and Camden. Justice Garrison.

3d District—Monmouth, Burlington and Ocean. Justice Kalisch.

4th District—Mercer, Hunterdon and Warren. Justice Trenchard.

5th District—Middlesex and Union. Justice Bergen.

6th District—Somerset, Morris and Bergen. Justice Parker.

7th District—Essex. Chief Justice Gummere.

8th District—Hudson. Justice Swayze.

9th District—Passaic and Sussex. Justice Minturn.

For time of holding county courts, see County Directory.

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGES' ASSIGNMENTS.

Judge Carrow—Atlantic, Burlington, Cape May, Gloucester, Salem and Cumberland.

Judge Silzer—Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren.

Judge Lloyd—Camden, Ocean, Mercer and Middlesex.

Judge Adams—Essex.

Judge Dungan—Essex, Monmouth and Hunterdon.

Judge Campbell—Hudson and Bergen.

Judge Speer—Hudson and Morris.

NEW JERSEY ELECTION RETURNS.

OFFICIAL—1915.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

		Assembly			
		Godfrey, Rep.	Whitman, Rep.	Grels, Dem.	Kesler, Dem.
Absecon City—	1 Ward.....	49	46	29	36
	2 Ward.....	65	65	17	20
Atlantic City—					
1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	169	161	33	37
	2 Dist.....	130	132	40	40
	3 Dist.....	169	162	27	33
	4 Dist.....	175	166	42	50
	5 Dist.....	77	72	20	20
	6 Dist.....	106	97	7	6
	7 Dist.....	168	161	8	9
	8 Dist.....	75	74	13	13
	9 Dist.....	91	86	2	2
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	129	133	20	23
	2 Dist.....	94	90	10	7
	3 Dist.....	178	176	30	34
	4 Dist.....	71	75	20	17
	5 Dist.....	108	101	8	5
	6 Dist.....	134	130	19	23
	7 Dist.....	79	74	2	4
	8 Dist.....	122	120	12	18
	9 Dist.....	133	145	9	11
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	84	95	18	23
	2 Dist.....	92	87	3	4
	3 Dist.....	143	146	24	21
	4 Dist.....	97	95	1	3
	5 Dist.....	106	99	21	22
	6 Dist.....	78	93	3	3
	7 Dist.....	141	134	22	24
	8 Dist.....	72	67	7	8
	9 Dist.....	36	34	1	3
	10 Dist.....	89	83	16	18
	11 Dist.....	61	54	6	4
	12 Dist.....	136	120	19	24
	13 Dist.....	112	107	53	48
4 Ward,	1 Dist.....	95	99	18	17
	2 Dist.....	114	118	21	18
	3 Dist.....	96	95	19	15
	4 Dist.....	110	108	19	21
	5 Dist.....	50	46	10	14
	6 Dist.....	117	116	16	20
	7 Dist.....	56	58	6	5
	8 Dist.....	176	180	30	35
	9 Dist.....	196	199	32	49
	10 Dist.....	233	238	45	53
	11 Dist.....	220	221	76	71
	12 Dist.....	112	167	103	37
Total, Atlantic City.....		5030	5014	911	912
Buena Vista Township—	1 Dist.....	137	137	42	40
	2 Dist.....	125	116	60	47
East Atlantic City—	1 Ward.....	3	3	2	2
	2 Ward.....	4	5	4	4
Egg Harbor City—	1 Dist.....	155	164	44	46
	2 Dist.....	131	131	50	43

ATLANTIC COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly			
	Godfrey, Rep.	Whitman, Rep.	Grels, Dem.	Kesler, Dem.
Egg Harbor Township.....	98	94	34	37
Folsom Borough.....	17	17	14	10
Galloway Township—1 Dist.....	29	27	48	57
2 Dist.....	38	40	39	34
Hamilton Township—1 Dist.....	95	86	33	38
2 Dist.....	146	138	31	32
Hammononton—1 Dist.....	75	63	41	33
2 Dist.....	141	127	47	32
3 Dist.....	78	60	45	26
4 Dist.....	120	105	32	22
Linwood Borough.....	47	48	27	30
Longport Borough.....	12	12	10	12
Margate City.....	33	38	20	19
Mullica Township.....	106	98	55	52
Northfield City—1 Ward.....	35	38	19	17
2 Ward.....	35	41	19	17
Pleasantville City—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	123	141	38	52
2 Dist.....	119	133	32	34
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	115	132	23	27
2 Dist.....	105	115	14	17
Port Republic City—1 Ward.....	10	10	12	12
2 Ward.....	15	15	10	11
Somers Point City—1 Ward.....	61	62	32	33
2 Ward.....	51	53	35	30
Ventnor City—1 Ward.....	85	89	26	22
2 Ward.....	59	72	19	20
Weymouth Township.....	59	54	67	76
Total Vote, County.....	7606	7589	1981	1952
Assembly—Nat. Pro., 709; Soc., 314.				

BERGEN COUNTY.

	Assembly					
	Ackerman, Rep.	Ballou, Rep.	Winne, Rep.	Curtis, Dem.	Mittag, Jr., Dem.	Tierney, Dem.
Allendale Borough.....	131	125	126	98	96	87
Alpine Borough.....	46	41	43	32	32	30
Bergenfield Borough—1 Dist..	66	62	59	108	104	102
2 Dist..	134	131	122	137	138	128
Bogota Borough.....	227	208	201	112	119	105
Carlstadt Borough—1 Dist....	64	63	66	135	137	136
2 Dist....	88	86	83	154	160	155
3 Dist....	86	78	75	142	151	142
Cliffside Park Borough—						
1 Dist....	95	87	89	144	150	145
2 Dist....	145	125	133	123	126	121
Closter Borough.....	157	166	152	168	149	141
Cresskill Borough.....	107	99	100	57	55	58
Delford Borough.....	128	124	117	119	131	120
Demarest Borough.....	42	39	34	46	48	43
Dumont Borough.....	239	232	229	111	107	99
East Rutherford Borough—						
1 Dist....	96	86	80	156	153	146
2 Dist....	145	135	132	119	122	121
3 Dist....	97	88	89	76	76	73
4 Dist....	52	46	47	31	32	32
Edgewater Borough—1 Dist...	83	76	79	146	145	156
2 Dist....	111	109	108	108	107	110
Emerson Borough.....	63	60	61	35	38	36
Englewood City—						
1 Ward.....	212	200	195	78	82	96
2 Ward.....	196	193	190	93	97	100
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	168	161	161	146	151	178
2 Dist.....	117	111	109	99	103	106
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	157	153	149	85	91	101
2 Dist.....	78	74	70	63	65	77
Total, Englewood.....	928	892	874	564	589	658
Englewood Cliffs Borough....	32	31	31	20	20	19
Fairview Borough—1 Dist....	84	77	72	191	191	187
2 Dist....	51	49	51	65	69	65
Fort Lee Borough—1 Dist....	157	148	144	182	194	186
2 Dist....	70	68	67	105	107	108
3 Dist....	84	79	82	122	120	124
4 Dist....	78	71	66	63	58	64
Franklin Township—1 Dist....	82	74	79	51	54	47
2 Dist....	101	92	92	33	36	32
Garfield Borough—1 Dist....	87	84	81	77	83	77
2 Dist....	151	131	128	140	133	119
3 Dist....	167	154	152	107	105	103
Glen Rock Borough.....	206	208	198	90	91	85
Harrington Township.....	28	28	28	50	52	53
Harrington Park Borough....	60	55	56	34	29	26
Hasbrouck Heights Borough—						
1 Dist....	142	144	168	45	45	38
2 Dist....	105	111	132	67	65	56

BERGEN COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly					
	Ackerman, Rep.	Bailey, Rep.	Winn, Rep.	Curtis, Dem.	Mittag, Jr., Dem.	Tierney, Dem.
Haworth Borough.....	59	65	61	43	32	32
Hillsdale Township.....	105	94	109	89	88	54
Hohokus Borough.....	40	43	42	49	47	45
Hohokus Township.....	153	149	146	98	98	92
Leonia Borough.....	240	227	236	91	91	88
Little Ferry Borough.....	86	86	97	236	228	228
Lodi Borough—1 Dist.....	159	157	164	125	125	120
2 Dist.....	96	95	97	64	60	60
Lodi Township.....	12	10	10	35	36	33
Maywood Borough.....	82	77	74	78	97	79
Midland Township.....	86	88	83	72	75	67
Midland Park Borough—						
1 Dist....	100	88	91	42	40	41
2 Dist....	87	82	81	39	34	38
Montvale Borough.....	85	81	75	59	71	49
Moonachie Borough.....	41	39	64	88	92	65
New Barbadoes Township—						
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	17	15	13	137	140	140
2 Dist.....	43	36	40	185	188	184
3 Dist.....	30	30	29	37	43	38
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	126	127	132	192	203	183
2 Dist.....	65	60	60	144	149	149
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	113	110	114	129	140	114
2 Dist.....	159	161	171	95	109	88
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	137	142	156	84	99	78
2 Dist.....	203	201	208	102	122	90
5 Ward.....	126	122	122	147	159	141
Total, New Barbadoes....	1019	1004	1045	1252	1352	1205
North Arlington Borough....	66	63	62	53	56	54
Norwood Borough.....	71	66	67	52	44	45
Oakland Borough.....	40	40	39	35	35	33
Old Tappan Borough.....	27	28	25	46	42	42
Orvil Township.....	113	111	105	87	83	78
Overpeck Township—1 Dist...	117	115	116	107	112	108
2 Dist....	108	107	100	59	65	57
3 Dist....	124	121	121	122	124	113
4 Dist....	146	140	134	96	92	90
Palisade Township.....	97	97	93	129	134	122
Palisade Park Borough.....	180	175	181	104	113	113
Park Ridge Borough.....	122	92	96	168	231	147
Ramsey Borough—1 Dist.....	73	68	68	81	78	72
2 Dist.....	81	72	73	52	54	52
Ridgefield Borough.....	92	84	86	71	68	65
Ridgewood Township—1 Dist.,	160	166	160	53	52	52
2 Dist.,	152	150	148	68	66	65
3 Dist.,	194	200	202	82	82	76
4 Dist.,	227	221	217	72	71	70
Riverside Borough.....	97	97	96	51	58	42
Rivervale Township.....	29	24	24	42	46	41

BERGEN COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly					
	Ackerman, Rep.	Bailey, Rep.	Winne, Rep.	Curtis, Dem.	Mittag, Jr., Dem.	Tierney, Dem.
Rutherford Borough—1 Dist..	158	153	150	70	68	76
2 Dist..	119	116	115	70	67	67
3 Dist..	142	139	138	72	71	67
4 Dist..	157	146	146	66	67	65
5 Dist..	149	142	144	42	38	35
6 Dist..	138	129	127	37	41	38
Saddle River Borough.....	43	37	29	40	26	22
Saddle River Township—						
1 Dist....	65	59	59	72	71	69
2 Dist....	109	96	89	105	110	92
Teaneck Township—1 Dist....	130	125	122	134	132	140
2 Dist....	105	102	102	94	91	84
Tenafly Borough—1 Dist.....	146	139	138	79	78	82
2 Dist.....	153	143	143	102	100	110
Union Township—1 Dist.....	60	59	56	94	88	86
2 Dist.....	127	127	128	102	104	101
3 Dist.....	104	93	93	143	135	138
Upper Saddle River Borough..	16	12	12	29	29	26
Wallington Borough—1 Dist..	77	72	69	67	71	65
2 Dist..	50	48	46	93	99	97
Washington Township.....	12	13	13	9	11	9
Westwood Borough—1 Dist...	94	92	84	72	79	71
2 Dist...	122	115	109	97	107	92
Woodcliff Lake Borough.....	30	30	26	55	52	46
Woodridge Borough.....	117	105	106	111	106	107

Total Vote, County..... 12204 11676 11658 10308 10530 9951

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 658; Prog.-Roos., 781; Soc., 1209.
 County Clerk—Dem., 11,087; Rep., 10,010; Nat. Pro., 436;
 Prog.-Roos., 2,937; Soc., 782.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

	—Senator—		—Assembly—	
	Davis, Dem.	Wells, Rep.	Roberts, Rep.	Tallman, Dem.
Bass River Township.....	79	66	60	68
Beverly City—1 Dist.....	101	112	105	106
2 Dist.....	72	164	149	82
Beverly Township—1 Dist.....	90	204	189	97
2 Dist.....	61	176	177	58
Bordentown City—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	46	195	162	64
2 Dist.....	51	129	114	58
2 Ward.....	117	177	138	148
3 Ward.....	93	108	88	93
Total, Bordentown City.....	307	609	502	363
Bordentown Township.....	24	66	56	24
Burlington City—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	89	106	102	88
2 Dist.....	55	73	74	50
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	90	138	135	83
2 Dist.....	92	140	138	89
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	90	94	92	85
2 Dist.....	76	91	89	73
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	60	101	93	67
2 Dist.....	106	170	167	104
Total, Burlington City.....	658	913	890	639
Burlington Township.....	42	183	180	46
Chester Township—1 Dist.....	39	127	131	37
2 Dist.....	54	156	157	55
3 Dist.....	76	180	185	69
4 Dist.....	51	161	159	58
5 Dist.....	59	174	181	55
Chesterfield Township.....	50	154	136	61
Cinnaminson Township.....	111	102	108	103
Delran Township.....	100	97	106	86
Easthampton Township.....	41	61	60	38
Evesham Township.....	165	136	142	159
Fieldsboro Township.....	32	81	75	30
Florence Township—1 Dist.....	126	186	187	121
2 Dist.....	93	140	139	77
3 Dist.....	48	162	156	40
4 Dist.....	24	40	33	29
Lumberton Township.....	67	189	182	67
Mansfield Township.....	151	218	207	155
Medford Township—East.....	95	163	151	101
West.....	83	118	107	95
Mount Laurel Township.....	141	191	196	136
New Hanover Township.....	75	60	61	62
Northampton Township—1 Dist.....	78	175	172	75
2 Dist.....	79	172	159	90
3 Dist.....	91	122	116	97
4 Dist.....	91	157	144	104
5 Dist.....	90	187	177	84
North Hanover Township.....	43	77	68	49

BURLINGTON COUNTY—Continued.

	—Senator—		—Assembly—	
	Davis, Dem.	Wells, Rep.	Roberts, Rep.	Tallman, Dem.
Palmyra Township—1 Dist.....	60	266	252	74
2 Dist.....	95	135	132	88
Pemberton Borough.....	48	136	89	85
Pemberton Township.....	82	173	142	93
Riverside Township—1 Dist.....	163	133	125	157
2 Dist.....	111	116	113	103
3 Dist.....	133	98	105	116
4 Dist.....	101	113	117	90
Riverton Borough—1 Dist.....	79	162	174	70
2 Dist.....	60	96	99	47
Shamong Township.....	37	47	50	25
Southampton Township—East.....	84	137	107	104
West.....	90	125	108	98
Springfield Township.....	121	156	129	149
Tabernacle Township.....	40	87	71	52
Washington Township.....	35	61	64	20
Westampton Township.....	27	53	57	19
Willingboro Township.....	56	81	78	57
Woodland Township.....	34	48	39	31
Total Vote, County.....	5043	8502	8054	5094

Senator—Nat. Pro., 236. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 300.

CAMDEN COUNTY.								
Assembly							County Clerk	
	Kates, Rep.	Pancoast, Rep.	Wolverton, Rep.	McNutt, Dem.	Taylor, Dem.	Tischner, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Pitman, Dem.
Audubon Borough—								
1 Dist.....	246	163	233	67	145	60	212	90
2 Dist.....	121	80	124	35	60	32	117	33
Berlin Township—								
1 Dist.....	104	82	106	32	65	34	115	36
2 Dist.....	115	117	110	34	47	43	130	38
Chesilhurst Borough..								
	40	40	44	8	13	8	41	9
Collingswood Bor.—								
1 Dist.....	157	76	131	82	50	18	127	37
2 Dist.....	142	64	107	59	56	20	105	43
3 Dist.....	214	105	210	41	120	34	180	65
4 Dist.....	199	114	174	57	50	21	178	36
5 Dist.....	176	98	156	54	63	30	142	50
Clementon Township—								
1 Dist.....	135	109	130	60	81	53	117	77
2 Dist.....	176	171	187	38	52	34	187	44
Centre Township—								
1 Dist.....	110	147	118	57	64	85	141	77
2 Dist.....	138	132	132	5	3	3	138	5
3 Dist.....	131	121	135	34	55	31	124	38
City of Camden—								
1 Ward, 1 Dist....	130	143	126	17	51	42	154	32
2 Dist....	83	86	81	11	17	14	88	15
3 Dist....	163	147	167	47	79	49	166	59
4 Dist....	131	128	136	36	72	56	138	54
5 Dist....	144	149	140	27	47	50	149	42
6 Dist....	151	186	151	59	71	77	185	69
7 Dist....	129	95	123	30	60	40	126	38
2 Ward, 1 Dist....	135	94	137	24	71	26	136	32
2 Dist....	181	129	184	26	81	28	170	44
3 Dist....	198	182	197	50	86	78	213	63
4 Dist....	190	197	190	45	58	72	200	61
5 Dist....	158	139	142	37	63	50	160	47
6 Dist....	140	138	146	25	41	27	150	30
3 Ward, 1 Dist....	75	80	74	26	34	35	80	38
2 Dist....	105	104	103	12	20	17	112	20
3 Dist....	108	104	100	25	37	37	107	36
4 Dist....	91	85	88	64	72	61	86	74
5 Dist....	131	126	130	19	29	18	130	24
4 Ward, 1 Dist....	78	73	78	20	27	20	81	24
2 Dist....	115	87	109	28	54	33	108	44
3 Dist....	91	77	92	16	33	23	83	30
4 Dist....	107	90	103	29	42	33	103	41
5 Dist....	202	149	195	35	76	43	195	49
5 Ward, 1 Dist....	110	121	113	6	8	9	124	5
2 Dist....	96	99	94	19	33	28	98	28
3 Dist....	90	100	91	25	36	41	91	39
4 Dist....	90	109	95	30	32	42	111	35
5 Dist....	85	87	80	14	13	16	92	15
6 Dist....	104	101	102	8	5	6	103	6
7 Dist....	125	100	123	33	51	28	118	38
8 Dist....	99	92	95	43	53	40	104	43

CAMDEN COUNTY—Continued.

		Assembly						County Clerk	
		Kates, Rep.	Pancoast, Rep.	Wolverton, Rep.	McNutt, Dem.	Taylor, Dem.	Tischner, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Pitman, Dem.
City of Camden—									
6 Ward,	1 Dist....	93	88	93	24	44	31	96	36
	2 Dist....	86	87	88	27	43	37	97	36
	3 Dist....	56	66	57	16	25	25	71	17
	4 Dist....	80	79	84	26	41	27	85	31
	5 Dist....	81	95	84	8	11	20	90	16
	6 Dist....	96	91	94	19	30	23	93	27
	7 Dist....	77	88	77	28	32	31	86	32
	8 Dist....	107	98	105	36	62	41	105	57
	9 Dist....	92	95	92	25	39	35	98	32
7 Ward,	1 Dist....	133	126	136	16	26	15	140	14
	2 Dist....	103	100	96	34	46	37	103	38
	3 Dist....	127	149	134	31	42	33	152	32
	4 Dist....	119	114	119	25	32	25	117	28
	5 Dist....	154	155	150	6	6	8	158	6
	6 Dist....	152	149	147	51	56	57	154	57
	7 Dist....	162	122	159	31	66	31	148	46
8 Ward,	1 Dist....	97	103	99	30	34	36	110	43
	2 Dist....	120	126	120	21	26	24	136	25
	3 Dist....	81	97	81	43	54	59	89	54
	4 Dist....	158	165	153	26	51	35	178	36
	5 Dist....	155	144	152	30	42	28	161	35
	6 Dist....	129	135	129	16	14	14	138	12
	7 Dist....	97	77	94	31	65	36	96	50
9 Ward,	2 Dist....	172	108	166	29	82	25	137	63
	3 Dist....	78	53	75	31	58	29	68	41
	4 Dist....	135	138	127	38	61	55	132	56
	5 Dist....	158	94	148	43	96	52	131	84
	6 Dist....	191	136	197	56	111	57	170	82
	7 Dist....	108	80	109	30	58	31	100	39
	8 Dist....	164	106	155	45	93	43	148	60
10 Ward,	2 Dist....	166	125	162	44	85	51	153	56
	3 Dist....	145	84	145	30	83	25	125	47
	4 Dist....	133	95	135	41	78	45	129	59
	5 Dist....	121	105	120	28	51	33	124	37
	6 Dist....	192	149	194	47	96	51	181	72
	7 Dist....	95	69	100	25	61	29	84	40
	8 Dist....	124	131	114	51	69	90	145	66
11 Ward,	2 Dist....	142	149	146	60	80	89	147	80
	3 Dist....	75	63	70	31	51	43	76	44
	4 Dist....	138	81	140	26	75	26	116	36
	5 Dist....	59	61	58	18	29	27	62	25
	6 Dist....	165	153	167	47	60	54	172	55
	7 Dist....	106	119	109	69	79	89	119	79
	8 Dist....	128	112	125	47	68	53	132	53
12 Ward,	3 Dist....	117	88	118	34	59	43	116	43
	4 Dist....	184	129	187	36	85	42	168	50
	5 Dist....	142	121	142	49	78	62	143	61
	6 Dist....	137	95	134	28	56	28	123	35
	7 Dist....	88	100	90	27	28	41	102	34
	8 Dist....	184	169	182	43	67	51	187	54
	9 Dist....	162	160	159	57	74	63	168	57
13 Ward,	3 Dist....	237	137	232	42	118	43	190	85
	4 Dist....	122	93	113	28	55	35	111	45
	5 Dist....	122	93	113	28	55	35	111	45
Total, Camden.....		10558	9449	10447	2666	4483	3252	10621	3573

CAMDEN COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly						County Clerk	
	Kates, Rep.	Pancoast, Rep.	Wolverton, Rep.	McNutt, Dem.	Taylor, Dem.	Tischner, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Pitman, Dem.
Delaware Township...	200	192	209	65	79	70	191	76
Gloucester City—								
1 Ward, 1 Dist....	112	115	110	29	37	37	128	34
2 Dist....	183	128	171	54	107	55	170	66
3 Dist....	66	72	66	86	97	87	75	91
4 Dist....	113	109	118	76	100	81	129	81
2 Ward, 1 Dist....	120	110	125	53	80	64	122	65
2 Dist....	64	56	67	78	88	77	68	75
3 Dist....	94	80	97	45	72	49	98	52
4 Dist....	90	102	91	56	67	70	100	62
5 Dist....	89	87	94	45	63	51	102	56
6 Dist....	99	91	94	50	67	57	103	63
Total, Gloucester...	1030	950	1033	572	778	628	1095	645
Gloucester Township—								
1 Dist.....	118	109	114	34	48	35	116	43
2 Dist.....	138	127	138	29	44	28	136	33
Haddon Township—								
1 Dist.....	244	217	239	35	45	21	237	31
2 Dist.....	40	46	39	7	8	6	45	9
Haddon Heights Bor.—								
1 Dist.....	132	83	140	24	86	26	125	41
2 Dist.....	170	102	174	24	93	21	166	37
Haddonfield Borough—								
1 Dist.....	168	114	168	32	75	30	130	47
2 Dist.....	174	117	173	30	86	24	139	34
3 Dist.....	146	95	149	23	51	13	118	21
4 Dist.....	151	112	150	24	52	20	130	28
Laurel Springs Bor...	100	69	99	29	48	19	95	25
Magnolia Borough...	117	107	115	38	47	33	114	41
Merchantville Bor.—								
1 Dist.....	110	79	103	24	49	22	100	30
2 Dist.....	113	96	111	33	52	35	108	36
Oaklyn Borough.....	119	91	110	21	31	17	109	25
Pensauken Township—								
1 Dist.....	200	130	199	48	100	41	180	61
2 Dist.....	121	105	120	18	35	27	105	47
3 Dist.....	82	81	82	17	22	20	80	19
4 Dist.....	82	75	79	6	10	4	84	5
Voorhees Township...	121	103	128	65	88	64	124	76
Waterford Township..	166	153	156	39	59	48	167	50
Winslow Township—								
1 Dist.....	172	176	179	37	45	27	196	33
2 Dist.....	145	109	155	44	69	31	144	51
Woodlynne Borough...	114	68	106	40	75	32	97	47
Total Vote, County..	17235	14774	17012	4687	7582	5100	17006	5842

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 952; Sec., 1585. County Clerk—Nat. Pro., 945; Sec., 1571.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

	—Senator—		—Assembly—	
	Stevens, Rep.	Wheaton, Dem.	Lake, Rep.	Taylor, Dem.
Avalon Borough.....	33	36	44	18
Cape May City—1 Dist.....	33	48	39	37
2 Dist.....	76	66	88	44
3 Dist.....	87	114	91	92
4 Dist.....	51	59	63	45
Cape May Point Borough.....	19	13	20	11
Dennis Township—1 Dist.....	43	97	47	80
2 Dist.....	56	61	53	57
Lower Township.....	134	146	141	115
Middle Township—1 Dist.....	92	75	102	50
2 Dist.....	50	130	94	65
3 Dist.....	69	83	75	49
4 Dist.....	73	44	69	41
North Wildwood Borough.....	50	171	137	55
Ocean City—1 Dist.....	175	73	221	26
2 Dist.....	165	109	201	70
Sea Isle City—1 Dist.....	19	23	21	19
2 Dist.....	44	39	51	25
South Cape May Borough.....	8	5	11	2
Stone Harbor Borough.....	84	25	93	11
Upper Township.....	189	67	209	41
West Cape May Borough.....	91	105	118	63
Wildwood City—1 Dist.....	145	99	174	65
2 Dist.....	125	60	130	28
3 Dist.....	103	106	136	58
Wildwood Crest Borough.....	19	39	34	21
Woodbine Borough.....	58	107	69	73
Total Vcte, County.....	2091	2000	2531	1261

Senator—Nat. Pro., 103. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 191.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

		—Assembly—	
		Jorden, Dem.	Sheppard, Rep.
City of Bridgeton—			
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....		123	122
2 Dist.....		103	80
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....		91	125
2 Dist.....		131	133
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....		106	103
2 Dist.....		128	132
3 Dist.....		98	113
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....		134	183
2 Dist.....		94	138
5 Ward.....		166	113
Total, City of Bridgeton.....		1174	1242
Commercial Township—1 Dist.....		32	98
2 Dist.....		9	71
Deerfield Township—1 Dist.....		135	97
2 Dist.....		56	90
Downe Township—1 Dist.....		52	58
2 Dist.....		25	74
Fairfield Township.....		41	91
Greenwich Township.....		59	122
Hopewell Township.....		99	123
Landis Township—1 Dist.....		54	141
2 Dist.....		50	117
3 Dist.....		65	157
4 Dist.....		42	108
Lawrence Township.....		49	92
Maurice River Township—1 Dist.....		10	37
2 Dist.....		48	85
City of Millville—			
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....		25	65
2 Dist.....		30	53
3 Dist.....		13	46
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....		24	87
2 Dist.....		29	86
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....		32	66
2 Dist.....		49	61
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....		32	44
2 Dist.....		24	92
3 Dist.....		30	50
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....		37	54
2 Dist.....		17	30
Total, City of Millville.....		342	734
Stoe Creek Township.....		51	78
Vineland Borough—1 Dist.....		54	102
2 Dist.....		49	152
3 Dist.....		59	165
4 Dist.....		24	103
Total Vote, County.....		2579	4137
Assembly—Nat. Pro., 607.			

ESSEX COUNTY.

Assembly—Democratic

Newark — 1 Ward,		Caffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
1 Dist.....	71	238	60	59	52	214	55	58	55	56	57	52	52
2 Dist.....	60	128	45	47	45	120	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
3 Dist.....	48	245	45	50	44	194	46	46	44	48	44	40	40
4 Dist.....	87	92	71	73	72	78	68	72	72	72	71	68	68
5 Dist.....	85	200	77	77	79	173	73	77	74	76	76	74	74
6 Dist.....	142	133	138	138	136	130	129	135	136	135	135	134	134
7 Dist.....	80	135	79	79	78	121	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
8 Dist.....	86	87	74	77	75	81	72	72	72	74	76	72	72
9 Dist.....	92	77	91	88	85	81	87	90	92	89	87	86	86
10 Dist.....	88	73	18	82	77	68	83	85	78	77	79	78	78
Total, 1 Ward.....	839	1408	761	770	741	1260	736	758	750	750	748	727	727
2 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	92	84	93	93	96	87	91	97	92	96	93	90	90
2 Dist.....	96	93	99	96	96	90	92	97	93	95	98	94	94
3 Dist.....	66	64	64	64	64	63	65	65	64	65	64	66	66
4 Dist.....	106	100	104	104	106	103	105	108	104	104	105	107	107
5 Dist.....	64	65	66	67	67	66	67	67	66	68	67	65	65
6 Dist.....	102	96	97	98	98	95	97	97	97	97	97	96	96
7 Dist.....	95	95	95	96	94	91	90	95	96	96	98	95	95
8 Dist.....	115	116	116	116	115	114	114	111	111	112	113	112	112
9 Dist.....	138	137	137	139	137	136	138	135	136	136	136	135	135
10 Dist.....	94	88	93	93	94	90	91	90	93	92	93	88	88
11 Dist.....	49	48	51	48	49	48	49	50	48	49	48	47	47
12 Dist.....	73	71	72	72	72	73	71	71	72	72	72	72	72
13 Dist.....	81	79	80	80	78	77	78	79	79	80	82	79	79
Total, 2 Ward.....	1171	1136	1167	1166	1166	1133	1148	1165	1151	1162	1166	1146	1146
3 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	85	89	87	91	90	86	94	90	84	86	90	80	80
2 Dist.....	66	62	64	65	70	60	70	68	66	63	64	63	63
3 Dist.....	63	61	62	63	64	60	69	63	62	60	63	60	60
4 Dist.....	107	96	101	112	107	98	110	105	102	102	104	101	101

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
Newark — 3 Ward, 5 Dist.....													
Caffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.		
77	75	80	82	87	74	87	81	81	77	78	79		
61	62	61	64	66	61	73	65	63	62	64	59		
73	70	72	75	73	71	74	74	70	71	69	69		
46	42	46	46	47	41	54	40	45	45	43	39		
44	39	45	43	46	40	42	44	43	43	43	42		
91	87	95	91	101	99	113	96	93	93	91	91		
28	29	29	28	30	27	30	28	27	28	28	26		
41	37	38	38	43	37	45	41	38	39	39	39		
Total, 3 Ward.....													
782	749	780	798	824	754	861	795	774	769	776	748		
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....													
58	55	58	57	57	54	56	58	55	58	56	55		
90	88	88	87	87	85	84	87	87	87	87	85		
56	60	56	56	55	61	55	55	56	57	56	56		
115	112	115	115	114	113	115	114	115	115	114	115		
77	73	75	74	76	71	74	75	73	74	74	73		
57	54	56	57	59	54	54	58	62	58	59	57		
25	18	24	25	27	22	23	25	25	25	26	24		
64	59	63	62	62	61	65	64	62	63	63	58		
84	81	84	83	81	82	83	83	83	82	82	83		
69	64	67	66	68	66	66	68	66	64	68	66		
83	79	82	82	82	79	81	84	83	83	83	83		
42	38	42	41	42	36	42	42	42	41	42	37		
Total, 4 Ward.....													
820	781	810	805	810	784	798	813	809	807	810	792		
115	111	116	117	115	112	115	116	115	118	115	113		
110	100	110	113	109	105	106	110	110	110	109	102		
107	120	105	106	113	111	105	102	103	102	102	99		
142	142	138	140	135	146	136	139	136	138	140	137		
89	91	89	90	91	94	91	89	89	89	89	90		
85	79	85	83	83	86	84	85	83	82	83	84		
121	115	120	145	120	133	115	120	119	119	122	116		

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic

		Gaffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
Newark — 5 Ward,	8 Dist.....	70	69	70	70	68	66	70	68	69	70	68	70
	9 Dist.....	76	73	76	76	76	72	74	76	76	76	75	75
	Total, 5 Ward.....	915	900	909	940	910	925	896	905	900	904	903	886
	6 Ward,												
	1 Dist.....	120	104	119	118	119	112	115	116	119	120	120	118
	2 Dist.....	103	97	102	103	103	97	100	102	102	102	102	98
	3 Dist.....	76	71	78	77	85	77	83	75	77	75	77	73
	4 Dist.....	74	69	70	71	75	70	73	72	71	71	69	69
	5 Dist.....	109	102	109	112	110	103	108	111	108	109	108	107
	6 Dist.....	115	104	116	114	118	100	112	117	118	116	114	107
	7 Dist.....	138	123	138	136	136	129	131	135	137	132	134	132
	8 Dist.....	58	53	57	58	61	53	62	59	58	56	56	55
	9 Dist.....	110	93	108	108	109	94	106	108	108	109	108	98
	10 Dist.....	125	106	123	122	119	109	116	124	125	125	123	112
	11 Dist.....	118	113	118	119	117	110	114	117	118	115	115	110
	12 Dist.....	81	74	79	78	76	78	79	76	76	76	78	75
	13 Dist.....	109	104	108	108	105	105	105	109	107	107	107	108
7 Ward,	Total, 6 Ward.....	1336	1213	1325	1324	1333	1237	1304	1321	1324	1313	1311	1257
	1 Dist.....	164	163	164	164	164	163	163	164	164	163	163	163
	2 Dist.....	112	103	112	114	111	109	108	113	114	114	112	109
	3 Dist.....	93	93	94	95	97	91	96	95	93	91	93	91
	4 Dist.....	101	109	102	102	102	105	103	102	101	103	101	98
	5 Dist.....	96	99	101	98	99	96	101	98	98	98	94	95
	6 Dist.....	98	96	99	100	104	94	103	97	100	97	97	92
	7 Dist.....	114	106	117	114	110	106	109	111	114	110	115	109
	8 Dist.....	136	123	137	137	129	125	127	138	136	139	138	131
	9 Dist.....	80	75	79	82	81	83	85	81	80	80	76	78
	Total, 7 Ward.....	994	957	1005	1006	997	972	995	999	997	998	989	967
	8 Ward,												
	1 Dist.....	62	48	56	58	56	53	53	55	55	55	56	53
	2 Dist.....	43	39	42	41	42	38	41	42	42	42	41	45

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
Newark — 8 Ward,													
3 Dist.....	60	45	60	59	57	49	55	58	61	58	61	55	53
4 Dist.....	31	24	31	28	25	26	26	29	29	29	30	28	26
5 Dist.....	54	49	54	56	51	50	52	55	54	55	55	57	48
6 Dist.....	63	58	62	61	60	59	58	60	61	62	63	63	59
7 Dist.....	82	80	84	84	87	81	85	84	86	84	84	84	82
8 Dist.....	30	26	29	29	29	24	29	29	29	28	28	28	24
9 Dist.....	54	63	57	56	57	65	55	57	58	56	58	58	54
10 Dist.....	36	26	34	34	34	27	31	33	34	33	33	30	34
11 Dist.....	70	66	70	70	73	66	71	71	71	71	71	70	72
12 Dist.....	54	46	49	49	47	46	47	52	50	49	49	47	44
13 Dist.....	44	36	42	43	42	36	36	44	40	41	42	42	42
14 Dist.....	35	31	33	35	35	32	32	33	35	33	33	32	32
Total, 8 Ward.....	718	637	703	703	695	652	671	702	705	697	691	690	668
9 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	86	79	84	86	85	83	89	82	85	84	84	84	83
2 Dist.....	71	64	67	67	67	58	64	66	66	65	65	63	61
3 Dist.....	58	53	53	54	61	50	59	55	52	52	50	51	51
4 Dist.....	74	64	66	66	75	67	66	79	70	70	70	70	62
5 Dist.....	57	54	57	57	56	54	52	60	56	56	54	54	55
6 Dist.....	54	52	54	54	54	50	50	50	55	53	54	54	50
7 Dist.....	61	56	60	61	64	54	60	61	59	60	60	57	57
8 Dist.....	66	62	66	66	70	64	68	66	67	68	65	61	61
9 Dist.....	118	112	119	117	118	114	118	119	118	123	118	116	116
10 Dist.....	56	55	59	58	58	55	57	57	58	57	54	53	53
11 Dist.....	83	79	84	85	88	78	87	85	83	82	81	82	82
12 Dist.....	22	23	25	24	25	20	24	24	24	25	23	21	21
13 Dist.....	73	65	68	69	74	61	79	68	66	69	66	66	68
14 Dist.....	49	47	52	49	53	45	49	50	48	48	46	47	47
15 Dist.....	31	30	32	31	33	31	33	32	32	31	30	31	31
16 Dist.....	43	37	41	43	46	40	40	42	39	42	42	38	38
Total, 9 Ward.....	1002	932	987	987	1027	924	995	996	978	985	960	936	936

ELECTION RETURNS.

505

Newark — 10 Ward,																			
	1 Dist.	2 Dist.	3 Dist.	4 Dist.	5 Dist.	6 Dist.	7 Dist.	Caffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
	110	138	135	89	142	64	83	106	106	108	109	114	102	110	112	108	108	107	110
	147	135	88	140	63	73		147	147	140	138	138	142	134	136	137	135	137	135
	126	89	136	140	64	73		126	126	133	137	135	142	128	137	136	135	139	135
	88	142	136	140	63	73		88	88	88	90	89	86	89	88	89	88	89	86
	142	64	136	140	63	73		142	142	140	141	140	138	139	139	139	141	139	139
	83	73	79	80	80	80		83	83	79	80	80	73	74	79	80	79	80	79
Total, 10 Ward.....																			
11 Ward,	761	64	51	93	102	78	60	739	739	752	761	766	750	745	756	753	749	758	741
	61	42	82	102	68	55	61	61	61	62	65	66	57	62	61	61	62	65	57
	51	93	102	68	55	61	54	46	46	48	48	50	41	49	45	44	45	45	45
	93	102	68	55	61	54	50	93	93	94	94	91	86	85	93	92	92	94	89
	102	68	55	61	54	50	81	102	102	101	101	103	90	97	100	100	103	101	94
	78	60	61	54	50	81	50	78	78	76	76	72	68	70	74	73	78	75	73
	60	54	50	81	50	81	43	60	60	53	53	54	54	54	51	52	54	55	54
	61	54	50	81	50	81	43	61	61	61	62	62	52	58	60	63	63	57	58
	54	50	81	50	81	43	57	54	54	54	55	50	50	52	53	55	57	53	53
	81	50	81	50	81	43	57	81	81	80	81	79	75	79	77	84	78	81	75
	50	43	57	59	59	59	57	50	50	48	50	49	43	48	47	47	47	48	46
	57	59	59	59	59	59	57	57	57	59	59	63	59	61	59	60	60	59	59
Total, 11 Ward.....																			
12 Ward,	751	110	115	128	159	124	189	680	733	744	744	739	675	715	720	731	739	733	703
	100	115	128	159	124	189	121	100	106	108	108	115	105	111	107	107	110	109	108
	115	128	159	124	189	121	105	112	115	119	119	117	112	115	113	115	114	112	110
	128	159	124	189	121	105	102	127	127	127	127	131	113	133	121	128	126	129	120
	159	124	189	121	105	102	102	136	159	180	180	155	144	152	158	156	157	157	143
	124	189	121	105	102	102	102	124	124	135	135	119	118	120	125	127	126	124	110
	189	121	105	102	102	102	102	174	193	195	195	190	176	183	190	185	188	188	181
	121	105	102	102	102	102	102	121	119	122	122	117	116	115	122	119	120	126	115
	90	80	94	95	94	94	94	80	94	95	95	94	89	92	92	94	93	94	92
	102	93	102	105	102	102	102	93	102	105	105	102	96	103	102	101	104	101	102
Total, 12 Ward.....																			
	1138	1020	1139	1186	1140	1069	1124	1130	1132	1138	1140	1140	1081						

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
		Caffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Fortenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
Newark — 13 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	110	96	109	112	110	99	100	106	111	109	114	104	104
2 Dist.....	79	69	80	77	81	71	73	80	79	77	73	72	72
3 Dist.....	114	110	115	115	116	113	117	113	114	114	114	111	111
4 Dist.....	126	113	126	124	129	113	127	123	125	121	125	121	121
5 Dist.....	124	116	123	123	126	118	125	122	121	121	121	121	119
6 Dist.....	146	139	144	147	150	138	149	145	146	147	148	139	139
7 Dist.....	83	75	80	81	87	75	82	79	80	78	78	77	77
8 Dist.....	128	121	127	124	127	125	126	126	126	126	124	121	121
9 Dist.....	116	106	116	115	118	108	118	114	114	112	114	115	115
10 Dist.....	126	116	126	125	124	116	121	126	125	124	126	116	116
11 Dist.....	80	75	79	80	84	78	83	81	85	81	80	81	81
12 Dist.....	66	59	67	67	73	60	68	69	69	66	65	65	63
13 Dist.....	50	43	51	51	62	44	59	51	51	51	56	53	53
14 Dist.....	80	69	79	80	80	79	71	77	78	78	79	76	76
15 Dist.....	69	56	65	67	67	57	63	62	64	61	63	63	63
Total, 13 Ward.....		1497	1363	1487	1488	1534	1394	1482	1474	1488	1466	1480	1431
Newark — 14 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	85	87	86	85	88	84	88	86	86	83	83	84	81
2 Dist.....	69	79	68	68	71	80	74	68	67	66	66	70	69
3 Dist.....	90	80	85	85	89	77	92	84	84	84	85	83	83
4 Dist.....	73	69	72	75	76	72	74	74	73	71	72	70	70
5 Dist.....	77	75	76	78	78	72	83	78	79	75	75	79	74
6 Dist.....	76	71	75	77	79	73	82	78	75	73	77	77	76
7 Dist.....	68	72	67	65	70	77	77	67	67	67	67	67	67
8 Dist.....	58	56	57	57	63	54	58	55	53	56	52	52	55
9 Dist.....	85	79	87	91	100	82	95	88	86	87	88	86	86
10 Dist.....	83	77	84	81	86	79	85	82	81	83	82	79	79
11 Dist.....	104	100	105	105	109	102	105	104	103	104	103	100	100
12 Dist.....	57	51	56	54	56	50	53	53	56	54	54	53	53
13 Dist.....	71	68	69	70	77	65	76	68	68	66	66	66	68
14 Dist.....	45	44	45	45	48	46	48	46	48	47	47	47	46
Total, 14 Ward.....		1041	1008	1032	1036	1090	1013	1084	1031	1023	1017	1024	1007

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic

ELECTION RETURNS.

507

Newark — 15 Ward,		Caffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Fortenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
1 Dist.....	96	104	96	93	93	89	91	94	88	91	89	88	85
2 Dist.....	78	83	77	78	78	82	77	78	78	77	77	76	76
3 Dist.....	98	122	94	96	94	112	94	95	95	94	95	93	93
4 Dist.....	98	82	97	95	97	84	94	95	97	98	95	92	92
5 Dist.....	85	82	83	84	83	80	83	83	84	84	83	83	83
6 Dist.....	296	199	204	205	203	200	200	207	204	205	205	201	201
7 Dist.....	157	137	159	156	156	139	147	158	156	155	158	152	152
8 Dist.....	80	65	75	76	79	70	73	75	72	73	75	71	71
9 Dist.....	33	31	32	32	34	30	32	32	33	32	31	31	31
10 Dist.....	33	29	29	30	29	26	26	26	26	30	31	32	32
Total, 15 Ward.....	904	934	940	945	946	912	920	946	938	939	939	919	919
16 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	59	54	60	61	65	55	63	59	56	58	59	58	58
2 Dist.....	64	62	63	62	66	60	64	61	61	61	61	60	60
3 Dist.....	75	70	78	79	81	73	81	76	80	74	76	76	76
4 Dist.....	84	70	85	84	89	77	88	85	82	88	82	80	80
5 Dist.....	63	62	63	62	69	61	66	62	63	63	64	64	64
6 Dist.....	95	82	94	97	107	83	100	98	93	96	95	88	88
7 Dist.....	40	36	41	42	43	37	41	40	40	45	39	39	39
8 Dist.....	85	77	86	84	92	79	89	81	86	87	83	89	89
9 Dist.....	76	71	77	77	83	68	74	74	74	78	76	74	74
10 Dist.....	72	67	73	71	76	68	75	72	71	70	72	68	68
11 Dist.....	50	46	50	47	50	45	51	48	49	49	49	47	47
12 Dist.....	55	48	53	55	57	48	56	49	49	52	49	48	48
13 Dist.....	70	68	69	67	73	70	72	69	69	70	69	67	67
14 Dist.....	52	54	56	56	55	52	55	56	54	53	52	55	55
15 Dist.....	68	63	69	67	87	63	75	68	68	71	65	68	68
Total, 16 Ward.....	1008	930	1017	1011	1094	939	1050	998	945	1015	989	981	981
Total, Newark.....	15737	15387	15553	15670	15812	15393	15524	15509	15448	15448	15417	14990	14990

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
	Gaffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Friend.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.	
Belleville—1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	58	51	58	57	58	54	56	58	60	60	59	
	2 Dist.....	39	40	39	39	40	41	39	41	39	47	40	
	3 Dist.....	110	110	113	113	110	108	112	114	113	112	112	
	2 Ward,	100	91	100	100	99	94	96	100	100	100	96	
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	26	25	28	27	28	24	25	27	28	33	26	
	2 Dist.....	37	47	36	37	38	46	36	37	38	43	37	
	3 Dist.....	23	22	24	24	21	20	19	22	21	30	22	
	2 Dist.....	24	25	24	24	24	24	26	24	24	31	26	
Total, Belleville.....	417	411	422	421	418	411	409	423	425	421	456	418	
Bloomfield—1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	38	32	39	38	39	33	37	37	39	39	38	
	2 Dist.....	70	54	69	69	67	54	66	70	71	70	64	
	3 Dist.....	42	37	44	46	47	36	42	43	43	41	44	
	2 Ward,	28	24	29	30	28	26	28	30	28	29	30	
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	50	38	46	49	46	36	40	46	47	45	44	
	2 Dist.....	10	10	11	11	12	9	11	12	11	10	9	
	3 Dist.....	9	5	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	
	3 Ward,	23	22	23	23	24	24	23	23	24	23	21	
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	24	22	23	26	24	24	24	24	24	23	24	
	2 Dist.....	42	37	42	40	41	40	41	41	41	40	40	
	3 Dist.....	35	31	34	34	34	29	36	35	35	34	34	
	4 Dist.....												
Total, Bloomfield.....	371	312	369	375	371	320	357	360	373	377	368	351	
Caldwell Township.....	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	20	30	
Caldwell Borough—1 Dist.....	1 Dist.....	67	63	71	71	70	64	69	68	69	68	72	
	2 Dist.....	72	69	71	73	72	66	70	71	69	70	87	
Cedar Grove Township.....	47	48	48	47	50	47	49	49	48	49	50	49	
East Orange—1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	35	35	37	37	35	34	36	35	36	38	36	
	2 Dist.....	41	36	42	42	44	37	43	42	41	42	41	
	3 Dist.....	31	25	29	30	29	26	26	28	27	28	28	
	4 Dist.....	18	18	20	19	18	18	17	17	18	18	19	

ELECTION RETURNS.

509

	Callrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welsman.
East Orange—2 Ward,	30	26	31	30	31	28	31	32	31	30	30	32
1 Dist.....												
2 Dist.....	32	33	36	34	31	32	32	34	34	34	34	32
3 Dist.....	46	48	50	49	49	47	47	48	49	49	50	46
4 Dist.....	31	29	36	31	30	28	29	33	33	30	30	29
3 Ward,	39	36	37	36	38	35	36	37	37	38	37	31
1 Dist.....												
2 Dist.....	28	27	28	28	31	25	27	28	26	29	29	28
3 Dist.....	25	26	28	25	25	25	25	26	27	27	26	27
4 Dist.....	50	45	47	45	50	44	47	47	45	46	45	42
5 Dist.....	49	45	53	49	47	46	49	47	50	49	48	48
6 Dist.....	61	59	62	60	57	62	59	61	60	57	61	58
4 Ward,	29	24	29	27	30	27	30	29	30	28	28	28
1 Dist.....												
2 Dist.....	32	31	23	33	38	31	32	35	33	32	34	35
3 Dist.....	52	52	51	52	51	48	50	52	52	51	50	50
4 Dist.....	30	30	31	30	31	29	31	30	28	31	31	29
5 Ward,	51	51	49	51	53	50	51	50	52	51	53	53
1 Dist.....												
2 Dist.....	13	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	21
3 Dist.....	22	21	23	23	25	21	23	22	23	22	22	21
4 Dist.....	42	43	43	40	39	40	38	40	41	39	40	40
5 Dist.....	59	57	62	62	60	58	61	60	57	58	58	58
6 Dist.....	53	53	57	55	59	51	55	55	55	55	55	55
7 Dist.....	22	19	20	21	23	18	19	21	20	21	21	21
Total, East Orange.....	921	883	958	922	937	873	907	922	918	916	920	900
Essex Falls Borough.....	10	13	12	13	12	11	12	12	13	11	12	14
Glen Ridge Borough—1 Dist.....	28	28	28	29	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
2 Dist.....	42	41	43	42	44	43	43	42	42	42	41	38
3 Dist.....	27	26	27	28	27	25	26	27	27	27	28	26
4 Dist.....	37	35	37	38	37	35	37	38	37	37	37	36
Irvington—1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	43	41	42	45	46	38	43	40	42	42	42	40
2 Dist.....	25	23	25	24	29	23	27	25	24	25	25	25
3 Dist.....	23	19	22	23	23	21	24	23	21	22	22	22

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
	Caffrey.	Garuso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.		Welshman.
Irvington—2 Ward,	25	23	25	25	27	23	25	28	24	23	25	25	25
1 Dist.....	42	40	43	46	51	39	48	42	43	43	43	44	44
2 Dist.....	23	23	23	23	28	22	26	22	22	22	22	22	23
3 Dist.....	38	39	38	38	41	40	40	41	41	37	41	39	39
3 Ward,	22	20	20	21	20	20	21	21	21	21	22	20	20
1 Dist.....	54	50	53	53	58	53	54	50	52	50	54	48	48
2 Dist.....	48	47	48	51	51	46	50	50	48	48	48	47	47
4 Dist.....													
Total, Irvington.....	343	348	339	349	374	325	358	342	338	333	344	333	333
Livingston Township.....	13	13	13	12	13	11	12	12	12	13	12	15	15
Millburn Township—1 Dist.....	79	81	79	79	85	79	80	78	80	81	79	79	79
2 Dist.....	44	43	44	42	44	43	41	43	43	42	44	41	41
3 Dist.....	41	42	42	43	39	40	38	42	42	44	41	38	38
Montclair—1 Ward,	42	41	41	40	43	40	40	41	46	39	40	41	41
1 Dist.....	12	12	14	13	13	13	13	12	17	12	12	12	12
2 Dist.....	34	32	34	35	36	31	34	35	40	34	35	36	36
3 Dist.....	63	62	63	64	60	59	59	65	67	63	62	59	59
2 Ward,	55	55	56	55	56	55	55	55	61	55	54	58	58
1 Dist.....	84	79	85	85	83	78	80	82	88	81	86	81	81
3 Dist.....	45	46	46	47	47	46	47	45	51	47	46	45	45
3 Ward,	46	46	45	47	45	44	45	46	47	45	44	45	45
1 Dist.....	36	36	37	36	37	36	36	36	38	36	37	37	37
3 Dist.....	91	134	93	94	92	116	93	92	91	91	92	89	89
4 Ward,	68	69	68	69	62	62	61	61	61	63	63	60	60
1 Dist.....	14	22	15	16	15	20	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
3 Dist.....	58	54	57	56	56	55	54	55	72	56	57	56	56
5 Ward,	55	61	57	56	56	55	54	54	78	55	56	57	57
1 Dist.....	35	41	34	33	36	36	34	33	71	33	35	33	33
2 Dist.....													
3 Dist.....													
Total, Montclair.....	738	790	745	746	737	746	717	726	842	724	733	723	723

Assembly—Democratic												
	Gaffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Fortenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
North Caldwell Borough.....												
Nutley—1 Ward.....	9	8	9	9	8	8	8	9	9	6	8	9
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	33	35	33	34	34	32	34	35	33	31	35	30
2 Ward, 2 Dist.....	31	29	33	31	33	29	32	30	30	31	29	32
3 Ward.....	27	24	25	27	29	22	30	26	27	26	23	30
	55	51	55	53	53	52	54	53	54	53	56	54
Total, Nutley.....	146	139	146	142	149	135	150	144	144	141	143	146
Orange—1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	56	53	57	58	58	51	57	56	57	58	57	55
2 Dist.....	50	48	49	49	49	49	49	48	49	48	49	48
3 Dist.....	34	34	34	34	33	34	32	34	34	34	33	32
4 Dist.....	25	25	26	26	26	25	28	28	26	26	26	26
5 Dist.....	63	59	62	62	62	60	61	62	62	62	62	62
6 Dist.....	85	91	82	83	84	88	84	83	84	83	82	82
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	67	62	71	67	65	62	63	69	68	67	66	68
2 Dist.....	66	59	68	67	61	58	60	65	65	64	64	61
3 Dist.....	51	50	51	51	54	51	52	54	53	52	52	50
4 Dist.....	78	78	77	78	78	77	77	77	77	78	77	78
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	48	79	48	49	47	78	46	48	47	46	48	45
2 Dist.....	66	64	68	68	64	64	62	67	66	66	66	61
3 Dist.....	49	61	49	47	46	59	45	47	46	47	46	45
4 Dist.....	41	50	42	40	40	48	40	39	41	41	39	39
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	33	35	34	34	32	33	34	34	35	34	34	32
2 Dist.....	98	98	98	100	102	96	100	97	99	98	101	98
3 Dist.....	103	95	104	103	98	104	100	106	104	103	103	101
4 Dist.....	73	74	78	76	76	77	73	76	75	76	76	73
5 Dist.....	69	69	70	71	72	70	72	73	73	73	73	70
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	72	71	75	70	73	64	69	73	72	73	73	69
2 Dist.....	95	95	98	96	93	96	95	96	96	95	94	91
3 Dist.....	65	65	67	68	65	65	64	66	65	64	64	62
Total, Orange.....	1387	1415	1408	1387	1378	1409	1363	1398	1394	1388	1385	1350

ELECTION RETURNS.

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic												
	Caffrey.	Caruso.	Conway.	Farley.	Fischer.	Forlenza.	Freund.	Kenny.	McDonough.	McFadden.	Walsh.	Welshman.
Roseland Borough.....	13											
South Orange Township—1 Dist.....	25	12	14	14	14	13	14	14	14	13	13	13
2 Dist.....	22	24	26	27	26	23	26	25	25	25	27	25
3 Dist.....	15	13	17	17	23	25	23	22	22	22	23	22
4 Dist.....	51	48	50	51	52	48	49	49	49	51	49	49
South Orange Village—1 Dist.....	64	61	66	67	66	73	66	66	67	66	66	65
2 Dist.....	117	106	120	118	117	109	107	119	119	119	115	103
3 Dist.....	91	91	93	95	93	100	90	94	95	95	94	90
4 Dist.....	48	43	49	48	49	53	45	49	49	49	46	43
Verona Borough—1 Dist.....	28	25	27	29	28	26	28	30	29	28	28	30
2 Dist.....	52	46	53	53	52	49	52	52	52	52	51	53
West Caldwell Borough.....	30	29	32	31	33	29	30	32	33	30	31	40
West Orange—1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	67	64	64	65	66	65	64	67	64	65	64	64
2 Dist.....	98	94	96	96	97	95	91	95	96	96	94	95
3 Dist.....	192	184	191	190	192	185	186	189	192	190	186	190
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	120	119	122	121	119	115	119	118	117	117	117	117
2 Dist.....	93	91	93	93	91	92	91	93	93	90	91	90
3 Ward.....	162	158	163	155	156	154	156	158	157	156	160	152
4 Ward.....	75	71	74	73	78	72	79	75	73	75	79	77
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	76	74	78	77	79	74	78	76	74	73	78	75
2 Dist.....	75	75	79	76	76	76	77	80	77	77	78	77
Total, West Orange.....	958	930	960	946	954	928	941	951	943	939	947	937
Total Vote, County.....	22109	21641	22002	22088	22250	21621	21807	21889	21931	21780	21809	21261

ELECTION RETURNS.

513

Assembly—Republican

		Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Newark — 1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	92	94	88	89	91	86	94	89	84	76	49	50
	2 Dist.....	57	65	57	57	56	57	55	47	47	47	39	35
	3 Dist.....	81	82	82	81	85	88	83	90	88	85	75	70
	4 Dist.....	140	151	144	144	144	146	144	145	144	141	133	140
	5 Dist.....	109	126	127	126	124	119	119	122	123	120	100	152
	6 Dist.....	131	165	144	149	144	148	150	148	149	148	135	153
	7 Dist.....	74	81	79	79	74	81	77	77	76	76	68	63
	8 Dist.....	110	112	109	109	113	109	112	111	110	115	101	107
	9 Dist.....	139	148	136	140	138	141	139	138	137	139	137	140
	10 Dist.....	91	93	95	95	95	95	95	94	95	99	92	94
Total, 1 Ward.....		1024	1117	1061	1069	1064	1070	1068	1061	1053	1046	929	1004
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	94	101	93	92	93	95	98	92	93	96	93	94
	2 Dist.....	78	87	86	81	82	85	83	84	84	81	81	81
	3 Dist.....	40	44	42	41	41	42	42	42	44	44	41	41
	4 Dist.....	89	94	89	89	88	88	90	92	91	89	86	88
	5 Dist.....	95	93	92	92	92	91	92	92	93	92	89	91
	6 Dist.....	145	148	148	147	147	146	147	147	148	148	144	146
	7 Dist.....	95	102	93	93	93	96	97	95	92	95	88	95
	8 Dist.....	48	51	49	49	51	50	51	51	52	49	48	46
	9 Dist.....	44	45	45	43	45	45	44	45	45	44	45	44
	10 Dist.....	82	85	81	81	83	83	83	81	82	81	80	83
	11 Dist.....	71	72	74	72	73	73	72	70	74	72	63	68
	12 Dist.....	71	71	69	72	70	71	73	71	74	70	68	67
	13 Dist.....	75	79	77	77	76	76	76	75	75	75	73	74
Total, 2 Ward.....		1027	1072	1038	1029	1034	1041	1048	1037	1047	1036	999	1018
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	113	118	114	114	113	115	111	113	125	113	115	109
	2 Dist.....	73	75	78	77	77	76	75	77	85	75	81	77
	3 Dist.....	65	66	64	63	62	63	63	63	88	61	83	61
	4 Dist.....	96	101	96	94	97	97	97	97	110	98	95	97

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican

		ELECTION RETURNS.										515	
		Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Newark — 5 Ward,	8 Dist.....	90	95	95	92	93	93	92	92	96	92	88	93
	9 Dist.....	101	102	104	104	104	103	104	104	100	100	96	98
	Total, 5 Ward.....	696	756	717	699	697	705	704	724	712	693	671	678
	6 Ward,	117	137	116	117	117	118	116	116	117	116	109	116
	2 Dist.....	28	35	30	28	29	26	28	28	28	27	30	27
	3 Dist.....	67	69	72	67	67	70	69	67	71	77	72	77
	4 Dist.....	84	92	90	86	87	86	86	88	91	86	82	81
	5 Dist.....	73	77	78	74	75	76	75	74	76	75	74	77
	6 Dist.....	107	109	105	102	103	105	106	108	111	101	94	106
	7 Dist.....	93	103	97	94	92	93	93	93	92	92	89	93
	8 Dist.....	100	96	97	95	95	98	98	96	99	97	96	96
	9 Dist.....	88	112	93	90	87	90	93	91	90	90	88	94
	10 Dist.....	103	131	110	105	103	104	104	102	109	102	99	105
	11 Dist.....	57	66	59	59	58	60	60	59	59	59	58	57
	12 Dist.....	86	92	87	90	85	89	86	89	85	85	85	85
	13 Dist.....	52	52	59	52	51	53	52	50	51	51	50	54
Total, 6 Ward.....		1055	1171	1093	1059	1049	1068	1066	1061	1079	1058	1026	1068
7 Ward,	1 Dist.....	15	15	15	15	13	13	13	13	13	15	14	12
	2 Dist.....	32	42	32	31	32	33	31	33	31	31	31	31
	3 Dist.....	86	87	84	83	85	87	86	87	87	86	84	85
	4 Dist.....	59	59	60	53	57	57	56	56	56	55	55	49
	5 Dist.....	105	109	104	104	104	104	104	105	106	101	97	108
	6 Dist.....	77	80	77	76	77	78	76	80	82	77	81	77
	7 Dist.....	63	66	58	62	62	60	65	60	62	63	59	61
	8 Dist.....	51	70	49	48	48	50	52	49	49	44	44	50
	9 Dist.....	111	114	115	110	110	108	109	109	112	110	107	111
Total, 7 Ward.....		599	642	594	588	588	590	592	592	598	587	573	584
8 Ward,	1 Dist.....	159	169	157	159	159	161	161	156	158	159	148	158
	2 Dist.....	151	157	150	155	157	155	158	158	148	154	137	153

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican													
		Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Newark — 8 Ward,													
3 Dist.....	3	166	170	166	167	163	165	168	171	163	165	145	170
4 Dist.....	4	203	215	202	210	210	208	209	207	206	205	195	210
5 Dist.....	5	103	111	109	107	103	108	105	108	108	106	98	110
6 Dist.....	6	152	159	151	155	156	155	154	160	155	156	146	154
7 Dist.....	7	166	166	168	170	170	168	169	167	161	165	155	161
8 Dist.....	8	109	115	112	113	111	113	112	110	112	112	108	112
9 Dist.....	9	151	160	154	156	154	153	155	159	158	151	145	153
10 Dist.....	10	164	172	164	168	165	167	164	171	162	165	156	163
11 Dist.....	11	188	193	188	192	192	192	193	190	186	191	186	194
12 Dist.....	12	161	172	165	163	159	161	166	165	162	165	156	163
13 Dist.....	13	137	145	138	141	139	141	144	139	136	143	126	139
14 Dist.....	14	117	116	114	118	116	113	117	117	115	117	109	116
Total, 8 Ward.....		2127	2220	2138	2172	2154	2160	2175	2178	2130	2154	1993	2155
0 Ward,		162	174	166	166	161	165	165	165	166	164	162	164
1 Dist.....	1	175	174	175	174	175	173	176	178	177	178	163	167
2 Dist.....	2	223	226	231	229	227	223	223	228	229	230	200	219
3 Dist.....	3	118	125	125	121	122	121	120	123	125	126	117	121
4 Dist.....	4	134	141	140	137	137	137	140	139	133	137	134	135
5 Dist.....	5	134	129	132	133	136	132	132	133	128	130	125	131
6 Dist.....	6	216	221	220	220	218	221	215	218	221	215	212	214
7 Dist.....	7	151	152	149	147	147	144	149	149	148	148	135	141
8 Dist.....	8	130	134	131	133	133	132	131	133	132	131	127	129
9 Dist.....	9	94	98	94	94	94	95	93	96	97	93	89	96
10 Dist.....	10	146	151	147	145	145	148	149	144	151	144	139	147
11 Dist.....	11	105	111	108	105	106	105	104	107	106	105	104	107
12 Dist.....	12	150	158	154	150	151	153	151	154	162	151	152	149
13 Dist.....	13	160	165	169	163	161	164	165	163	158	160	151	164
14 Dist.....	14	40	40	42	41	40	40	41	40	41	41	42	40
15 Dist.....	15	118	122	120	115	112	115	116	113	115	117	100	115
16 Dist.....	16												
Total, 9 Ward.....		2256	2321	2303	2265	2254	2270	2270	2283	2289	2270	2152	2239

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

ELECTION RETURNS.

517

	Barradale.	Berry.	Buehlcr.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Newark — 10 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	45	47	46	46	41	45	47	47	45	45	46	45
2 Dist.....	125	127	130	127	125	127	126	126	125	125	119	120
3 Dist.....	124	143	143	123	124	124	125	122	120	121	111	121
4 Dist.....	92	93	94	92	92	91	91	91	93	89	91	92
5 Dist.....	65	70	68	64	64	67	67	68	67	67	61	66
6 Dist.....	120	121	123	120	117	121	117	120	119	118	115	117
7 Dist.....	107	111	108	108	105	108	107	107	108	108	106	105
Total, 10 Ward.....	678	712	712	680	669	683	680	681	677	673	649	666
11 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	125	128	129	128	125	130	124	125	120	122	122	122
2 Dist.....	142	146	145	143	146	144	145	145	147	145	136	143
3 Dist.....	123	128	126	124	123	122	120	121	122	121	111	121
4 Dist.....	177	183	175	175	180	177	181	174	172	175	162	173
5 Dist.....	136	137	136	139	137	139	140	138	135	136	130	139
6 Dist.....	113	109	111	112	115	114	113	115	112	109	114	114
7 Dist.....	193	200	186	189	187	188	190	192	184	189	178	185
8 Dist.....	106	112	111	108	110	110	111	108	107	108	103	109
9 Dist.....	149	152	146	145	147	145	145	142	145	142	136	140
10 Dist.....	121	126	128	125	124	128	125	125	123	126	124	124
11 Dist.....	148	151	147	162	149	147	147	150	146	150	139	149
Total, 11 Ward.....	1533	1572	1540	1550	1543	1544	1541	1535	1513	1523	1455	1519
12 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	125	134	127	122	123	130	125	124	127	121	117	121
2 Dist.....	100	108	107	101	101	101	100	100	99	98	96	96
3 Dist.....	140	165	154	145	145	147	147	147	154	145	144	147
4 Dist.....	46	76	45	46	44	46	46	45	44	44	35	40
5 Dist.....	52	79	52	49	50	55	51	52	51	52	52	52
6 Dist.....	98	110	108	97	97	100	99	102	99	99	94	95
7 Dist.....	86	87	90	87	87	88	88	88	88	88	89	89
8 Dist.....	144	154	148	150	147	148	147	144	147	150	142	146
9 Dist.....	178	186	189	184	179	185	182	182	184	184	182	181
Total, 12 Ward.....	969	1099	1020	981	973	1003	985	984	993	981	951	967

Assembly—Republican													
		Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Newark — 13 Ward,													
1 Dist.....		137	148	130	132	133	136	131	132	135	134	114	130
2 Dist.....		177	173	178	169	167	172	170	173	171	171	157	169
3 Dist.....		92	97	95	92	92	91	94	92	97	93	93	91
4 Dist.....		165	171	172	165	166	168	166	165	170	166	160	163
5 Dist.....		189	198	195	191	190	193	193	192	194	191	176	188
6 Dist.....		139	159	149	142	143	143	143	140	146	138	138	142
7 Dist.....		133	135	142	136	135	138	137	137	144	136	134	140
8 Dist.....		139	146	140	140	141	143	141	140	135	138	134	141
9 Dist.....		124	132	131	126	125	130	128	125	129	126	114	125
10 Dist.....		119	132	130	124	122	123	122	120	128	123	115	119
11 Dist.....		117	118	118	116	116	116	121	117	118	119	114	116
12 Dist.....		83	88	89	83	82	84	84	82	84	83	77	84
13 Dist.....		115	129	126	120	115	121	118	118	124	118	113	115
14 Dist.....		99	107	99	100	98	101	100	101	102	98	93	103
15 Dist.....		88	99	94	88	93	94	90	90	93	89	85	87
Total, 13 Ward.....		1916	2032	1988	1924	1913	1953	1938	1924	1970	1923	1817	1913
14 Ward,													
1 Dist.....		78	80	83	80	83	80	83	80	90	79	81	75
2 Dist.....		94	100	103	99	101	98	101	95	108	97	106	90
3 Dist.....		133	139	138	134	134	134	136	134	139	132	135	131
4 Dist.....		110	111	117	116	115	116	114	115	113	112	109	114
5 Dist.....		63	70	68	67	64	65	66	65	71	62	71	65
6 Dist.....		103	104	103	103	102	104	103	97	111	96	115	97
7 Dist.....		107	106	107	105	104	104	104	104	106	100	98	98
8 Dist.....		102	105	103	105	103	103	104	103	107	103	103	101
9 Dist.....		143	147	148	143	139	145	144	144	154	142	144	150
10 Dist.....		97	97	96	98	95	97	96	99	101	96	99	96
11 Dist.....		112	115	115	111	112	113	115	112	113	112	107	111
12 Dist.....		69	72	68	66	67	70	68	68	65	65	60	67
13 Dist.....		94	96	100	97	92	95	96	96	98	94	92	96
14 Dist.....		69	71	69	70	66	71	73	69	70	67	65	72
Total, 14 Ward.....		1374	1413	1418	1394	1377	1395	1403	1381	1446	1357	1385	1363

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican

	Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Newark — 15 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	127	133	127	126	125	128	127	125	125	121	115	116
2 Dist.....	82	84	83	82	83	83	83	83	83	84	82	82
3 Dist.....	92	96	96	93	92	95	95	92	90	93	74	72
4 Dist.....	123	129	126	124	124	125	128	122	126	121	119	121
5 Dist.....	31	39	36	34	35	36	34	32	37	34	34	32
6 Dist.....	65	79	66	69	66	69	66	67	67	67	65	65
7 Dist.....	116	128	115	114	118	115	121	112	111	104	114	114
8 Dist.....	112	125	119	117	117	119	119	119	120	115	109	112
9 Dist.....	20	23	23	22	23	22	21	21	23	22	20	21
10 Dist.....	46	47	45	46	45	47	47	46	47	42	43	45
Total, 15 Ward.....	814	883	836	827	828	839	841	819	829	803	775	780
16 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	107	110	108	107	106	109	107	108	107	103	103	108
2 Dist.....	107	107	110	109	106	112	105	107	115	106	109	108
3 Dist.....	162	162	169	163	166	165	163	163	165	159	152	160
4 Dist.....	185	196	189	187	180	185	185	188	192	184	175	183
5 Dist.....	118	119	122	119	117	118	117	118	119	119	114	118
6 Dist.....	213	225	219	208	211	215	204	213	217	209	213	217
7 Dist.....	133	135	133	132	131	130	131	128	134	130	124	130
8 Dist.....	231	235	237	227	234	234	231	233	233	230	227	233
9 Dist.....	224	236	235	232	231	231	230	230	230	227	227	227
10 Dist.....	242	242	242	242	236	243	239	239	239	235	228	237
11 Dist.....	164	164	163	164	162	161	164	169	164	163	159	164
12 Dist.....	96	102	102	99	95	104	99	96	100	95	100	94
13 Dist.....	110	112	112	113	112	113	113	113	112	109	110	112
14 Dist.....	172	174	178	174	175	177	179	174	175	173	168	176
15 Dist.....	219	225	223	219	212	215	219	214	216	211	196	211
Total, 16 Ward.....	2483	2544	2542	2495	2474	2512	2486	2493	2518	2453	2395	2478
Total, Newark.....	20354	21405	20819	20547	20429	20650	20611	20567	20782	20355	19705	20201

ELECTION RETURNS.

Assembly—Republican

	Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
Belleville—1 Ward,	49	52	50	51	49	51	53	51	51	49	48	50
2 Dist.....	137	140	138	140	137	144	135	139	137	138	130	134
3 Dist.....	56	57	57	60	57	60	59	56	55	56	56	59
2 Ward,	54	58	54	55	54	57	54	55	56	54	54	54
1 Dist.....	79	78	77	79	77	79	77	76	75	76	74	74
2 Dist.....	69	71	73	73	72	72	71	72	71	70	70	67
3 Dist.....	128	131	127	129	127	127	129	128	125	126	116	124
1 Ward,	111	117	117	116	113	117	117	114	114	113	104	116
2 Dist.....												
Total, Belleville.....	683	704	693	703	686	707	695	691	684	683	652	678
Bloomfield—1 Ward,	132	129	132	133	129	115	131	131	129	129	123	130
2 Dist.....	140	148	136	145	141	158	143	139	134	141	131	137
3 Dist.....	191	193	187	187	194	194	191	189	183	185	180	190
2 Ward,	142	143	141	142	141	144	142	143	139	145	134	142
1 Dist.....	171	174	169	173	170	182	174	172	166	169	161	170
2 Dist.....	50	49	51	50	50	49	51	49	51	48	49	48
3 Dist.....	64	63	63	63	63	67	64	64	63	63	63	63
4 Dist.....	104	102	103	102	102	104	102	105	103	103	103	103
3 Ward,	107	107	106	107	108	109	109	110	108	109	105	108
1 Dist.....	118	118	119	118	118	124	119	117	118	118	119	118
2 Dist.....	142	148	146	143	145	132	143	143	142	144	136	140
3 Dist.....												
4 Dist.....												
Total, Bloomfield.....	1361	1374	1353	1363	1361	1378	1369	1362	1336	1354	1304	1349
Caldwell Township.....	89	89	89	88	87	88	88	88	88	88	86	86
Caldwell Borough—1 Dist.....	149	153	150	150	149	150	150	149	149	149	144	143
2 Dist.....	147	149	146	149	154	142	146	147	146	145	135	137
Cedar Grove Township.....	144	146	147	147	148	148	146	148	141	144	140	141
1 Dist.....	131	129	133	131	134	131	132	132	131	131	129	133
2 Dist.....	136	137	135	139	137	135	136	134	135	138	129	135
3 Dist.....	157	156	153	156	155	148	152	153	153	153	150	151
4 Dist.....	135	134	131	134	132	122	134	136	129	129	127	132

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican

ELECTION RETURNS.

521

	Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
East Orange—2 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	172	173	171	175	172	175	174	173	170	170	167	171
2 Dist.....	135	159	156	158	156	155	155	157	153	157	152	157
3 Dist.....	163	161	159	161	160	163	159	161	155	162	154	157
4 Dist.....	76	79	75	77	77	77	78	76	76	75	72	75
3 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	126	131	125	129	128	127	130	129	124	128	121	127
2 Dist.....	162	165	157	164	161	162	163	166	156	162	156	161
3 Dist.....	89	86	89	90	90	88	90	90	87	90	84	89
4 Dist.....	184	181	177	180	179	180	181	175	172	175	172	175
5 Dist.....	171	171	171	169	171	167	171	170	165	167	165	165
6 Dist.....	174	179	171	171	170	174	172	171	171	169	164	170
4 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	148	152	148	149	148	149	153	149	143	150	138	149
2 Dist.....	177	174	174	175	173	172	180	175	168	174	167	172
3 Dist.....	115	118	113	112	114	117	118	113	111	104	110	115
4 Dist.....	121	124	120	121	122	122	126	123	120	124	116	120
5 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	169	168	165	169	168	172	172	166	166	172	166	171
2 Dist.....	103	101	102	98	102	103	104	106	103	102	97	102
3 Dist.....	193	187	188	191	188	191	190	190	187	190	188	194
4 Dist.....	156	154	153	154	158	158	156	154	150	153	148	155
5 Dist.....	193	193	194	198	191	190	191	192	188	191	186	188
6 Dist.....	219	226	221	228	219	225	223	225	218	223	214	221
7 Dist.....	132	133	133	138	134	136	135	137	131	132	129	133
Total, East Orange.....	3757	3771	3714	3767	3735	3739	3775	3753	3662	3725	3601	3718
Essex Falls Borough.....	74	75	73	73	77	73	74	73	71	73	67	66
Glen Ridge Borough—1 Dist.....	126	126	125	129	126	125	128	128	124	128	126	128
2 Dist.....	112	113	111	112	112	111	113	111	112	111	110	113
3 Dist.....	100	101	98	99	99	95	99	100	95	98	94	98
4 Dist.....	95	97	92	93	92	93	93	93	93	93	93	95
Irvington—1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	161	164	162	162	161	163	164	164	164	163	153	162
2 Dist.....	205	206	208	204	205	205	207	205	203	202	194	201
3 Dist.....	123	123	122	124	121	125	124	124	121	123	115	127

ELECTION RETURNS.

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican													
	Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.	
Irvington—2 Ward, 1 Dist..... 3 Ward, 1 Dist..... 2 Dist..... 3 Dist.....	170	167	171	168	167	169	171	172	171	171	165	167	
	176	178	182	176	175	177	180	175	186	175	178	163	
	120	115	124	121	123	123	124	124	122	122	114	121	
	123	122	123	124	125	125	123	124	125	123	118	122	
	163	165	166	167	163	165	164	165	163	164	154	165	
Total, Irvington..... Livingston Township..... Millburn Township—1 Dist..... 2 Dist..... 3 Dist.....	174	184	184	180	180	183	181	179	180	181	176	179	
	133	135	140	134	134	138	129	137	136	132	124	132	
	1549	1559	1582	1560	1554	1571	1567	1569	1571	1556	1491	1545	
	122	122	122	122	122	121	121	121	121	122	120	116	
	94	97	96	98	95	94	95	94	98	94	96	97	
Montclair—1 Ward, 1 Dist..... 2 Dist..... 3 Dist..... 2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	109	112	107	107	112	110	108	106	101	107	102	108	
	186	192	185	193	189	187	189	189	180	188	181	189	
	99	100	100	100	100	98	100	100	98	100	95	98	
	115	115	112	116	114	116	113	111	110	113	104	112	
	129	131	131	132	132	133	132	130	125	125	125	129	
3 Ward, 1 Dist..... 2 Dist..... 3 Dist..... 2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	120	120	119	122	125	125	123	124	122	123	121	124	
	129	136	126	128	132	132	131	128	125	127	120	123	
	134	139	136	139	139	139	140	136	134	134	134	137	
	137	138	136	136	137	133	136	138	133	137	130	136	
	83	84	84	83	83	81	83	83	82	82	84	83	
4 Ward, 1 Dist..... 2 Dist..... 3 Dist..... 5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	121	123	112	116	120	119	115	118	113	115	106	110	
	130	134	133	135	135	136	135	133	131	131	127	127	
	106	106	110	107	106	107	107	106	105	104	103	102	
	151	156	145	153	152	150	151	151	144	148	140	149	
	91	92	90	88	88	91	87	89	84	84	78	81	
Total, Montclair.....	84	87	83	86	86	86	85	85	72	80	69	74	
	1815	1853	1802	1834	1838	1833	1827	1821	1758	1791	1717	1774	

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican

	Barradale.	Berry.	Buehler.	Crosby.	DeCamp.	Gilbert.	Johnson.	Pilgrim.	Schoen.	Scudder.	Silberman.	Titus.
North Caldwell Borough.....	46	46	45	46	47	46	46	45	44	48	44	43
Nutley—1 Ward.....	193	196	188	193	185	192	192	190	187	187	180	187
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	91	94	90	95	91	93	91	88	87	87	86	87
2 Ward, 2 Dist.....	139	141	137	140	137	142	139	139	137	138	133	135
3 Ward.....	151	152	149	150	149	149	151	152	150	151	142	141
Total, Nutley.....	574	583	564	578	562	576	573	569	561	563	541	550
Orange—1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	112	106	106	106	109	106	107	105	105	103	104	104
2 Dist.....	69	70	69	70	72	71	71	69	70	70	68	69
3 Dist.....	81	82	82	80	81	81	80	81	79	78	80	80
4 Dist.....	102	104	104	105	103	104	105	104	103	104	100	98
5 Dist.....	110	108	106	107	109	108	108	107	107	107	105	106
6 Dist.....	57	59	59	61	58	57	59	57	58	58	52	53
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	72	74	70	70	69	72	69	69	68	70	70	67
2 Dist.....	118	108	105	104	104	103	104	103	101	104	100	104
3 Dist.....	112	106	106	103	104	104	105	104	103	105	98	103
4 Dist.....	62	64	61	63	63	61	61	65	61	61	60	62
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	92	88	74	88	87	87	86	87	85	81	65	70
2 Dist.....	78	77	74	74	74	75	75	73	71	73	66	70
3 Dist.....	75	76	77	75	78	78	76	76	75	75	72	73
4 Dist.....	103	100	91	98	99	98	99	99	98	98	93	93
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	139	137	135	137	136	135	136	136	135	138	133	134
2 Dist.....	55	54	54	50	50	46	48	48	49	50	48	46
3 Dist.....	54	50	50	47	48	46	48	48	46	47	47	49
4 Dist.....	36	30	28	28	28	29	29	28	28	28	27	28
5 Dist.....	81	73	74	73	71	75	73	74	71	74	68	70
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	109	102	97	100	101	101	99	97	92	95	94	96
2 Dist.....	93	95	94	96	93	95	95	96	93	93	93	96
3 Dist.....	66	65	63	64	65	62	64	64	64	63	64	63
Total, Orange.....	1876	1828	1777	1799	1802	1797	1797	1791	1762	1775	1708	1734

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

	—Assembly—	
	Porch, Dem.	West, Rep.
Clayton Borough—1 Dist.....	34	70
2 Dist.....	27	88
Deptford Township—1 Dist.....	49	72
2 Dist.....	34	62
East Greenwich Township.....	47	103
Elk Township.....	31	61
Franklin Township—1 Dist.....	76	146
2 Dist.....	84	112
Glassboro Township—1 Dist.....	63	194
2 Dist.....	63	123
Greenwich Township.....	83	107
Harrison Township—1 Dist.....	33	110
2 Dist.....	29	100
Logan Township.....	40	144
Mantua Township—1 Dist.....	86	98
2 Dist.....	57	78
Monroe Township—1 Dist.....	100	99
2 Dist.....	84	101
National Park Borough.....	9	68
Paulsboro Borough—1 Dist.....	51	127
2 Dist.....	50	107
Pitman Borough—1 Dist.....	95	101
2 Dist.....	115	147
South Harrison Township.....	18	76
Swedesboro Borough—1 Dist.....	48	115
2 Dist.....	43	125
Washington Township—1 Dist.....	67	41
2 Dist.....	55	79
West Deptford Township—1 Dist.....	21	77
2 Dist.....	27	55
Wenonah Borough.....	82	89
Westville Borough—1 Dist.....	45	106
2 Dist.....	45	109
Woodbury City—1 Ward.....	42	96
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	44	154
2 Dist.....	38	47
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	34	90
2 Dist.....	31	70
Total, Woodbury City.....	189	467
Woodbury Heights Borough.....	23	38
Woolwich Township.....	47	93
Total Vote, County.....	2050	3878

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 1479; Soc., 201.

HUDSON COUNTY.

Assembly—Democratic

	Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhle.	Moore.	Simpson.
Bayonne—1 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	64	70	65	66	65	66	64	62	63	59	65	65
2 Dist.....	76	83	78	79	79	80	78	75	77	76	78	74
3 Dist.....	96	107	100	102	100	118	101	97	101	99	99	98
4 Dist.....	192	200	194	193	196	202	195	189	197	182	191	186
5 Dist.....	174	192	174	181	188	189	183	173	181	160	172	178
6 Dist.....	219	228	220	217	224	228	220	209	219	189	198	201
7 Dist.....	210	217	210	214	216	237	211	204	212	197	206	206
2 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	202	218	199	196	199	214	196	195	194	193	193	200
2 Dist.....	135	139	131	133	134	142	130	129	129	131	127	132
3 Dist.....	115	117	115	116	118	118	112	114	112	112	113	114
4 Dist.....	118	119	117	119	119	119	119	117	118	116	113	111
5 Dist.....	109	109	107	106	109	106	103	106	104	108	105	104
6 Dist.....	67	74	63	63	63	64	65	63	65	67	64	69
7 Dist.....	138	147	140	141	138	147	141	139	138	135	140	140
3 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	81	89	89	87	86	87	83	85	87	93	91	91
2 Dist.....	70	78	74	71	71	71	69	69	70	82	73	74
3 Dist.....	72	78	75	76	76	73	75	72	75	77	76	72
4 Dist.....	79	80	76	75	74	75	74	74	73	94	79	77
5 Dist.....	77	75	75	75	72	76	72	75	72	98	80	77
6 Dist.....	110	116	115	110	109	110	108	110	104	111	110	110
7 Dist.....	177	182	180	175	178	176	173	171	172	183	173	174
4 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	149	158	149	152	156	158	154	152	153	147	152	138
2 Dist.....	134	137	134	138	135	139	136	134	135	127	131	130
3 Dist.....	66	69	66	68	68	70	67	66	69	64	64	63
4 Dist.....	125	136	125	131	130	136	126	120	132	118	123	119
5 Dist.....	75	76	73	74	76	78	73	70	72	68	68	69
6 Dist.....	56	55	56	56	56	56	55	55	55	54	53	52
7 Dist.....	164	169	168	167	168	169	162	164	162	163	158	159
8 Dist.....	114	117	116	116	114	118	113	112	114	112	111	109
9 Dist.....	120	125	122	120	125	126	123	122	123	127	123	123
Total, Bayonne.....	3584	3769	3606	3617	3639	3748	3583	3521	3580	3542	3529	3519

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
	Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhlike.	Moore.		Simpson.
East Newark—1 Dist.....	90	92	71	92	92	91	92	89	90	85	93	94	94
2 Dist.....	73	76	76	76	79	76	81	74	78	79	74	73	73
Guttenberg—1 Dist.....	192	197	197	193	194	194	191	195	188	196	192	191	191
2 Dist.....	187	193	190	187	186	189	190	188	188	182	186	177	177
3 Dist.....	129	135	139	135	135	135	131	137	133	139	134	128	128
Harrison—1 Ward.....	205	210	207	208	207	207	214	207	202	183	208	199	199
2 Ward.....	147	147	149	144	149	151	153	145	147	121	147	148	148
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	58	57	57	59	58	59	66	57	60	52	56	58	58
2 Dist.....	83	84	82	83	84	83	91	84	83	78	83	82	82
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	86	80	84	91	93	91	90	83	92	70	86	88	88
2 Dist.....	111	118	115	115	117	118	117	111	112	100	110	107	107
3 Dist.....	171	181	176	179	176	178	184	165	172	137	170	167	167
Total, Harrison.....	656	887	870	879	884	887	915	852	868	741	860	849	849
Hoboken—1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	125	130	127	129	126	124	122	129	124	123	125	126	126
2 Dist.....	78	80	80	78	81	78	80	79	78	83	78	78	78
3 Dist.....	87	90	93	87	92	89	89	92	89	88	91	86	86
4 Dist.....	110	119	116	111	107	109	112	113	111	107	115	108	108
5 Dist.....	70	78	75	74	73	76	75	77	78	76	80	78	78
6 Dist.....	80	83	81	79	80	80	79	83	80	82	81	80	80
7 Dist.....	70	74	76	71	73	71	73	72	71	71	70	71	71
8 Dist.....	95	96	97	97	95	97	95	94	95	98	100	94	94
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	87	93	91	88	82	87	87	91	87	86	88	87	87
2 Dist.....	73	84	80	79	73	77	78	78	77	81	87	80	80
3 Dist.....	77	82	85	81	80	77	79	82	80	80	84	79	79
4 Dist.....	106	128	123	123	112	114	113	118	113	121	132	123	123
5 Dist.....	60	73	63	57	59	58	59	66	60	67	68	69	69
6 Dist.....	100	109	102	101	103	100	100	100	103	98	100	99	99
7 Dist.....	112	121	115	116	111	111	111	113	114	120	129	121	121

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
		Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhle.	Moore.	Simpson.
Hoboken—3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	133	137	135	134	131	135	136	135	135	130	134	134
	2 Dist.....	65	73	72	66	69	71	71	70	70	66	69	65
	3 Dist.....	115	120	117	120	114	118	118	119	114	109	123	119
	4 Dist.....	125	130	123	123	124	127	125	124	123	120	126	121
	5 Dist.....	126	126	126	125	124	126	126	125	121	116	126	122
	6 Dist.....	101	103	102	103	103	102	104	102	103	103	102	100
	7 Dist.....	143	140	139	140	137	140	140	139	140	136	140	135
	8 Dist.....	135	145	137	136	136	136	137	134	134	136	133	133
	9 Dist.....	78	79	77	79	79	78	78	78	78	77	77	75
	10 Dist.....	81	84	81	80	80	83	81	82	80	80	80	81
4 Ward,	1 Dist.....	45	46	47	48	48	48	46	47	45	45	45	45
	2 Dist.....	67	68	67	68	69	68	69	67	68	66	69	64
	3 Dist.....	73	78	77	76	78	75	77	75	77	72	75	71
	4 Dist.....	114	116	119	116	112	117	117	118	116	113	116	113
	5 Dist.....	79	81	83	81	82	80	81	83	79	79	81	81
	6 Dist.....	96	97	97	96	95	95	91	96	91	89	95	91
	7 Dist.....	96	98	97	97	95	96	95	95	95	93	94	93
	8 Dist.....	99	101	101	103	100	100	99	101	98	100	97	95
	9 Dist.....	88	85	89	87	86	85	87	85	86	85	86	83
	10 Dist.....	70	71	70	64	66	63	64	66	64	64	62	58
5 Ward,	11 Dist.....	91	93	96	89	90	93	91	91	89	89	91	90
	1 Dist.....	137	143	144	137	140	137	136	138	136	132	141	145
	2 Dist.....	158	167	165	163	161	162	164	158	154	160	176	159
	3 Dist.....	155	164	160	157	158	154	160	160	158	151	169	162
	4 Dist.....	107	111	107	107	107	106	110	107	105	108	115	105
	5 Dist.....	104	110	108	108	111	109	111	106	110	104	110	108
	6 Dist.....	90	100	94	91	93	94	94	96	94	93	98	94
	7 Dist.....	119	129	127	124	121	122	123	127	124	123	136	120
	8 Dist.....	72	83	78	76	69	73	73	77	74	76	87	79
	9 Dist.....	149	152	149	147	147	150	149	151	150	146	151	149
Total, Hoboken.....		4441	4670	4588	4512	4472	4491	4505	4539	4471	4442	4632	4469

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													ELECTION RETURNS.													529	
Jersey City — 1 Ward,																											
1 Ward,	1 Dist.	Aaron.		Agnew.		Brackner.		Carroll.		Dolan.		Dugan.		Dunn, Jr.		Felten.		Gannon.		Kuhlike.		Moore.		Simpson.			
		89	94	119	110	93	88	93	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90		
		105	119	170	173	169	100	108	112	170	170	170	170	169	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170	170		
		126	128	125	117	127	117	127	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126	126		
		197	197	195	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194	193	194		
		102	106	104	101	105	106	104	101	104	101	104	101	104	101	104	101	104	101	104	101	104	101	104	101		
		158	168	158	162	165	162	165	163	163	163	163	163	162	163	162	163	162	163	162	163	162	163	162	163		
		168	168	167	167	165	167	165	163	163	163	163	163	162	163	162	163	162	163	162	163	162	163	162	163		
		93	89	91	92	91	92	91	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89		
		1208	1239	1217	1190	1217	1190	1217	1213	1213	1213	1213	1203	1203	1198	1203	1203	1066	1188	1188	1181	1181	1181	1181	1181		
Total, 1 Ward,																											
2 Ward,	1 Dist.	170	188	169	155	174	155	174	176	176	176	176	176	174	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176	176		
		103	108	106	98	107	98	107	106	106	106	106	106	105	106	106	106	106	106	103	105	105	106	106	106		
		175	189	167	141	177	141	177	177	177	177	177	177	180	171	175	175	175	175	134	173	173	173	173	173		
		99	114	96	86	109	86	109	107	107	107	107	107	108	101	102	102	102	102	67	99	99	99	99	99		
		111	114	114	108	115	108	115	113	113	113	113	113	112	109	113	113	113	113	97	112	112	110	110	110		
		208	219	220	144	215	144	215	215	215	215	215	215	215	215	214	214	214	214	112	203	203	201	201	201		
		154	162	155	151	165	151	165	163	163	163	163	163	167	161	162	162	162	162	149	154	154	156	156	156		
		154	161	152	152	159	152	159	153	153	153	153	153	155	155	154	154	154	154	140	156	156	153	153	153		
		137	140	140	120	139	120	139	140	140	140	140	140	140	139	139	139	139	139	115	139	139	138	138	138		
		105	107	105	89	112	89	112	111	111	111	111	111	112	108	110	110	110	110	95	106	106	105	105	105		
Total, 2 Ward,																											
3 Ward,	1 Dist.	1416	1502	1424	1244	1472	1244	1472	1461	1461	1461	1461	1468	1468	1431	1449	1449	1449	1162	1414	1414	1413	1413	1413	1413		
		150	164	160	148	154	148	154	156	156	156	156	156	157	157	150	153	153	153	135	154	154	150	150	150		
		116	126	119	101	122	101	122	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	118	120	120	120	109	118	118	120	120	120		
		163	161	161	161	166	161	166	164	164	164	164	164	164	163	161	161	161	161	157	159	159	156	156	156		
		152	174	155	141	156	141	156	171	171	171	171	171	164	164	161	169	169	169	137	165	165	158	158	158		
		131	139	136	125	143	125	143	140	140	140	140	140	137	137	134	137	137	137	121	131	131	127	127	127		
		119	132	120	111	122	111	122	119	119	119	119	119	122	122	122	123	123	123	111	120	120	125	125	125		
		132	143	138	125	137	125	137	131	131	131	131	131	132	132	135	135	135	135	125	134	134	136	136	136		
		1416	1502	1424	1244	1472	1244	1472	1461	1461	1461	1461	1468	1468	1431	1449	1449	1449	1162	1414	1414	1413	1413	1413	1413		
		150	164	160	148	154	148	154	156	156	156	156	156	157	157	150	153	153	153	135	154	154	150	150	150		

ELECTION RETURNS.

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
	Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kulike.	Moore.	Simpson.	
Jersey City — 3 Ward, 8 Dist.....	101	103	102	101	101	102	101	103	103	97	100	100	
9 Dist.....	91	94	91	90	92	92	90	92	90	88	91	90	
Total, 3 Ward.....	1155	1236	1182	1103	1193	1196	1188	1178	1191	1080	1172	1162	
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	76	78	78	77	76	77	77	76	77	73	75	78	
2 Dist.....	141	146	143	141	146	145	143	141	143	137	143	137	
3 Dist.....	133	137	137	133	137	135	136	135	135	123	126	132	
4 Dist.....	131	144	140	133	136	138	136	133	137	110	134	126	
5 Dist.....	146	168	148	121	150	154	154	145	150	95	139	140	
6 Dist.....	121	133	129	103	126	128	128	126	127	85	129	126	
7 Dist.....	99	111	112	99	111	112	113	110	110	94	111	107	
8 Dist.....	175	180	180	166	177	181	181	180	179	167	177	176	
9 Dist.....	148	158	151	137	152	156	151	151	153	131	138	153	
10 Dist.....	117	125	117	103	117	117	118	116	117	108	117	116	
Total, 4 Ward.....	1287	1380	1335	1213	1328	1344	1337	1313	1328	1123	1289	1291	
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	131	140	131	128	133	133	132	129	130	123	131	134	
2 Dist.....	94	93	93	93	93	94	91	91	91	88	89	91	
3 Dist.....	45	46	45	45	45	45	45	46	45	43	45	43	
4 Dist.....	53	55	53	53	54	53	53	53	54	49	52	55	
5 Dist.....	148	144	148	141	149	147	148	143	144	120	134	130	
6 Dist.....	97	104	102	98	106	102	102	98	102	93	101	100	
7 Dist.....	161	171	168	150	170	165	166	166	166	127	162	159	
8 Dist.....	85	88	85	85	88	87	85	84	85	52	82	82	
Total, 5 Ward.....	814	841	828	793	838	826	822	810	817	695	796	803	
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....	132	135	134	134	135	135	135	135	135	129	136	131	
2 Dist.....	144	144	148	145	145	143	141	145	150	145	146	146	
3 Dist.....	59	66	61	64	68	71	67	62	65	57	60	64	
4 Dist.....	74	70	76	75	78	77	76	75	77	68	71	73	

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic												
Jersey City — 6 Ward,												
5 Dist.....	Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhlike.	Moore.	Simpson.
6 Dist.....	73	81	77	76	82	79	80	74	80	75	77	75
7 Dist.....	60	62	62	59	62	61	61	60	61	57	60	59
8 Dist.....	124	99	124	119	121	123	121	123	124	120	124	121
9 Dist.....	122	125	126	117	123	124	121	121	123	131	124	120
10 Dist.....	86	83	86	79	87	88	85	91	91	87	88	91
11 Dist.....	81	92	89	79	88	87	87	83	88	77	82	82
12 Dist.....	74	76	76	72	72	73	74	70	75	70	70	73
13 Dist.....	146	145	146	147	146	147	146	146	145	138	142	143
Total, 6 Ward.....	1175	1178	1205	1166	1207	1203	1194	1185	1214	1154	1180	1178
7 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	145	149	142	129	146	144	146	142	146	135	146	143
2 Dist.....	143	141	139	131	141	140	138	135	134	129	132	134
3 Dist.....	141	139	141	134	140	141	142	141	138	125	138	136
4 Dist.....	119	118	120	115	114	115	113	110	111	112	109	112
5 Dist.....	112	104	114	108	110	108	107	107	105	108	103	103
6 Dist.....	107	107	112	104	108	109	108	109	107	100	107	108
7 Dist.....	210	191	182	177	182	180	179	186	186	184	182	180
8 Dist.....	118	116	116	113	118	115	114	114	115	118	117	114
9 Dist.....	135	140	136	131	129	129	128	129	131	130	132	126
10 Dist.....	162	164	168	159	159	161	159	164	163	158	167	163
11 Dist.....	187	200	197	187	194	197	198	192	202	188	196	192
12 Dist.....	137	144	142	136	140	140	141	140	143	141	141	140
13 Dist.....	171	187	173	171	171	167	173	174	177	173	174	172
14 Dist.....	101	103	103	99	100	104	102	104	100	99	106	105
15 Dist.....	173	178	176	169	193	195	172	172	173	179	170	177
16 Dist.....	134	143	143	133	140	138	142	139	140	132	140	137
17 Dist.....	56	63	59	56	59	56	58	56	58	57	58	60
Total, 7 Ward.....	2351	2387	2369	2252	2344	2320	2320	2314	2322	2208	2318	2302

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
Jersey City — 8 Ward,													
		Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhlke.	Moore.	Simpson.
1 Dist.....		88	95	91	87	87	89	89	92	91	96	94	93
2 Dist.....		115	120	119	112	118	117	116	119	120	113	114	118
3 Dist.....		83	86	87	83	84	83	84	86	87	95	86	89
4 Dist.....		89	90	93	91	91	90	90	88	89	89	92	88
5 Dist.....		144	151	149	145	142	142	143	141	142	148	143	139
6 Dist.....		62	74	72	66	64	66	65	68	67	77	66	68
7 Dist.....		123	141	129	125	128	123	126	127	128	126	122	126
8 Dist.....		135	146	144	142	144	139	137	140	142	134	140	138
9 Dist.....		108	111	116	105	113	110	108	104	111	103	105	106
10 Dist.....		113	116	113	110	111	112	110	111	111	101	112	113
11 Dist.....		93	96	95	94	96	96	95	94	96	85	96	94
12 Dist.....		76	81	83	73	79	79	78	76	76	79	80	79
13 Dist.....		99	105	107	101	105	101	102	105	107	92	101	99
14 Dist.....		116	122	122	116	120	119	120	116	118	122	126	129
15 Dist.....		127	134	130	127	131	132	127	124	130	134	128	132
16 Dist.....		174	184	176	172	177	179	180	170	175	163	178	180
17 Dist.....		84	91	92	86	85	86	88	88	89	85	93	92
18 Dist.....		86	87	88	81	84	88	85	82	88	88	90	89
19 Dist.....		111	126	120	112	115	114	112	111	117	106	120	115
20 Dist.....		114	125	118	113	121	120	118	113	123	114	120	121
Total, 8 Ward.....		2140	2281	2244	2141	2195	2185	2173	2155	2207	2150	2206	2208
9 Ward,													
1 Dist.....		116	133	120	117	117	128	127	126	128	122	123	127
2 Dist.....		91	96	95	84	92	94	93	85	90	94	92	93
3 Dist.....		119	134	130	119	134	130	130	118	130	121	131	134
4 Dist.....		63	70	67	60	64	64	63	66	61	53	67	67
5 Dist.....		173	180	177	171	174	176	178	171	172	155	174	170
6 Dist.....		107	128	114	106	116	114	112	107	115	115	115	113
7 Dist.....		106	109	108	110	99	110	109	107	108	107	111	118
8 Dist.....		123	129	129	121	126	122	124	121	123	110	117	124
9 Dist.....		110	123	111	102	113	112	114	113	110	107	116	117
10 Dist.....		107	117	115	103	116	114	115	110	111	104	116	116

ELECTION RETURNS.

533

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
		Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhlke.	Moore.	Simpson.
Jersey City—9 Ward,	11 Dist.....	80	89	88	80	83	83	82	83	81	84	86	85
	12 Dist.....	75	81	81	78	79	80	80	81	76	80	75	77
	13 Dist.....	72	74	69	76	72	72	72	69	74	73	80	80
	14 Dist.....	101	105	104	101	100	98	100	98	99	110	102	100
	15 Dist.....	88	96	90	90	92	92	94	92	95	77	88	85
	16 Dist.....	112	119	116	106	110	111	112	108	115	102	116	109
	Total, 9 Ward.....	1643	1783	1714	1624	1687	1700	1705	1655	1689	1614	1709	1715
	10 Ward,												
	1 Dist.....	100	104	102	99	105	102	103	102	103	96	104	104
	2 Dist.....	148	158	152	146	154	155	153	151	153	139	148	152
	3 Dist.....	179	189	189	188	188	192	191	185	189	174	183	193
	4 Dist.....	125	128	127	121	123	123	123	123	132	126	109	125
	5 Dist.....	166	169	166	154	166	168	164	162	164	142	163	166
	6 Dist.....	172	180	184	176	181	180	180	180	178	176	174	171
	7 Dist.....	124	131	129	126	126	124	124	121	127	123	126	128
	8 Dist.....	128	132	131	128	127	128	129	129	131	124	127	132
9 Dist.....	96	100	97	96	99	101	97	97	96	97	94	98	
10 Dist.....	103	107	107	105	105	105	105	105	104	105	100	107	
11 Dist.....	180	195	186	175	181	185	180	180	186	180	160	181	
12 Dist.....	74	77	81	72	71	71	71	71	71	71	74	72	
13 Dist.....	113	110	109	107	111	111	111	110	112	110	106	109	
Total 10 Ward.....	1708	1780	1760	1693	1737	1745	1727	1727	1735	1728	1595	1714	1749
11 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	94	102	98	95	99	102	99	99	100	100	94	94	97
2 Dist.....	200	210	206	204	202	202	200	200	206	204	200	206	210
3 Dist.....	202	210	203	206	215	215	215	210	204	209	177	211	214
4 Dist.....	134	145	135	126	142	138	135	135	134	141	103	136	126
5 Dist.....	100	113	99	99	106	111	111	110	110	110	78	110	112
6 Dist.....	150	155	154	150	155	156	156	155	153	153	145	157	153
7 Dist.....	143	151	143	146	148	150	148	148	146	152	132	147	149
8 Dist.....	60	80	75	71	59	74	74	72	72	72	82	73	74
9 Dist.....	96	103	95	99	94	99	99	95	96	96	93	95	97

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

		Assembly—Democratic											
		Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhle.	Moore.	Simpson.
Jersey City—11 Ward,		110	120	122	110	109	110	109	113	110	113	115	120
10 Dist.....				137	116	125	123	122	127	120	120	125	129
11 Dist.....		117	123	80	81	79	82	80	86	81	74	83	83
12 Dist.....		80	83	99	89	86	89	84	89	88	97	88	87
13 Dist.....		84	92	110	102	99	100	103	104	100	107	104	106
14 Dist.....		100	105	124	82	75	75	77	75	77	76	74	77
15 Dist.....		78	76	89	95	95	100	101	103	102	104	107	105
16 Dist.....		97	109	114	84	78	82	80	85	78	86	83	78
17 Dist.....		81	83	94	98	99	100	97	98	97	91	102	98
18 Dist.....		98	102	103	65	68	67	68	65	67	73	71	68
19 Dist.....		66	71	77									
Total, 11 Ward....		2090	2233	2277	2108	2133	2175	2145	2166	2156	2045	2181	2183
12 Ward,		83	81	88	80	81	81	79	84	81	85	81	79
1 Dist.....													
2 Dist.....		106	119	118	104	101	100	102	112	99	118	116	113
3 Dist.....		87	86	90	81	82	83	81	84	84	86	87	90
4 Dist.....		126	142	149	132	129	127	127	131	128	146	136	135
5 Dist.....		76	81	80	78	77	79	77	78	78	81	78	76
6 Dist.....		97	113	115	103	99	96	97	104	98	118	108	106
7 Dist.....		97	104	105	101	101	101	96	104	100	105	102	103
8 Dist.....		99	107	109	99	94	98	96	102	101	108	104	111
9 Dist.....		82	85	86	86	88	84	85	86	85	88	86	88
10 Dist.....		139	149	152	137	139	137	138	142	141	138	144	141
11 Dist.....		95	106	104	95	94	96	97	100	94	95	96	95
12 Dist.....		99	106	111	101	99	97	100	99	100	104	100	101
13 Dist.....		111	109	119	107	106	105	103	108	103	114	113	111
14 Dist.....		98	108	107	99	97	99	98	101	101	107	101	103
15 Dist.....		109	129	123	122	122	123	124	112	119	127	119	123
16 Dist.....		98	109	108	104	103	102	99	100	99	105	102	98
Total, 12 Ward....		1602	1734	1764	1629	1612	1608	1599	1647	1611	1725	1673	1673
Total, Jersey City.....		18589	19574	19319	18156	18963	19000	18881	18787	18922	17677	18840	18853

ELECTION RETURNS.

535

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic														
		Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felton.	Gannon.	Kublike.	Moore.	Simpson.	
Kearny—1 Ward, 2 Ward, 3 Ward, 4 Ward,	1 Dist.....	39	39	38	40	39	39	41	38	38	38	38	38	
	2 Dist.....	53	53	50	54	51	52	63	50	52	44	52	53	
	3 Dist.....	85	84	83	85	85	86	94	83	85	80	85	81	
	1 Dist.....	59	62	62	62	62	62	68	61	60	62	61	61	
	2 Dist.....	94	95	92	93	93	92	105	89	90	93	92	97	
	3 Dist.....	94	96	98	97	95	98	99	93	92	96	94	96	
	1 Dist.....	52	54	52	52	53	52	52	50	52	50	51	53	
	2 Dist.....	51	53	52	51	51	49	51	48	48	50	52	52	
	3 Dist.....	45	45	46	45	45	46	54	44	44	44	48	48	
	1 Dist.....	57	57	57	57	59	57	58	58	54	56	51	56	
	2 Dist.....	42	46	44	44	44	43	46	42	43	42	46	44	
	3 Dist.....	42	45	43	44	43	44	46	46	41	42	42	44	
Total, Kearny														
North Bergen Twp.—1 Ward, 2 Dist.. 3 Dist.. 4 Dist.. 5 Dist.. 2 Ward, 3 Dist.. 4 Dist.. 3 Ward, 2 Dist.. 3 Dist.. 4 Dist..	1 Dist.....	713	729	717	724	720	720	773	694	701	696	716	723	
	1 Dist.. 2 Dist.. 3 Dist.. 4 Dist.. 5 Dist.. 2 Ward, 3 Dist.. 4 Dist.. 3 Ward, 2 Dist.. 3 Dist.. 4 Dist..	122 105 193 145 152 103 147 179 107 149 153 177	139 115 199 152 153 121 154 180 111 152 155 175	133 111 200 149 154 128 150 183 109 150 154 175	126 107 195 145 154 124 106 179 110 148 175 175	125 107 195 143 153 122 106 179 110 147 154 174	125 102 195 143 152 122 106 179 110 145 154 173	125 103 195 143 151 123 106 179 110 146 154 174	125 106 198 140 153 123 107 146 149 153 175	125 106 202 148 151 125 108 147 180 109 153 175	125 104 203 150 153 126 112 148 181 109 153 175	125 132 204 150 153 126 112 148 180 109 153 175	127 129 202 148 151 125 104 179 106 151 125 108 174 106 152 175	
	Total, North Bergen Twp.....													
	Secaucus Bor.—1 Dist.. 2 Dist.....	1 Dist.....	1853	1919	1904	1871	1864	1854	1856	1869	1864	1909	1885	1871
		2 Dist.....	140	140	149	145	139	138	139	148	141	148	142	142
	Total.....													

ELECTION RETURNS.

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic														
	Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kuhle.	Moore.	Simpson.		
Town of Union—1 Ward, 2 Ward, 3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	195	197	198	194	191	196	197	200	196	204	197	188	
	2 Dist.....	146	151	156	149	146	145	144	150	143	160	146	146	
	3 Dist.....	114	145	127	117	112	111	115	118	111	131	120	121	
	2 Ward,	125	136	132	127	127	126	123	133	129	133	132	131	
	1 Dist.....	144	149	149	142	144	142	142	148	143	155	145	140	
	2 Dist.....	129	149	141	130	129	127	126	130	125	136	133	133	
	3 Dist.....	138	144	145	139	133	135	135	140	131	155	139	143	
	4 Dist.....	169	171	172	169	165	170	168	168	166	149	168	164	
	3 Ward,	138	157	147	139	140	139	140	147	139	150	143	146	
	2 Dist.....	140	159	149	139	139	142	140	147	139	152	140	138	
	3 Dist.....	127	146	139	134	133	132	132	133	130	141	134	134	
	4 Dist.....	170	180	174	173	173	173	168	175	167	183	173	167	
	5 Dist.....	102	119	113	101	104	99	101	109	101	120	106	113	
	6 Dist.....													
Total, Town of Union.....	1837	2003	1942	1853	1836	1837	1831	1898	1820	1969	1876	1864		
Weehawken Twp.—1 Ward, 2 Ward, 3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	98	99	99	100	99	95	99	98	100	98	98	94	
	2 Dist...	158	158	159	159	157	158	157	156	157	155	158	158	
	2 Ward,	82	104	91	87	82	79	79	84	82	90	86	90	
	1 Dist...	86	105	93	89	84	83	85	90	84	93	89	92	
	2 Dist...	91	99	88	91	89	90	88	89	86	95	89	91	
	3 Dist...	138	156	145	145	142	138	141	144	141	148	143	148	
	3 Ward,	102	121	107	101	102	101	99	101	100	114	112	109	
	2 Dist...	163	174	172	167	163	161	167	167	167	193	169	171	
	3 Dist...	139	145	144	144	139	141	140	138	139	138	134	139	
	4 Dist...													
	Total, Weehawken Twp.....	1057	1161	1098	1083	1057	1046	1055	1067	1056	1124	1078	1092	
	West Hoboken—1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	111	121	124	114	112	112	109	117	111	114	114	114
		2 Dist.....	131	140	140	132	132	129	128	129	126	132	131	132
		3 Dist.....	167	169	174	166	164	169	164	170	170	172	169	171
4 Dist.....		148	164	156	150	152	151	149	155	150	160	149	154	
5 Dist.....		121	136	130	128	124	123	126	138	125	134	124	124	

ELECTION RETURNS.

537

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Democratic													
	Aaron.	Agnew.	Brackner.	Carroll.	Dolan.	Dugan.	Dunn, Jr.	Felten.	Gannon.	Kublike.	Moore.		Simpson.
West Hoboken—2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	135	142	146	137	142	134	134	137	133	144	136	143
	2 Dist.....	115	141	124	124	120	119	116	130	116	135	121	121
	3 Dist.....	150	165	154	153	150	153	153	157	157	159	158	158
	4 Dist.....	178	194	189	183	184	183	182	184	180	180	185	177
	5 Dist.....	134	135	144	135	136	139	137	143	138	137	142	136
	6 Dist.....	155	171	165	151	154	151	151	157	153	166	156	161
	7 Dist.....	83	97	90	87	85	86	87	88	86	90	87	87
	3 Ward,	148	172	161	151	155	148	149	158	148	163	149	148
	2 Dist.....	124	136	129	127	122	124	121	124	121	127	123	123
	3 Dist.....	180	199	187	179	179	179	179	178	177	187	180	181
Total, West Hoboken—1 Ward,	4 Dist.....	96	104	100	95	89	94	92	91	90	95	89	91
	5 Dist.....	149	170	160	151	148	149	148	152	149	160	150	150
	Total, West Hoboken.....	2325	2556	2473	2363	2348	2343	2325	2408	2330	2455	2364	2369
	West New York—1 Ward,	165	178	174	165	167	156	159	160	159	179	158	152
	2 Dist.....	75	82	81	78	77	74	76	80	76	88	78	78
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	169	181	181	175	174	174	173	174	170	184	170	163
	2 Dist.....	148	160	154	149	151	147	147	149	148	162	151	151
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	196	210	208	194	195	194	194	194	193	216	200	204
	2 Dist.....	178	188	180	172	170	170	170	173	171	191	168	168
Total, West New York.....	3 Dist.....	151	168	159	155	152	152	152	158	154	168	150	156
	4 Dist.....	149	158	149	153	149	145	142	144	142	155	145	143
	5 Dist.....	220	235	228	230	223	221	220	220	216	218	221	215
	6 Dist.....	149	160	162	159	157	157	154	152	154	154	155	156
	Total, West New York.....	1600	1720	1676	1630	1615	1590	1587	1604	1583	1715	1596	1586
Total Vote, County.....		37749	39895	39096	37595	38297	38414	32810	38151	38088	37185	38274	38083

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican

	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
Bayonne—1 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	37	41	39	36	34	38	37	39	40	37	36	39
2 Dist.....	51	52	54	50	48	48	52	50	52	51	46	51
3 Dist.....	55	55	57	52	52	51	49	56	64	54	50	54
4 Dist.....	50	54	61	55	63	54	67	59	65	54	52	52
5 Dist.....	27	29	42	30	43	32	50	35	40	32	30	29
6 Dist.....	35	47	53	37	61	46	66	39	60	41	42	38
7 Dist.....	43	43	50	45	47	43	57	48	51	44	46	42
2 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	64	65	67	64	63	66	67	64	66	64	61	60
2 Dist.....	35	43	45	41	38	38	37	37	44	39	32	36
3 Dist.....	49	54	55	50	50	57	50	51	55	51	51	54
4 Dist.....	25	36	37	27	28	27	31	31	38	29	28	37
5 Dist.....	57	73	79	56	58	57	57	56	66	59	58	75
6 Dist.....	54	62	63	51	51	52	52	50	56	53	50	59
7 Dist.....	50	62	63	50	53	52	54	52	67	53	49	59
3 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	99	119	118	102	101	98	99	110	122	107	105	126
2 Dist.....	91	110	113	88	85	83	84	84	110	92	86	112
3 Dist.....	67	84	84	71	62	66	67	73	85	76	70	86
4 Dist.....	101	146	142	103	97	97	91	96	139	107	103	143
5 Dist.....	106	156	154	106	96	99	93	99	152	103	96	150
6 Dist.....	106	142	142	103	101	100	98	102	145	105	100	135
7 Dist.....	116	146	145	113	107	108	110	115	149	119	111	145
4 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	39	47	46	40	43	40	45	42	53	44	42	43
2 Dist.....	25	24	30	24	27	24	31	23	24	26	23	21
3 Dist.....	12	13	13	12	14	13	14	13	11	12	11	11
4 Dist.....	15	16	18	14	18	14	22	15	20	14	18	15
5 Dist.....	35	34	38	36	35	35	35	37	37	33	34	34
5 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	12	12	12	10	11	10	12	10	11	10	11	10
2 Dist.....	39	40	40	35	39	39	41	39	41	40	39	39
3 Dist.....	32	37	38	31	31	32	33	34	34	29	34	34
4 Dist.....	100	127	122	100	99	99	94	102	129	103	101	120
Total, Bayonne.....	1627	1969	2020	1629	1655	1618	1696	1661	2026	1681	1615	1909

539

	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Felling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
East Newark—1 Dist.....	35	34	36	37	35	36	36	36	36	38	40	38
2 Dist.....	10	8	9	8	10	9	11	9	9	12	15	9
Guttenberg—1 Dist.....	30	35	35	33	30	32	31	32	39	33	30	36
2 Dist.....	25	33	34	27	28	27	31	29	36	28	23	34
3 Dist.....	24	31	31	24	23	22	24	24	32	26	27	27
Harrison—1 Ward	27	28	29	28	28	27	38	27	38	29	42	31
2 Ward	19	21	23	19	23	20	35	21	22	24	32	20
3 Ward	34	35	38	35	36	35	37	37	37	38	37	34
4 Ward	40	40	44	40	40	40	40	40	41	42	42	42
1 Dist.....	24	24	30	26	30	24	34	24	28	27	38	23
2 Dist.....	26	26	31	26	28	26	29	27	32	26	35	27
3 Dist.....	38	40	46	35	43	39	48	40	43	44	54	38
Total, Harrison.....	268	214	241	209	228	211	361	316	241	330	280	215
Hoboken—1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	25	29	26	27	29	25	25	32	25	24	25
2 Dist.....	35	40	39	36	36	40	34	39	42	37	38	37
3 Dist.....	21	26	22	21	20	24	22	26	27	23	24	26
4 Dist.....	42	45	44	40	39	45	46	42	53	45	40	42
5 Dist.....	19	21	23	19	20	19	22	21	22	19	19	19
6 Dist.....	32	32	31	29	26	27	27	22	27	23	29	29
7 Dist.....	41	44	44	40	37	40	42	38	43	41	40	42
8 Dist.....	28	33	35	28	29	31	37	27	32	26	25	28
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	29	30	25	27	31	28	28	34	27	26	28
2 Dist.....	48	52	54	52	50	53	53	54	62	52	48	47
3 Dist.....	59	64	63	58	57	60	61	59	64	60	60	59
4 Dist.....	87	104	97	87	84	92	95	92	106	94	89	96
5 Dist.....	55	64	64	56	55	62	63	61	70	59	54	61
6 Dist.....	46	57	62	49	49	47	53	49	60	52	48	57
7 Dist.....	95	108	106	98	95	100	93	99	111	99	95	101

ELECTION RETURNS.

Assembly—Republican

	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
Hoboken—3 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	27	30	31	28	30	30	36	31	33	31	29	32
2 Dist.....	27	40	42	28	34	32	44	36	48	38	32	36
3 Dist.....	40	45	41	38	40	39	56	40	44	39	38	45
4 Dist.....	22	24	26	21	22	21	28	22	25	23	21	23
5 Dist.....	8	8	9	7	9	7	28	8	9	7	7	7
6 Dist.....	15	16	17	13	15	14	16	15	16	17	17	17
7 Dist.....	23	26	27	24	24	24	27	23	26	23	22	23
8 Dist.....	35	37	39	36	37	35	40	37	40	34	38	29
9 Dist.....	29	33	33	31	31	29	31	29	32	31	31	32
10 Dist.....	36	36	37	36	37	36	38	37	36	36	36	35
4 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	51	53	53	54	52	51	50	52	51	50	49	49
2 Dist.....	24	27	24	24	24	26	28	27	27	26	25	26
3 Dist.....	16	18	18	15	19	16	22	15	23	16	19	17
4 Dist.....	39	39	40	36	35	37	41	36	44	38	36	35
5 Dist.....	22	24	24	22	23	25	25	23	26	24	22	26
6 Dist.....	22	24	24	23	23	26	28	20	26	21	19	20
7 Dist.....	14	14	15	14	16	15	15	16	16	15	15	13
8 Dist.....	15	16	17	14	14	16	16	13	18	15	15	17
9 Dist.....	19	20	18	19	21	21	22	18	23	19	21	20
10 Dist.....	9	11	11	8	8	12	12	10	9	8	15	14
11 Dist.....	24	27	27	24	26	25	27	25	30	27	25	27
5 Ward,												
1 Dist.....	61	75	67	66	61	66	68	63	78	67	62	64
2 Dist.....	69	80	73	65	66	66	113	67	80	72	72	75
3 Dist.....	57	72	75	61	61	66	70	61	75	61	63	63
4 Dist.....	64	75	76	61	61	67	69	63	85	62	66	71
5 Dist.....	48	53	50	46	49	47	62	49	52	48	50	52
6 Dist.....	39	46	48	36	38	42	43	38	47	42	44	45
7 Dist.....	45	50	52	43	45	47	57	49	56	52	46	49
8 Dist.....	77	80	88	77	68	77	76	75	86	80	74	80
9 Dist.....	34	38	40	32	32	33	37	34	39	32	31	38
Total, Hoboken.....	1669	1886	1884	1666	1672	1748	1923	1714	1985	1736	1699	1777

ELECTION RETURNS.

541

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican													
	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.	
Jersey City — 1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	22	23	24	21	21	19	19	25	20	22	22	
	2 Dist.....	20	18	21	18	21	19	19	21	19	20	18	
	3 Dist.....	12	13	14	13	11	11	11	13	12	9	12	
	4 Dist.....	9	10	11	10	12	9	16	11	11	12	10	
	5 Dist.....	9	8	8	8	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	
	6 Dist.....	19	22	23	22	27	21	22	21	27	21	22	
	7 Dist.....	36	36	41	36	38	34	42	38	49	35	37	
	8 Dist.....	23	22	24	21	31	21	25	20	26	22	22	
	9 Dist.....	23	23	25	24	25	23	25	25	27	25	25	
	Total, 1 Ward.....	173	175	191	173	193	164	193	170	208	171	229	
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	25	26	31	21	22	21	36	21	33	20	26	
	2 Dist.....	8	8	9	8	8	8	10	9	7	7	6	
	3 Dist.....	17	15	19	14	21	17	37	18	21	14	23	
	4 Dist.....	12	11	16	12	19	15	30	12	18	13	17	
	5 Dist.....	8	9	11	8	10	8	14	8	11	8	12	
	6 Dist.....	7	9	12	9	16	12	28	10	22	12	48	
	7 Dist.....	8	12	16	11	13	9	19	9	21	10	14	
	8 Dist.....	17	14	15	15	16	14	19	14	21	15	16	
	9 Dist.....	21	25	27	24	21	24	37	23	38	23	24	
	10 Dist.....	22	33	38	20	26	22	32	22	39	22	26	
Total, 2 Ward.....	145	162	194	142	172	150	262	146	233	144	218		
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	22	24	28	22	29	27	34	21	28	21	27	
	2 Dist.....	12	17	23	13	13	11	23	12	25	11	25	
	3 Dist.....	18	29	34	21	23	22	27	22	35	24	30	
	4 Dist.....	25	45	51	37	46	39	50	39	52	35	42	
	5 Dist.....	34	33	33	28	32	26	41	28	37	28	30	
	6 Dist.....	41	42	42	38	40	40	40	40	44	39	44	
	7 Dist.....	60	64	63	58	56	54	55	58	67	56	59	

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican												
	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
Jersey City — 3 Ward, 8 Dist.....	30	30	33	31	29	29	29	29	28	28	31	30
4 Ward, 9 Dist.....	14	15	16	15	17	14	17	14	17	15	14	15
Total, 3 Ward.....	256	299	323	263	285	262	316	263	333	257	302	298
1 Dist.....	16	19	19	15	18	15	16	14	19	14	15	16
2 Dist.....	31	35	38	31	32	30	31	30	40	29	31	38
3 Dist.....	33	31	31	26	37	27	30	25	40	26	28	30
4 Dist.....	31	32	34	31	62	30	32	31	40	33	31	30
5 Dist.....	27	32	41	28	79	41	48	30	48	37	40	28
6 Dist.....	24	26	36	27	52	23	39	26	38	24	24	27
7 Dist.....	22	26	32	24	28	24	33	23	37	23	29	22
8 Dist.....	29	35	34	31	35	29	34	26	35	28	34	30
9 Dist.....	37	45	50	37	44	38	38	34	54	36	48	42
10 Dist.....	32	35	32	31	31	25	32	27	39	31	34	34
Total, 4 Ward.....	282	316	347	281	418	282	333	266	390	281	314	297
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	46	57	58	43	44	43	43	42	62	40	45	60
2 Dist.....	59	58	60	59	59	58	57	57	57	57	59	59
3 Dist.....	39	40	43	39	38	40	41	38	41	37	37	39
4 Dist.....	30	30	30	29	29	29	29	30	30	29	31	31
5 Dist.....	46	44	48	44	50	45	45	46	56	42	51	44
6 Dist.....	38	34	38	36	40	37	39	35	40	36	36	33
7 Dist.....	28	29	30	26	35	25	36	27	38	28	29	27
8 Dist.....	40	38	43	43	68	42	43	41	44	42	42	37
Total, 5 Ward.....	326	330	350	319	363	319	333	316	368	311	330	330
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....	31	31	33	30	32	30	31	31	32	30	30	33
2 Dist.....	17	18	18	18	17	17	21	18	19	15	18	15
3 Dist.....	23	24	29	27	30	23	28	25	27	23	26	26
4 Dist.....	26	29	33	25	31	26	29	25	31	25	30	30

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican

Jersey City — 6 Ward,		Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
5 Dist.....	34	36	36	36	28	32	29	35	33	40	33	32	39
6 Dist.....	61	75	75	70	57	53	52	52	51	73	56	53	77
7 Dist.....	27	33	33	32	27	29	27	30	26	35	27	38	31
8 Dist.....	35	55	55	58	37	33	36	37	35	56	39	33	59
9 Dist.....	30	34	38	38	28	35	30	36	31	36	31	32	34
10 Dist.....	59	73	72	72	62	65	59	65	59	69	62	66	75
11 Dist.....	35	39	38	38	35	34	36	35	36	49	42	42	42
12 Dist.....	27	25	28	28	24	24	23	23	27	35	22	24	31
Total, 6 Ward.....	405	472	485	398	415	389	422	397	502	405	424	492	492
7 Ward,	40	42	42	34	34	36	45	40	42	36	37	40	40
1 Dist.....	52	64	69	53	52	52	61	54	71	54	52	66	66
2 Dist.....	43	59	60	49	51	44	52	46	62	48	47	57	57
3 Dist.....	37	45	52	37	36	39	42	42	47	40	42	42	50
4 Dist.....	55	76	72	57	53	58	49	54	83	52	50	70	70
5 Dist.....	75	79	81	77	69	72	73	76	78	74	77	76	76
6 Dist.....	51	71	70	55	53	53	56	61	62	56	54	53	66
7 Dist.....	48	60	61	46	49	46	46	49	46	51	53	58	58
8 Dist.....	33	38	41	32	34	33	35	35	35	38	35	41	41
9 Dist.....	87	107	107	87	82	88	80	85	111	87	99	99	99
10 Dist.....	68	82	92	68	80	83	73	73	92	73	70	88	88
11 Dist.....	75	100	103	79	80	81	79	82	108	86	76	103	103
12 Dist.....	84	103	109	89	80	82	82	93	115	87	85	116	116
13 Dist.....	94	104	101	81	71	75	73	86	99	79	77	103	103
14 Dist.....	61	63	84	58	51	51	58	58	89	62	58	82	82
15 Dist.....	62	80	78	61	56	60	65	66	82	65	67	75	75
16 Dist.....	29	37	33	29	27	30	30	33	39	32	28	36	36
17 Dist.....	994	1210	1255	992	946	967	999	1026	1298	1020	1007	1226	1226
Total, 7 Ward.....	994	1210	1255	992	946	967	999	1026	1298	1020	1007	1226	1226

ELECTION RETURNS.

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican													
Jersey City — 8 Ward,													
Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.		
1 Dist.....	66	86	78	69	61	65	63	66	84	69	67	92	
2 Dist.....	44	74	67	48	48	48	48	53	68	51	55	73	
3 Dist.....	53	76	74	60	54	57	53	62	76	58	58	77	
4 Dist.....	53	57	60	51	50	50	50	52	61	53	47	59	
5 Dist.....	54	73	74	53	44	47	50	57	68	51	55	74	
6 Dist.....	99	124	122	104	89	91	90	105	117	97	95	127	
7 Dist.....	60	68	71	62	59	55	59	63	69	62	63	64	
8 Dist.....	85	102	110	89	80	75	76	85	100	79	87	102	
9 Dist.....	56	80	87	55	58	52	57	62	87	59	61	86	
10 Dist.....	48	63	59	54	43	44	48	51	59	53	48	68	
11 Dist.....	54	75	74	56	56	53	60	64	74	60	56	72	
12 Dist.....	57	63	62	55	48	50	43	53	61	48	54	65	
13 Dist.....	56	77	72	64	55	54	49	57	76	58	58	76	
14 Dist.....	87	123	125	92	83	85	79	94	117	93	85	134	
15 Dist.....	50	87	91	41	51	54	51	58	82	56	58	89	
16 Dist.....	65	84	91	65	59	61	58	63	88	63	72	84	
17 Dist.....	66	77	74	69	59	59	59	69	82	67	67	83	
18 Dist.....	87	99	96	91	78	79	79	95	105	90	90	103	
19 Dist.....	104	114	113	105	99	99	105	109	107	109	108	122	
20 Dist.....	44	72	75	47	49	44	47	43	78	45	55	70	
Total, 8 Ward.....	1288	1674	1675	1330	1223	1222	1227	1361	1659	1321	1339	1720	
9 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	79	91	92	77	69	67	69	71	98	78	89	100	
2 Dist.....	78	104	107	88	78	79	84	87	111	81	90	101	
3 Dist.....	79	95	98	86	81	78	78	84	102	82	92	104	
4 Dist.....	34	48	48	34	30	30	30	32	51	31	38	59	
5 Dist.....	59	73	76	61	62	60	67	69	79	59	77	74	
6 Dist.....	87	106	102	94	80	89	85	87	106	87	97	109	
7 Dist.....	62	85	83	65	61	57	60	57	81	67	90	90	
8 Dist.....	37	45	44	41	44	39	41	42	50	41	56	43	
9 Dist.....	94	131	122	104	84	90	86	100	125	99	113	132	
10 Dist.....	85	105	108	92	80	76	84	109	109	92	97	110	

ELECTION RETURNS.

545

Assembly—Republican

		Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
Jersey City—9 Ward,													
11 Dist.....		55	84	80	63	52	53	51	59	85	63	72	91
12 Dist.....		35	63	57	37	31	35	36	38	62	35	65	63
13 Dist.....		55	80	82	54	47	48	49	50	79	54	57	79
14 Dist.....		108	130	123	108	93	94	96	101	125	101	99	128
15 Dist.....		45	60	62	42	46	44	43	43	64	39	50	62
16 Dist.....		31	37	33	31	31	28	34	32	34	29	49	35
Total, 9 Ward.....		1023	1337	1317	1077	969	967	993	1061	1361	1038	1208	1380
10 Ward,													
1 Dist.....		51	64	68	53	48	43	51	52	66	50	61	73
2 Dist.....		24	36	33	28	31	26	34	25	42	26	36	37
3 Dist.....		34	45	43	30	34	29	39	31	45	31	39	46
4 Dist.....		44	59	58	46	44	43	54	44	64	44	50	61
5 Dist.....		21	26	32	22	26	22	26	27	28	25	39	25
6 Dist.....		27	32	30	27	25	24	29	24	35	24	41	27
7 Dist.....		51	63	62	52	50	50	50	53	55	53	55	59
8 Dist.....		37	44	45	37	39	37	36	40	41	40	44	45
9 Dist.....		40	58	61	40	40	39	40	40	56	39	52	61
10 Dist.....		30	35	40	31	30	32	31	32	41	33	37	35
11 Dist.....		57	79	78	62	54	56	56	57	85	57	69	73
12 Dist.....		33	49	45	35	35	36	35	35	46	38	37	44
13 Dist.....		34	39	38	33	38	35	35	37	39	35	41	36
Total, 10 Ward.....		483	629	633	496	494	472	516	497	643	495	601	622
11 Ward,													
1 Dist.....		26	28	29	25	24	24	22	22	29	23	25	25
2 Dist.....		22	28	28	26	23	23	21	22	33	21	28	30
3 Dist.....		48	63	70	62	55	53	68	53	67	56	65	65
4 Dist.....		21	35	36	40	26	24	26	25	44	24	30	34
5 Dist.....		16	21	23	27	18	14	23	19	28	18	31	20
6 Dist.....		38	57	56	55	36	36	38	39	52	38	34	53
7 Dist.....		46	57	56	63	47	47	48	47	59	48	52	57
8 Dist.....		38	81	79	42	43	43	40	44	74	42	40	72
9 Dist.....		63	78	77	65	62	62	62	61	82	59	60	73

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican													
	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Feeling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.	
Jersey City—11 Ward,													
10 Dist.....	52	82	71	53	49	54	48	54	71	48	52	72	
11 Dist.....	35	61	57	37	35	42	41	40	59	44	47	47	
12 Dist.....	42	54	49	46	42	47	40	44	49	44	44	48	
13 Dist.....	57	76	69	53	49	59	47	60	65	53	56	58	
14 Dist.....	29	41	36	29	27	31	22	27	36	25	28	32	
15 Dist.....	39	49	48	34	39	41	40	41	48	42	40	47	
16 Dist.....	65	82	76	66	54	66	54	63	84	60	59	72	
17 Dist.....	69	80	74	69	66	72	64	68	78	70	67	71	
18 Dist.....	39	60	52	40	38	42	34	38	55	35	35	45	
19 Dist.....	50	64	58	51	47	51	44	44	48	47	52	53	
Total, 11 Ward....	795	1097	1044	883	775	831	782	811	1061	797	845	973	
12 Ward,													
1 Dist.....	66	83	78	63	63	64	63	62	76	63	59	64	
2 Dist.....	80	113	101	80	74	91	70	83	108	84	83	103	
3 Dist.....	56	65	66	55	51	54	49	51	60	60	58	60	
4 Dist.....	72	108	98	76	65	74	66	78	102	79	76	99	
5 Dist.....	39	54	53	42	39	42	39	40	47	38	42	44	
6 Dist.....	68	85	76	62	62	66	60	64	83	67	68	75	
7 Dist.....	61	82	73	61	55	60	54	65	80	60	62	78	
8 Dist.....	65	91	84	66	66	73	64	73	90	72	71	83	
9 Dist.....	62	70	70	60	62	62	59	61	74	62	61	65	
10 Dist.....	67	82	80	67	67	72	65	69	84	70	67	76	
11 Dist.....	32	50	40	36	37	38	32	39	46	42	33	42	
12 Dist.....	48	55	50	38	35	42	33	38	47	42	33	44	
13 Dist.....	56	81	72	61	60	62	62	64	73	63	58	64	
14 Dist.....	81	99	92	79	77	85	76	80	103	82	82	90	
15 Dist.....	82	96	92	86	77	87	71	81	88	83	81	85	
16 Dist.....	41	48	45	42	37	44	42	49	51	47	46	46	
Total, 12 Ward....	976	1262	1170	974	927	1016	905	997	1212	1014	980	1118	
Total, Jersey City.....	7146	8963	8984	7328	7180	7040	7281	7311	9268	7254	7797	8792	

ELECTION RETURNS.

547

Assembly—Republican												
	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.
Kearny—1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	111	111	112	112	112	112	113	111	109	109	107
	2 Dist.....	96	96	96	95	95	94	92	95	98	99	94
	3 Dist.....	138	138	140	132	135	133	137	139	150	132	138
	2 Ward,	122	128	129	125	123	123	118	125	125	128	128
	1 Dist.....	137	141	140	141	139	138	138	135	141	144	146
	3 Dist.....	139	147	139	141	137	137	138	138	143	139	135
	3 Ward,	182	189	184	185	179	181	176	185	188	187	176
	1 Dist.....	134	139	145	143	136	140	140	145	143	153	141
	3 Dist.....	126	123	127	126	127	126	118	127	130	131	123
	4 Ward,	93	94	98	96	98	93	96	98	94	102	94
Total, Kearny	1 Dist.....	95	91	94	92	91	91	97	94	94	91	91
	2 Dist.....	77	77	78	77	76	75	77	78	78	79	74
	3 Dist.....	77	77	78	77	76	75	77	78	78	79	74
	1 Dist.....	1450	1474	1482	1465	1448	1445	1439	1472	1487	1515	1452
	1 Ward,	75	92	86	84	75	81	78	78	81	80	81
	2 Dist..	59	66	60	61	55	60	58	60	67	60	61
	3 Dist..	28	31	31	30	28	27	28	32	36	31	27
	4 Dist..	28	32	32	28	28	25	26	29	33	28	27
	5 Dist..	22	27	24	24	24	25	23	24	22	21	24
	2 Ward,	14	16	17	15	15	14	15	13	18	14	14
Total, North Bergen Twp.	1 Dist..	20	24	24	20	20	20	20	20	22	20	21
	2 Dist..	32	35	35	34	31	31	32	33	32	34	37
	3 Dist..	22	28	27	24	22	23	20	24	25	25	25
	4 Dist..	10	12	12	9	11	9	11	8	13	10	13
	1 Dist..	10	18	17	11	12	10	10	11	16	12	11
	2 Dist..	8	10	9	9	9	9	9	10	9	9	9
	3 Dist..	26	32	31	26	25	25	25	24	29	24	26
	4 Dist..	26	32	31	26	25	25	25	24	29	24	26
	1 Dist.....	354	423	405	375	355	359	355	366	404	366	371
	2 Dist.....	47	53	50	40	35	50	48	48	55	49	49
Secaucus Bor.—1 Dist.	2 Dist.....	40	48	45	38	38	41	35	40	50	40	45
	2 Dist.....	40	48	45	38	38	41	35	40	50	40	45

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

Assembly—Republican													
	Andersen.	Bauridel.	Brennan.	Clerihew.	Feehan.	Fehling.	Murphy.	Prior.	Ritter.	Smith, Jr.	Teeling.	Williams.	
Town of Union—1 Ward, 2 Ward, 3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	59	68	71	64	64	65	61	64	71	66	67	69
	2 Dist.....	39	49	46	36	34	38	34	38	51	42	40	47
	3 Dist.....	63	90	82	69	66	77	62	71	83	69	73	78
	1 Dist.....	27	39	37	25	25	28	23	27	41	29	31	27
	2 Dist.....	27	46	41	30	29	31	26	28	46	31	31	42
	3 Dist.....	57	70	71	51	47	58	45	50	68	51	52	61
	4 Dist.....	49	60	55	45	43	47	40	44	57	44	43	49
	1 Dist.....	37	35	33	25	25	29	28	26	38	30	27	30
	2 Dist.....	41	49	43	44	36	39	37	35	45	41	39	43
	3 Dist.....	58	79	75	53	53	58	54	53	76	56	56	74
	4 Dist.....	52	59	60	49	49	49	53	48	62	53	54	57
	5 Dist.....	61	71	70	59	57	61	58	60	78	58	60	66
	6 Dist.....	33	43	46	34	35	33	37	40	48	39	35	47
Total, Town of Union.....		603	758	730	584	563	613	558	584	764	609	608	690
Weehawken Twp.—1 Ward, 2 Ward, 3 Ward,	1 Dist....	31	34	33	32	32	32	36	31	34	33	31	31
	2 Dist....	34	33	33	31	32	32	36	31	34	33	35	32
	2 Ward,	116	119	121	114	108	114	102	118	127	118	113	121
	2 Dist....	77	89	83	79	79	83	78	82	83	85	81	84
	3 Dist....	65	70	68	65	66	64	65	68	71	73	67	71
	3 Ward,	87	101	96	90	89	96	92	93	104	93	90	88
	2 Dist....	117	120	121	114	111	117	114	118	119	118	116	118
	3 Dist....	118	143	141	121	121	123	118	121	147	123	118	139
	4 Dist....	82	91	94	83	83	82	81	87	90	85	82	89
Total, Weehawken Twp.....		727	800	790	729	721	743	718	750	808	759	733	773
West Hoboken—1 Ward, 3 Dist..... 4 Dist..... 5 Dist.....	1 Dist.....	93	110	107	94	97	96	96	95	99	94	92	93
	2 Dist.....	73	81	78	73	70	72	69	74	78	75	74	78
	3 Dist.....	65	71	66	61	58	64	61	66	74	63	62	62
	4 Dist.....	80	96	91	80	80	82	77	83	88	80	78	79
	5 Dist.....	69	86	77	74	66	72	67	74	76	74	69	77

[illegible]

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

	Senator		Assembly		County Clerk	
	Eastwood, Rep.	Martens, Jr., Dem.	Dilley, Rep.	Iobst, Dem.	Higgins, Rep.	Holcomb, Dem.
Alexandria Township.....	61	103	46	119	114	64
Bethlehem Township.....	46	91	41	98	76	66
Bloomsburg Borough.....	47	65	41	72	74	45
Clinton Township—East Dist..	99	153	65	189	135	126
West Dist.,	95	148	69	170	111	137
Clinton Town.....	89	112	77	127	129	90
Delaware Township—						
East Dist..	105	159	78	192	198	98
West Dist.,	65	59	54	75	100	36
East Amwell Township.....	101	138	78	157	172	78
Flemington Borough—						
East Dist..	126	134	101	156	210	65
West Dist.,	149	158	120	186	229	102
Franklin Township.....	78	177	60	201	165	108
Frenchtown Borough.....	109	133	99	143	145	125
Hampton Borough.....	103	93	93	95	94	93
High Bridge Borough.....	233	103	143	183	210	120
Holland Township.....	90	112	86	123	136	83
Kingwood Township.....	116	129	102	147	173	82
Lambertville City—						
1 Ward.....	68	168	72	154	136	108
2 Ward.....	161	137	171	126	148	164
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	112	109	103	116	153	82
2 Dist.....	172	101	179	91	170	112
Total, Lambertville.....	513	515	525	487	607	466
Lebanon Township—						
East Dist..	102	105	65	148	118	91
West Dist.,	90	78	69	100	102	65
Milford Borough.....	73	65	55	81	91	50
Raritan Township.....	134	189	113	213	262	94
Readington Township—						
North Dist..	127	198	112	219	179	158
South Dist..	121	119	95	142	173	81
Stockton Borough.....	54	55	59	50	83	39
Tewksbury Township—						
East Dist..	24	175	49	140	69	124
West Dist.,	88	98	70	110	109	83
Union Township.....	54	107	34	126	83	87
West Amwell Township.....	66	65	58	77	97	53
Total Vote, County.....	3163	3836	2657	4328	4444	2909

Senator—Nat. Pro., 279. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 150. County Clerk—Nat. Pro., 82.

MERCER COUNTY.

			Assembly					
			Allinson, Rep.	Hammond, Rep.	Oliphant, Rep.	Marshall, Dem.	Vanderbilt, Dem.	Yard, Jr., Dem.
Trenton—								
1 Ward,	1 Dist.	100	68	103	71	25	37	
	2 Dist.	134	119	130	80	34	41	
	3 Dist.	113	114	123	119	59	82	
	4 Dist.	103	111	93	63	46	56	
	5 Dist.	97	99	101	104	70	90	
2 Ward,	1 Dist.	91	76	111	94	51	76	
	2 Dist.	135	95	153	128	52	69	
	3 Dist.	118	114	146	81	49	55	
	4 Dist.	168	164	180	61	44	52	
	5 Dist.	150	156	145	59	43	54	
3 Ward,	1 Dist.	126	110	142	115	62	74	
	2 Dist.	154	140	161	117	59	78	
	3 Dist.	85	79	100	98	58	72	
4 Ward,	4 Dist.	98	56	106	132	59	81	
	1 Dist.	87	74	95	93	51	73	
	2 Dist.	57	30	67	71	32	36	
	3 Dist.	63	29	74	91	35	46	
5 Ward,	4 Dist.	76	47	83	132	55	85	
	1 Dist.	126	109	137	159	78	121	
	2 Dist.	93	65	97	93	41	54	
	3 Dist.	77	65	96	92	38	62	
	4 Dist.	77	62	85	73	31	46	
	5 Dist.	91	60	101	117	51	66	
6 Ward,	6 Dist.	73	70	85	114	59	89	
	1 Dist.	79	64	87	128	66	90	
	2 Dist.	111	93	123	156	80	110	
7 Ward,	3 Dist.	103	91	97	150	65	83	
	1 Dist.	106	95	122	94	43	60	
	2 Dist.	104	85	112	52	26	27	
	3 Dist.	120	102	118	103	62	62	
8 Ward,	4 Dist.	51	41	52	36	19	27	
	1 Dist.	90	65	97	107	49	64	
	2 Dist.	122	82	137	122	45	80	
	3 Dist.	88	85	99	62	23	39	
	4 Dist.	117	97	121	76	26	30	
9 Ward,	1 Dist.	152	106	160	127	46	75	
	2 Dist.	92	45	94	99	26	43	
	3 Dist.	122	90	142	135	59	86	
	4 Dist.	108	117	121	70	42	54	
10 Ward,	1 Dist.	83	83	93	59	33	47	
	2 Dist.	128	124	120	73	52	66	
	3 Dist.	129	128	150	96	69	81	
	4 Dist.	137	136	134	104	69	89	
	5 Dist.	79	65	83	102	58	71	
	6 Dist.	86	66	85	70	26	37	
	7 Dist.	53	40	62	98	55	72	
11 Ward,	1 Dist.	105	80	107	146	75	89	
	2 Dist.	118	104	115	145	75	95	
	3 Dist.	106	98	129	133	63	94	
	4 Dist.	115	101	105	129	66	74	
	5 Dist.	86	79	92	80	39	53	
	6 Dist.	104	58	110	151	74	103	
	7 Dist.	54	36	54	85	40	54	

MERCER COUNTY—Continued.

		Assembly					
		Allinson, Rep.	Hammond, Rep.	Oliphant, Rep.	Marshall, Dem.	Vanderbilt, Dem.	Yard, Jr., Dem.
Trenton—							
12 Ward,	1 Dist.....	143	143	152	110	60	64
	2 Dist.....	99	99	93	68	38	48
	3 Dist.....	151	154	144	96	49	71
	4 Dist.....	132	140	125	99	54	66
	5 Dist.....	175	184	160	68	48	56
13 Ward,	1 Dist.....	115	96	135	113	48	81
	2 Dist.....	130	137	143	90	49	77
	3 Dist.....	119	127	143	96	59	90
	4 Dist.....	83	60	91	71	28	41
	5 Dist.....	117	113	118	74	37	47
	6 Dist.....	216	231	227	139	82	112
14 Ward,	1 Dist.....	228	238	219	87	66	95
	2 Dist.....	184	191	187	91	65	67
Total, Trenton.....		7332	6481	7796	6547	3336	4465
East Windsor Township.....		83	88	80	34	24	30
Ewing Township—1 Dist.....		163	142	144	73	64	64
	2 Dist.....	134	131	127	37	29	30
Hamilton Township—							
	1 Dist., Mercerville.....	157	156	132	71	50	41
	2 Dist., Hamilton Square...	161	155	117	74	69	77
	3 Dist., Yardville.....	192	146	120	66	53	66
	4 Dist., Broad St. Park.....	103	104	87	79	52	54
	5 Dist., Broad St. Park.....	129	117	120	84	59	60
	6 Dist., Homedell.....	83	94	86	63	35	40
	7 Dist., Bromley.....	159	159	143	130	63	70
	8 Dist., White Horse.....	103	101	94	68	33	44
Total, Hamilton Township..		1087	1032	899	635	414	452
Hopewell Borough.....		140	126	138	120	94	94
Hopewell Township—1 Dist...		60	48	55	48	50	42
	2 Dist...	110	100	86	42	39	37
	3 Dist...	152	129	144	46	23	35
Hightstown Borough—1 Dist..		139	129	112	79	57	71
	2 Dist..	171	165	152	79	77	82
Lawrence Township—1 Dist...		171	171	126	38	63	46
	2 Dist...	133	145	128	52	38	35
Pennington Borough.....		110	112	100	66	58	64
Princeton Borough—1 Dist...		110	108	70	70	74	74
	2 Dist....	55	69	80	63	67	35
	3 Dist....	105	105	120	90	99	75
	4 Dist....	61	58	51	73	89	69
	5 Dist....	157	147	145	100	118	94
	6 Dist....	113	90	110	54	40	31
	7 Dist....	127	91	131	112	97	88
Total, Princeton Borough...		728	668	707	562	584	466
Princeton Township.....		124	121	124	127	136	117
Washington Township.....		143	125	109	66	53	77
West Windsor Township.....		169	180	139	81	69	74
Total Vote, County.....		11149	10083	11144	9362	5208	6281

Assembly—Soc., 1209.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

	Senator		Assembly					
	Florance, Dem.	Spencer, Rep.	Anderson, Dem.	Galvin, Dem.	Loblien, Dem.	Applegate, Rep.	Goldberger, Rep.	Schneider, Rep.
Cranbury Twp.—1 Dist....	109	156	96	93	95	183	174	182
2 Dist....	52	40	57	50	46	45	41	44
Dunellen Bor.—1 Dist....	142	107	139	128	127	120	98	115
2 Dist....	94	58	77	80	72	75	63	77
East Brunswick Twp.—								
1 Dist.....	41	53	48	40	49	55	36	48
2 Dist.....	45	28	42	35	36	44	14	27
Highland Park Bor.—								
1 Dist.....	160	155	146	130	174	178	142	185
2 Dist.....	140	154	122	99	157	179	131	198
Helmetta Bor.....	43	26	45	43	43	28	27	28
Jamesburg Bor.....	100	146	120	109	112	155	127	140
Madison Twp.....	126	164	130	115	116	174	147	160
Metuchen Bor.—1 Dist....	86	134	85	82	90	138	112	143
2 Dist....	138	111	140	127	150	113	101	119
Middlesex Bor.....	60	80	66	62	61	87	77	85
Milltown Bor.....	98	143	93	87	99	159	132	165
Monroe Twp.....	94	140	98	90	93	146	132	145
New Brunswick City—								
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	175	70	167	154	178	71	64	78
2 Dist.....	162	79	158	145	172	71	72	75
3 Dist.....	117	106	100	83	120	118	103	131
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	160	94	143	132	163	108	87	115
2 Dist.....	145	114	143	133	153	128	101	133
3 Dist.....	126	187	114	102	130	192	168	203
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	119	66	122	108	135	60	61	70
2 Dist.....	109	98	118	100	131	92	98	99
3 Dist.....	137	44	154	141	144	36	31	34
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	86	100	76	60	99	116	100	132
2 Dist.....	99	90	80	75	102	106	79	117
3 Dist.....	111	89	103	90	119	99	72	120
4 Dist.....	81	86	68	61	87	92	73	103
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	117	86	118	107	130	81	66	101
2 Dist.....	176	102	172	156	189	105	91	121
3 Dist.....	89	91	84	84	97	88	76	99
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....	97	53	78	70	106	75	48	92
2 Dist.....	134	124	139	126	156	118	96	139
3 Dist.....	214	117	224	211	239	101	79	134
Total, New Brunswick..	2454	1796	2361	2138	2650	1857	1565	2096
New Brunswick Twp.....	86	88	89	79	104	91	68	92
Perth Amboy City—								
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	101	145	101	102	91	146	158	126
2 Dist.....	96	205	93	107	80	211	211	189
3 Dist.....	103	141	115	126	103	142	116	124
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	138	123	136	139	129	120	114	105
2 Dist.....	172	122	181	198	172	111	128	97
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	91	163	102	113	86	114	155	103
2 Dist.....	104	154	116	135	105	99	144	95
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	126	218	165	154	124	181	176	169
2 Dist.....	103	151	126	120	103	124	136	113
3 Dist.....	123	171	144	141	121	158	150	145
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	146	108	178	197	161	67	71	58
2 Dist.....	133	108	156	171	138	86	83	75

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Continued.

		Senator		Assembly					
		Florance, Dem.	Spencer, Rep.	Anderson, Dem.	Galvin, Dem.	Loblien, Dem.	Applegate, Rep.	Goldberger, Rep.	Schneider, Rep.
Perth Amboy City—									
6 Ward, 1	Dist.....	132	147	149	159	125	117	115	108
2	Dist.....	110	155	140	144	130	145	120	130
3	Dist.....	115	152	138	143	113	140	110	120
Total, Perth Amboy....		1793	2263	2040	2149	1781	1961	1987	1757
Piscataway Twp.—1 Dist.,		81	137	88	79	94	135	119	152
2	Dist.,	76	104	87	75	76	106	86	99
3	Dist.,	27	25	26	24	34	26	20	27
Raritan Twp.—1 Dist....		94	125	103	98	107	122	100	120
2	Dist....	64	117	78	78	79	100	97	100
Roosevelt Bor.—1 Dist....		163	209	176	169	160	212	169	193
2	Dist....	173	141	179	181	175	136	144	121
Sayreville Twp.—1 Dist..		145	36	153	128	134	72	20	34
2	Dist..	108	81	105	97	101	126	77	81
3	Dist..	98	116	103	102	94	127	83	96
South Amboy City—									
1 Ward.....		165	140	169	171	159	155	114	130
2 Ward.....		193	92	200	200	188	96	76	79
3 Ward.....		160	95	179	184	162	88	73	82
4 Ward.....		105	170	107	104	95	175	154	161
South Brunswick Twp.—									
1 Dist.....		112	122	123	109	123	128	93	119
2	Dist.....	85	109	81	80	87	103	91	103
South River Bor.—1 Dist.,		194	78	200	160	185	148	71	82
2	Dist.,	213	102	202	172	199	169	85	109
Spotswood Bor.....		90	45	95	87	88	52	32	36
Woodbridge Twp.—									
1 Ward, 1	Dist.....	149	128	163	162	160	105	96	110
2	Dist.....	141	111	138	138	142	111	99	106
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....		60	179	81	87	75	63	151	141
2	Dist.....	48	25	42	42	40	31	25	29
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....		101	144	129	131	115	124	108	123
2	Dist.....	47	49	53	47	47	50	36	52
Total, Woodbridge Twp.,		546	636	606	607	579	484	515	561
Total Vote, County.....		8753	8522	9054	8641	8974	8548	7393	8291

Senator—Nat. Pro., 714; Prog., 361. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 494; Prog., 443.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

	Assembly			
	Geran, Dem.	VanNote, Dem.	Reid, Rep.	Thomson, Rep.
Allenhurst Borough.....	28	26	47	43
Allentown Borough.....	58	56	89	86
Asbury Park City—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	75	69	65	83
2 Dist.....	62	61	72	85
3 Dist.....	56	50	129	144
4 Dist.....	57	49	60	75
5 Dist.....	66	79	107	119
6 Dist.....	39	43	36	44
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	73	75	121	138
2 Dist.....	46	46	61	66
3 Dist.....	95	94	101	116
Total, Asbury Park.....	569	566	752	870
Atlantic Township.....	152	145	65	63
Atlantic Highlands Borough.....	219	206	141	132
Avon Borough.....	44	35	80	105
Belmar Borough—1 Dist.....	90	92	84	94
2 Dist.....	81	87	58	70
Bradley Beach Borough—1 Dist.....	88	82	73	81
2 Dist.....	104	97	88	98
Deal Borough.....	64	75	25	25
Eatontown Township—1 Dist.....	137	142	152	158
2 Dist.....	88	93	45	44
Englishtown Borough.....	87	84	73	60
Fairhaven Borough.....	166	159	91	94
Farmingdale Borough.....	38	45	57	62
Freehold Town—1 Dist.....	175	162	134	116
2 Dist.....	106	98	80	73
3 Dist.....	82	77	101	97
4 Dist.....	96	89	86	76
5 Dist.....	111	104	95	81
6 Dist.....	120	121	110	112
Highlands Borough—1 Dist.....	147	139	29	31
2 Dist.....	167	164	21	23
Holmdel Township.....	145	135	67	60
Howell Township—1 Dist.....	94	95	66	70
2 Dist.....	131	137	131	120
Keyport Borough—1 Dist.....	105	98	69	70
2 Dist.....	138	126	102	108
3 Dist.....	146	139	111	118
4 Dist.....	69	63	87	89
Long Branch City—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	148	161	61	61
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	125	136	34	29
2 Dist.....	151	170	55	59
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	97	98	58	56
2 Dist.....	85	93	90	91
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	160	174	107	103
2 Dist.....	88	92	99	103
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	108	103	75	76
2 Dist.....	71	73	47	45
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....	86	90	63	56
2 Dist.....	65	64	65	53
Total, Long Branch.....	1184	1254	754	732

MONMOUTH COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly			
	Geran, Dem.	VanNote, Dem.	Reid, Rep.	Thomson, Rep.
Manalapan Township.....	100	87	197	170
Manasquan Borough—1 Dist.....	94	93	70	74
2 Dist.....	99	89	102	105
Matawan Borough.....	288	232	153	145
Matawan Township.....	175	144	64	67
Marlboro Township—1 Dist.....	130	115	53	44
2 Dist.....	117	95	99	74
Middletown Township—1 Dist.....	105	100	109	111
2 Dist.....	128	126	65	70
3 Dist.....	108	104	97	101
4 Dist.....	85	88	74	75
5 Dist.....	65	61	42	40
6 Dist.....	102	99	120	120
Millstone Township.....	139	135	93	94
Monmouth Beach Borough.....	51	63	53	53
Neptune City Borough.....	78	85	36	55
Neptune Township—1 Dist.....	64	63	94	110
2 Dist.....	81	72	124	147
3 Dist.....	75	78	102	124
4 Dist.....	51	69	65	85
5 Dist.....	73	77	73	86
Ocean Township.....	143	203	83	107
Raritan Township—1 Dist.....	151	151	66	64
2 Dist.....	57	52	32	30
Red Bank Borough—1 Dist.....	128	125	68	69
2 Dist.....	115	113	94	96
3 Dist.....	111	105	135	136
4 Dist.....	141	133	86	85
5 Dist.....	119	116	47	55
6 Dist.....	125	118	51	56
7 Dist.....	69	68	56	55
Rumson Borough—1 Dist.....	94	94	62	60
2 Dist.....	92	91	39	40
Sea Bright Borough.....	140	133	58	58
Shrewsbury Township—1 Dist.....	102	100	70	69
2 Dist.....	65	72	60	55
Spring Lake Borough.....	113	108	97	107
Upper Freehold Township—1 Dist.....	80	90	109	106
2 Dist.....	28	30	50	48
Wall Township—1 Dist.....	101	107	81	94
2 Dist.....	111	116	88	103
3 Dist.....	85	87	54	54
4 Dist.....	127	130	77	87
West Long Branch Borough.....	62	83	84	82
Total Vote, County.....	9596	9491	7495	7727

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 476; Prog., 402.

MORRIS COUNTY.

	Assembly			
	Downs, Rep.	Mutchler, Rep.	Hill, Dem.	McCormack, Dem.
Boonton Town—1 Dist.....	167	175	47	47
2 Dist.....	188	202	37	38
3 Dist.....	166	181	31	42
4 Dist.....	102	100	31	43
Boonton Township.....	45	49	14	18
Butler Borough—1 Dist.....	102	95	43	44
2 Dist.....	116	113	47	52
Chatham Township.....	42	37	31	30
Chatham Borough—Northern Dist.....	139	123	41	37
Southern Dist.....	94	80	23	23
Chester Township.....	112	118	181	152
Denville Township.....	99	111	73	61
Dover Town—1 Dist.....	97	101	41	37
2 Dist.....	159	164	87	90
3 Dist.....	184	187	59	60
4 Dist.....	204	206	63	57
5 Dist.....	114	123	24	19
6 Dist.....	161	175	61	56
Total, Dover.....	919	956	335	319
Florham Park Borough.....	56	51	52	50
Hanover Township—Northern Dist.....	130	130	61	61
Southern Dist.....	131	127	81	120
Western Dist.....	164	170	85	92
Jefferson Township—1 Dist.....	77	79	36	38
2 Dist.....	61	66	30	36
Madison Borough—1 Dist.....	116	104	66	71
2 Dist.....	171	158	81	89
3 Dist.....	103	90	73	82
4 Dist.....	149	129	107	107
Mendham Borough.....	98	92	101	70
Mendham Township.....	75	73	78	60
Montville Township.....	205	215	42	48
Morris Township—1 Dist.....	60	60	26	24
2 Dist.....	59	54	29	26
3 Dist.....	48	49	38	35
Morristown—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	102	104	48	51
2 Dist.....	144	139	63	70
3 Dist.....	99	96	46	46
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	145	139	61	49
2 Dist.....	107	102	109	105
3 Dist.....	108	104	59	59
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	93	92	45	44
2 Dist.....	85	87	44	45
3 Dist.....	80	84	70	72
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	83	79	44	45
2 Dist.....	95	91	137	137
Total, Morristown.....	1141	1117	726	723

MORRIS COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly			
	Downs, Rep.	Mutchler, Rep.	Hill, Dem.	McCormack, Dem.
Mt. Arlington Borough.....	31	32	14	12
Mt. Olive Township.....	95	102	87	80
Netcong Borough.....	129	145	64	50
Passaic Township—Northern Dist.....	113	108	90	86
Southern Dist.....	158	154	84	75
Pequannock Township.....	177	176	34	30
Randolph Township—1 Dist.....	55	55	70	57
2 Dist.....	160	156	88	89
Rockaway Borough—Eastern Dist.....	132	147	21	18
Western Dist.....	139	163	29	26
Rockaway Township—Northern Dist.....	88	99	32	26
Western Dist.....	142	140	56	63
Roxbury Township—Succasunna Dist.....	132	125	104	93
Port Morris Dist.....	44	50	30	24
Washington Township—Northern Dist.....	53	59	53	49
Southern Dist.....	95	123	151	128
Wharton Borough—1 Dist.....	88	87	59	55
2 Dist.....	77	79	57	63
Total Vote, County.....	7043	7104	3769	3662

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 626; Prog.-Roos., 697; Soc., 405.

OCEAN COUNTY.

	Assembly	
	Clayton, Dem.	Conrad, Rep.
Barnegat City Borough.....	12	6
Bay Head Borough.....	33	32
Beach Haven Borough.....	49	63
Berkeley Township.....	66	110
Brick Township, East—1 Dist.....	85	72
2 Dist.....	50	47
Brick Township, West.....	87	47
Dover Township—East Dist.....	51	58
Middle Dist.....	69	106
West Dist.....	54	80
Eagleswood Township.....	30	75
Harvey Cedars Borough.....	2	12
Island Heights Borough.....	29	58
Jackson Township.....	248	70
Lacey Township.....	28	50
Lakewood Township—1 Dist.....	53	76
2 Dist.....	79	111
3 Dist.....	135	138
4 Dist.....	105	66
Lavalette Borough.....	14	21
Little Egg Harbor Township.....	43	32
Long Beach Township.....	9	22
Manchester Township.....	79	76
Mantoloking Borough.....	8	4
Ocean Township.....	25	50
Plumsted Township.....	85	167
Point Pleasant Beach Borough.....	129	135
Sea Side Heights Borough.....	26	30
Sea Side Park Borough.....	42	25
Stafford Township.....	36	107
Surf City Borough.....	1	15
Tuckerton Borough.....	59	111
Union Township.....	39	168
Total Vote, County.....	1860	2240

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 124.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

Senator—		Assembly—						Sheriff—					
McCr., Rep.	McGinnis, Dem.	Adamson, Rep.	Dadley, Rep.	Dalrymple, Rep.	Hunter, Rep.	Randall, Rep.	Craig, Dem.	Fitzgerald, Dem.	Hiltman, Dem.	McDermott, Dem.	Schoen, Dem.	Burpo, Rep.	VanKirk, Dem.
City of Passaic—													
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	123	85	73	65	154	121	116	28	79	110	52	98	154
2 Dist.....	71	32	51	51	72	63	60	26	44	32	30	43	76
3 Dist.....	155	88	94	82	75	121	113	51	82	127	55	132	171
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	122	27	123	119	121	124	119	14	33	28	23	24	141
2 Dist.....	168	26	168	166	166	166	166	30	47	43	29	35	196
3 Dist.....	165	55	137	130	175	153	148	39	78	83	60	62	190
4 Dist.....	232	53	232	212	243	238	231	35	80	59	44	66	279
5 Dist.....	143	39	91	89	154	127	130	22	52	61	66	61	166
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	224	59	231	220	217	219	213	48	58	74	40	54	269
2 Dist.....	189	21	203	202	184	188	197	18	30	26	18	23	114
3 Dist.....	229	59	230	224	238	230	225	49	76	56	60	62	266
4 Dist.....	86	19	93	87	91	97	93	17	28	22	17	21	105
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	126	69	69	69	144	91	89	57	96	78	91	71	135
2 Dist.....	132	79	99	83	136	101	101	59	85	105	69	71	151
3 Dist.....	163	57	115	113	159	139	137	54	93	83	60	87	171
4 Dist.....	253	48	192	177	265	242	250	42	123	65	57	92	278
5 Dist.....	183	38	90	90	196	168	164	30	104	51	41	95	207
6 Dist.....	167	77	121	112	191	153	155	60	94	80	62	90	178
7 Dist.....	83	71	60	47	98	73	63	52	68	92	68	86	95
Total, Passaic.....	3014	1002	2472	2338	3079	2814	2770	731	1350	1275	942	1273	3342
City of Paterson—													
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	104	66	95	95	109	112	103	42	59	59	55	90	146
2 Dist.....	145	50	133	139	133	141	137	52	65	54	49	84	176
3 Dist.....	136	25	153	154	153	153	154	28	30	25	23	29	176
4 Dist.....	157	27	199	195	193	201	201	13	32	9	18	34	231
5 Dist.....	96	25	90	93	96	95	96	21	33	26	24	39	122
6 Dist.....	120	69	126	128	135	144	131	60	73	52	64	81	161
7 Dist.....	98	22	127	128	120	123	122	15	28	14	14	24	143
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	108	60	103	103	106	113	113	40	57	65	44	99	132
2 Dist.....	94	53	94	94	101	116	99	37	56	38	40	56	120
3 Dist.....	97	45	91	94	107	115	118	24	43	26	30	49	125
4 Dist.....	205	59	226	224	224	235	239	61	96	48	52	95	267
5 Dist.....	100	59	123	124	114	114	123	49	62	49	59	59	142
Total, Paterson.....	915	304	1002	915	1002	915	915	304	1002	915	915	304	1002

PASSAIC COUNTY—Continued.

ELECTION RETURNS.

561

Senator			Assembly					Sheriff					
McCran, Rep.	McGinnis, Dem.	Adamson, Rep.	Dadley, Rep.	Dalrymple, Rep.	Hunter, Rep.	Randall, Rep.	Croal, Dem.	Fitzgerald, Dem.	Hillman, Dem.	McDermott, Dem.	Schoen, Dem.	Burpo, Rep.	Vankirk, Dem.
City of Paterson—													
2 Ward, 6 Dist.....	172	86	155	163	169	184	176	97	117	88	106	118	112
7 Dist.....	136	59	147	146	152	171	146	67	96	59	67	77	62
8 Dist.....	119	70	127	131	133	158	137	75	92	67	76	87	69
9 Dist.....	151	90	189	191	186	212	188	84	99	68	83	96	92
10 Dist.....	101	46	107	111	112	125	114	43	48	42	47	52	40
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	137	56	149	147	146	163	158	73	78	54	60	88	59
2 Dist.....	139	97	105	102	114	125	126	125	122	100	104	121	81
3 Dist.....	120	53	94	99	120	124	129	76	86	60	59	89	47
4 Dist.....	142	81	115	121	134	149	141	103	111	73	79	111	76
5 Dist.....	77	64	58	62	71	67	71	89	60	48	56	58	52
6 Dist.....	119	66	119	121	136	135	141	61	57	34	43	59	39
7 Dist.....	56	31	46	50	57	67	67	26	48	24	31	42	25
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	127	56	95	99	120	120	113	43	70	59	58	104	171
2 Dist.....	129	50	104	107	116	117	116	44	66	69	45	112	165
3 Dist.....	89	44	48	54	81	82	78	37	48	38	42	90	46
4 Dist.....	164	61	160	155	161	170	177	57	69	75	53	106	64
5 Dist.....	137	58	104	110	134	130	139	51	71	60	55	111	58
6 Dist.....	165	53	153	154	186	189	201	37	67	46	40	105	51
7 Dist.....	196	70	209	201	222	229	232	45	82	63	46	116	68
8 Dist.....	198	47	212	212	225	233	240	49	65	43	48	74	60
9 Dist.....	182	57	196	189	193	190	206	48	71	47	53	78	81
10 Dist.....	85	22	60	59	79	69	79	29	42	33	22	47	26
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	158	88	133	132	173	183	171	42	94	53	53	119	88
2 Dist.....	207	80	165	172	199	191	203	66	99	80	71	127	75
3 Dist.....	246	43	224	221	239	244	250	43	68	53	48	92	64
4 Dist.....	175	79	154	151	179	187	193	74	119	81	69	117	83
5 Dist.....	159	80	151	159	170	182	182	80	106	74	69	104	97
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....	127	59	93	94	130	141	128	30	59	34	44	77	43
2 Dist.....	105	40	24	23	98	107	93	38	90	36	42	101	40
3 Dist.....	60	38	24	26	57	66	61	27	54	34	34	80	37
7 Ward, 1 Dist.....	88	167	35	33	61	89	55	167	212	162	180	209	80
2 Dist.....	60	158	33	37	48	75	48	137	163	132	157	156	74

PASSAIC COUNTY—Continued.

562

ELECTION RETURNS.

		Senator				Assembly				Sheriff					
		McCran,	McGinnis,	Adamson,	Dadley,	Dalrymple,	Hunter,	Randall,	Croal,	Fitzgerald,	Hillman,	McDermott,	Schoen,	Burpo,	Vankirk,
		Rep.	Dem.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Rep.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Dem.	Rep.	Dem.
City of Paterson—															
7 Ward,	3 Dist.	114	61	73	79	99	152	107	79	104	59	79	78	126	75
	4 Dist.	96	114	86	91	99	150	105	111	140	97	121	127	126	119
8 Ward,	1 Dist.	79	125	61	63	71	99	66	123	155	110	148	126	93	124
	2 Dist.	42	100	34	32	39	66	50	89	109	79	90	100	64	89
	3 Dist.	56	114	23	25	42	74	52	107	142	109	112	126	47	130
	4 Dist.	91	151	51	51	67	98	63	166	199	148	182	167	112	143
	5 Dist.	126	205	69	65	125	160	132	160	237	166	183	229	151	168
9 Ward,	6 Dist.	96	114	70	69	90	112	95	101	143	94	118	124	122	99
	1 Dist.	118	65	84	80	120	127	123	50	93	53	49	98	126	65
	2 Dist.	151	203	97	114	118	150	126	188	250	181	191	223	177	199
	3 Dist.	41	143	39	39	49	87	52	120	151	112	131	133	81	114
	4 Dist.	85	109	39	39	106	106	102	106	117	82	97	151	105	98
	5 Dist.	83	103	70	68	75	91	87	92	117	93	110	102	104	93
	6 Dist.	100	127	104	106	115	129	120	112	134	105	116	123	135	110
10 Ward,	7 Dist.	160	100	178	182	170	181	175	93	117	89	95	117	206	98
	1 Dist.	79	163	61	60	87	108	87	129	168	122	146	165	124	124
	2 Dist.	156	73	146	146	154	172	163	62	85	54	80	71	197	59
	3 Dist.	129	126	80	82	110	124	114	132	168	120	137	160	132	123
	4 Dist.	101	82	78	69	94	109	93	82	108	78	88	97	113	75
	5 Dist.	106	82	95	90	100	116	98	91	101	77	88	92	133	82
11 Ward,	6 Dist.	144	130	107	106	136	150	123	136	177	127	142	151	173	113
	1 Dist.	123	223	149	152	136	138	143	17	32	17	20	38	146	50
	2 Dist.	156	32	160	165	164	160	171	24	37	31	20	45	160	60
	3 Dist.	157	29	167	170	178	164	184	23	40	26	16	42	164	52
	4 Dist.	220	58	241	242	238	238	251	58	74	49	44	78	262	77
	5 Dist.	232	48	252	249	260	255	262	45	68	41	37	69	259	72
	6 Dist.	128	30	125	119	129	125	120	29	47	24	34	45	155	31
	7 Dist.	163	59	173	182	184	197	186	52	75	47	56	72	213	57
	8 Dist.	145	40	156	155	157	171	165	35	53	32	44	53	181	38
	9 Dist.	175	64	173	169	190	196	193	43	79	36	54	71	226	50
Total,	Paterson.....	9438	5582	8597	8662	9694	10541	10003	5143	6883	4912	5337	7141	11662	5457

ELECTION RETURNS.

563

	—Senator—			—Assembly—					—Sheriff—					
	McCran, Rep.	McGinnis, Dem.	Adamson, Rep.	Dadley, Rep.	Dalbrymple, Rep.	Hunter, Rep.	Randall, Rep.	Creal, Dem.	Fitzgerald, Dem.	Hillman, Dem.	McDermott Dem.	Schoen, Dem.	Burpo, Rep.	VanKirk, Dem.
Acquanokanok Twp.—														
1 Dist.....	165	31	152	141	173	168	168	48	67	34	33	43	185	38
2 Dist.....	141	98	128	117	149	155	147	84	121	81	92	105	165	90
3 Dist.....	128	28	89	84	137	121	121	51	166	23	70	36	137	33
4 Dist.....	224	34	90	93	235	217	221	70	140	21	28	99	231	21
5 Dist.....	228	35	188	187	220	221	216	58	92	40	37	62	227	64
6 Dist.....	220	81	180	186	242	247	237	93	156	53	62	89	275	89
7 Dist.....	173	29	154	143	181	174	185	40	78	24	28	53	212	40
8 Dist.....	150	18	60	58	152	150	148	74	100	17	21	37	159	18
Haledon Bor.—1 Dist....	109	29	116	114	130	128	126	17	37	17	23	28	139	23
2 Dist.....	102	27	99	103	98	102	107	27	28	20	26	26	121	26
Hiawthorne Bor.—1 Dist..	122	88	174	176	170	182	175	42	51	34	40	47	190	49
2 Dist.....	129	98	162	162	180	201	190	36	70	36	40	71	207	64
Little Falls Twp.—1 Dist..	141	70	160	165	154	159	158	40	68	46	54	61	187	55
2 Dist.....	90	63	117	123	99	104	102	35	45	42	43	49	126	46
North Haledon Bor.....	80	11	79	81	86	88	86	6	17	8	13	13	80	19
Pompton Twp.—1 Dist....	72	48	126	126	75	81	78	49	49	49	48	48	143	59
2 Dist.....	163	63	144	141	161	170	155	48	76	42	45	80	194	59
3 Dist.....	70	21	53	46	73	74	73	15	35	16	15	36	79	17
Pompton Lakes Bor.....	95	48	114	109	102	105	109	35	56	32	37	55	136	47
Prospect Park Bor.—														
1 Dist.....	97	10	140	142	122	124	126	9	10	7	5	11	156	12
2 Dist.....	127	19	164	166	147	151	153	11	14	12	13	12	183	21
Totowa Bor.....	148	25	132	130	155	171	161	18	50	15	25	49	176	27
Wayne Twp.—1 Dist....	70	32	81	76	83	77	81	21	30	21	22	32	96	35
2 Dist.....	111	27	100	99	109	106	109	19	34	17	21	29	119	29
West Milford Twp.—														
1 Dist.....	113	33	105	101	111	114	121	20	31	21	21	30	127	33
2 Dist.....	97	28	78	76	91	87	93	31	41	31	29	41	101	33
West Paterson Bor.....	93	70	73	75	80	138	78	44	86	43	62	66	116	56
Total Vote, County..	15910	7748	14327	14220	16488	17170	16497	6915	9881	6989	7173	9722	19271	7454

Senator—Nat. Pro., 2,997; Soc., 2,292; Soc.-Lab., 458. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 2,212; Soc., 2,550; Soc.-Lab., 333. Sheriff—Nat. Pro., 529; Soc., 2,299; Soc.-Lab., 244. Surrogate—Rep., 16,568; Dem., 9,174; Nat. Pro., 780; Soc., 2,434; Soc.-Lab., 300.

SALEM COUNTY.

	Assembly—	
	Greenwood, Rep.	Wheatley, Dem.
Alloway Township.....	45	97
Elmer Borough.....	166	121
Elsinboro Township.....	42	39
Lower Alloway Creek Township.....	120	75
Lower Penns Neck Township.....	87	93
Mannington Township.....	216	43
Oldmans Township.....	139	110
Pennsgrove Borough—Northern Dist.....	67	74
Southern Dist.....	40	51
Pilesgrove Township.....	100	50
Pittsgrove Township.....	153	178
Quinton Township.....	71	43
Salem City—East Ward, 1 Dist.....	169	83
2 Dist.....	147	102
3 Dist.....	158	121
West Ward, 1 Dist.....	91	73
2 Dist.....	42	102
3 Dist.....	69	79
Total, Salem.....	676	560
Upper Penns Neck Township.....	33	28
Upper Pittsgrove Township—1 Dist.....	133	98
2 Dist.....	97	64
Woodstown Borough.....	188	72
Total Vote, County.....	2375	1796
Assembly—Nat. Pro.. 107.		

SOMERSET COUNTY.

	--Assembly--	
	Hammond, Rep.	Swackhamer, Dem.
Bedminster Township.....	63	107
Bernards Township—1 Dist.....	85	90
2 Dist.....	52	37
3 Dist.....	102	26
4 Dist.....	214	114
Bound Brook Borough—1 Dist.....	141	95
2 Dist.....	150	60
3 Dist.....	111	130
Branchburgh Township—1 Dist.....	91	30
2 Dist.....	79	58
Bridgewater Township—1 Dist.....	160	81
2 Dist.....	212	73
3 Dist.....	36	30
4 Dist.....	45	44
Franklin Township—1 Dist.....	76	38
2 Dist.....	29	36
3 Dist.....	103	49
Hillsborough Township—1 Dist.....	170	65
2 Dist.....	130	63
Millstone Borough.....	19	17
Montgomery Township.....	140	116
North Plainfield Borough—1 Dist.....	95	49
2 Dist.....	96	86
3 Dist.....	54	39
4 Dist.....	133	126
5 Dist.....	96	81
North Plainfield Township.....	53	69
Peapack-Gladstone Borough.....	95	120
Rocky Hill Borough.....	53	32
Somerville Borough—1 Dist.....	160	83
2 Dist.....	117	44
3 Dist.....	149	47
4 Dist.....	153	104
5 Dist.....	171	42
Total, Somerville.....	750	320
South Bound Brook Borough.....	108	108
Warren Township.....	121	110
Total Vote, County.....	3802	2499

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 84; Prog., 118.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

	[--Senator--]		[Assembly--]	
	DeKay, Rep.	Munson, Dem.	Ackerson, Dem.	Wilson, Rep.
Andover Borough.....	56	57	52	57
Andover Township.....	36	69	69	31
Branchville Borough.....	81	82	68	81
Byram Township.....	25	48	47	27
Frankford Township.....	110	102	100	93
Franklin Borough.....	46	284	155	144
Fredon Township.....	59	48	48	55
Green Township.....	74	48	57	64
Hampton Township.....	38	60	60	34
Hardyston Township—1 Dist.....	215	76	82	203
2 Dist.....	35	36	16	48
Hopatcong Borough.....	34	30	30	33
Lafayette Township.....	115	64	116	67
Montague Township.....	62	77	82	50
Newton, Town—1 Dist.....	133	118	115	136
2 Dist.....	115	136	140	105
3 Dist.....	126	109	105	138
4 Dist.....	134	107	108	137
Total, Newton.....	508	470	468	516
Ogdensburg Borough.....	28	91	70	44
Sandyston Township.....	73	104	105	49
Sparta Township.....	124	99	130	95
Stanhope Borough.....	49	68	54	57
Stillwater Township.....	68	103	105	62
Sussex Borough.....	129	154	128	141
Vernon Township.....	144	86	95	119
Walpack Township.....	21	47	50	17
Wantage Township—North Dist...	86	85	101	67
South Dist...	100	107	110	82
Total Vote, County.....	2316	2495	2398	2236

Senate—Nat. Pro., 135. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 154.

UNION COUNTY.

		Assembly					
		Morgan, Rep.	Pierson, Rep.	Runyon, Rep.	Leonard, Dem.	Meek, Dem.	Reville, Dem.
Clark Township.....		34	39	34	28	24	22
Cranford Township—1 Dist...		132	142	140	37	40	30
	2 Dist...	100	108	107	45	37	36
	3 Dist...	150	151	152	23	18	18
	4 Dist...	142	151	150	35	31	28
Elizabeth City—							
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....		29	24	23	153	146	145
	2 Dist.....	19	20	24	117	111	111
	3 Dist.....	23	26	23	87	85	81
	4 Dist.....	32	33	35	143	134	127
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....		35	35	32	139	138	135
	2 Dist.....	79	77	86	129	112	105
	3 Dist.....	59	61	61	117	114	114
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....		49	46	49	106	91	88
	2 Dist.....	34	33	37	101	88	89
	3 Dist.....	73	68	76	99	87	82
	4 Dist.....	63	64	65	100	90	88
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....		60	54	60	111	104	108
	2 Dist.....	81	87	92	107	92	91
	3 Dist.....	99	101	102	115	113	105
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....		95	97	94	88	75	72
	2 Dist.....	87	84	85	112	108	98
	3 Dist.....	80	80	83	71	64	62
	4 Dist.....	68	72	67	78	67	66
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....		63	62	66	111	104	101
	2 Dist.....	78	79	88	132	126	117
	3 Dist.....	106	101	107	149	141	135
	4 Dist.....	122	122	130	148	139	131
7 Ward, 1 Dist.....		43	46	50	102	99	92
	2 Dist.....	59	58	57	72	69	64
	3 Dist.....	69	66	72	112	101	99
	4 Dist.....	83	79	78	150	150	145
8 Ward, 1 Dist.....		119	115	117	133	120	112
	2 Dist.....	118	118	122	110	96	93
	3 Dist.....	61	65	68	226	212	213
	4 Dist.....	73	70	70	147	140	137
	5 Dist.....	61	63	63	52	51	50
9 Ward, 1 Dist.....		82	81	80	98	86	74
	2 Dist.....	78	76	80	54	52	47
	3 Dist.....	72	74	75	105	98	94
	4 Dist.....	71	70	76	67	60	57
10 Ward, 1 Dist.....		215	205	215	116	110	79
	2 Dist.....	108	104	110	78	86	61
	3 Dist.....	241	245	249	103	95	79
	4 Dist.....	139	146	146	30	40	26
11 Ward, 1 Dist.....		127	131	134	46	46	40
	2 Dist.....	257	260	266	82	89	59
	3 Dist.....	134	133	137	61	62	54
	4 Dist.....	218	214	224	60	45	36

UNION COUNTY—Continued.

		Assembly					
		Morgan, Rep.	Pierson, Rep.	Runyon, Rep.	Leonard, Dem.	Meek, Dem.	Reville, Dem.
Elizabeth City—							
12 Ward,	1 Dist.....	154	153	162	132	123	105
	2 Dist.....	104	103	113	107	95	92
	3 Dist.....	185	180	184	68	63	52
	4 Dist.....	161	155	153	67	67	55
Total, Elizabeth.....		4466	4436	4386	4891	4584	4266
Fanwood Borough.....		79	78	85	25	23	17
Fanwood Township.....		242	245	250	36	29	25
Garwood Borough.....		114	127	130	55	48	46
Hillside Township.....		283	293	302	119	82	69
Kenilworth Borough.....		51	53	47	41	32	31
Linden Borough.....		61	64	66	36	29	23
Linden Township.....		174	177	177	48	43	41
Mountainside Borough.....		25	26	23	11	12	10
New Providence Borough.....		103	104	111	29	28	27
New Providence Township....		62	62	65	27	25	23
Plainfield City—							
1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	70	74	94	22	22	16
	2 Dist.....	110	112	130	35	29	19
	3 Dist.....	87	87	98	14	11	11
	4 Dist.....	113	115	131	37	31	25
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	178	180	203	29	20	16
	2 Dist.....	148	149	155	29	22	18
	3 Dist.....	124	133	156	34	28	24
	4 Dist.....	97	103	116	36	30	27
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	108	113	136	43	31	39
	2 Dist.....	157	156	178	31	24	23
	3 Dist.....	101	106	125	46	31	44
	4 Dist.....	122	127	131	26	19	20
4 Ward,	1 Dist.....	94	95	111	44	36	38
	2 Dist.....	103	99	125	39	28	28
	3 Dist.....	92	98	128	57	44	55
	4 Dist.....	88	89	97	24	19	24
	5 Dist.....	82	81	95	50	43	48
	6 Dist.....	68	74	85	33	30	31
Total, Plainfield.....		1942	1991	2294	629	500	506
Rahway City—							
1 Ward,	1 Dist.....	58	59	64	64	58	56
	2 Dist.....	72	83	87	70	65	62
2 Ward,	1 Dist.....	81	92	85	47	43	42
	2 Dist.....	68	73	81	78	72	66
3 Ward,	1 Dist.....	144	161	155	88	83	74
	2 Dist.....	124	145	147	89	77	73
4 Ward,	1 Dist.....	70	88	87	45	37	38
	2 Dist.....	79	86	87	59	54	52
5 Ward.....		154	158	167	91	90	81
Total, Rahway.....		850	945	960	631	579	544

UNION COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly					
	Morgan, Rep.	Pierson, Rep.	Ruzyon, Rep.	Leonard, Dem.	Meek, Dem.	Reville, Dem.
Roselle Borough—1 Dist.....	96	105	110	35	26	24
2 Dist.....	159	161	158	48	45	40
3 Dist.....	93	94	94	40	33	31
Roselle Park Borough—1 Dist.,	209	214	221	85	78	68
2 Dist.,	170	172	172	114	107	101
Springfield Township.....	195	205	210	79	79	76
Summit City—						
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	104	105	102	31	32	32
2 Dist.....	80	83	80	35	35	36
3 Dist.....	114	118	117	22	19	19
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	86	89	85	42	40	40
2 Dist.....	136	144	142	57	54	53
3 Dist.....	94	95	99	66	59	59
Total, Summit.....	614	634	625	253	239	239
Union Township—1 Dist.....	139	138	148	50	51	43
2 Dist.....	106	111	114	46	40	37
Westfield Town—						
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	132	135	140	44	34	27
2 Dist.....	187	183	204	55	52	44
2 Ward.....	145	158	156	92	76	68
3 Ward.....	202	207	215	77	62	42
4 Ward.....	150	150	155	76	70	57
Total, Westfield.....	816	833	870	344	294	238
Total Vote, County.....	11607	11859	12401	7840	7154	6659

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 272; Prog.-Roos., 902; Soc., 1,649.

ELECTION RETURNS.

WARREN COUNTY.

	—Assembly—		—Co. Clerk—	
	Herrick, Dem.	Pierson, Rep.	Mitchler, Dem.	Smith, Rep.
Allamuchy Township.....	67	33	66	29
Alpha Borough.....	41	51	53	48
Belvidere, Town—1 Dist.....	152	84	170	80
2 Dist.....	119	98	137	100
Blairstown Township.....	148	166	197	143
Franklin Township.....	100	131	118	133
Frelinghuysen Township.....	90	84	122	54
Greenwich Township.....	59	102	78	97
Hackettstown, Town—1 Dist.....	160	86	163	86
2 Dist.....	218	112	222	103
Hardwick Township.....	35	22	48	24
Harmony Township.....	81	108	125	77
Hope Township.....	96	97	101	105
Independence Township.....	90	89	108	68
Knowlton Township.....	174	88	115	156
Lopatcong Township.....	58	66	62	72
Mansfield Township.....	139	121	184	76
Oxford Township.....	162	113	177	108
Pahaquarry Township.....	21	4	25	2
Phillipsburg, Town—				
1 Ward, 1 Dist.....	121	64	97	101
2 Dist.....	130	104	109	136
2 Ward, 1 Dist.....	149	42	130	78
2 Dist.....	117	44	83	85
3 Ward, 1 Dist.....	101	170	105	188
2 Dist.....	104	103	103	123
4 Ward, 1 Dist.....	110	32	91	59
2 Dist.....	128	34	100	72
5 Ward, 1 Dist.....	125	61	86	114
2 Dist.....	89	68	77	100
6 Ward, 1 Dist.....	103	72	91	106
2 Dist.....	141	54	114	90
Total, Phillipsburg.....	1418	848	1186	1252
Pohatcong Township—1 Dist.....	71	102	93	87
2 Dist.....	51	110	70	102
Washington Borough—1 Dist.....	82	60	94	45
2 Dist.....	90	76	91	71
3 Dist.....	96	107	123	78
4 Dist.....	77	83	99	69
Washington Township.....	75	77	106	48
White Township.....	104	78	113	83
Total Vote, County.....	4074	3196	4246	3396

Assembly—Nat. Pro., 250; Soc., 159; Prog.-Roos., 100. County Clerk—Nat. Pro., 203; Soc., 106.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1912.

(From New York Tribune Almanac, 1914.)

STATES.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Pro.	Soc.-Lab.
Alabama	82,438	9,732	22,680	3,029	.....	.....
Arizona	10,324	3,021	6,949	3,163	.....	.....
Arkansas	68,838	24,467	21,673	8,153	.....	.....
California	283,436	3,914	283,610	79,201	23,336	.....
Colorado	114,232	58,386	72,306	16,418	5,063	475
Connecticut	74,561	68,324	34,129	10,056	2,068	1,260
Delaware	22,631	15,997	8,886	556	623	.....
Florida	36,417	4,279	4,535	4,806	1,854	.....
Georgia	93,076	5,191	21,980	1,028	149	.....
Idaho	33,921	32,810	25,527	11,960	1,537	.....
Illinois	405,048	253,593	386,478	81,278	15,710	4,066
Indiana	281,890	151,267	162,007	36,931	19,249	3,130
Iowa	185,325	119,805	161,819	16,967	8,440	.....
Kansas	143,663	74,845	120,210	26,779	.....	.....
Kentucky	219,584	115,512	102,766	11,647	3,233	956
Louisiana	61,035	8,834	9,323	5,249	.....	.....
Maine	51,113	26,545	48,493	2,541	945	.....
Maryland	112,674	54,956	57,789	3,996	2,244	322
Massachusetts	173,408	155,948	142,228	12,616	2,754	1,102
Michigan	150,751	152,244	214,584	23,211	8,934	1,252
Minnesota	100,426	64,334	125,856	27,505	7,886	2,212
Mississippi	57,227	1,597	3,646	2,062	.....	.....
Missouri	330,746	207,821	124,371	28,466	5,380	1,778
Montana	27,941	18,512	22,456	10,885	.....	.....
Nebraska	109,008	54,216	72,689	10,185	3,383	.....
Nevada	7,986	3,196	5,620	3,313	.....	.....
New Hampshire	34,724	32,927	17,794	1,981	535	.....
New Jersey	178,289	88,835	145,410	15,901	2,871	1,321
New Mexico	20,437	17,733	8,347	2,859	.....	.....
New York	655,475	455,428	390,021	63,381	19,427	4,251

ELECTION RETURNS.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1912—Continued.

(From New York Tribune Almanac, 1914.)

STATES.	Dem.	Rep.	Prog.	Soc.	Pro.	Soc.-Lab.
North Carolina.....	144,507	29,139	69,130	1,025	117	.....
North Dakota.....	29,555	23,090	25,726	6,966	1,243	.....
Ohio.....	424,834	278,168	229,807	90,144	11,511	2,630
*Oklahoma.....	119,156	45,393	45,393	42,262	2,185	.....
Oregon.....	47,064	34,673	37,900	13,343	4,390	.....
Pennsylvania.....	395,619	273,305	447,426	80,915	19,533	704
Rhode Island.....	30,412	27,703	16,878	2,049	616	236
South Carolina.....	48,355	536	1,293	164	.....	.....
South Dakota.....	48,942	.....	58,811	4,662	3,910	.....
Tennessee.....	130,425	60,574	54,041	3,498	834	.....
Texas.....	219,489	28,530	26,745	24,896	1,698	430
Utah.....	36,579	42,100	24,174	9,023	.....	509
Vermont.....	15,354	23,332	22,132	928	1,095	.....
Virginia.....	90,332	23,288	21,777	820	709	50
Washington.....	86,840	70,445	113,698	40,134	9,810	1,872
West Virginia.....	113,046	56,667	78,977	15,336	4,534	.....
Wisconsin.....	164,228	130,695	62,460	33,490	8,586	527
Wyoming.....	15,310	14,560	9,232	2,760	434	.....
Totals.....	6,292,670	3,441,568	4,169,482	898,538	207,959	29,083
Plurality.....	2,123,188	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* The vote in Oklahoma for the joint Republican and Progressive electoral ticket, 90,786, is divided between the Republican and Progressive parties.

ELECTORAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT—1912.

At the Presidential election, held on November 5, 1912, Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic candidate, carried the following States:

Alabama	12	Nebraska	8
Arizona	3	Nevada	3
Arkansas	9	New Hampshire	4
*California	2	New Jersey	14
Colorado	6	New Mexico	3
Connecticut	7	New York	45
Delaware	3	North Carolina	12
Florida	6	North Dakota	5
Georgia	14	Ohio	24
Idaho	4	Oklahoma	10
Illinois	29	Oregon	5
Indiana	15	Rhode Island	5
Iowa	13	South Carolina	9
Kansas	10	Tennessee	12
Kentucky	13	Texas	20
Louisiana	10	Virginia	12
Maine	6	West Virginia	8
Maryland	8	Wisconsin	13
Massachusetts	18	Wyoming	3
Mississippi	10		
Missouri	18	Total	435
Montana	4		

Theodore Roosevelt, the Progressive candidate, carried the following States: *California, 11; Michigan, 15; Washington, 7; Minnesota, 12; Pennsylvania, 38; South Dakota, 5. Total, 88. William Howard Taft, the Republican candidate, carried the following States: Utah, 4; Vermont, 4. Total, 8.

* Split between Wilson and Roosevelt.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1912—HIGHEST ELECTORS.

	Wilson, Dem.	Roosevelt, Prog.	Taft, Rep.	Chafin, Pro.	Debs, Soc.	Reimer, Soc.-Lab.
Atlantic	4885	4245	4422	153	220	38
Bergen	9978	8594	5087	175	947	87
Burlington ...	5592	3973	3967	225	220	27
Camden	10812	8718	7911	263	1744	63
Cape May.....	2124	1847	909	73	66	10
Cumberland ..	3858	4097	1895	248	303	23
Essex	26250	33627	16994	167	3320	243
Gloucester ...	3364	3108	1856	232	206	20
Hudson	40517	24156	8763	143	3169	356
Hunterdon ...	4103	1470	1970	74	51	20
Mercer	7773	6907	5676	105	586	73
Middlesex	8186	5061	4743	111	250	48
Monmouth ...	9799	6305	3683	126	232	37
Morris	5628	4440	3329	216	413	20
Ocean	1858	2055	919	46	44	18
Passaic	10810	11701	5349	89	2374	208
Salem	2745	1374	1803	68	80	11
Somerset	3146	2059	2068	66	46	17
Sussex	2852	1506	890	71	49	3
Union	9695	8429	5421	82	1484	45
Warren	4663	2007	1411	203	144	29
Totals	178289	145410	88835	2936	15948	1321
Plurality ..	32879					

VOTE FOR CONGRESS, 1914.

FIRST DISTRICT.

	Browning, Rep.	Nowrey, Dem.
Camden	16697	8295
Gloucester	4467	2615
Salem	2978	2361
Totals	24142	13271

Republican plurality, 10871.

Chenowith, Progressive, 387; Day, National Prohibition, 1291; Hartmeyer, Socialist, 1469; Higgins, Progressive Roosevelt, 735.

SECOND DISTRICT.

	Bacharach, Rep.	Baker, Dem.
Cape May	2202	2079
Cumberland	4417	3631
Atlantic	8233	4004
Burlington	6596	4638
Totals	21448	14352

Republican plurality, 7096.

Bright, Progressive Roosevelt, 2276; Chapman, National Prohibition, 775; McKeon, Socialist, 673.

THIRD DISTRICT.

	Havens, Rep.	Scully, Dem.
Middlesex	7721	10395
Monmouth	9072	9444
Ocean	2510	1499
Totals	19303	21338

Democratic plurality, 2035.

Easton, National Prohibition, 948; Shupe, Socialist, 536.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

	Hutchinson, Rep.	Walsh, Dem.
Hunterdon	3118	3531
Somerset	3625	2723
Mercer	10335	7512
Totals	17078	13766

Republican plurality, 3312.

Alexander 2d, Socialist, 561; Barrett, National Prohibition, 326; Phillips, Socialist-Labor, 112; Thorn, Progressive Roosevelt, 1711.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

	Capstick, Rep.	Tuttle, Jr., Dem.
Union	11067	10005
Morris	5884	5713
Totals	16951	15718

Republican plurality, 1233.

May, Progressive Roosevelt, 2218; Seeholzor, Socialist, 1854; Smith, National Prohibition, 368.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

	Prince, Rep.	Hart, Dem.
Bergen	9963	10259
Sussex	2153	2282
Warren	3176	3463
Passaic (part)	588	282
Totals	15880	16286

Democratic plurality, 406.

Katz, Socialist-Labor, 233; Krafft, Socialist, 921; McDermut, Independent Democrat, 388; Reed, National Prohibition, 632; Zabriskie, Progressive Roosevelt, 1549.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Drukker, Rep.	Cabell, Dem.
Passaic (part)	12664	6944

Republican plurality, 5720.

Demarest, Socialist, 3370; Jager, Socialist-Labor, 191.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

	Gray, McDonald, Rep.	Dem.
Essex (part)	7477	4306
Hudson (part)	5961	7372
Totals	13438	11678

Republican plurality, 1760.

Archibald, Progressive Republican, 2232; Duffy, Regular Democratic, 1397; Morton, Socialist, 963; Simmons, National Prohibition, 191.

NINTH DISTRICT.

	Parker, Gregory, Rep.	Dem.
Essex (part)	9482	8069

Republican plurality, 1413.

Bohn, Socialist, 1342; Roff, National Prohibition, 118; Roper, Progressive Roosevelt, 738; Seymour, Democratic, 5672.

TENTH DISTRICT.

	Lehlbach, Rep.	Townsend, Dem.
Essex (part)	13765	12278

Republican plurality, 1487.

Doyle, Jefferson Principal Democratic, 387; Ford, Progressive-Republican, 1425; Goebel, Socialist, 970; Weigand, National Prohibition, 154.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

	Straus, Rep.	Eagan, Dem.
Hudson (part)	8400	17551

Democratic plurality, 9151.

Reilly, Socialist, 1091.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

	Higgin- botham, Jr.,	Hamill,
	Rep.	Dem.
Hudson (part)	7379	16260
Democratic plurality, 8881.		
Anderson, Progressive-Republican, 1313; Parker, National		
Prohibition, 190; Power, Socialist, 831.		
Net Republican plurality, 12419.		

AVERAGE VOTE FOR MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, NOVEMBER 2, 1915.

County.			Nat.			Majority.
	Dem.	Rep.	Pro.	Soc.	Dem.	Rep.
Atlantic	1966	7597	695	312	.....	5631
Bergen	10263	11846	594	1088	.....	1583
Burlington	5094	8054	300	.....	.....	2960
Camden	5790	16340	812	1538	.....	10550
Cape May	1261	2531	191	.....	.....	1270
Cumberland	2579	4137	607	.....	.....	1558
Essex	21849	35664	653	3503	.....	13815
Gloucester	2050	3878	1479	201	.....	1828
Hudson	38253	17278	1668	3042	20975	.....
Hunterdon	4328	2657	150	.....	1671	.....
Mercer	6950	10792	.....	846	.....	3842
Middlesex	8890	8077	476	.....	813	.....
Monmouth	9543	7611	476	.....	1932	.....
Morris	3716	7074	577	784	.....	3358
Ocean	1860	2240	124	.....	.....	380
Passaic	8136	15740	1709	2437	.....	7604
Salem	1796	2375	107	.....	.....	579
Somerset	2499	3802	84	.....	.....	1303
Sussex	2398	2236	154	.....	162	.....
Union	7281	11956	741	1603	.....	4675
Warren	4074	3196	250	159	878	.....
Total	150576	185081	11847	11513	26431	60936
						26431
						34505

Total vote cast for Socialist-Labor, 292.

Total vote cast for Progressive-Roosevelt, 6903.

Total vote cast for Independent Citizen, 6649.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR—1913.

	Butterworth, Soc.-Lab.	Colby, Prog.	Dwyer, Ind.	Fielder, Dem.	Mason, Nat'l Pro.	Reilly, Soc.	Stokes, Rep.	Dem.	Rep.
Atlantic ...	32	828	18	3636	111	139	7496	....	3860
Bergen	221	2699	81	11301	204	717	8087	3214	....
Burlington...	39	1329	27	5054	210	155	5811	....	757
Camden	196	2376	44	9661	282	1129	13184	....	3523
Cape May...	18	480	18	1745	66	46	1947	....	202
Cumberland .	43	1798	21	3567	190	189	3115	452	....
Essex	395	11452	94	25310	206	2310	24749	561	....
Gloucester...	49	1199	10	3088	382	118	3089	....	1
Hudson	465	4473	247	42041	212	2565	16082	25959	....
Hunterdon...	29	373	15	3736	82	39	2548	1188	....
Mercer	81	1498	38	7211	81	447	9245	....	2034
Middlesex...	126	1220	42	8946	190	173	6492	2454	....
Monmouth...	63	1430	34	8969	178	129	6186	2783	....
Morris	107	1773	33	5408	236	421	4568	840	....
Ocean	12	907	17	1683	53	21	1752	....	69
Passaic	359	2035	58	9852	146	3820	10367	....	515
Salem	19	539	2	2508	89	67	2141	367	....
Somerset ...	36	691	14	2925	77	33	2679	246	....
Sussex	20	296	9	2628	104	44	1397	1231	....
Union	122	3203	37	9938	119	1345	7388	2550	....
Warren	28	533	16	3941	209	79	1975	1966	....
Total	2460	41132	876	173148	3427	13971	140298	43811	10961
Plurality....	....	....	...	32850	....	....	....	32850	....

ELECTION PRECINCTS, 1915.

Atlantic	78	Middlesex	76
Bergen	115	Monmouth	94
Burlington	65	Morris	63
Camden	134	Ocean	33
Cape May	27	Passaic	120
Cumberland	43	Salem	22
Essex	319	Somerset	36
Gloucester	40	Sussex	28
Hudson	322	Union	108
Hunterdon	32	Warren	39
Mercer	96		
		Total	1890

STATEMENT OF VOTE ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS, OCTOBER 19, 1915.

ELECTION RETURNS.

579

COUNTY.	1st Amendment— Relating to the right of suffrage.		2d Amendment— Relating to and the method of amending constitution.		3d Amendment— Relating to excess con- demnation.		No. of names on the registry list.	No. of names on the poll book.	Rejected vote.
	For.	Against.	For.	Against.	For.	Against.			
Atlantic	3091	6977	3859	5578	3437	5964	17046	10581	413
Bergen	8769	9957	9116	8431	7611	9970	33779	19288	448
Burlington	4496	6197	4262	5847	3456	6615	18967	11049	284
Camden	9820	12357	9652	11486	8824	12287	33283	22668	508
Cape May	1430	1783	1272	1622	1140	1761	6916	3371	104
Cumberland	2956	3673	2534	3466	2069	3913	12681	6886	175
Essex	24200	38335	29451	30679	30561	29483	86546	63107	2002
Gloucester	2699	3287	2334	3186	2006	3468	11578	6143	131
Hudson	23977	31931	26228	26532	24168	28609	79085	56669	1537
Hunterdon	2112	2614	1745	2591	1242	3045	10014	4838	88
Mercer	6996	10296	6635	9523	5336	7370	21965	17747	470
Middlesex	5425	7696	5356	6775	4769	7907	22463	13670	410
Monmouth	5684	8031	5346	7331	4792	7907	20085	14237	387
Morris	4244	5566	3902	5282	3274	5895	18239	10053	278
Ocean	1450	1293	1147	1310	975	1474	6954	2828	43
Passaic	11154	13152	10370	12624	9572	13426	35090	25384	795
Salem	1231	1626	1059	1405	959	1498	7265	2962	77
Somerset	1973	3379	1981	3009	1637	3353	8611	5325	138
Sussex	1138	2051	963	2001	760	2193	6998	3260	53
Union	8202	11520	8011	10792	7187	11636	27663	20706	697
Warren	2235	2669	1869	2638	1431	3098	10575	5042	95
Total	133282	184390	137092	162108	125206	173755	501803	327814	9133
Majority .....	.....	51108	.....	25016	.....	48549	.....	.....	.....

Voters registered, 501803. Vote polled, 327814

STATEMENT OF VOTE ON CHAPTER 396, LAWS OF 1915,
FOR THE PURCHASE OF THE TRACT OF LAND
KNOWN AS WHARTON TRACT.

Counties.	For.	Against.	Voters registered.	Votes polled.
Atlantic	3,732	4,229	17,152	12,240
Bergen	6,478	7,248	34,170	27,387
Burlington ...	2,279	5,538	19,100	14,402
Camden	7,640	7,961	33,669	27,070
Cape May	734	1,586	6,954	4,334
Cumberland ...	1,097	2,851	12,773	8,175
Essex	21,014	17,116	86,737	76,371
Gloucester	1,045	2,766	11,695	8,246
Hudson	26,487	17,209	83,493	70,562
Hunterdon	595	2,642	10,045	7,824
Mercer	2,959	10,675	23,600	20,167
Middlesex	3,841	4,820	22,939	19,860
Monmouth	3,765	7,691	26,424	19,668
Morris	2,300	4,115	18,654	13,934
Ocean	708	2,256	6,979	4,702
Passaic	10,432	8,791	36,069	31,449
Salem	403	1,051	7,321	4,631
Somerset	845	2,364	9,365	6,928
Sussex	700	1,978	7,043	5,227
Union	5,318	8,339	27,936	23,718
Warren	1,084	2,769	10,700	8,341
Total...	103,456	123,995	512,818	415,236
		103,456		
Majority against		20,539		

Ballots rejected in State, 5,683.

REPORTS OF STATE DEPARTMENTS.

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT.

STATE FUND.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

Statement.	Receipts.	Disbursements.
1 Academic Certificate Fund.....	\$2,581 60	\$567 35
2 Adjutant-General's Department,	76 00	14,483 96
3 Advertising		495 85
4 Agricultural College Fund "Interest"		5,800 00
5 Agricultural Experiment Sta- tion	55,901 83	125,686 41
6 Allowance from Motor Vehicle Acct., 1915	99,937 50	
7 Annuity for Widows of Gov- ernors		2,700 00
8 Attorney-General's Department,	427 12	47,453 70
9 Blind and Feeble-Minded.....	6,702 74	120,447 55
10 Board of Commerce and Navi- gation	1,722 00	13,439 58
11 Board of Equalization of Taxes,		18,018 56
12 Board of Fish and Game Com- missioners	26,851 63	42,295 04
13 Board of Public Utility Com- missioners	80 76	171,364 18
14 Board of Taxes and Assess- ments		17,998 54
15 Board of Visitors to Agricul- tural College of N. J.....		229 63
16 Bureau of Industrial Statistics,		8,270 95
17 Bureau of Shell Fisheries.....		2,223 34
18 Burial Grounds		65 60
19 Civil Service Commission.....	50 00	48,415 60
20 Collateral Inheritance Tax.....	2,781,348 50	75,879 87
21 Collateral Inheritance Tax Re- fund		2,614 86
22 Commissions	6,470 00	
23 Commission on the Ameliorating Condition of the Blind.....		10,198 01
24 Commission on Elimination of Toll Bridges		24 24
25 Commission on Old Age Insur- ance and Pensions.....		410 50
26 Commission on Reorganization, &c., Departments of State..		4,217 10
27 Commission to Investigate the Administration of Public Af- fairs in Bergen County.....		1,565 46
28 Commissioner of Education....	62 50	77,561 93
29 Commissioners of the Palisades Inter-State Park		110,843 70

STATE DEPARTMENTS.

Statement.	Receipts.	Disbursements.
30 Committee on Elections, House of Assembly		\$2,005 06
31 Conference of Governors.....		300 00
32 Constitutional Amendments ...		7,231 20
33 County Boards of Taxation....		96,230 61
34 County Lunatic Asylums.....		281,204 57
35 County Superintendents		63,333 33
36 County Tuberculosis Hospitals,		49,002 75
37 Court of Chancery.....		156,866 24
38 Court Expenses		400 00
39 Court of Errors and Appeals..		19,314 63
40 Court of Pardons.....		4,809 85
41 Department of Banking and Insurance	\$396,021 23	57,626 20
42 Department of Charities and Corrections		32,693 57
43 Department of Conservation and Development	320 29	19,331 17
44 Department of Health.....	1,558 17	35,542 97
45 Department of Inland Waterways		38,417 44
46 Department of Labor.....	25,201 94	89,755 22
47 Department of Public Reports,		2,639 25
48 Department of Shell Fisheries,	13,121 33	9,091 05
49 Department of Weights and Measures		11,996 38
50 Detective Bureau Licenses.....	600 00	
51 Dividends	18,870 00	
52 Emergency		2,717 57
53 Executive Department		20,966 09
54 Forest Park Reservation Commission	698 58	56,894 54
55 Geological Survey	597 52	12,826 43
56 Health Officers, Port Perth Amboy	425 00	1,249 76
57 Home for Disabled Soldiers (Kearny)	44,885 10	118,030 40
58 Home for Feeble Minded Women		114,981 56
59 Industrial Education		234,436 82
60 Inspection of Power Vessels...	684 00	1,008 15
61 Insurance Fund		50,000 00
62 Interest on Deposit, State \$89,263 29		
Interest on Special R. R. 8,828 89		
	98,092 18	
63 Investigation by Joint Committee on Appropriations....		1,990 98
64 Judicial Fees	33,719 48	
65 Judicial Retirement Fund.....		10,333 33
66 Law and Equity Reports.....		10,334 53
67 Legislature		101,870 66
68 Licenses from Private Asylums,	300 00	
69 Live Stock Commission.....	550 00	10,671 28
70 Major-General Philip Kearny Statue		8,498 92

STATE DEPARTMENTS.

583

Statement.	Receipts.	Disbursements.
71 Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth....	\$12,323 30	\$29,084 06
72 Miscellaneous Corporations (previous to 1915).....	152,146 64	
73 Miscellaneous Corporations (1915)	2,471,654 88	
74 Monmouth Battle Monument...		389 72
75 National Guard		348,303 36
76 Naval Reserve		19,524 75
77 New Jersey Conference Charities and Corrections.....		532 35
78 New Jersey Harbor Commission,	18 64	10,077 15
79 New Jersey Home for Disabled Soldiers, Sailors, Marines, &c.		
80 New Jersey Interstate Bridge and Tunnel Commission....	13,354 07	101,571 04
81 New Jersey Reformatory.....		115 80
82 New Jersey School for the Deaf	10,095 59	200,983 40
83 Obstructions to Navigation....	1,783 26	56,904 07
84 Office of Clerk in Chancery....		.79 00
85 Office of Clerk of Supreme Court	77,274 31	45,648 19
86 Office of Comptroller.....	81,333 74	27,508 74
87 Office of Comptroller and Treasurer		37,672 91
88 Office of Secretary of State...		4,953 06
89 Office of Secretary of State—Department of Motor Vehicles	97,660 74	65,629 21
90 Office of Treasurer.....		
91 Overdue Postage	185 24	88,819 95
92 Oyster and Clam Commissioner of Shark River.....		24,510 35
93 Pensions		100 00
94 Pensions of Teachers.....		347 00
95 Portraits		13,796 31
96 Practice Teaching		78,483 94
97 Preservation of Records.....		1,068 00
98 Printing		22,335 40
99 Prison Labor Commission.....		766 16
100 Public Library Commission....		62,011 22
101 Public Library Commission, Free School Libraries.....	294 00	1,292 49
102 Public Roads		13,749 77
103 Public Roads Commissioner, Assistant Supervisor		5,430 00
104 Quartermaster-General's Department		427,001 58
105 Railroad Tax (previous to 1915)		2,518 95
106 Railroad Tax (1915).....	122,102 95	15,292 38
107 Refunding Taxes on Exempted Miscellaneous Corporations ..	4,663,704 01	
108 Riparian Commission		
109 Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases		401 40
	7,187 91	8,956 17
		159,582 61

Statement.	Receipts.	Disbursements.
110 San Francisco Exposition Commission		\$60,215 77
111 Sea Girt Cottage.....		2,759 39
112 Shark River Inlet, Monmouth County		7,631 73
113 Stallion Examining and Registration Board	\$434 00	
114 State Agricultural College....		113,591 77
115 State Agricultural College, Smith Lever Extension Act Fund	5,000 00	9,208 74
116 State Board of Agriculture....		22,664 42
117 State Board of Architects.....	5,931 94	
118 State Board of Assessors.....		27,575 06
119 State Board of Canvassers.....		210 00
120 State Board of Children's Guardians	1,050 00	38,389 26
121 State Board of Education.....		3,533 39
122 State Board of Examiners.....		8,874 94
123 State Board of Health.....	4,439 55	87,370 84
124 State Board of Pharmacy.....	1,319 36	
125 State Charities Aid Association		600 00
126 State Home for Boys.....	7,945 72	125,377 48
127 State Home for Girls.....	642 01	69,941 10
128 State Horticultural Society.....		2,000 00
129 State Hospitals		892 31
130 State Hospital at Trenton.....	157,472 22	464,443 87
131 State Hospital at Morris Plains.	250,260 54	710,486 55
132 State House Commission.....	947 15	121,164 25
133 State Library		12,633 24
134 State Museum		1,978 47
135 State Model School and Boarding Halls	94,765 11	84,607 73
136 State Normal School, Trenton..	150 00	127,637 86
137 State Normal School, Montclair,	4,963 99	73,244 22
138 State Normal School, Newark..	300 00	56,530 36
139 State Oyster Commission (Atlantic County)	771 25	3,509 22
140 State Oyster Commission (Delaware Bay, &c.).....	10,867 75	13,227 95
141 State Oyster Commission (District of Ocean County).....	1,247 50	2,919 66
142 State Prison		354,373 67
143 State Prison Receipts.....	100,951 43	
144 State Reformatory for Women,	835 68	43,949 68
145 State School Tax.....		100,000 00
146 State Water Supply Commission	3,528 66	21,139 90
147 Stenographic Reporters		16,791 67
148 Summer Courses in Agriculture, &c.	9 60	11,191 22
149 Supreme Court	100 00	177,274 23
150 Teachers' Institutes	31 18	2,000 00
151 Teachers' Libraries		362 77
152 Teachers' Retirement Fund....		10,829 46
153 Tenement House Supervision..	1,084 47	66,006 33

Statement.	Receipts.	Disbursements.
154 Trenton Battle Monument.....	\$419 90	\$910 86
155 Tuberculosis Commission	10,502 54	105,838 20
156 Village for Epileptics.....	68,774 78	323,079 71
157 Vocational Schools		80,000 00
158 Washington Association of New Jersey		2,500 00
159 Washington Rock Park Com- mission		5,731 13
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$12,063,722 61	\$10,691,640 83

SCHOOL FUND.

The securities of the School Fund are the following:

Bonds	\$5,174,345 00	
Stocks	146,500 00	
	<hr/>	\$5,320,845 00
Bonds and mortgages.....		212,289 00
Riparian leases		526,857 75
Real estate		19,438 44
		<hr/>
		\$6,079,430 19

STATEMENT OF SCHOOL FUND.

Securities, November 1st, 1914.....		\$5,850,527 09
Add bonds purchased.....	\$462,500 00	
Add riparian leases issued.....	17,912 95	
	<hr/>	480,412 95
		<hr/>
		\$6,330,940 04
Less securities paid off.....	\$248,461 75	
Less riparian lease cancelled.....	3,048 10	
	<hr/>	251,509 85
		<hr/>
Securities, October 31st, 1915.....		\$6,079,430 19
Balance in bank, October 31st, 1915.....		135,631 28
		<hr/>
Total fund		\$6,215,061 47
Amount of securities, November 1st, 1914	\$5,850,527 09	
Balance in bank, November 1st, 1914..	59,227 45	
	<hr/>	5,909,754 54
		<hr/>
Net increase in fund.....		\$305,306 93

STATE DEPARTMENTS.

INVESTMENT FUND.

Balance in bank, November 1st, 1914.....	\$59,227 45
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RECEIPTS.

Bonds paid off.....	\$192,575 00
Bonds and mortgages paid off.....	3,600 00
Riparian leases paid off.....	52,286 75
	<hr/>
	248,461 75

	<hr/>	\$307,689 20
Grants		289,807 52
Proceeds from sale of unclaimed freight.....		634 56
	<hr/>	

		\$598,131 28
Bonds purchased		462,500 00
	<hr/>	

Balance in bank, October 1st, 1915.....	\$135,631 28
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INCOME OF SCHOOL FUND.

Balance in bank, November 1st, 1914.....	\$420,468 79
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RECEIPTS.

Interest on bonds	\$216,297 15
Interest on bonds and mortgages.....	10,403 75
Rents on riparian leases.....	36,998 92
Dividends	14,650 00
Licenses	310 00
Interest on deposits	9,989 20
	<hr/>
	288,649 02

	<hr/>	\$709,117 81
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DISBURSEMENTS.

Free public schools	\$250,000 00
Premium and accrued interest.....	2,279 72
School Fund expenses	22 25
	<hr/>
	252,301 97

Balance in bank, October 1st, 1915.....	\$456,815 84
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DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTRATION
AND REGULATION.

DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES, 1915.

RECEIPTS.

By net amount received from Commissioner for registration licenses, fines and other sources, less fees paid to agents.....	\$1,027,986 76
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ALLOTMENT TO COUNTIES (PREVIOUS TO 1915).

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid Collectors of counties for amounts allotted to said counties by Commissioner of Public Roads, as follows:

Atlantic	\$13,400 00
Bergen	40,100 16
Burlington	13,117 15
Camden	13,000 00
Cape May	2,695 51
Essex	52,000 00
Gloucester	2,412 65
Hudson	10,116 68
Hunterdon	12,000 00
Mercer	18,216 60
Middlesex	794 25
Monmouth	15,168 87
Morris	7,500 00
Ocean	10,000 00
Passaic	14,274 01
Salem	4,204 25
Somerset	5,692 51
Sussex	200 00
Union	15,000 00
Warren	10,000 00
	<hr/>
	\$259,912 64
Advertising, signs, etc.....	258 06
	<hr/>
	\$260,170 70

U. S. APPROPRIATION FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES AND THEIR WIVES, VINELAND.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from United States Government, \$10,128 66

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid the Home, for maintenance as per appropriation \$10,128 66

U. S. APPROPRIATION FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, KEARNY.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from the United States Government \$44,258 56

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid the Home, for maintenance, as per appropriation \$44,258 56

U. S. APPROPRIATION TO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from United States Treasurer for amount due New Jersey from the United States for the more complete endowment and maintenance of College of Agriculture and Me- chanical Arts	\$50,000 00
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DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid Henry P. Schneeweiss, Treasurer, being amount received by the State under an Act of Congress, approved August 30th, 1890.....	\$50,000 00
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ALLOTMENT TO COUNTIES, 1915.

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid Collectors of counties for amounts allotted to
said counties by the Commissioner of Public Roads pursuant to
chapter 235, laws of 1909, and amendments thereto:

Bergen	\$28,392 60
Burlington	55,263 21
Cape May	10,000 00
Camden	32,000 00
Essex	60,000 00
Gloucester	17,500 00
Hudson	4,865 00
Hunterdon	12,300 00
Mercer	25,500 00
Middlesex	61,300 00
Monmouth	41,132 00
Ocean	18,708 65
Salem	9,997 73
Sussex	6,500 00
Warren	10,000 00

\$393,459 19

To amount paid for the following:

Appropriated for maintenance of department and for salaries and expenses of two (2) Assistant Su- pervisors	99,937 50
Ocean Highway	10,360 23
Auto tags, advertising, &c.....	10,383 69

\$514,140 61

RESIDENT LICENSE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from County Clerks for resident hunters' licenses	\$62,345 15
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DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid for the following:	
Salaries and expenses.....	\$49,815 23
Supplies, &c.	14,127 16
Stationery	1,472 95
Postage	330 24
Insurance	780 78
	<hr/>
	\$66,526 36

LOCAL TAX ON RAILROAD CORPORATIONS.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received during the year 1915.....	\$2,088,018 93
By amount received from the Long Dock Co., payable in 1912.....	16,000 00
By amount received from the Wildwood and Delaware Bay Shore Line R. R. on account, payable in 1914	477 56
	<hr/>
	\$2,104,496 49

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid for the following:	
Collectors of cities, townships and boroughs, being amount allotted to the various taxing districts for the year 1914, payable in 1915, pursuant to chapter 91, laws of 1905.....	\$2,088,018 93
George F. Brensinger, City Treasurer, for account of amount allotted to Jersey City for 1911, payable in 1912.....	16,000 00
Robert J. Kay, City Treasurer, for account of amount allotted to Wildwood City for 1913, payable in 1914.....	477 56
	<hr/>
	\$2,104,496 49

ACADEMIC CERTIFICATE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from the following:	
Balance November 1st, 1914.....	\$735 10
Amount received from the Commissioner of Education, being amount of fees received from applicants for qualifying academic certificates during the year	1,307 30
	<hr/>
	\$2,042 40

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid for the following:	
Blanks	\$124 00
* Balance transferred to State Fund account, chapter 403, laws 1915, item 50.....	1,918 40
	<hr/>
	\$2,042 40

STATE DEPARTMENTS.

STATE GAME PROTECTION FUND.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from Clerks of Counties, Cities, Townships and Boroughs for licenses for unnatural- ized foreign-born resident hunters.....	\$440 00
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DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid Wm. A. Logue, Treasurer, for ex- penses of the Commission.....	\$521 46
Stationery, supplies	574 20
	<hr/>
	\$1,095 66

HUNTERS' AND ANGLERS' LICENSES.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received.....	\$38,254 70
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DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid for the following:	
Salaries	\$7,870 00
Supplies	471 27
	<hr/>
	\$8,341 27

STATE SCHOOL TAX.

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from Collectors of counties for amount of
State School Tax for 1914:

Atlantic	\$307,805 85
Bergen	381,158 12
Burlington	91,152 50
Camden	240,449 82
Cape May	89,050 46
Cumberland	71,627 03
Essex	1,642,611 83
Gloucester	68,910 04
Hudson	1,429,916 90
Hunterdon	57,144 51
Mercer	292,511 32
Middlesex	201,177 18
Monmouth	290,678 75
Morris	143,157 25
Ocean	54,084 62
Passaic	477,183 40
Salem	44,923 87
Somerset	91,480 81
Sussex	43,031 96
Union	429,995 63
Warren	69,265 05
	<hr/>
	\$6,517,216 90

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid Collectors of counties for account of amount of State School Tax apportioned to said counties for the year 1914:

Atlantic	\$300,513 83
Bergen	381,158 12
Burlington	107,902 50
Camden	247,849 82
Cape May	87,454 05
Cumberland	88,377 03
Essex	1,615,713 52
Gloucester	72,710 04
Hudson	1,401,586 77
Hunterdon	61,744 51
Mercer	292,511 32
Middlesex	201,177 18
Monmouth	290,678 75
Morris	144,957 25
Ocean	55,684 62
Passaic	477,183 40
Salem	53,123 87
Somerset	91,480 81
Sussex	50,921 35
Union	422,423 11
Warren	72,065 05
	<hr/>
	\$6,517,216 90

RAILROAD TAX (PREVIOUS TO 1915).

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from the Long Dock Co. for balance of tax payable in 1911.....	\$122,102 95
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RAILROAD TAX (1915).

RECEIPTS.

By amount received from railroad corporations for 1915	\$4,663,704 01
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RAILROAD TAX, 1915 (ALLOTMENT TO COUNTIES).

DISBURSEMENTS.

To amount paid counties for amount of railroad tax for 1914 and payable in 1915, pursuant to chapter 146, laws of 1906, collected to September 1st, 1915, and distributed pursuant to chapter 341, laws of 1913

\$2,583,127 91

INSURANCE FUND.

SECURITIES.

Riverside township, Burlington county, school bonds, five per cent.....	\$50,000 00
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STATE DEPARTMENTS.

INVESTMENT FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Amount appropriated from State Fund.....	\$50,000 00
Balance in bank, October 31st, 1915.....	50,000 00

INCOME OF INSURANCE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Balance in bank, November 1st, 1914.....	\$1,006 34
Interest on deposits.....	45 76
Interest on bonds.....	2,500 00
Balance in bank, October 31st, 1915.....	\$3,552 13

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

The securities belonging to the fund are:

One (1) Certificate of Indebtedness of the State of New Jersey, dated July 1st, 1895.....	\$31,600 00
One (1) Certificate of Indebtedness of the State of New Jersey, dated January 1st, 1897.....	16,400 00
One (1) Certificate of Indebtedness of the State of New Jersey, dated January 1st, 1902.....	68,000 00
	<hr/>
	\$116,000 00

Interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness amounting to \$5,800.00, made payable from the State Fund, has been disbursed for the maintenance of Rutgers Scientific School, at New Brunswick.

SECURITIES BELONGING TO STATE FUND.

Certificate No. 154, dated April 3d, 1832, for one thousand (1,000) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value	\$100,000 00
Certificate No. 3,640 dated July 15th, 1864, for five hundred (500) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value	50,000 00
Certificate No. 2,565, dated January 19th, 1866, for two hundred and sixty-two (262) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value.....	26,200 00
Certificate No. 4,554, dated January 19th, 1865, for one hundred and twenty-five (125) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value.....	12,500 00
	<hr/>
	\$188,700 00

TAXES AND ASSESSMENT, STATE BOARD OF.

(This board consists of the former Board of Equalization of Taxes and the State Board of Assessors.)

Lucius T. Russell, President, Elizabeth, 1918; George T. Bouton, Jersey City, 1916; Frank B. Jess, Haddon Heights, 1917; Frederic A. Gentieu, Pennsgrove, 1917; Isaac Barber, Phillipsburg, 1918. Secretary, Frank D. Schroth; Clerk and Field Secretary, Frank A. O'Connor; Engineer, Louis Focht.

The State Board of Taxes and Assessment is a consolidation of the old Board of Equalization of Taxes and the State Board of Assessors. The new body was created under the provisions of Chapter 244 of the Laws of 1915. It organized July 1st, and the purpose of the merger was to co-ordinate two bodies having similar functions.

The old State Board of Assessors was created under an act of the Legislature entitled "An act for the taxation of railroad and canal property," approved April 10th, 1884. The work of this body was increased during the same year by the passage of another act, entitled "An act to provide for the imposition of State taxes upon certain corporations, and for the collection thereof," approved April 18th, 1884. The Legislature further charged this board with the assessment and apportionment of the Municipal Franchise tax to be paid by persons, co-partnerships, associations or corporations using or occupying public streets, highways, roads or other public places, by an act passed in 1900 and taking effect January 1st, 1901.

The State Board of Equalization of Taxes was created by an act of the Legislature approved March 29th, 1905, and was designed to take the place of the old State Board of Taxation.

The report of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment for the year 1915 shows that 132 railroad and canal companies within the State are subject to taxation. These companies represent more than 2,400 miles of railroads and 175 miles of canals.

The following table is a summary of the valuation and assessment of railroad and canal property for the year 1915, subject to review by the board, which review was in progress when this article was prepared.

VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT OF RAILROAD AND CANAL PROPERTY
FOR THE YEAR 1915.

Name of System.	Total Valuation.	Tax for State Uses.	Tax for Local Uses.	Total Tax.	Increase Tax, 1915.
Pennsylvania Railroad System,	\$111,662,525	\$1,726,084	\$7	\$613,298	06 \$2,339,382 93 \$241,195 92
Central Railroad of New Jersey System	66,879,354	981,851	83	421,090	33 1,402,942 16 125,147 30
Philadelphia and Reading Railway System	16,239,267	290,865	77	58,021	53 348,887 30 48,185 69
Erie Railroad System	28,588,900	334,534	33	248,855	38 583,389 71 18,866 10
Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad System..	55,724,786	780,511	77	403,077	41 1,183,589 18 36,651 12
New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad System..	7,572,183	134,458	60	29,681	78 164,140 38 12,796 52
Lehigh Valley Railroad System	34,281,123	510,188	17	209,549	72 719,737 89 22,033 56
New York Central Railroad System	14,273,634	99,932	54	169,898	09 269,830 63 4,868 94
Railroads not classified.....	15,259,164	270,862	66	50,912	52 321,775 18 23,084 50
Total ass't's and tax, 1915,	\$350,480,936	\$5,129,290	54	\$2,204,384	82 \$7,333,675 36
Total ass't's and tax, 1914,	334,738,372	4,662,753	54	2,138,092	17 6,800,845 71
Increase, 1915	\$15,742,564	\$466,537	00	\$66,292	65 \$532,829 65 \$532,829 65

MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS.

Under the provisions of the act of April 18th, 1884, and its supplements, the Board has assessed for the year 1915 a State franchise tax against 12,411 corporations, amounting to \$3,045,572.72.

The following table shows the comparison with previous years of the number of corporations assessed under this act and the amount of tax levied:

	Number Assessed.	Amount Assessed.	Inc. in Number.	Inc. in Amount.	Dec. in Amount.
1884.....	619	\$195,273 51	..	.....	.....
1885.....	797	235,769 40	178	\$40,495 89	.....
1886.....	917	244,035 81	120	8,266 41	.....
1887.....	1,132	287,702 13	215	43,666 32	.....
1888.....	1,457	360,197 59	325	72,495 46	.....
1889.....	1,698	438,893 42	241	78,695 83	.....
1890.....	2,103	574,048 16	405	135,154 74	.....
1891.....	2,377	629,659 62	274	55,661 46	.....
1892.....	3,149	788,486 86	772	158,827 24	.....
1893.....	3,889	973,417 19	740	184,930 33	.....
1894.....	4,283	1,077,066 39	394	103,649 20	.....
1895.....	4,450	1,092,744 59	167	15,678 20	.....
1896.....	4,593	1,060,056 52	143	.....	\$32,688 07
1897.....	4,777	1,075,278 52	184	15,222 00	.....
1898.....	5,188	1,197,030 54	411	121,752 02	.....
1899.....	5,469	1,332,635 95	281	135,605 41	.....
1900.....	6,602	2,048,008 03	1,133	715,372 08	.....
1901.....	7,294	2,315,592 78	692	267,584 75	.....
1902.....	8,567	2,878,073 11	1,273	562,480 33	.....
1903.....	9,449	3,380,439 87	882	502,366 76	.....
1904.....	10,013	3,663,589 96	564	283,150 09	.....
1905.....	10,065	3,605,473 52	52	.....	58,116 44
1906.....	10,230	3,515,878 00	165	.....	89,595 52
1907.....	10,307	3,356,638 25	77	.....	159,239 75
1908.....	10,821	3,267,350 14	514	.....	89,288 11
1909.....	11,022	3,233,083 46	201	.....	29,266 68
1910.....	11,606	3,188,084 58	584	.....	49,998 88
1911.....	11,860	3,171,576 25	254	.....	16,508 33
1912.....	12,372	3,131,430 72	512	.....	40,145 53
1913.....	12,688	3,128,498 30	316	.....	2,932 42
1914.....	12,659	3,057,911 12	Dec. 29	.....	70,587 18
1915.....	12,411	3,045,572 72	248	.....	12,338 40

MUNICIPAL FRANCHISE ACT.

Assessments, based upon returns made, were levied against 322 corporations and five individuals, amounting in the aggregate to \$1,505,776.96 tax, classified as follows (the increase in tax over 1914 being the sum of \$40,192.78) :

No.	Classification.	Tax.
33	Street Railway	\$804,388 08
115	Water	79,862 52
118	Gas and Electric Light.....	463,728 32
43	Telephone and Telegraph.....	151,404 29
3	District Telegraph Messenger.....	1,475 48
15	Sewer and Pipe Line.....	4,918 27
327		<hr/> \$1,505,776 96

The following table will show the apportionment of this tax to the various municipalities of the State, grouped by counties :

SUMMARY BY COUNTIES.

Atlantic	\$47,256 68	Middlesex ...	\$50,394 67
Bergen	92,871 40	Monmouth ...	47,706 98
Burlington ..	33,589 12	Morris	22,341 32
Camden	77,170 28	Ocean	5,335 36
Cape May ...	16,484 68	Passaic	126,286 94
Cumberland..	16,272 43	Salem	2,942 95
Essex	444,409 69	Somerset	10,800 16
Gloucester ...	11,449 45	Sussex	1,780 50
Hudson	323,524 20	Union	101,035 65
Hunterdon ..	2,345 19	Warren	9,467 90
Mercer	62,311 41		
		Total	<hr/> \$1,505,776 96

Second Annual Message of James F. Fielder, Governor of New Jersey.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
TRENTON, January 11th, 1916.

Gentlemen of the Senate and General Assembly:

It gives me considerable satisfaction to be able to inform you that the financial condition of the State is better than for several years. At the opening of the preceding session of the Legislature, a State tax or a bond issue was thought imperative to raise the money required to meet the appropriations for State Departments and institutions for the fiscal year November 1st, 1914, to October 31st, 1915, but it later became apparent that the direct inheritance tax act of 1914 would provide the necessary funds. The fact is, that while no additional revenue was provided by the Legislature of last year, upward of two million dollars were added to the State's income by the act referred to. The requisition act of 1914 also helped, in that it gave the State's financial officers a proper supervision and control over all expenditures of money and provided a much-needed check against the prevalent practice of incurring obligations in excess of appropriations. The latter act also made it possible for the Comptroller to keep account not only of disbursements, but also of the State's contractual obligations, so that for the first time within my recollection of State affairs, the statement of our financial condition at the close of a fiscal year, included among the liabilities all items for which the State was bound on uncompleted contracts, and the statement to November 1st, 1915, therefore shows exactly where we stand. The reports which the Comptroller and Treasurer will present to you show that at the close of our business year, October 31st, 1915, with every outstanding obligation provided for and deducted, we had an actual and not a fictitious balance in the treasury amounting to \$307,072.10. This balance, though small, has the great merit of being real, and we start the new year knowing that we have money in hand. In former years, the statements of cash balances, besides taking no account of outstanding contracts, included as much as two and three-quarter millions dollars of railroad taxes belonging to municipalities for their schools, but the balance I have mentioned does not include one cent of such taxes.

Considering that the Legislature of last year provided no additional State revenue and was not sure what the State's income would be, it showed wisdom in placing the

appropriations for the current year at the very lowest figure. Because that appropriation act has been in force but little more than two months, it may not be possible to say definitely at this time whether the State departments and institutions can be run ten months longer on the sums allotted to them, but comparing the estimates of their needs with their appropriations, I think many have not been given sufficient. For example, the repeated requests of institutions for enlarged accommodations with which to meet the demands on them cannot much longer be ignored; more money than was made available for the current year is needed by all the new departments created under the so-called Economy and Efficiency Bills; the State Board of Children's Guardians must have additional funds with which to perform the duties imposed upon it by the widows' pension act; new buildings must be erected for the ever increasing number of the insane; the State Printing Board cannot print the reports of departments and commissions with the money given it; the National Guard must have a further allowance, or the encampment at Sea Girt will again be abandoned; the additional Circuit Court Judge which the Legislature thought necessary must be provided with a salary or he cannot be appointed, and the Department of Banking and Insurance requires a larger appropriation for the prompt and efficient examination of the financial condition of our Building and Loan Associations. These and similar cases which I could instance, will, I know, receive your careful thought. Our finances will not permit us to do all we might wish, but we must not cripple our State work. Believing that the sum realized last year under the direct inheritance tax law will be equaled, if not exceeded, this year, and that the other sources of State income will show the usual increase, I feel you can safely grant many of the requests which will surely be presented to you for further appropriations.

The conservation of the State's natural resources deserves earnest consideration. A policy has been adopted for the conservation of our potable water supply, and plans are now maturing which will soon make an important supply in North Jersey available for the people of that section. The proposition to acquire a South Jersey tract of land, known as the Wharton Tract, with its water flowage, was submitted to the voters at the last general election, and was rejected. I am satisfied that this result occurred because little information was in the possession of any State board or department to give to the people to enable them to judge of the merits of the proposition. It was defeated by a majority of 20,539 out of a total of 227,451 votes cast for and against it, while at the same election there were 415,236 votes polled for candidates for office. That is, nearly fifty per cent. of those who voted at that election

refrained from voting on the water proposition, presumably because they did not understand it. The counties of Essex, Hudson and Passaic, whose residents have learned by experience the importance of State ownership of water supplies, gave a majority of 14,817 in favor of the proposition, while in all other counties it was defeated. I believe that the time will come when the ownership of water rights will be of vital importance to the people of South Jersey, and that we should not wait until that time to consider the acquisition of the Wharton Tract. Only a careful examination of the property by experts can produce the facts upon which to base an intelligent opinion, and I would prefer that those facts be presented to the Legislature, where they can be examined and discussed, and where it can be determined whether or not the proposition has sufficient merit to be again submitted to the people for their approval or rejection. I, therefore, recommend that you empower the State Water Supply Commission, or the Department of Conservation and Development, to make or have made, an expert examination of the tract in question and adjoining tracts, for the purpose of determining whether any part thereof should be acquired by the State, and, if so, how much; what the probable value thereof may be, and that the report, with the detailed information obtained, be made to you or to the next Legislature, for determination as to whether the people should be asked to vote upon the question of a bond issue for the purchase of such property and water rights. Of course, the direction to investigate should be accompanied by an appropriation of sufficient funds to make the investigation thorough.

A committee was appointed by the last Legislature to revise road legislation and to lay down a road policy for the State. I hope its investigations will result in a report which will form the basis for intelligent legislation, because the most important and difficult problem now pressing for solution is the improvement and maintenance of our roads. Proper provision for vehicular transportation is of vital moment, not only to our business interests, but the aid the States should give in preparation for National defense, includes a system of highways desirable and suitable for military reasons. The increasing and insistent demand for good roads imposes upon the Legislature the duty of providing them. A few years ago pleasure travel was not so great, and freight, material and commodities of all kind were generally transported by rail or water. We were then chiefly concerned with the improvement of a few main arteries, so that the farmer and manufacturer could get their supplies and products to and from nearby railroad or water shipping points, or the local markets, by wagon, but we must now reckon with the automobile. We average one automobile for every thirty-two of our population, which

means about six automobiles to every mile of our roads, excluding city streets. The Commissioner of Public Roads, in his report for the year recently closed, estimates that an automobile paying an annual license fee of \$7.50 and making 6,000 miles a year, damages the roads to the extent of \$30 or \$35, while the damage caused by the ordinary two-horse team and wagon will not cost over \$8 to replace. It is, therefore, evident that the general use of automobiles for pleasure and business purposes adds tremendously to the traffic burdens the roads must bear, and thus the new and difficult problem is presented to us. The Commissioner of Public Roads also estimates the total mileage of the State, exclusive of streets, at 15,000, of which 10,500 are still unimproved, and he says it will cost \$51,300,000 to properly improve the whole mileage. The State's share of this expense would be about \$15,000,000.

The annual appropriations heretofore made have been as liberal as the financial condition of the State would permit, and it does not seem possible to materially increase them. Last year the appropriation to the State Road Fund was \$500,000, in addition to which there was the Convict Labor Appropriation and the Motor Vehicle Fund, from which sources the State actually disbursed, for road construction and repair, the sum of \$1,235,160.23 as follows:

	<i>Construction.</i>	<i>Repair.</i>
State Road Fund.....	\$301,891 51	.....
Convict Labor Appropriation..	64,903 90	\$17,149 93
Motor Vehicle Fund.....	.....	\$51,214 89
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$366,795 41	\$868,364 82

This does not take into consideration all moneys expended for salaries and for office and clerical expenses.

Should the counties be willing to undertake the improvement of all their roads with State aid, and should the State be able to appropriate \$500,000 annually, thirty years would elapse before all the roads could be built, and in the meantime some of those improved will have worn out and will require partial, if not whole, reconstruction. It is apparent that our policy of road maintenance and construction requires readjustment, because we cannot, under the plan now pursued, properly maintain our roads with the added uses to which they are put and keep pace with the progress the State demands in building new highways. Other States, recognizing the importance of good roads in the development of the State's municipalities and industries, are spending vast sums for this purpose. How then shall we secure the money the State needs? It is not wise or expedient to raise all the money required at once. The counties could not stand the strain and the road depart-

ment could not be so organized as to handle the vast amount of work which would follow an attempt to construct ten thousand miles of road in one or two years. Perhaps there should be a slight increase in automobile license fees and a portion of these fees devoted to construction work, but it is not just that automobile owners should bear the whole cost, because improved roads benefit the owners of other vehicles; they bring more buyers to the merchants' doors; through them, property owners see increased land values, and nearly every individual, including non-road users, gets the benefit of commercial automobile travel, in quicker and cheaper transportation of commodities. I think, and therefore advise, that the necessary funds should be raised by a State tax laid specially for road construction purposes and that the work should be spread over a period of fifteen years, in which event the State would need a million dollars annually—or over ten years, for which a million and a half dollars would be required each year. The State Board of Taxes and Assessment has recently reported the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the State, subject to local taxation, as \$2,583,953.595.29. To raise a million dollars, a State tax of less than four-tenths of a mill would be necessary and a tax of less than six-tenths of a mill would raise a million and a half dollars. This small tax, amounting to but forty or sixty cents on each thousand dollars of assessed valuation, would not be felt, and I believe would be willingly paid, if it were to be the means of securing a magnificent road system.

Alignment, grading and guttering and the construction of bridges, is work of a permanent nature, while the foundation, if skillfully and honestly laid, will last for years and will not need frequent renewal. Annual State appropriations and the automobile license fees could be wholly devoted to maintenance and resurfacing work and thus we could keep our roads in first-class condition, but you should also provide for a definite and comprehensive system of road maintenance by patrolling squads, not only for State highways, but for every road which the State aids in maintenance or repair. The present method of constructing a road and then permitting it to wear out, is unbusinesslike and wasteful in the extreme.

The work of the counties on road building is also unbusinesslike, in that it lacks uniformity in policy as to the kind of material used, the method of construction and failure in co-operation between counties in connecting up highways. A policy adopted this year is subject to alteration next year through changes in the Board of Freeholders. The county engineering department and road employees change, too, with changes in membership in their boards. The counties are parts of a great whole, separated only by a stream, by a road, or by an imaginary line, and for

the whole, a definite policy for road construction should be laid down by you, to be carried out under the direction of the State department, by county engineers, supervisors and inspectors who should be experts, protected by tenure of office and not subject to every political change that may occur.

The development and improvement of our public schools is of the utmost importance. In observing the direction of the Constitution to provide for a thorough and efficient system of free public schools for the children of our State, you must give thought to the teacher. New Jersey was one of the first States to establish a normal school for the training of teachers, but the demands of the schools have outstripped our teacher supply, and we employ from outside the State teachers almost equal in number to those who are graduates of our normal schools. We are now unable to provide accommodations for all applicants for admission to the normal schools, and our high school graduates are rapidly increasing, and I believe a greater proportion of these graduates would become normal students, and later teachers in our schools, if we could offer the additional normal school facilities now denied them. I recommend that you give careful consideration to the demand which has been voiced for another normal school and that the necessary appropriation be made therefor.

The Legislature of 1913 made provision for the promotion of vocational education, offering State aid to those districts desiring to establish and maintain this form of instruction, but limiting the annual expenditure of State funds to \$80,000. Largely as a result of this legislation, more than 7,000 persons were enrolled in vocational day and evening classes during the school year ending June 30th, 1915. Of this number more than 1,000 were boys and girls, and upwards of 6,000 were young men and young women. The popularity of this very practical form of education has certainly been demonstrated, and in a State so conspicuously industrial as ours it seems fitting that this useful line of instruction should be properly encouraged. To do this it will be necessary to raise the limit of the annual expenditure fixed by the act of 1913, and I recommend that it be done, and that further funds be provided to carry on this system of education now so well established.

I would direct your attention to what appears to be an unintentional, or if intentional then an improper, limitation upon the power of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners to supervise and regulate rates or charges to be fixed or made by the public utilities of our State. It is contended that under the public utilities act, chapter 195 of the laws of 1911, the board is without power to compel a common carrier to initiate a rate and that its jurisdiction is limited to the review of rates now in exist-

ence, or which may be voluntarily proposed by the carrier. This point is directly presented in proceedings in which many South Jersey commuters are interested, now pending before the board, to compel certain railroads to sell certain forms of tickets for transportation to and from their Camden terminals, similar in form to those sold between Philadelphia and New Jersey stations, so that Camden users of these tickets may not be compelled to pay for ferriage they do not use. The question is also interesting to North Jersey travelers who use the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad and whose journey ends at Hoboken or Jersey City, but who are forced to pay for transportation they do not require beyond the limits of the State. The Pennsylvania Railroad, against which the South Jersey commuters complain, issues special forms of tickets, at special rates, available for transportation between Philadelphia and points in New Jersey, and also issues such tickets between Philadelphia and other points in Pennsylvania, but it refuses to issue the same kind of tickets between New Jersey intrastate points. Thus this carrier maintains a practice for interstate transportation and for transportation wholly within the State of Pennsylvania, which it refuses to follow within the State of New Jersey, thereby discriminating against our State, from which it holds a valuable franchise, and it contends that the board created to protect the rights of our citizens is without power, under our law, to compel it to give us the same privileges the company accords to citizens of our neighboring State. It seems entirely proper and fair that the board should have the power to inquire into the justness and reasonableness of this difference in practice, and if found unjust, discriminatory or preferential against our citizens, to order that the railroads sell us the same form of ticket they offer for interstate or intrastate travel and fix the rate therefor. I therefore recommend that an amendment or supplement to our public utility act be passed, which will vest in the Board of Public Utility Commissioners the power to order carriers operating in New Jersey to issue any form of ticket the board may deem proper for intrastate travel and to fix the rate therefor, or to require such carriers to put into effect forms of tickets and classifications of rates for transportation similar to those covering transportation on its lines between points in any other State, or in interstate commerce. I also recommend that this power be made general, so that the board may not be limited to the review only of those rates initiated by public utilities, but that it be authorized to fix and establish special rates for services, when the conditions may appear to the board to warrant them.

Through previous messages your attention has been called to what I believe to be the sentiment of the people of

our State in favor of a short, businesslike session, and fewer laws. Each Legislature announces its determination to dispose of its business speedily, but the regular session of last year consumed fifteen weeks, four hundred and thirteen laws and six joint resolutions were enacted, and a special session was necessary to correct defects in the act providing for the submission of constitutional amendments. I know of no reason for prolonging this session, and it seems to me quite possible to dispose of all necessary legislation in a period of two legislative months. I recognize that the time consumed by the Appropriation Committee in preparing the annual and supplemental appropriation bills places an obstacle in the way of a short session. Other legislative duties required of members of this committee interfere with and lengthen its hearings, and the legislative session frequently drags along awaiting the completion of these bills, which, when finally ready, are rushed through the Legislature, but few members knowing anything of their contents. I suggest, as a plan for facilitating the business of this committee and shortening the session, that on or about February first you take a recess of four weeks, during which time the Appropriation Committee shall sit frequently and have its bills ready when you reconvene, and that after the recess no more than four weeks be devoted to legislation. This method would give you and the public a chance to examine the appropriation bills before they are passed, it would materially shorten the session, and would result in fewer laws.

Respectfully,

JAMES F. FIELDER,
Governor.

ATTEST:

L. EDWARD HERRMANN,
Secretary to the Governor.

Members of the One Hundred and Fortieth Legislature

OF THE

State of New Jersey.

With Post-Office Address and Expiration of
Term of Senators.

SENATE.

Atlantic—*Walter E. Edge, R., 1917, Atlantic City.
 Bergen—*Charles O'Connor Hennessy, D., 1917, Haworth.
 Burlington—Harold B. Wells, R., 1919, Bordentown.
 Camden—William T. Read, R., 1918, Camden.
 Cape May—Lewis T. Stevens, R., 1919, Cape May City.
 Cumberland—*John A. Ackley, D., 1917, Vineland.
 Essex—Austen Colgate, R., 1918, Orange.
 Gloucester—George W. F. Gaunt, R., 1918, Mullica Hill.
 Hudson—*Charles M. Egan, D., 1917, Jersey City.
 Hunterdon—George F. Martens, Jr., D., 1919, New German-
 town.
 Mercer—*Barton B. Hutchinson, R., 1917, Trenton.
 Middlesex—William Edwin Florance, D., 1919, New Bruns-
 wick.
 Monmouth—Henry E. Ackerson, Jr., D., 1918, Keyport.
 Morris—*Charles A. Rathbun, R., 1917, Madison.
 Ocean—*Thomas A. Mathis, R., 1917, Toms River.
 Passaic—Thomas F. McCran, R., 1919, Paterson.
 Salem—Collins B. Allen, R., 1918, Salem.
 Somerset—William W. Smalley, R., 1918, Bound Brook.
 Sussex—Samuel T. Munson, D., 1919, Franklin Furnace.
 Union—Carlton B. Pierce, R., 1918, Cranford.
 Warren—Thomas Barber, D., 1918, Phillipsburg.

* Successor to be elected in 1916.
 Republicans, 13; Democrats, 8.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Atlantic—*Carlton Godfrey, R., Atlantic City; *Bertram E.
 Whitman, R., Pleasantville.
 Bergen—James T. Ackerman, R., Ridgewood R. D.; Herbert
 M. Bailey, *R., Hackensack; Walter G. Winne, R., Has-
 brouck Heights.
 Burlington—Emmor Roberts, R., Moorestown R. D.

Camden—*John B. Kates, R., Collingswood; *Garfield Pancoast, R., Audubon; *Charles A. Wolverton, R., Camden.
Cape May—Mark Lake, R., Ocean City.

Cumberland—*Raymond Sheppard, R., Haleyville.

Essex—*E. Morgan Barradale, R., South Orange; *W. Clive Crosby, R., East Orange; *Eugene T. Scudder, R., Newark; *Charles C. Pilgrim, R., Newark; *William P. Berry, R., Newark; *Harry D. Johnson, R., Newark; *George M. Titus, R., Newark; *Edward Schoen, R., Newark; *Seymour P. Gilbert, R., Bloomfield; *Marcus W. DeCamp, R., Roseland; Herbert J. Buehler, R., Newark; Paul R. Silberman, R., Newark.

Gloucester—*Oliver J. West, R., Bridgeport.

Hudson—*James C. Agnew, D., West Hoboken; Timothy F. Aaron, D., Jersey City; George J. Brackner, D., Jersey City; Joseph Carroll, D., Jersey City; Charles F. Dolan, D., Jersey City; John J. Dugan, D., Bayonne; Dennis Dunn, Jr., D., Kearny; Charles H. Felten, D., West Hoboken; Thomas G. Gannon, D., Jersey City; Harry Kuhlke, D., West New York; Allan W. Moore, D., Hoboken; Alexander Simpson, D., Jersey City.

Hunterdon—*Harry J. Iobst, D., Cokesbury.

Mercer—*James Hammond, R., Trenton; *A. Dayton Oliphant, R., Trenton; Josiah T. Allinson, R., Yardville.

Middlesex—*Charles Anderson, D., South River; *E. Leon Loblein, D., New Brunswick; Richard J. Galvin, D., Perth Amboy.

Monmouth—*Harry G. Vannote, D., Oakhurst; Elmer H. Geran, D., Matawan.

Morris—*George W. Downs, R., Madison; *Harry W. Mutchler, R., Rockaway.

Ocean—*David G. Conrad, R., Barnegat.

Passaic—*George H. Dalrymple, R., Passaic; *John Hunter, R., Paterson; *Edmund B. Randall, R., Paterson; John H. Adamson, R., Clifton; Josiah Dudley, R., Paterson.

Salem—*Lemuel H. Greenwood, R., Elmer.

Somerset—*Ogden H. Hammond, R., Bernardsville.

Sussex—Edward Ackerson, D., Lafayette.

Union—*Charles L. Morgan, R., Elizabeth; *Arthur N. Pierson, R., Westfield; *William N. Runyon, R., Plainfield.

Warren—*Alonzo D. Herrick, D., Hackettstown.

* Re-elected.

Republicans, 40; Democrats, 20. Republican majority on joint ballot, 25.

Organization of the One Hundred and Fortieth Legislature.

SENATE OFFICERS.

- President—William T. Read, Camden.
Secretary—Francis B. Davis, Woodbury, Gloucester.
Assistant Secretary—John W. Clift, Summit, Union.
President's Secretary—J. Charles Winters, Westmont, Camden.
Supervisor of Bills—William H. Johnson, Newark.
Assistant Supervisor of Bills—Fletcher L. Fritts, Dover, Morris.
Second Assistant Supervisor of Bills—Raymond O'Donnell, Somerville.
Journal Clerk—William S. Stiles, Pedricktown, Salem.
Assistant Journal Clerk—Jed DuBois, Wildwood, Cape May.
Second Assistant Journal Clerk—Milton G. Levine, Paterson.
Calendar Clerk—Edward L. Sturgess, Glassboro, Gloucester.
Bill Clerk—Charles L. Waterbury, East Orange.
Assistant Bill Clerk—Davis C. Wells, Jr., Bordentown.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Lewis E. Anderson, R. F. D. No. 1, Trenton.
Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—Harold Chafey, Point Pleasant, Ocean.
Chaplain—Rev. Edward G. Read, Plainfield, Union.
Committee Clerks—Printed Bills—William G. Maddock, Trenton. Appropriations—William B. R. Mason, Bound Brook, Somerset. Other Committees—Stewart C. Holman, Lakewood; Allen Trimble, Elizabeth; Barclay L. Schellenger, Cape May; Albert E. Bullock, Paterson.
Stenographers—Martin R. Herr, Atlantic City; Nelson C. Doland, Boonton, Morris; Sidney J. Turner, Totowa borough, Passaic.
Stenographer to Minority—Alvin B. Cliver, Asbury Park.
Doorkeepers—Harry H. Freed, Atlantic City; John Cox, Pensauken, Camden; J. T. Cheshire, Newark; Clarence J. Connell, Trenton; William Henry Cowperthwaite, West Creek, Ocean.
Gallery Keepers—John M. Johnson, Atlantic City; George Parker, Lumberton, Burlington; Samuel M. Layman, Pennsgrove, Salem.
File Clerks—John Moreland, Camden; Daniel S. Brooks, Rockaway, Morris; Harry White, Whitesville, Ocean; Frank Chiaravalli, Bound Brook, Somerset.
Pages—Lino Rubba, Hammonton, Atlantic; J. Ralph Haines, Vincentown, Burlington; Leonard P. Murphy, Salem; Robert H. Pasch, Plainfield, Somerset; Frank Dickinson, Erma, Cape May; Joseph Cirone, Paterson.

ASSEMBLY OFFICERS.

Speaker—Charles C. Pilgrim, Essex.

Speaker's Secretary—W. Stanley Naughtright, Essex.

Speaker's Assistant Secretary—Roger E. Salmon, Essex.

Clerk—Upton S. Jefferys, Camden.

Assistant Clerk—James Parker, Passaic.

Assistant to the Clerk—Henry E. Hathaway, Mercer.

Journal Clerk—George H. Johnston, Union.

Assistant Journal Clerk—George Embley, Mercer.

Supervisor of Bills—George P. Coles, Essex.

Assistant Supervisors of Bills—Walter V. Potts, Cumberland; John B. Wood, Essex; Harry M. Freeman, Essex.

Sergeant-at-Arms—William R. Swan, Essex.

Assistant Sergeants-at-Arms—Thomas F. Grant, Essex; Arthur H. Stiles, Atlantic.

Bill Clerk—Richard J. Chaplin, Morris.

Assistant Bill Clerk—Charles Troxler, Essex.

Stenographers—John Z. Demarest, Bergen; William H. Duffield, Gloucester.

Clerk to Minority Leader—John J. Matthews, Hunterdon.

Doorkeepers—Edward Lyons, Jr., Bergen; Philip Schmitz, Camden; Jacob Weinberg, Camden; E. J. Hann, Cape May; Charles Demmer, Essex; Hugh O'Brien, Essex; Clinton Smith, Mercer; William Kinney, Morris; J. Anderson Bugbee, Ocean; Samuel Kleinfeld, Salem; Albert H. Palmer, Somerset; William P. Phillip, Union.

File Clerks—Donald Rose, Bergen; Ogden H. Mattis, Burlington; Joseph C. Maull, Camden; Albert Marple, Camden; Albert Kammel, Essex; August Kemmer, Essex; John Gnatz, Essex; James M. Benners, Gloucester; Harry Plum Downs, Morris; Samuel Reynolds, Ocean; Abraham Freeswick, Passaic; James Halliwell, Passaic; David Barclay, Passaic; Clarence M. Hall, Salem; Robert Newton Crane, Union.

Pages—Daniel Bishop, Jr., Burlington; Theodore W. Gibbs, Camden; Gedney Rigor, Cape May; Vincent Albano, Essex; Harry C. Ruoff, Essex; Abraham Flink, Essex; James Kane, Essex; George Rock, Jr., Mercer; Henry Hameetman, Passaic; John Mihock, Somerset.

STANDING COMMITTEES.**Senate.**

Agriculture—Gaunt, Allen, Martens.
 Appropriations—Smalley, Gaunt, Wells, Barber.
 Banks and Insurance—McCran, Mathis, Florance.
 Boroughs and Townships—Wells, Hutchinson, Munson.
 Clergy—Hutchinson, Pierce, Ackley.
 Commerce and Navigation—Mathis, Stevens, Hennessy.
 Corporations—McCran, Rathbun, Egan.
 Education—Gaunt, Smalley, Ackley.
 Elections—Rathbun, Hutchinson, Ackerson.
 Federal Relations—Edge, Wells, Hennessy.
 Finance—Pierce, Smalley, Egan.
 Game and Fisheries—Mathis, Rathbun, Munson.
 Highways—Gaunt, Colgate, Martens.
 Judiciary—Rathbun, Edge, Ackerson.
 Labor, Industry and Social Welfare—Stevens, Mathis, Munson.
 Militia—Colgate, Edge, Ackerson.
 Miscellaneous Business—Edge, McCran, Martens.
 Municipal Corporations—Edge, McCran, Egan.
 Printed Bills—Allen, Stevens, Hennessy.
 Public Health—Wells, Colgate, Barber.
 Railroads and Canals—Colgate, Gaunt, Florance.
 Revision and Amendments of Laws—Hutchinson, Pierce, Florance.
 Riparian Rights—Stevens, Colgate, Hennessy.
 Stationery and Incidental Expenses—Smalley, Hutchinson, Barber.
 Unfinished Business—Allen, Pierce, Ackley.
 Taxation—Pierce, Allen, Ackley.

House.

Agriculture—Roberts, Allinson, Lake, Winne, Ackerson.
 Appropriations—Barradale, Pierson, Downs, Oliphant, Her-
 rick.
 Banking and Insurance—Wolverton, Berry, Morgan, Ham-
 mond (O. H.), Kuhlke.
 Bill Revision—Ackerman, Silberman, Dadley, Wolverton,
 Simpson.
 Boroughs and Borough Commissions—Dalrymple, Pancoast,
 DeCamp, Conrad, Gannon.
 Claims and Pensions—Scudder, Morgan, Hammond (J.),
 Bailey, Brackner.
 Commerce and Navigation—Berry, Hunter, Winne, Allinson,
 Dugan.

- Corporations—Runyon, Titus, Sheppard, Scudder, Galvin.
Education—Crosby, Dalrymple, Kates, Morgan, Iobst.
Elections—Schoen, Adamson, Pancoast, Godfrey, Dolan.
Federal Relations—Hammond (O. H.), Buehler, Lake, Bailey, Carroll.
Game and Fish—Mutchler, Greenwood, Sheppard, Johnson, Agnew.
Highways—Gilbert, Greenwood, Mutchler, Whitman, Herrick.
Incidental Expenses—Hammond (J.), Titus, Hunter, Morgan, Gannon.
Judiciary—Kates, Crosby, Runyon, Godfrey, Geran.
Labor and Industries—Conrad, Hunter, Pierson, Ackerman, Vannote.
Militia—Oliphant, Gilbert, Adamson, Roberts, Loblein.
Miscellaneous Business—Pancoast, Scudder, Randall, Mutchler, Agnew.
Municipal Corporations—West, Dalrymple, Schoen, Downs, Agnew.
Printed Bills—Johnson, Roberts, Hunter, Allinson, Carroll.
Public Health—Downs, DeCamp, Ackerman, Conrad, Aaron.
Railroads and Canals—Randall, Barradale, Wolverton, Sheppard, Dunn.
Revision of Laws—Godfrey, Randall, Pancoast, Barradale, Anderson.
Riparian Rights—Dalrymple, Silberman, Adamson, Hammond (J.), Felten.
Social Welfare—Pierson, Buehler, Lake, Schoen, Iobst.
Stationery—Sheppard, Hammond (O. H.), Oliphant, Gilbert, Vannote.
Taxation—Whitman, Berry, Greenwood, West, Moore.
Towns and Townships—DeCamp, Dadley, Mutchler, Silberman, Galvin.
Unfinished Business—Hunter, Bailey, Johnson, West, Ackerson.
Ways and Means—Roberts, Buehler, Whitman, Winne, Felten.

SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

- Rules—Pilgrim, Kates, Whitman.
Clergy—Oliphant, Berry, Iobst.

JOINT COMMITTEES.**HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.**

Senate—Smalley, Edge, Ackley.

House—Dadley, Greenwood, Ackerman, Brackner, Dunn.

HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Senate—Wells, Gaunt, Martens.

House—Winne, DeCamp, Whitman, Anderson, Loblein.

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY.

Senate—Edge, Wells, Ackerson.

House—Morgan, Johnson, Adamson, Dolan, Loblein.

PASSED BILLS.

Senate—Hutchinson, Mathis, Egan.

House—Buehler, Barradale, Conrad, Kuhlke, Herrick.

PUBLIC GROUNDS AND BUILDINGS.

Senate—Colgate, Edge, Martens.

House—Gilbert, Randall, Conrad, Kuhlke, Iobst.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Senate—Rathbun, Stevens, Hennessy.

House—Oliphant, Titus, Dalrymple, Simpson, Moore.

SANATORIUM FOR TUBERCULOUS DISEASES.

Senate—Allen, McCran, Barber.

House—Pierson, Roberts, Barradale, Aaron, Moore.

SCHOOL FOR DEAF MUTES.

Senate—Mathis, Stevens, Florance.

House—Hammond (J.), Sheppard, Crosby, Simpson, Dunn.

SINKING FUND.

Senate—Pierce, Colgate, Hennessy.

House—Lake, Scudder, West, Geran, Agnew.

SOLDIERS' HOME.

Senate—Stevens, Mathis, Ackley.

House—Hammond (O. H.), Crosby, Godfrey, Vannote, Brackner.

STATE HOME FOR BOYS.

Senate—McCran, Rathbun, Florance.

House—Allinson, Buehler, Morgan, Dugan, Galvin.

STATE HOME FOR GIRLS.

Senate—Hutchinson, Allen, Ackerson.

House—Allinson, Schoen, Randall, Gannon, Loblein.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Senate—Rathbun, Hutchinson, Barber.

House—Adamson, Downs, Runyon, Ackerson, Carroll.

STATE LIBRARY.

Senate—Pierce, McCran, Munson.

House—Titus, West, Pierson, Dolan, Geran.

STATE PRISON.

Senate—Colgate, Allen, Munson.

House—Silberman, Winne, Hammond (O. H.), Aaron, Her-
rick.

STATE VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS.

Senate—Gaunt, Smalley, Barber.

House—Mutchler, Berry, Downs, Simpson, Anderson.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNTS.

Senate—Smalley, Wells, Egan.

House—Bailey, Whitman, Wolverton, Felten, Geran.

LEGISLATIVE CORRESPONDENTS.

William K. Devereux—Legislative News Bureau.
James Kerney—Trenton Times.
W. Holt Apgar—State Gazette.
T. E. Burke—Newark Town Talk, Newark Eagle.
Ernest C. Stahl—New York Zeitung.
Peter J. O'Toole—New York World.
John P. Dullard—Associated Press.
John J. Farrell—New Jersey News.
Michael W. Higgins—Newark Evening News.
John C. McEnroe—Newark Evening News.
Herbert E. Ehlers—Newark Sunday Call.
Frank Thompson—Philadelphia North American.
Charles R. Bacon—Philadelphia Record.
Howard B. Tindell—General Correspondent.
Walter H. Fell—New York World.
Daniel A. Dugan—Elizabeth Times.
Julius S. Grunow—Jersey Journal.
James F. Dale—New York Sun.
Frank A. Reddan—Trenton Times, Legislative News Bureau.
John L. M. Kelly—Paterson Morning Call, New York Press,
State Gazette, Evening Ledger, Philadelphia.
Edwin J. Burke—New York Evening World.
James E. Van Horne—Philadelphia Bulletin.
Upton S. Jefferys—Camden-Post Telegram.
Lawrence J. Keefe—Newark Evening Star.
John J. McDonough—Paterson Press.
James E. Callahan—Elizabeth Evening Times.
John H. Sines—New York Times, New York Herald.
Harry D. Conover—Conover News Bureau.
Frank D. Schroth—New York Tribune, Hudson Observer.
C. Harold Levy—New York American.
Arthur J. Kelly—Standard News Association, New Jersey
Freie Zeitung.
Leo J. Lanning—Conover News Bureau.
Joseph L. Reddan—Conover News Bureau.
William A. Kelly—New York Telegraph, Central News As-
sociation.
C. Edwin Lanigan—Newark Star, Philadelphia Press.
Hadden Ivins—Hudson Dispatch.
Raymond Radliff—Hudson Dispatch.
Thomas F. Fitzgerald—General Correspondent.

SENATE.

RULES ADOPTED 1916.

PRESIDENT.

1. The President shall take the chair at the time appointed; and a quorum being present, he shall take up the business of the session in the order hereinafter provided.

2. He shall not engage in any debate without leave of the Senate, except so far as shall be necessary for regulating the form of proceedings.

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting. He shall, on all occasions, preserve the strictest order and decorum.

4. When two or more Senators shall rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

5. He shall have the right to name a Senator to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond one day.

6. He shall decide every question of order without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and he may call for the sense of the Senate upon any question of order.

7. He shall cause all persons to be arrested or removed from the Senate chamber who shall interrupt the proceedings of the Senate or conduct themselves improperly in the lobby or gallery.

8. The Senate may elect a President pro tempore, who shall possess all the powers and discharge all the duties of the President, when the latter is absent in discharge of his constitutional duty of administering the government of the State.

QUORUM.

9. A majority of the members of the Senate shall constitute a quorum; and whenever a less number than a quorum shall convene at a regular meeting, and shall adjourn, the names of those present shall be entered on the journal.

10. Whenever a less number than a quorum shall convene at any regular meeting, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent Senators.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

11. After the President has taken the Chair the order of business shall be as follows:

- I. Prayer.
- II. Calling the Roll.
- III. Reading the Journal at the first session in each week.
- IV. Presentation and reference of petitions and memorials.
- V. Introduction of bills.
- VI. Reports of Committees.
 1. Standing Committees (in accordance with Rule 13).
 2. Select Committees.
- VII. Unfinished business.
- VIII. Senate bills on second reading.
- IX. Senate bills on third reading.
- X. Assembly bills on second reading.
- XI. Assembly bills on third reading.

COMMITTEES.

12. All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

13. The following Standing Committees, consisting of three members each, except the Appropriation Committee, which shall consist of four members, shall be appointed at the commencement of each session, until otherwise ordered, with leave to report by bill or otherwise:

- A Committee on the Judiciary.
- A Committee on Appropriations.
- A Committee on Revision and Amendment of the Laws.
- A Committee on Finance.
- A Committee on Corporations.
- A Committee on Municipal Corporations.
- A Committee on Railroads and Canals.
- A Committee on Banks and Insurance Companies.
- A Committee on the Clergy.
- A Committee on Commerce and Navigation.
- A Committee on Federal Relations.
- A Committee on Stationery and Incidental Expenses.
- A Committee on Education.
- A Committee on Militia.
- A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
- A Committee on Riparian Rights.
- A Committee on Agriculture.
- A Committee on Miscellaneous Business.
- A Committee on Elections.
- A Committee on Public Health.
- A Committee on Unfinished Business.
- A Committee on Labor, Industries and Social Welfare.

A Committee on Boroughs and Townships.
A Committee on Highways.
A Committee on Taxation.

A Committee on Printed Bills, whose duty it shall be to examine all bills and joint resolutions before they shall be put upon their third reading, and who shall report the same to the Senate, and the Secretary shall enter upon the journal that the same have been correctly printed.

Special Committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

The several Joint Committees shall consist of three members each, and shall be also appointed to act conjointly with corresponding committees to be appointed by the House of Assembly.

A Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts.

A Committee on the State Prison.

A Committee on the State Hospitals.

A Committee on the Library.

A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.

A Committee on Public Printing.

A Committee on Passed Bills.

A Committee on Soldiers' Home.

A Committee on Reform School for Boys.

A Committee on Sinking Fund.

A Committee on Industrial School for Girls.

A Committee on the New Jersey School for Deaf-Mutes.

A Committee on the New Jersey State Reformatory.

A Committee on State Village for Epileptics.

A Committee on Home for Feeble-minded Women.

A Committee on School for Feeble-minded Children.

A Committee on Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

14. When a memorial or bill is referred to a committee praying or providing for an act of incorporation, or for any other act, notice of the application for which is required by law to be previously advertised, the committee shall not have leave to report such bill unless satisfactory evidence has been presented to the committee that the application for such act has had a bona fide advertisement according to law; and all committees reporting such bills referred to them shall certify to the Senate that such proof has been presented and is deemed satisfactory.

15. The titles of all bills and the parts of bills affected by amendments, together with the amendments, shall be entered on the Journal.

16. When leave is asked to bring in a bill, its title shall be read for the information of the Senate, and if objected to it shall be laid over for one day; and all public and private bills and joint resolutions shall, after the first reading, be printed for the use of the Senate, but no other paper or document shall be printed without special order.

17. All bills, joint resolutions and concurrent resolutions shall be numbered by the Secretary as they are severally introduced, and a list made of the same. Committee reports upon bills, joint resolutions and concurrent resolutions shall be in writing, signed by a majority of the committee, and shall show whether the same are reported favorably or otherwise, and how each member of the Committee signing the report, voted upon the question of the report.

Bills, resolutions and reports shall be called up by the President for consideration, in the order in which they are reported and stand upon the calendar, unless otherwise ordered; and the Secretary shall read from the said list or calendar, and not from the file of bills or reports.

18. No bill shall be committed or amended until it shall have been ordered to a second reading, after which it may be referred to a committee. Upon the written request of seven Senators to the Chairman of a Committee to which a bill shall have been referred, said Committee shall forthwith report such bill.

19. All bills may be made the order of a particular day, and public bills when called for shall have the preference of private bills; and when two or more bills shall be called for by Senators, they shall be taken up according to their seniority, reckoning from the date of their introduction.

20. On the second and third readings of bills and joint resolutions, printed copies thereof shall be used.

21. When bills or joint resolutions are introduced, the Secretary of the Senate shall forthwith deliver the same to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall prepare them for printing, in conformity with the rules defining the duties of said officer.

22. Original bills and joint resolutions, after being printed, shall be delivered by the Supervisor of Bills to the Secretary.

23. Bills and joint resolutions originating in and passed by the Senate and amended by the House, when concurred in by the Senate, shall be delivered by the Secretary to the Supervisor of Bills for re-printing.

24. Bills and joint resolutions which have passed their second reading, together with all amendments thereto, shall be delivered by the Secretary to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall see that the same are in proper form for printing for third reading.

25. When the Supervisor of Bills receives from the printer the bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading and the same shall be found correct, he shall affix his official stamp to each page of the copy to be used as the official copy and intended to be submitted to the Governor for his approval, and shall deliver the same to the Secretary.

26. Two copies of every bill and of every joint resolution ordered to a third reading shall be printed on good bond paper, to be approved by the Supervisor of Bills, one of which copies shall be retained in his office and the other of which shall be delivered to the Secretary to be used thereafter as the official copy of said bill or joint resolution.

27. The Supervisor of Bills shall have printed for the use of the members of the Legislature at least one hundred copies of every bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading, which shall be known and designated as "Official Copy Re-print." The Supervisor of Bills shall deliver twenty-one copies of all bills and joint resolutions designated as "Official Copy Re-print" to the Secretary of the Senate, and sixty copies to the Clerk of the House, and he shall retain the remainder in his own custody for the use of State and Legislative officers.

28. Except as otherwise provided, the system and procedure which have heretofore prevailed shall be followed in the preparation of all bills and joint resolutions for their various readings as far as practicable.

29. The consent of the majority of the Senators present shall be sufficient to print or re-print any bill or joint resolution, but no bill or joint resolution shall pass unless there shall be a majority of all the Senators personally present and agreeing thereto, and the yeas and nays of Senators voting on the final passage of any bill or joint resolution shall be entered on the Journal and the like entry on any other question shall be made at the desire of any Senator.

30. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three readings previous to its being passed; and the President shall give notice at each reading whether it be the first, second or third, which readings shall be on three different days; but no bill or joint resolution reported adversely by the committee to which it shall have been referred shall receive a second reading except upon motion for that purpose made by or in the

presence of the introducer of such bill or joint resolution and concurred in by a majority of all the Senators.

31. The final question upon the second reading of every bill or joint resolution originating in the Senate shall be whether it shall be read a third time; and no amendment shall be received at the third reading unless by unanimous consent of the Senators present, but it shall be in order, before the final passage of any such bill or joint resolution, to move its recommitment, and should such recommitment take place and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill or resolution shall be again read a second time and considered and the aforesaid question again put. Instead of recommitting any bill it shall be in order, before the final passage thereof, to move that it be placed back on second reading for amendment.

32. When a bill or joint resolution shall have been lost, and reconsidered and lost again, the same shall not again be reconsidered but by the unanimous consent of the Senate.

33. Bills and joint resolutions, when passed by the Senate, shall be signed by the President.

34. When a Senate bill or joint resolution shall have been passed, the same shall be signed, taken to the House of Assembly, and its concurrence therein requested, without a motion for that purpose.

35. When a bill or resolution passed by the Senate shall be carried to the House of Assembly, all papers and documents relating thereto on the files of the Senate shall be carried by the Secretary, with such bill or resolution, to the House of Assembly.

36. The introducer of a bill may annex thereto a brief statement explaining the object of the bill, which statement shall contain not exceeding three hundred words and shall be printed at the end of the bill under the caption "Statement."

When a bill is introduced amending an existing law, it shall in the body of the bill, have new matter underscored, and matter proposed to be omitted, printed in its proper place, enclosed in brackets.

The introducer of a bill amending or supplementing an existing law shall designate at the head thereof the page of the Compiled Statutes, or the chapter or page of the Pamphlet Laws, where may be found the law proposed to be amended or supplemented.

It shall be the duty of the Secretary to cause any bill not complying with this rule to be returned to

the introducer to be made to conform hereto, and when put in proper form, to be printed and restored to its place on the calendar.

When a bill has passed to a third reading, no explanatory statement, special marks, underscoring or brackets shall be printed in the same; but if the bill has been amended, such amendments shall be printed and distributed for the convenience of the members.

37. The annual, supplemental and incidental appropriation bills shall not be considered until at least one week has elapsed after they shall have been introduced, printed and placed upon the desks of members.

38. No bill or joint resolution shall be considered on third reading until five days after the second reading thereof, except by unanimous consent.

39. The Secretary of the Senate shall cause to be printed and distributed prior to each day's session, a daily memorandum which in addition to the transactions of the preceding legislative day, and other matter heretofore furnished, shall contain a day calendar of bills on second and third reading, and a list of bills awaiting the third reading calendar. The calendars shall be called in order, and matters on the third reading calendar, reached and not acted on, unless passed for the day or otherwise disposed of, shall be reserved generally, to be restored to the calendar on request. No bill, joint resolution or concurrent resolution not on the printed calendar for third reading shall be considered on third reading except by unanimous consent. At the close of each legislative day, the Secretary shall cause to be posted upon the bulletin board in the corridor, the calendar of bills on third reading for the next succeeding legislative day.

40. Wherever the words "bill" or "bills," "joint resolution" or "joint resolutions" occur in the rules they shall be construed to include bills, joint resolutions and such concurrent resolutions as are referred to Committee.

MOTIONS AND THEIR PRECEDENCE.

41. When a motion shall be made, it shall be reduced to writing by the President or any Senator, and delivered to the Secretary at his table and read before the same shall be debatable.

42. All motions entered on the Journal of the Senate shall be entered in the names of the Senators who make them.

43. If the question in debate contains several points, any Senator may have the same divided; but a motion to strike out and insert, or to commit with instructions, shall not be divided.

44. The rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to strike out and insert a different proposition, nor prevent a subsequent motion simply to strike out; nor shall the rejection of a motion simply to strike out prevent a subsequent motion to strike out and insert.

45. On filling blanks the question shall be first taken on the largest sum, the greatest number, and the most distant day.

46. When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a Select Committee, and to a Standing Committee, the question of reference to a Standing Committee shall be put first.

47. When a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received but—

1. To adjourn.

2. To proceed to the consideration of Executive business.

3. To lay on the table.

4. To postpone indefinitely.

5. To postpone to a certain day.

6. To commit.

7. To amend.

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged.

48. The motion to adjourn, or to fix a day to which the Senate shall adjourn, shall always be in order, except when a vote is being taken or while a Senator is addressing the Senate.

49. The motions to adjourn, to proceed to the consideration of Executive business, and to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

50. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and if carried shall be equivalent to its rejection.

51. When a motion shall have been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any Senator who voted on the prevailing side to move a reconsideration thereof on the same day or next succeeding day of actual session; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment or motion upon which the vote was taken,

announcing their decision, shall have gone from the possession of the Senate, and they shall not pass from the possession of the Senate until the expiration of the time in which a reconsideration is permitted; and every motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes, except a motion to reconsider the vote on the final passage of a bill or joint resolution, which shall require the same majority as is necessary for their final passage.

MEMBERS.

52. The seats within the bar shall be reserved exclusively for the Senators, the officers of the Senate, and the reporters of the press who may have seats assigned them.

53. No Senator shall speak in any debate without rising, nor more than three times on any subject of debate, unless he shall first obtain leave of the Senate.

54. Every Senator, in speaking, shall address the President, confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

55. Any Senator may change his vote before the decision of the question shall have been announced by the Chair.

56. No Senator shall have his vote recorded on any question, when the yeas and nays are called, unless he shall be present to answer to his name.

MESSAGES.

57. All messages shall be sent to the House of Assembly by the Secretary, under the direction of the President, as a standing order, without a vote thereon.

58. Messages may be delivered at any stage of the business, except when a vote is being taken.

59. When a message shall be sent from the Governor or House of Assembly to the Senate, it shall be announced at the door by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

SENATE BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

60. When an amendment made in the Senate to a bill from the House of Assembly shall be disagreed to by that House, and not adhered to by the Senate, the bill shall be considered as standing on a third reading.

61. An amendment of the House of Assembly to a Senate bill shall not be divisible.

62. In case of disagreement between the Senate and House of Assembly, the Senate may either recede, insist and ask a conference, or adhere, and motions for such purposes shall take precedence in that order.

63. When a Senate bill shall be returned, amended by the House of Assembly, the sections of the bill so amended, together with the amendments, shall be read by the Secretary for a first reading and be entitled to a second reading without special motion, at which reading the proposed amendments shall be open to the action of the Senate. And if, at its third reading, upon the question being put by the President, "Will the Senate concur in the House amendment to Senate bill No. —?" a majority of the whole Senate should, by a vote of yeas and nays, concur, the question shall then be upon ordering the bill to be re-printed. If so ordered, the bill shall be re-printed, the amendments embodied therein and the re-printed bill examined and reported by the Committee on Printed Bills and read in open Senate, to the end that it may be known to be correctly printed, and shall be then signed and certified as other bills.

DISORDER.

64. In case of any disturbance in the gallery or lobby, the President shall have power to order the same to be cleared.

65. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall aid in the enforcement of order, under the direction of the President.

66. No Senator, in speaking, shall mention a Senator then present by his name.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

67. When the hour shall have arrived for the consideration of a special order, the same shall be taken up, and the Senate shall proceed to consider it, unless it shall be postponed by the Senate.

68. The unfinished business in which the Senate shall have been engaged at the last preceding adjournment shall have the preference in the special order of the day.

69. No concurrent resolution shall pass unless by the consent of a majority of the Senators elected.

SECRET SESSION.

70. On motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a Senator, require secrecy, the President shall direct the chamber to be cleared, and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut.

RULES.

71. No standing rule or order of the Senate shall be suspended unless by the consent of two-thirds of the Senators elected, nor rescinded or amended but by the same number, and one day's notice shall be given of the motion for rescission or amendment.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

72. When nominations shall be made by the Governor to the Senate, they shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate, be referred to appropriate committees; and the final question on every nomination shall be, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this nomination?" which question shall not be put on the same day on which the nomination is received, nor on the day on which it may be reported by a committee, unless by the unanimous consent of the Senate.

73. When acting on Executive business the Senate shall be cleared of all persons except the Senators and Secretary.

74. All information or remarks concerning the character or qualifications of any persons nominated by the Governor to office shall be kept a secret.

75. The Legislative and Executive proceedings of the Senate shall be kept in separate and distinct books.

76. All nominations approved by the Senate, or otherwise definitely acted on, shall be transmitted by the Secretary to the Governor, with the determination of the Senate thereon, from day to day, as such proceedings may occur; but no further extract from the Executive journal shall be furnished, published or otherwise communicated, except by special order of the Senate.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

RULES ADOPTED IN 1916.

OF THE MEETING OF THE HOUSE.

1. Any member or members less than a quorum may meet and adjourn the House from day to day, when necessary.

2. Every member shall attend in his place precisely at the hour to which the House was last adjourned; and in case of neglect, he shall be subject to a reprimand from the Chair, unless excused by the House; nor shall any member absent himself from the House for more than the space of a quarter of an hour without leave previously obtained.

3. In case a less number of members than a quorum shall be present after the arrival of the hour to which the House stood adjourned, they are hereby authorized to send their Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, with a warrant duly executed, for any and all absent members, as the majority of such as are present may agree, and at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be rendered as the House, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient. Immediately after the appointment of the Standing Committees, the members shall arrange among themselves their several seats appropriated to their counties; and in case of disagreement, the same shall be decided by lot.

OF THE DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER.

4. He shall take the chair at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned, and immediately call the members to order; and on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read, which may then be corrected by the House.

5. He shall preserve order and decorum, and in debate shall prevent personal reflections, and confine members to the question under discussion; but he shall not engage in any debate, nor propose his opinion on any question without first calling on some member to occupy the chair. When two or more members rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

6. He shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House, when demanded by any four members, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House.

7. All questions before the House shall be stated by the Speaker, and distinctly put in the following form, to wit: "As many as are in favor of (the question) will say aye;" and after the affirmative is expressed, "Those of a contrary opinion, no." If the Speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the House shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative; and in case of an equal division, the Speaker shall decide.

8. All Committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House.

9. All acts, addresses and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker; and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by the order of the House shall be under his hand and seal, and attested by the Clerk. If the Speaker be absent, a less number of members than a quorum may appoint a Speaker *pro tempore*, who may sign any warrants, or perform any act requisite to bring in absent members.

10. He shall have a general direction of the hall, and he may name a member to perform the duties of the Chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond a second adjournment.

OF THE ORDER OF BUSINESS.

11. After the reading of the journal, the business of the first meeting of each day shall be conducted in the following manner, to wit:

I. Letters, petitions and memorials, remonstrances and accompanying documents may be presented and disposed of.

II. Reports of Committees may be read.

III. Original resolutions may be offered and considered; items of unfinished business referred; motions to reconsider and to appoint additional members of Committees made; and leave of absence, and leave to withdraw documents asked.

IV. Bills and joint resolutions on a third reading may be taken up.

V. The House shall then proceed in the order of the day, preference being always given to the unfinished business of the previous sitting; after which bills and joint resolutions on a second reading shall be taken in their order; and the House, in its afternoon session, will proceed to business as though there had been no adjournment of its morning session, excepting that original resolutions, and leave to introduce bills of Committees, be the first business in the afternoon session; and shall, on demand of the majority, proceed with the order of the day.

12. The Clerk shall make a list of all public bills and joint resolutions. He shall from day to day prepare under the supervision of the Speaker a calendar of bills and

resolutions for consideration. He shall keep a separate list of private bills. No bills for granting, continuing, altering, amending, or renewing a charter for any corporation, other than a municipal corporation, shall be placed on the calendar of public bills. All bills, public and private, shall be numbered according to the time of their receipt by the Clerk. They shall be taken up and considered in the order of time in which they were reported, or ordered to a third reading, as appears by the calendar; and the calendar shall be proceeded in until all the bills thereon are called up before the commencement of the calendar anew. The Clerk shall post in a conspicuous place in his office a list of all hearings to be held on bills.

13. All messages shall be sent from this House to the Senate by the Clerk.

OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

14. When a member is about to speak in debate, or communicate any matter to the House, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to the Speaker, confining himself to the question under debate, and avoiding personality.

15. If any member in debate transgress the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any member may, call him to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain. The House shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to. If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, he shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, he shall not be permitted to proceed without leave of the House, and if the case require it, he shall be liable to censure of the House.

16. If a member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling him to order shall repeat the words excepted to, and they shall be taken down in writing at the Clerk's table; and no member shall be held to answer, or be subject to the censure of the House, for words spoken in debate, if any other member has spoken, or other business has intervened after the words spoken, and before exception to them shall have been taken.

17. No member shall speak more than twice, or longer than five minutes each time, without leave of the House.

18. While the Speaker is putting any question, or addressing the House, none shall walk out of or across the hall; nor in such case, or when a member is speaking, shall anyone entertain private discourse; nor shall anyone, while a member is speaking, pass between him and the Chair.

19. No member shall vote on any question in the event of which he is particularly interested, nor in any case where

he was not within the bar of the House when the question was put.

20. Every member who shall be in the House when the question is put shall give his vote, unless the House for special reasons shall excuse him. All motions to excuse a member from voting shall be made before the House divides, or before the call of the yeas and nays is commenced; any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief verbal statement of the reasons for such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

21. Petitions, memorials and other papers addressed to the House shall be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made by the introducer, and, if called upon, he shall declare that it does not, in his opinion, contain any indecent or reproachful language, or any expressions of disrespect to the House, or any committee of the same.

22. It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms, at all times, not to allow any person to smoke in the Assembly chamber.

ON MOTIONS.

23. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker or any member desire it.

24. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or being in writing, it shall be handed to the Chair and read aloud by the Clerk, when it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the House and open to debate; but it may be withdrawn at any time before a decision or amendment.

25. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received but—

1. To adjourn.
2. A call of the House.
3. To lay on the table.
4. For the previous question.
5. To postpone indefinitely.
6. To postpone to a day certain.
7. To go into a Committee of the Whole on the pending subject immediately.
8. To commit to a Committee of the Whole.
9. To commit to a Standing Committee.
10. To commit to a Select Committee.
11. To amend.

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are stated, and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

26. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill or

joint resolution shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and if carried shall be considered equivalent to its rejection.

27. A motion to adjourn shall be always in order, except when the House is voting, or while a member is addressing the House, or immediately after the question to adjourn has been negatived; that, and the motion to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

28. Any member may call for a division of the question, which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so distinct that one being taken away from the rest may stand entire for the decision of the House; a motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

29. When any motion shall be made and seconded, the same shall, at the request of any two members, be entered on the Journal of the House.

30. When a motion has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member who voted with the prevailing party to move for the reconsideration thereof, on the same day or on the next day of actual session of the House thereafter; all motions may be reconsidered, by a majority of the members present; but bills, to be reconsidered, must have the same majority that would be necessary to pass them; and such vote, on motion to reconsider, shall be by taking the yeas and nays.

31. When a blank is to be filled, the question shall first be taken on the largest sum, or greatest number, and remotest day.

32. The yeas and nays shall be entered on the Journal of the House, when moved for and seconded by five members, and in taking the yeas and nays the names of the members, including the Speaker, shall be called alphabetically.

33. The previous question shall be put in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be, if decided affirmatively, to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon amendments reported by a committee, if any, then upon pending amendments, and then upon the main question; if decided in the negative, to leave the main question and amendments, if any, under debate for the residue of the sitting, unless sooner disposed of by taking the question, or in some other manner. All incidental questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

34. After the Clerk has commenced calling the yeas and nays on any question, no motion shall be received until a decision shall have been announced by the Chair.

OF COMMITTEES.

35. The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the session, until otherwise ordered :

- A Committee of Ways and Means.
- A Committee on Bill Revision.
- A Committee on the Judiciary.
- A Committee on Agriculture and Agricultural College.
- A Committee on Appropriations.
- A Committee on Education.
- A Committee on Elections.
- A Committee on Printed Bills.
- A Committee on Municipal Corporations.
- A Committee on Boroughs and Borough Commissions.
- A Committee on Militia.
- A Committee on Claims and Pensions.
- A Committee on Corporations.
- A Committee on Banking and Insurance.
- A Committee on Unfinished Business.
- A Committee on Incidental Expenses.
- A Committee on Stationery.
- A Committee on Riparian Rights.
- A Committee on Revision of Laws.
- A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
- A Committee on Miscellaneous Business.
- A Committee on Railroads and Canals.
- A Committee on Labor and Industries.
- A Committee on Towns and Townships.
- A Committee on Public Health.
- A Committee on Federal Relations.
- A Committee on Commerce and Navigation.
- A Committee on Highways.
- A Committee on Taxation.
- A Committee on Social Welfare.

Which several committees shall consist of five members each.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

The following Joint Committees, of five members each, shall also be appointed to act conjointly with corresponding committees to be appointed by the Senate :

- A Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts.
- A Committee on the State Prison.
- A Committee on Printing.
- A Committee on the State Library.
- A Committee on the State Hospitals.
- A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
- A Committee on Passed Bills.
- A Committee on Sinking Fund.
- A Committee on Soldiers' Home.

- A Committee on Reform School for Boys.
- A Committee on Industrial School for Girls.
- A Committee on the New Jersey School for Deaf-Mutes.
- A Committee on the New Jersey State Reformatory.
- A Committee on State Village for Epileptics.
- A Committee on Home for Feeble-minded Women.
- A Committee on School for Feeble-minded Children.
- A Committee on Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.
- 36. The several Standing Committees of the House shall have leave to report by bill or otherwise.
- 37. No committee shall sit during the sitting of the House without special leave.
- 38. All committees appointed at the first sitting shall continue to act during every subsequent sitting of the same Legislature, or until they have reported on the business committed to them, or have been discharged.

OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE.

- 39. In forming a Committee of the Whole House, the Speaker shall leave his chair, and a chairman to preside in committee shall be appointed by the Speaker.
- 40. The rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed, as far as practicable, in Committee of the Whole, except that any member may speak oftener than twice on the same subject, but shall not speak a second time until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken; nor shall a motion for the previous question be made therein.
- 41. All amendments made in Committee of the Whole shall be noted by the Clerk, but need not be read by the Speaker on his resuming the chair, unless required by the House.

ON BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

- 42. Bills and joint resolutions to be introduced in the House shall be delivered to the Clerk, endorsed with the signature of the member offering the same. The Clerk shall examine them to see that they are in proper form, and shall submit them to the Speaker, who shall endorse upon each the committee to which it is to be referred, returning the bills to the Clerk. At each session of the House the Clerk shall read the number, title and committee reference to all bills returned to him by the Speaker, which shall be taken as the introduction and first reading of the bill. If any bill offered shall not be in proper form, the Clerk shall return it to the introducer for correction.
- 43. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three separate readings in the House previous to its passage, but no bill or joint resolution shall be read twice on the same day, without special order of the House.

44. All bills and joint resolutions shall, after their first reading, be printed for the use of the members, and referred to their appropriate committees.

45. All bills and joint resolutions may be made the order of a particular day, on which day they shall be taken up in preference to others on the calendar; and the calendar of private bills shall not be taken up until the calendar of public bills shall have been gone through with.

46. All bills and joint resolutions, previous to their final passage by the House, all petitions, motions and reports may be committed at the pleasure of the House. And the recommitment of any bill or resolution, when the same has been ordered to a third reading, shall have the effect of placing the same upon the second reading.

47. Printed bills and joint resolutions shall be used on their second and third readings, and no amendment shall be received to any bill or joint resolution on its third reading unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

48. When bills or joint resolutions are introduced, the Clerk of the House shall forthwith deliver the same to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall prepare them for printing in conformity with the rules defining the duties of said officer.

49. Original bills and joint resolutions, after being printed, shall be delivered by the said Supervisor of Bills to the Clerk.

50. Bills and joint resolutions originating in and passed by the House and amended by the Senate, when concurred in by the House, shall be delivered by the Clerk to the Supervisor of Bills for re-printing.

51. Bills and joint resolutions which have passed their second reading, together with all amendments thereto, shall be delivered by the Clerk to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall see that the same are in proper form for printing for third reading.

52. When the Supervisor of Bills receives from the printer the bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading and the same shall be found correct, he shall affix his official stamp to each page of the copy to be used as the official copy and intended to be submitted to the Governor for his approval and shall deliver the same to the Clerk.

53. Two copies of every bill and of every joint resolution ordered to a third reading shall be printed on good bond paper, to be approved by the Supervisor of Bills, one of which copies shall be retained in his office and the other of which shall be delivered to the Clerk, to be used thereafter as the official copy of said bill or joint resolution.

54. The Supervisor of Bills shall have printed, for the use of the members of the Legislature, at least one hundred copies of every bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading, which shall be known and designated as "Official Copy Re-print." The Supervisor of Bills shall

deliver twenty-one copies of all bills and joint resolutions designated as "Official Copy Re-print" to the Secretary of the Senate, and sixty copies to the Clerk of the House, and he shall retain the remainder in his own custody, for the use of State and Legislative officers.

55. Except as otherwise provided, the system and procedure which have heretofore prevailed shall be followed in the preparation of all bills and joint resolutions for their various readings, as far as practicable.

56. On a motion to strike out any item in the incidental bill, the question to be submitted to the House shall be, "Shall the item be retained in the bill?" and a majority of all the members of the House shall be necessary to adopt the same.

57. After the introduction of any private bill, the applicants for said bill shall, at their own expense, furnish the usual number of copies for the use of the members, unless the printing thereof be dispensed with by a special order of the House.

58. On the question of the final passage of all bills and joint resolutions, the yeas and nays shall be entered on the Journal of the House.

59. Whenever a bill or resolution that has passed the House shall be carried to the Senate, all papers and documents relating thereto, on the files of the House, shall be carried with such bill or resolution to the Senate.

OF RULES.

60. No standing rule or order of the House shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor; nor shall any rule be suspended except by a vote of the majority of the whole number of members of the House.

61. When an Assembly bill is returned amended by the Senate, the report thereof by the Secretary of the Senate shall be taken as the first reading, and the same be entitled to a second reading, without a motion for that purpose; after its second reading, the question shall be, "Shall the Senate amendments to Assembly bill No. — have a third reading?" If ordered to a third reading, the amendments shall be read, but these readings shall be on different days; the question shall then be, "Will the House of Assembly concur in the Senate amendments to Assembly bill No. —?" upon which question the votes shall be by yeas and nays. If concurred in by a majority of the whole House, the bill shall be re-printed, the amendments embodied therein, and the re-printed bill examined and reported upon by the Committee on Printed Bills, and read in open Assembly, to the end that it may be known to be correctly printed, and then signed and certified as other bills.

62. Cushing's Manual shall in all cases, when not in conflict with the rules adopted by the House, be considered and held as standard authority.

63. No person shall be allowed on the floor of the House during its sessions except State officers and members and officers of the Senate, unless by written permission of the Speaker.

64. No committee of this House shall report a bill adversely without notifying the introducer of the bill; nor shall such adverse report be acted upon unless the introducer of the bill is in his seat.

65. After the calling of the roll has been commenced upon any question, no member shall be permitted to explain his vote.

66. Every bill amended in the House, after its report by the committee to which it was referred upon introduction, when ordered to be printed and have a third reading, shall, if ordered by the Speaker of the House, be delivered to the Committee on Bill Revision, whose duty it shall be to examine the same, and if it be found that such amendment agrees with the context, the bill shall then be printed. If in the opinion of the committee such amendment is, as to form, improper, they shall report to the House with such recommendations as they think fit. Such report shall be made promptly.

67. That hereafter any motion or resolution which will result in relieving a standing committee of a bill referred to it shall not be entertained unless twenty-four hours' notice shall be given the House of the introduction of such motion or resolution; provided, however, that on a written request made by fifteen members, duly presented to the House, said request shall be read, and delivered forthwith by the clerk to the chairman of the committee named therein; said committee shall, within twenty-four hours, report on the bill, resolution, motion or matter named in said request.

68. When a bill is introduced amending an existing law, it must, in the body of the bill, have all new matter underscored, and all portions of the law proposed to be omitted must be printed in its proper place, enclosed in black-faced brackets. Every bill which amends or supplements an existing law shall have printed thereon, under the number of the bill, the page of the Compiled Statutes or the Pamphlet Laws at which is found the law proposed to be amended or supplemented.

All bills reported with amendments shall be immediately reprinted; the new matter must be underscored, and all matter proposed to be eliminated by amendment must be included in brackets.

It shall be the duty of the Speaker to direct the Clerk to cause any bill appearing on the calendar and not com-

plying with this rule to be immediately amended and reprinted, so as to comply with the same, and when reprinted it shall be restored to its place on the calendar.

69. At each session of the House the Sergeant-at-Arms shall call the roll of officers and employes of the House, and shall report in writing, within twenty-four hours, to the chairman of the Committee on Incidental Expenses as to the attendance of said officers and employes.

The Committee on Incidental Expenses shall recommend such action as said report may show to be necessary.

70. Any three members of a Standing Committee may report a bill.

71. Each member when introducing a bill shall submit with each copy of the bill a statement setting out the objects proposed to be accomplished by its enactment and the localities or persons the bill will affect, which statement shall be referred to the Committee with the bill. An equal number of copies of such statement and bill shall be printed and a copy of the statement shall be attached to each copy of the bill. Such statements shall not exceed in length one printed page or four hundred and fifty words.

72. All resolutions, amendments to bills and resolutions shall be presented in one original, together with a copy thereof, and shall be typewritten or printed, and all bills shall be presented in one original and shall be typewritten or printed.

73. No bill or joint resolution shall be considered on third reading and final passage until five days after the second reading thereof.

74. All standing committees shall meet at least once each week for the consideration of measures referred to them, and all committee hearings shall be announced in open session and advertised by posting a notice thereof in a conspicuous place in the Assembly Chamber and also at some prominent point in the main corridor of the State House.

75. After a majority of any committee has made its report on any bill or resolution, a minority of such committee may submit a report upon the same proposition, and any member of the House may move to substitute such minority report for the majority report of such committee.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

SENATE AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

1. In every case of an amendment of a bill agreed to in one House and dissented from in the other, if either House shall request a conference and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other House shall also appoint a committee to confer, such committee shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed on by their respective chairmen, meet in conference, and state to each other, verbally or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective houses for and against the amendment, and confer freely thereon.

2. After each House shall have adhered to its disagreement, a bill or resolution shall be lost.

3. When a bill or resolution which shall have passed in one House is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be sent to the House in which the same shall have passed.

4. Each House, in which any bill or resolution shall have passed, shall transmit therewith to the other House, all papers and documents relating to the same.

5. When a message shall be sent from either House to the other it shall be announced at the door of the House by the doorkeeper, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it is sent.

6. After a bill shall have passed both Houses it shall be delivered by the Clerk of the Assembly or the Secretary of the Senate, as the bill may have originated in one House or the other, to a Joint Committee on Passed Bills, of two from each House, appointed as a Standing Committee for that purpose, and shall be presented by said Committee to the Governor for his approbation, it being first indorsed on the back of the bill certifying in which House the same originated, which indorsement shall be signed by the Secretary or Clerk, as the case may be, of the House in which the same did originate, and shall be entered on the Journal of each House. The said committee shall report on the day of presentation to the Governor, which time shall also be carefully entered on the Journal of each House.

ADDENDA.

On the first day of the session Governor Fielder sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Judge Court of Errors and Appeals, vice Vredenburgh—Walter P. Gardner, Hudson. Justice Supreme Court—Charles G. Garrison, re-appointed. Prosecutor of the Pleas, Gloucester County—Grover C. Richmond. Tenement House Supervision—Charles A. McCormack, Middlesex, vice Mackenzie.

Vice-Chancellor John R. Emery resigned his office, December 31st, 1915.

INDEX.

A.

Accountants, Public	451
Adjutant-General, Biography	380
Adjutant-Generals, List of, 1776 to date.....	121
Agriculture, Members of State Board.....	451
Agricultural College, State Visitors.....	451
Agricultural Department	451
Agricultural Experiment Station.....	452
Amendments to Constitution Proposed, Vote on.....	579
Amendments, U. S. Constitution.....	43
Appeals, Lay Judges, Court of Errors and.....	447
Appointments, List of, by Governor.....	440
Appropriation Law	244
Appropriation Laws, Summary.....	274
Architects, State Board of.....	452
Arsenal, State (Sketch).....	79
Assembly Committees, 1916.....	609
Assembly, Joint Rules of, and of Senate.....	636
Assembly, List of Clerks of, 1845 to date.....	132
Assembly, List of Members of, 1776 to 1844.....	186
Assembly, List of Speakers of, 1776 to 1844.....	128
Assembly, List of Speakers of, 1845 to date.....	131
Assembly Officers, 1916.....	607
Assembly, Rules of House of.....	625
Assembly Vote, 1915.....	489
Assemblymen, Biographies	316
Assemblymen, List of, 1845 to 1916.....	203
Attorney-General	447
Attorney-General, Assistant, Biography	385
Attorney-General, Biography	385
Attorney-General, Second Assistant, Biography.....	386
Attorney-Generals, List of, 1704 to date.....	120
Attorney, U. S. District, Biography.....	378
Attorneys, List of, U. S. District.....	445
Auditor Chief, Biography	434
Auditors of Accounts.....	451
Average Vote, Assembly, 1915.....	577

B.

Banking and Insurance Commissioner, Biography.....	391
Banking and Insurance Department	452
Biographies	276
Blind Commission	465
Boards, Bureaus and Departments.....	451
Bordentown Industrial School (Sketch).....	103
Boroughs, Classification	226
Boys, State Home for, Trustees	462
Boys, State Home (Sketch)	91

C.

Cabinet Officers, President U. S.....	442
Capitol, Custodian of, Biography.....	432
Capitol, State (Sketch)	74
Census of New Jersey, 1915.....	133
Census of United States, 1910.....	155
Chancellor, Biography	356
Chancellors, List of, 1704 to date.....	117
Chancellors, Vice, Biographies	357
Chancellors, Vice, 1871 to date.....	117
Chancery, Court	447
Chancery, Clerks in, 1831 to date.....	120
Charities and Corrections, Commissioner, Biography	394
Charities and Corrections, Department.....	452
Chief Justices, 1704 to date.....	117
Children, Feeble-Minded, Directors	462
Children, Feeble-Minded, Home (Sketch)	98
Children's Guardians	452
Circuit Court Judges, 1893 to date.....	119
Circuit Court Judges	448
Circuit Court Judges, Biographies	375
Circuit Judges, Assignments	488
Circuits of New Jersey.....	488
Cities, Classification	226
Cities of over 25,000 Population.....	157
City Superintendents Public Instruction.....	450
Civil Service Board	452
Civil Service Commission, Biographies.....	403
Classification of Counties, &c.....	226
Classification of Cities.....	226
Clerk in Chancery Court, Biography.....	388
Clerks in Chancery, 1831 to date.....	120
Clerk, Taxes and Assessment Board, Biography.....	400
Clerk, Supreme Court, Biography.....	387
Clerks, Supreme Court, 1776 to date.....	120
Clerk, U. S. District Court, Biography.....	378
Clerks of House of Assembly, 1845 to 1915.....	132
Clerks, U. S. District Court, List of.....	445
Commerce and Navigation, Secretary, Biography.....	424
Commerce and Navigation Board.....	453
Commerce and Navigation, Biographies	418
Commission, State House.....	458
Commissioner, Banking and Insurance, Biography.....	391
Commissioner of Education, Biography	412
Commissioner of Reports, Biography	435
Commissioners of Jurors, see County Directory.....	479
Commissioners, Water Supply, Biographies.....	437
Commissions, Miscellaneous	465
Committees, Assembly, 1916	609
Committees, County Chairmen	162
Committees, Joint, 1916	611
Committees, Senate, 1916	609
Committees, State	160
Comptroller, State, Biography.....	384
Comptrollers, State, List of, 1865 to date.....	121
Congress, Continental	109
Congressional Districts, Population.....	283
Congressmen, Biographies	284

Congressmen, List of	446
Congressmen of New Jersey, 1774 to date.....	109
Congressmen, Vote for, by Counties	575
Congressmen, Vote for, by Districts	281
Conservation and Development, Department, Biographies.....	425
Conservation and Development, Director, Biography.....	429
Constitution of New Jersey	52
Constitution of United States	28
Constitutional Amendments, Proposed, Vote on.....	579
Continental Congress	109
Corporations, Assessed Valuation of Railroads.....	594
Correspondents, Legislative	613
Council, List of Members, 1776 to 1844.....	181
Council, List of Vice-Presidents, 1776 to 1844.....	127
Counties, Classification of	226
Counties, Officers of, Various	479
County Committees Chairmen	162
County Directory	479
County Boards of Taxes and Assessments.....	459
County Superintendents Schools	449
Court Circuits	488
Court Judges, Errors and Appeals, 1845 to date.....	119
Court Judges, Errors and Appeals	447
Court, Errors and Appeals, Judges, Biographies.....	274
Court, Judges of Supreme	448
Court, Judges of Supreme, Biographies	361
Court, Judges State Circuit	448
Court, Judges State Circuit, Biographies	375
Court of Chancery	447
Court of Pardons	448
Court Salaries, &c.	469
Courts, District	448
Courts, Time of Holding.....	488
Custodian, State Capitol, Biography.....	432

D.

Deaf Mutes, School for, Principal	449
Deaf Mutes, School for (Sketch)	97
Declaration of Independence.....	23
Declaration of Independence, Signers.....	26
Delaware River Bridge Commission.....	465
Democratic State Committee	160
Democratic State Platform	164
Dentistry, State Board.....	455
District Courts	448
Director Health Department, Biography.....	417
Director Shell Fisheries, Biography.....	431

E.

East Jersey Proprietorship.....	465
Education, State Board of, Biographies.....	406
Economy and Efficiency Commission.....	465
Education, Commissioner of, Biography.....	412
Education, State Board of.....	449
Educational Department	449
Election Precincts, Total in State.....	578
Election Returns, 1915	489
Election, Time of Holding, State Senators.....	315

Elections of 1915, New Jersey, Vote at.....	489
Electoral College	573
Electoral Vote for President, 1912.....	573
Electoral Vote of New Jersey, 1789 to 1913.....	105
Emancipation Proclamation	465
Employers' Liability Commission.....	465
Engineering State Conference.....	458
Entomologist, State	453
Epileptic, State Village (Sketch).....	99
Epileptics, State Village, Trustees.....	462
Errors and Appeals Judges, 1845 to date.....	119
Errors and Appeals, Court	447
Errors and Appeals, Judges, Biographies.....	374
Executive Appointments	440
Executive Clerk, Biography	433
Executive Department	447
Executive, Duties of.....	224
Extra Sessions Legislature.....	294

F.

Feeble-Minded Children, Institution for (Sketch).....	98
Feeble-Minded Children, Managers	462
Feeble-Minded Women, Home (Sketch)	97
Feeble-Minded Women, Managers	463
Fielder, Governor, Biography.....	276
Firemen's Home, Managers	463
Fish and Game, Commissioners.....	453
Forester, State, Biography.....	429

G.

Geologist, State, Biography.....	430
Girls, State Home (Sketch)	92
Girls, State Home for, Trustees	462
Governor, Biography	276
Governor, List of Appointments by.....	440
Governor, Vote, 1844 to date.....	107
Governor, Vote for, 1913.....	578
Governor Fielder's Message.....	597
Governor's Secretary, Biography.....	433
Governors, List of, New Jersey, since 1624.....	19
Governor's Prerogatives, &c.....	224

H.

Health, Director of, Biography.....	417
Health, State Department of.....	454
Health, State Board, Biographies.....	413
Highway Commission	465
History of New Jersey.....	7
Hoboken Industrial Education, Trustees.....	461
Holidays, Legal	468
Home, Disabled Soldiers (Sketch)	95
Home, Disabled Soldiers, Kearny	463
Home, Disabled Soldiers, &c., Vineland, Trustees.....	464
Home, Disabled Soldiers, Vineland (Sketch).....	96
Home, State, for Boys, Managers.....	462
Home, State, for Boys (Sketch).....	91
Home, State, Epileptics, Managers	462
Home, State, for Epileptics (Sketch).....	99

Home, Feeble-Minded Children, Managers	462
Home, Feeble-Minded Children (Sketch)	98
Home, State, for Feeble-Minded Women, Managers	463
Home, State, for Feeble-Minded Women (Sketch)	97
Home, State, for Girls, Managers	462
Home, State, for Girls (Sketch)	92
Homes, Sanatoriums, &c.....	462
Hospitals, State, Morris Plains, Managers.....	454
Hospital, State, Morris Plains (Sketch).....	83
Hospital, State, Trenton, Managers	454
Hospital, State, Trenton (Sketch)	80
House Committees, 1916.....	609
Hughes, Senator, Biography.....	280

I.

Immigration Commission	466
Independence, Declaration of.....	23
Industrial Education Commission	466
Industrial School, Bordentown (Sketch).....	103
Inheritance Tax Supervisors.....	454
Institutions, State	74
Instruction, Public, County and City Superintendents.....	449

J.

Joint Meeting, Officers Elected by.....	225
Joint Rules and Orders.....	636
Judiciary, State, 1704 to date.....	117
Judiciary, The	447
Judges, Supreme Court, Biographies.....	361
Judges, Circuit Court, 1893 to date.....	119
Judges, Circuit Court, Biographies	369
Judges, Court of Errors and Appeals, Biographies.....	374
Judges, Errors and Appeals, 1845 to date.....	119
Judges, Court of Pardons.....	448
Judges, City District Courts.....	448
Judges, United States Supreme Court.....	442
Jury Commissioners, see County Directory.....	479
Justice, Chief, Supreme Court, Biography.....	361
Justices, List of, Associate, Supreme Court.....	118
Justices, List of, Chief	117

K.

Keeper, State Prison, Biography.....	389
Keepers of State Prison, List of.....	122

L.

Labor Department	455
Labor Department, Commissioner, Biography	392
Labor Department, Assistant Commissioner, Biography.....	393
Landmarks, Preservation	466
Law Department	447
Laws, Number Passed at each Session.....	123
Legal Holidays	468
Legislative Correspondents	613
Legislature, Extra Sessions	294
Legislature, List of Members, 1916.....	605
Legislature, Salaries, &c.	474

Legislatures, Laws Enacted, 1845 to date.....	123
Legislatures, Political Complexion, 1845 to date.....	125
Librarian, State, Biography.....	390
Librarians, State, 1822 to date.....	122
Library, Public, Commission	450
Library, State	450
Library, State (Sketch).....	78
Live Stock Commission.....	466

M.

Marshal, United States, Biography.....	386
Marshals, United States, List of.....	445
Martine, Senator, Biography.....	279
Medical Examiners	455
Mechanics' Lien Law Revision.....	466
Mental Defectives Commission.....	466
Message, Governor Fielder's.....	597
Military Department	448-476
Monmouth Battle Monument Commission.....	466
Montclair State Normal School (Sketch).....	88
Morris Canal Abandonment Commission.....	466
Morris Plains State Hospital (Sketch).....	83
Motor Vehicle Department.....	456

N.

National Guard, Officers.....	476
Naval Reserve, Officers.....	478
Navy Department, United States.....	444
Newark Technical School, Commission.....	460
New Jersey Congressmen, 1789 to date.....	109
New Jersey Constitution	52
New Jersey Firemen's Home, Managers	463
New Jersey Governors, since 1624.....	19
New Jersey, History of.....	7
New Jersey Legislatures, Length of Sessions, &c.....	123
New Jersey Press Association	243
New Jersey, Presidential Vote of, since 1840.....	106
New Jersey, Population	154
New Jersey, Vote for Governors, since 1844.....	107
New Jersey Reformatory (Sketch)	100
New Jersey Reformatory, Officers, &c.....	457
Newspapers, List of.....	227
Normal and Model Schools, Trenton (Sketch).....	86
Normal School, Montclair (Sketch)	88
Normal School, Newark (Sketch)	91
Nurses	456

O.

Officers Appointed by Joint Meeting.....	225
Officers, Legislative, Salaries of Members.....	474
Officers, List of, Assembly, 1916	608
Officers, List of, State	447
Officers, List of, State, 1776 to date.....	121
Officers, List of, U. S., for New Jersey, 1916.....	446
Officers, Military	448
Officers of Previous Assemblies.....	131
Officers, Senate, List of, Previous.....	129

Officers, Senate, 1916	607
Old Age Pension Commission.....	467
Optometry Board	456
Organizations, Political	160

P.

Panama Exposition Commission.....	467
Palisades Interstate Park Commission.....	456
Pardons Court	448
Party Platforms	164
Passaic River Navigation	467
Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission.....	458
Pharmacy, State Board.....	456
Pilotage Commission	457
Police Justices	457
Political Organizations	160
Politics of Legislatures, 1845 to date.....	125
Population, Cities, Towns, &c., New Jersey.....	148
Population, Cities over 25,000, United States.....	157
Population, Congressional Districts	283
Population, New Jersey, 1915.....	154
Population of Counties, since 1790.....	153
Population of United States	155
Precincts, Election, Total	578
President, Electoral Vote, 1912.....	573
President, Popular Vote, 1912.....	571
Presidential Vote, New Jersey, Popular.....	574
Presidential Vote for New Jersey, 1840 to date.....	106
Presidents of the United States, since 1789.....	50
Presidents, Senate, 1845 to date.....	129
Presidents, Vice, United States, since 1789.....	51
Prison Inspectors	457
Prison, Keeper of, State, Biography.....	389
Prison Keepers, 1811 to date.....	122
Prison, State, Department	457
Prison, State (Sketch)	92
Progressive State Committee	161
Progressive Platform	173
Public Instruction, County and City Superintendents.....	449
Public Library Commissioners	450
Public Roads Commissioner, Biography.....	391
Public Utility Department	457
Public Utility Commissioners, Biographies.....	400

Q.

Quartermaster-General, Biography	387
Quartermaster-Generals, 1807 to date.....	122

R.

Rahway Reformatory (Sketch).....	100
Railroads, Assessed Valuation of.....	594
Railroads, Joint Companies, Director.....	458
Reformatory, State, Board	457
Reformatory, State (Sketch)	101
Reformatory for Women (Sketch).....	104
Reports, Commissioner, Biography.....	435
Report of State Board of Taxes and Assessment.....	593
Report of State Treasurer	581

Reports, Public Department.....	458
Republican State Committee	160
Republican State Platform	171
Returns, State Election, 1915.....	489
Roads, Public Department.....	458
Rules, Assembly	625
Rules of Assembly and Senate, Joint.....	636
Rules, Senate	614

S.

Salaries and Terms of Office.....	469
Salaries, Members and Officers, Legislature.....	474
Salaries, United States Officials.....	442
Sanatorium, Tuberculous Diseases, Managers.....	464
Sanatorium, Tuberculous (Sketch)	102
School for Deaf Mutes, Principal	449
School for Deaf Mutes (Sketch)	97
School Law, Synopsis.....	175
School Fund, Trustees.....	450
School, Bordentown Industrial (Sketch).....	103
School, State Normal, Newark (Sketch).....	91
School, State Normal, Montclair (Sketch)	88
School, State Normal and Model, Officers.....	449
School, State Normal, Montclair, Officers	449
School, State Normal and Model, Trenton (Sketch).....	86
Schools, County and City Superintendents.....	449
Secretaries of State, List of, 1776 to date.....	121
Secretaries, State Senate, 1845 to date.....	130
Secretary, Board of Taxes and Assessment, Biography.....	399
Secretary, Civil Service, Biography.....	405
Secretary to Governor, Biography.....	433
Secretary of State, Assistant, Biography	382
Secretary of State, Biography	381
Secretary of State, Department	447
Secretary Public Utility Commission.....	402
Senate, Committees, 1916.....	609
Senate, Joint Rules House and.....	636
Senate Officers, 1916.....	607
Senate Presidents, 1845 to date.....	129
Senate Rules	614
Senate Secretaries, 1845 to date.....	130
Senate, Special Sessions	294
Senators' Biographies	296
Senators and Congressmen.....	446
Senators, State, next Election	315
Senators, State, 1845 to 1916.....	198
Senators, United States, Biographies	279
Senators, United States, since 1789	22
Sewerage, Passaic Valley, Commission.....	458
Shell Fisheries, Board	458
Shell Fisheries, Director, Biography.....	431
Signers, Declaration of Independence.....	21
Soldiers, Disabled, Home (Sketch).....	95
Soldiers' Home, Kearny, Managers.....	463
Soldiers' Home, Vineland, Managers.....	464
Soldiers, Sailors and Marines, &c., Disabled, Home (Sketch)...	96
Speakers of Assembly, 1776 to 1844.....	128
Speakers, Assembly, 1845 to 1915.....	131

Special Sessions Senate.....	294
State Arsenal (Sketch)	79
State Capitol (Sketch)	74
State Committees	160
State Comptroller, Biography	384
State Comptrollers, 1865 to date.....	121
State Constitution	52
State Department	447
State Forester, Biography	429
State Geologist, Biography	430
State Engineering Conference	458
State Home, Boys (Sketch).....	91
State Home for Boys, Trustees.....	462
State Home, Girls (Sketch).....	92
State Home for Girls, Trustees.....	462
State Hospital, Morris Plains (Sketch).....	83
State Hospital, Trenton (Sketch)	80
State House Commission	458
State Institutions	74
State Librarians, 1822 to date.....	122
State Librarian, Biography	390
State Library	450
State Library (Sketch)	78
State Normal and Model Schools, Trenton (Sketch).....	86
State Normal School, Montclair (Sketch)	88
State Normal School, Newark (Sketch)	91
State Officers	447
State Officers, 1776 to date.....	121
State Officers, Biographies	381
State Officers, 1776 to date.....	121
State Officers, Salaries and Terms of Office.....	469
State Prison Keeper, Biography	389
State Prison Keepers, 1811 to date.....	122
State Prison (Sketch)	93
State Reformatory Commission	457
State, Secretaries of, since 1776.....	121
State Senators' Biographies	296
State Treasurer	447
State Treasurer, Biography.....	383
State Treasurers, 1776 to date.....	121
State Tuberculous Sanatorium (Sketch).....	102
State Water Supply Commission	461
State Water Supply Commissioners, Biographies	437
Superintendent Weights and Measures, Biography.....	434
Supreme Court, Associate Justices, 1704 to date.....	118
Supreme Court Clerks, 1776 to date.....	120
Supreme Court Clerk, Biography	387
Supreme Court, Chief Justices, 1704 to date.....	117
Supreme Court Circuits	488
Supreme Court Justices, Biographies	361
Supreme Court Justices, List of	448

T.

Taxes and Assessment Board, Biographies	395
Taxes and Assessment Board	459
Taxes and Assessment County Boards	459
Teachers' Retirement Fund, Trustees.....	460
Technical and Industrial Schools.....	460
Tenement House Commission.....	461

Terms of Office, State Officials.....	469
Time of Holding Courts.....	488
Treasurer, Report of State.....	581
Treasurer, State, Biography	383
Treasurers, State, 1776 to date.....	121
Treasury Department	447
Trenton Normal and Model Schools (Sketch).....	86
Tuberculous Diseases, Sanatorium, Managers.....	464
Tuberculous Sanatorium (Sketch)	102
Tuberculosis in Animals	467

U.

Uniform Legislation in U. S.....	467
Undertakers' and Embalmers' Board.....	461
United States Army	443
United States Constitution	28
United States Constitution, Amendments	43
United States District Court, Clerk, Biography.....	379
United States District Attorney, Biography.....	378
United States Government	442
United States Judges, Biographies	354
United States Marshal, Biography	380
United States Navy	444
United States Officials for New Jersey.....	446
United States Officials, Salaries	442
United States Population	155
United States Presidents, since 1789.....	50
United States Senators, Biographies	279
United States Senators, since 1789.....	22
United States Senators and Congressmen, List of.....	446
United States Vice-Presidents, since 1789.....	51
United States War Department	443
Utility Commissioners, Biographies.....	400

V.

Valley Forge Monument Commission.....	467
Veterinary Medical Examiners.....	455
Vice-Chancellors, 1871 to date.....	117
Vice-Chancellors, Biographies	357
Vice-Presidents of Council, 1776 to 1844.....	127
Vice-Presidents of the United States, since 1789.....	51
Village for Epileptics, Managers.....	462
Village, Epileptic (Sketch).....	99
Visitors Agricultural College.....	451
Vote and Population, Congressional Districts.....	283
Vote, Average Assembly, 1915.....	615
Vote for Congressmen by Counties, 1914.....	575
Vote, Electoral, 1912.....	573
Vote on Proposed Constitutional Amendments.....	579
Vote for Governor, 1844 to date.....	107
Vote for Governor, 1913	578
Vote for President, Electoral, N. J., 1789 to 1913.....	105
Vote for President, Popular, 1912.....	571
Vote, Members of Legislature, 1915.....	489
Vote, Presidential, New Jersey, 1840 to date.....	106

W.

War Department, United States.....	443
Washington Association of New Jersey.....	467
Water Supply Commissioners, Biographies.....	437
Weights and Measures, Officials	461
Weights and Measures, Superintendent, Biography.....	434
Wharton Tract, Vote on.....	580
Women, Feeble-Minded, Managers.....	463
Women's Reformatory (Sketch).....	104
Women's Reformatory Commission	464
Women Suffrage Amendment, Vote on.....	579

